



651 Commerce Drive
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Commission Minutes

Date: January 20, 2022
To: NCPA Commission
From: Cary A. Padgett, Assistant Secretary to the Commission
Subject: NCPA Commission Meeting

1. Call Meeting to Order and Introductions

Chair David Hagele called the meeting to order at 9:15 am via teleconference. NCPA staff attended at NCPA, 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, California. Introductions and roll call were made. Those in attendance are shown on the attached attendance list.

2. Approve Minutes of the December 2, 2021, Regular Commission Meeting, the December 2, 2021, Special Commission Meeting

MOTION: A motion was made by Pauline Roccucci, and seconded by Mark Chandler to approve the Minutes of the December 2, 2021, Regular Commission Meeting, and the December 2, 2021, Special Commission Meeting. The motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present as follows:

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville	Y		
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner	Y		
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

PUBLIC FORUM

Chair Hagele opened the public comment period. No members from the public addressed the Commission. Chair Hagele closed the public comment period.

REPORTS AND COMMITTEE UPDATES

3. General Manager's Business Progress Report and Update

General Manager Randy Howard reported:

- COVID-19 update: Six NCPA employees have tested positive for COVID over the past two weeks, as well as employee's family members. Have a firm conducting a deep cleaning in the office in the common areas. At all NCPA facilities, staff is following the state's requirement for masking indoors, and continuing the volunteer telecommute for those employees who request it. Have separated the dispatch and scheduling teams, one team at HQ and other at NCPA's Disaster Recovery Center to ensure continued operations in case of a breakout in those areas. Have a high positive rate at the Hydro plant, which could be a concern if more staff test positive – staff is monitoring it closely.
- Spoke at the American Public Power Association (APPA) Joint Action Agency Conference in Florida earlier this month on a panel regarding Preparing for the Clean Energy Future and the Pathway to Hydrogen. Several attendees cancelled at the last minute due to the increase in positive COVID cases.
- Discussed with the Executive Committee this morning their comfort level of moving forward with attending the APPA Legislative Rally being held in Washington, DC, next month, as well as the NCPA/NWPPA Federal Policy Conference scheduled in mid-April. The Committee discussed and agreed to move forward with plans to attend both conferences. The Committee felt that most are willing to attend in Washington, DC, and are okay with the ability to hold Zoom meetings with congressional staff and other offices if required. NCPA will pay for one appointed official from each membership to attend the Federal Policy Conference.
- Gave an update on market conditions. Gas prices are currently very high. Monitoring the weather as we need a lot more snow in the Sierra's, as well as additional rainfall.

4. Executive Committee

Committee Chair Hagele reported the Executive Committee met twice since the last Commission meeting. The Committee heard reports from the General Manager and General Counsel, and met in closed session. No reportable action was taken in closed session. The Committee also discussed item 25 on today's Agenda, and recommended Commission approval. The next Committee meeting is scheduled on February 24.

5. Facilities Committee

Assistant General Manager Tony Zimmer reported the Committee met twice since the last Commission meeting. The Committee discussed Items 15-20, and 27 today's agenda. A quorum of the Committee was established at both meetings, and recommended Commission approval of all items. The next Committee meeting is scheduled for February 2.

6. Finance Committee

Committee Chair Catalina Sanchez reported the Committee did not meet since the last Commission meeting. The next Finance Committee meeting will be held on February 8.

7. Legal Committee

General Counsel Jane Luckhardt reported the Committee met once since the last Commission meeting. The Committee discussed closed session items 22 and 23 on today's agenda; no reportable action was taken on those items. The Committee also discussed Item 27 today's agenda, and discussed COVID-19 policies across the membership, as well as telecommuting processes. The next Committee meeting is scheduled on February 3.

8. Legislative & Regulatory Affairs Committee

Committee Chair Greg Scharff reported the Committee did not meet since the last Commission meeting. The American Public Power Association 2022 Legislative Rally and Workshops is scheduled in Washington, DC, the first week of February. Please contact NCPA's L&R staff for more information on the Rally and if you plan to attend. The next Committee meeting is scheduled on February 23, 2022.

9. Members' Announcements & Meeting Reporting

Steven Poncelet, **Truckee Donner**, thanked Roseville Electric for helping to restore power following the December winter storm in the Sierra's.

CONSENT CALENDAR

Prior to the roll call vote to approve the Consent Calendar, the Commissioners were polled to determine if any Member wished to pull an item or abstain from one or more items on the Consent Calendar.

No items were pulled off from Consent.

MOTION: A motion was made by Jerry Serventi, and seconded by Suds Jain to approve the Consent Calendar consisting of Items 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21. The motion carried by a majority of those members present on a roll call vote as follows:

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville	Y		
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake			
Truckee Donner	Y	17	
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

10. ***NCPA's Financials for the Month Ended November 30, 2021*** – approval by all members.
11. ***Treasurer's Report for the Month Ended November 30, 2021*** – accept by all members.
12. ***NCPA's Financials for the Month Ended December 31, 2021*** – approval by all members.
13. ***Treasurer's Report for the Month Ended December 31, 2021*** – accept by all members.
14. ***Disposal of Northern California Power Agency Surplus Property*** – note and file the report by all members for the disposal of the following: Scrap metal from Lodi Energy Center and a Meyer snow plow from Hydroelectric Facility.
Fiscal Impact: This report has no direct fiscal impact to the Agency.
15. ***Resolution 100-22, iParametrics, LLC – Five Year Multi-Task Consulting Agreement for Grant Writing Assistance Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members*** – adopt resolution by all members authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with iParametrics, LLC for grant writing assistance services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$500,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.
Fiscal Impact: Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$500,000 over five years.
16. ***Resolution 22-02, Intuitive Group, LLC – Five Year Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement for Grant Writing Assistance Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members*** – adopt resolution by all members authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with Intuitive Group, LLC for grant writing assistance services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$500,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.
Fiscal Impact: Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$500,000 over five years.
17. ***Resolution 22-06, Recalculated Nexant Cost Allocation Model for Fiscal Year 2022*** – adopt resolution by all members authorizing the recalculation of the Nexant Cost Allocation Model for Fiscal Year 2022 to incorporate the mid-year addition of six (6) electrical generation resources into the NCPA scheduling coordination portfolio on behalf of various participating Members in addition to the removal of a resource associated with an expired Purchase Power Agreement (PPA). Recalculation of the Nexant Model will provide for the equitable allocation of certain budgeted Power Management costs for Fiscal Year 2022.
Fiscal Impact: The recommended adjustments will result in a change to all members' allocated shares of Power Management costs in varying proportion to their respective entitlement shares in each of the existing and new generating resources. Table 3 in the accompanying Appendix A to this staff report identifies the change in allocated costs associated with addition of the six (6) resources and removal of the Richmond Landfill PPA resource. If the proposed recalculation to the Nexant Model is approved, these reallocated amounts will appear beginning on the February 2022 All Resources Bill ("ARB").

- 18. Resolution 22-07, Black & Veatch Corporation – Five Year Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement for Consulting Services Related to Project Support and Plant Operations; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members** – adopt resolution by all members authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement with Black & Veatch Corporation for consulting services related to project support and plant operations, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$3,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.
Fiscal Impact: Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$3,000,000 over five years.
- 19. Resolution 22-08, ACCO Engineered Systems, Inc. – Five Year Multi-Task General Services Agreement for HVAC Maintenance Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members** – adopt resolution by all members 08 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement with ACCO Engineered Systems, Inc. for HVAC maintenance services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$750,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.
Fiscal Impact: Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$750,000 over five years.
- 20. Resolution 22-09, Control Components, Inc. – Five Year Multi-Task General Services Agreement and Agreement for Purchase of Equipment, Materials and Supplies for Valve and Vent Maintenance Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members** – adopt resolution by all members authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement and Agreement for Purchase of Equipment, Materials and Supplies with Control Components, Inc. for valve and vent maintenance services and spare parts, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$1,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.
Fiscal Impact: Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$1,000,000 over five years.
- 21. Resolution 22-12, Reaffirm Proclaiming the Existence of a Local Emergency Concerning the COVID-19 Virus, Authorizing the General Manager as the Director of Emergency Services to Coordinate Planning, Preparedness and Response Efforts Regarding COVID-19** – adopt resolution by all members Reaffirming the Existence of a Local Emergency Concerning the COVID-19 Virus, Authorizing the General Manager as the Director of Emergency Services to Coordinate Planning, Preparedness and Response Efforts Regarding COVID-19.
Fiscal Impact: The fiscal impact has yet to be determined.

Non-essential Members and NCPA staff left the meeting for closed session items 22-23.

CLOSED SESSION

Chair Hagele asked General Counsel to move the Commission into closed session at 9:43 am. General Counsel Jane Luckhardt took the Commission into closed session.

General Counsel Luckhardt asked non-appointed Commissioners and essential staff to leave closed session for item 24 discussion.

22. CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL – Existing litigation pursuant to Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(1): Name of case: *In Re PG&E Corporation and Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Debtors; United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of California, Case Nos. 19-30088 (Lead Case) and 19-30089 DM.*

23. CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL – Existing litigation pursuant to Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(1): Name of case: *Northern California Power Agency, City of Redding, City of Roseville, and City of Santa Clara v. the United States, Court of Federal Claims No. 14-817C.*

24. CONFERENCE WITH LABOR NEGOTIATORS AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATION – Labor negotiations pursuant to Government Code section 54957.6: Agency representatives: NCPA Executive Committee Members and Human Resources Manager Elizabeth Gonzalez: Unrepresented Public Employee: General Counsel; and b) Performance evaluation pursuant to Government Code Section 54957: Unrepresented Public Employee: One Category: General Counsel.

RECONVENED TO OPEN SESSION

All meeting attendees rejoined the public meeting at 10:10 am.

REPORT FROM CLOSED SESSION

Closed Session Disclosure: General Counsel Jane Luckhardt reported there was no reportable action taken in closed session.

DISCUSSION / ACTION ITEMS

25. Resolution 22-13, Approval of Fifth Amendment to Employment Agreement with Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel – adopt resolution by all members approving the Fifth Amendment to Employment Agreement between NCPA and Jane E. Luckhardt; authorize the Chair of Commission to execute the Fifth Amendment to Employment Agreement; authorize the Chair of the Commission to award a Letter Agreement awarding additional leave that may not be cashed out for use in 2022; and approve the General Counsel's Performance Goals for 2022.

Fiscal Impact: Funds are available in the Executive Services – Legal Salaries and Benefits account; there is no material change to the current fiscal year budget.

Vice Chair Serventi reported the Executive Committee met several times over the past few months and successfully negotiated a Fifth Amendment to Employment Agreement with Jane Luckhardt, which included a 4% salary adjustment, and a Letter Agreement awarding additional forty (40) hours of leave to be use in 2022. The Committee also discussed and reviewed General Counsel's proposed performance goals for 2022. The Committee recommended Commission approval of all items. The Commission discussed and agreed with the Committee's recommendation.

MOTION: A motion was made by Mark Chandler, and seconded by Greg Scharff to adopt resolution approving the Fifth Amendment to Employment Agreement between NCPA and Jane E. Luckhardt; authorize the Chair of Commission to execute the Fifth Amendment to Employment Agreement; authorize the Chair of the Commission to award a Letter Agreement awarding additional leave that may not be cashed out for use in 2022; and approve the General Counsel's Performance Goals for 2022. Motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present.

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville	Y		
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner	Y		
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

26. Resolution 22-10, Lodi Energy Center 2022 Spring Major Outage; Applicable to the following: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Lodi Energy Center Facility – adopt resolution by all members authorizing the 2022 Lodi Energy Center (LEC) 2022 Spring Major Outage Project and delegate authority to the General Manager or his designee to award bids, execute agreements, and to issue purchase orders for the outage in accordance with NCPA purchasing policies and procedures without further approval by the Commission, for a total cost not to exceed \$4,800,000. **Fiscal Impact:** The budgetary funds to complete the 2022 Spring Major Outage include \$3,045,000 of pre-collected funds in the Maintenance Reserve (Account # 265-009-005-610-044-002). Additional funds in the amount of \$782,268 were anticipated in the Fixed Maintenance and \$973,308 in the O&M Project Annual Outage Project. All items are a part of the FY22 Routine O&M budget.

Assistant General Manager Randy Bowersox provide a verbal overview of the Lodi Energy Center 2022 Spring Outage.

MOTION: A motion was made by Suds Jain, and seconded by Mark Chandler to adopt resolution authorizing the 2022 Lodi Energy Center (LEC) 2022 Spring Major Outage Project and delegate authority to the General Manager or his designee to award bids, execute agreements, and to issue purchase orders for the outage in accordance with NCPA purchasing policies and procedures without further approval by the Commission, for a total cost not to exceed \$4,800,000. Motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present.

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc			X
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville		X	
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner		X	
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		X

27. Resolution 22-11, Approval of Assignment Administration Agreement for Western Area Power Administration Base Resource Percentage – adopt resolution by all members approving the 2025 Assignment Administration Agreement for Western Area Power Administration Base Resource Percentage (AAA), including any non-substantial modifications to the AAA approved by the NCPA General Counsel, and authorizing the General Manager of Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) to enter into the AAA on behalf of the Agency with Assignors.

Fiscal Impact: Pursuant to the 2025 Base Resource Contract, Western markets Base Resource on a take-or-pay basis. NCPA, acting on behalf of the Members' who assign all or a portion of their Base Resource percentage to NCPA, will be obligated to pay its Base Resource percentage share of Base Resources costs, as set forth in the Marketing Plan and associated rate schedules. Therefore, in addition to the 2025 Base Resource Contract and Request for Assignment of Base Resource Percentage letter agreement, each Member who elects to assign all or a portion of its Base Resource percentage to NCPA will be required to execute the AAA between NCPA and the Member, and the AAA sets forth the terms and conditions under which NCPA will administer the Member's Base Resource percentage, and establishes the assigning Member's obligation to pay for all Base Resource costs incurred by NCPA as a result of the assignment.

Assistant General Manager Tony Zimmer provided an overview and background on the Assignment Administration Agreement (AAA) for Western Area Power Administration Base Resource Percentage.

MOTION: A motion was made by Jenelle Osborne, and seconded by Mark Chandler to adopt resolution approving the 2025 Assignment Administration Agreement for Western Area Power Administration Base Resource Percentage (AAA), including any non-substantial modifications to the AAA approved by the NCPA General Counsel, and authorizing the General Manager of Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) to enter into the AAA on behalf of the Agency with Assignors. Motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present.

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville		X	
Santa Clara	Y	X	
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner	Y		
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

28. Resolution 22-04, Approval of Resolution Commending Michelle Bertolino – adopt resolution by all members commending Michelle Bertolino.

Chair Hagele read the resolution expressing appreciation for Michelle's dedication to NCPA and thanked her for her dedication and service to public power and for her service on the Commission as an Alternate Commissioner.

MOTION: A motion was made by Pauline Roccucci, and seconded by David Hagele to adopt resolution 22-04, Commending Michelle Bertolino. The motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present.

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville	Y		
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner	Y		
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

29. Resolution 22-05, Approval of Resolution Commending Mel Grandi – adopt resolution by all members commending Mel Grandi.

Chair Hagele read the resolution expressing appreciation for Mel's dedication to NCPA and thanked him for his dedication and service to public power and for his service on the Commission as an Alternate Commissioner.

MOTION: A motion was made by Doug Crane, and seconded by Mark Chandler to adopt resolution 22-05, Commending Mel Grandi. The motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present.

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville	Y		
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner	Y		
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

NEW BUSINESS

Vice Chair Serventi thanked NCPA staff for providing all attendees at the Annual Conference in September a copy of Vice Admiral Sandra Stosz's book *Breaking Ice and Breaking Glass*. He noted he has truly enjoyed the book and encouraged others to read it. He also welcomed Randy Bowersox to his first meeting as the new Assistant General Manager for Generation Services.

ADJOURNMENT

The January 20, 2022, Commission meeting was adjourned at 10:56 am by Chair Hagele.

Respectfully submitted,

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DAVID HAGELE
Commission Chair

Prepared by,

//

CARY A. PADGETT
Assistant Secretary to the Commission

Attachments

**Northern California Power Agency
Commission Meeting
January 20, 2022
COMMISSIONERS
Attendance List**

NCPA Commissioners are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

MEMBER	NAME
1 - ALAMEDA	Vice Chair Jerry Serventi
2 - BIGGS	Bo Sheppard
3 - GRIDLEY	Catalina Sanchez
4 - HEALDSBURG	Chair David Hagele
5 - LODI	Mark Chandler
6 - LOMPOC	Jenelle Osborne
7 - PALO ALTO	Greg Scharff
8 - PLUMAS-SIERRA REC	Mike Brozo
9 - PORT OF OAKLAND	Jared Carpenter
10 - REDDING	Absent
11 - ROSEVILLE	Pauline Roccucci
12 - SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA RAPID TRANSIT DISTRICT	Absent
13 - SANTA CLARA	Suds Jain
14 - SHASTA LAKE	James Takehara
15 - TRUCKEE DONNER	Steven Poncelet
16 - UKIAH	Doug Crane

**Northern California Power Agency
Commission Meeting
January 20, 2022
Attendance List**

NCPA Commissioners, Alternates & Staff are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

NAME	AFFILIATION
Nico Procos	Alameda Municipal Power
Cliff Wagner	City of Gridley
Jeff Berkheimer	Lodi Electric
CJ Berry	City of Lompoc
Dean Albro	City of Lompoc
Dean Batchelor	City of Palo Alto
Khaly Nguyen	Port of Oakland
Michelle Bertolino	Roseville Electric
Kathleen Hughes	Silicon Valley Power
Basil Wong	Silicon Valley Power
Cindy Sauers	City of Ukiah
Randy S. Howard	NCPA
Jane Luckhardt	NCPA
Jane Cirrincione	NCPA
Monty Hanks	NCPA
Tony Zimmer	NCPA
Randy Bowersox	NCPA
Sondra Ainsworth	NCPA
Elizabeth Gonzalez	NCPA
Cary Padgett	NCPA
Mike DeBortoli	NCPA



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Special Commission Meeting Minutes

Date: January 20, 2022
To: NCPA Commission
From: Cary Padgett, Assistant Secretary to the Commission
Subject: NCPA Special Commission Meeting / Teleconference Minutes

1. Call Meeting to Order and Introductions

Chair David Hagele called the special meeting to order at 9:06 am via teleconference. NCPA staff attended at NCPA, 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, California. Introductions and roll call were made. Those in attendance are shown on the attached attendance list.

PUBLIC FORUM

Chair Hagele opened the public comment period. No members from the public addressed the Commission. Chair Hagele closed the public comment period.

DISCUSSION / ACTION ITEMS

- 2. Resolution 22-03, Proclaiming a Local Emergency, Ratifying the Proclamation of a State of Emergency Issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, and Authorizing Remote Teleconference Meetings of the Northern California Power Agency, for the Initial Period of January 20, 2022, through March 31, 2022, Pursuant to the Brown Act Provisions** – the Commission will discuss whether Governor Gavin Newsom's Proclamation of a State of Emergency due to COVID-19 remains in force, whether as a result of the emergency and the conditions where NCPA and its Members are located (local conditions) are such that meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees and thus, in accordance with Government Code Section 54953(e) and other applicable provisions of the Ralph M. Brown Act, for an initial period of January 20, 2022, through March 31, 2022, the Commission, and other standing Committee's formed by the Commission, should meet remotely.

General Counsel Jane Luckhardt explained that the Commission was unable to attend its regular scheduled meeting today due to an order issued on January 6 by the County of Sacramento to suspend all in person public meetings, and due to the increase in numbers of the Omicron and Delta variant, Governor Newsom signed an order extending the sunset date for granting state agencies the flexibility to meet remotely during the COVID-9 pandemic to March 31, 2022.

Staff recommended to moved forward with remote teleconference meetings for the Commission and all other standing committees of the Commission for the initial 30-day period of January 20, 2022, through February 20, 2022. Because the Commission is required to make these findings every 30 days, a version of the resolution will be placed on the Commission Consent Calendar at all subsequent meetings.

MOTION: A motion was made by Suds Jain, and seconded by Jenelle Osborne to approve resolution to proclaim that a local emergency exists and to ratify the Proclamation of a State of Emergency due to COVID-19 remains in force, whether as a result of the emergency and the conditions where NCPA and its Members are located (local conditions) are such that meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees and thus, in accordance with Government Code Section 54953(e) and other applicable provisions of the Ralph M. Brown Act, for an initial thirty-day period of January 20, 2022, through February 20, 2022, the Commission, and other standing Committee's formed by the Commission, should meet remotely. Motion carried by a majority on a roll call vote of those members present.

	Vote	Abstained	Absent
Alameda	Y		
San Francisco BART			X
Biggs	Y		
Gridley	Y		
Healdsburg	Y		
Lodi	Y		
Lompoc	Y		
Palo Alto	Y		
Port of Oakland	Y		
Redding			X
Roseville	Y		
Santa Clara	Y		
Shasta Lake	Y		
Truckee Donner	Y		
Ukiah	Y		
Plumas-Sierra	Y		

ADJOURNMENT

The January 20, 2022, Special Commission meeting was adjourned at 9:14 am by Chair Hagele.

Respectfully submitted,

//

DAVID HAGELE
Commission Chair

Prepared by,

//

CARY A. PADGETT
Assistant Secretary to the Commission

Attachments

**Northern California Power Agency
Special Commission Meeting
January 20, 2022
COMMISSIONERS
Attendance List**

NCPA Commissioners are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

MEMBER	NAME
1 - ALAMEDA	Vice Chair Jerry Serventi
2 - BIGGS	Bo Sheppard
3 - GRIDLEY	Catalina Sanchez
4 - HEALDSBURG	Chair David Hagele
5 - LODI	Mark Chandler
6 - LOMPOC	Jenelle Osborne
7 - PALO ALTO	Greg Scharff
8 - PLUMAS-SIERRA REC	Mike Brozo
9 - PORT OF OAKLAND	Jared Carpenter
10 - REDDING	Absent
11 - ROSEVILLE	Pauline Roccucci
12 - SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA RAPID TRANSIT DISTRICT	Absent
13 - SANTA CLARA	Suds Jain
14 - SHASTA LAKE	James Takehara
15 - TRUCKEE DONNER	Steven Poncelet
16 - UKIAH	Cindy Sauers

**Northern California Power Agency
Special Commission Meeting
January 20, 2022
Attendance List**

NCPA Commissioners, Alternates & Staff are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

NAME	AFFILIATION
Nico Procos	Alameda Municipal Power
Cliff Wagner	City of Gridley
Jeff Berkheimer	Lodi Electric
CJ Berry	City of Lompoc
Khaly Nguyen	Port of Oakland
Michelle Bertolino	Roseville Electric
Kathleen Hughes	Silicon Valley Power
Basil Wong	Silicon Valley Power
Randy S. Howard	NCPA
Jane Luckhardt	NCPA
Jane Cirrincione	NCPA
Monty Hanks	NCPA
Tony Zimmer	NCPA
Randy Bowersox	NCPA
Sondra Ainsworth	NCPA
Elizabeth Gonzalez	NCPA
Cary Padgett	NCPA
Mike DeBortoli	NCPA



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Commission Staff Report

AGENDA ITEM NO.: 5

Date: February 24, 2022
To: NCPA Commission
Subject: February 2, 2022 Facilities Committee Meeting Minutes and February 10, 2022 Special Facilities Committee Meeting Minutes

The attached Draft Minutes are being provided for information and to augment the oral Committee report.



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Minutes – Draft

Date: February 2, 2022
To: NCPA Facilities Committee
From: Carrie Pollo
Subject: February 2, 2022 Facilities Committee Meeting Minutes

1. **Call Meeting to Order and Roll Call** – The meeting was called to order by Committee Chair Jiayo Chiang (Lodi) at 9:03 am. Attending via teleconference and on-line presentation were Alan Harbottle (Alameda), Mark Sorensen (Biggs), Catalina Sanchez and Cliff Wagner (Gridley), Melissa Price (Lodi), CJ Berry (Lompoc), Shiva Swaminathan (Palo Alto), Mike Brozo (Plumas-Sierra), Khaly Nguyen (Port of Oakland), Nick Rossow (Redding), Brian Schinstock (Roseville), and Basil Wong and Steve Hance (Santa Clara). Owen Goldstrom (non-voting Representative with TID) attended via teleconference. NCPA staff attending are listed on the attached Attendee Sign-in Sheet. Committee Representatives from BART, Healdsburg, TID, and Ukiah were absent. A quorum of the Committee was established.

PUBLIC FORUM

No public comment.

OPEN SESSION

DISCUSSION / ACTION ITEMS

2. **Approval of Minutes** – Approve the January 5, 2022 Facilities Committee meeting minutes.

Motion: A motion was made by Basil Wong and seconded by Brian Schinstock recommending approval of the January 5, 2022 Facilities Committee meeting minutes. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Port of Oakland, Redding, Roseville, and Santa Clara. The motion passed.

3. **All NCPA Facilities – EN Engineering, LLC MTPSA** – Staff presented background information and was seeking a recommendation for Commission approval of a five-year Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement with EN Engineering, LLC for NERC/WECC testing, transmission & distribution consulting and excitation system upgrade consulting services, with a not to exceed amount of \$1,000,000, for use at all facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA. All purchase orders will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

NCPA currently has an agreement in place with Kestrel Power Engineering, LLC which is expiring. EN Engineering, LLC, acquired Kestrel in 2021 and NCPA desires to continue the relationship with EN Engineering. While EN Engineering is a new vendor for NCPA, the players are well known and

Kestrel has been the successful low bidder on many projects at all NCPA facilities for NERC/WECC testing in the past. NCPA desires to enter into this agreement so established terms and conditions are in place should this vendor be the successful bidder on future projects. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with BBA USA, Inc., Utility System Efficiencies, Inc., and Kinectrics, Inc. This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. A draft Commission Staff Report and the draft agreement were available for review. It is recommended to place this item on the Commission Consent Calendar.

Motion: A motion was made by Shiva Swaminathan and seconded by Mark Sorensen recommending Commission approval authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement with EN Engineering, LLC for NERC/WECC testing, transmission & distribution consulting and excitation system upgrades, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$1,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Port of Oakland, Roseville, and Santa Clara. ABSTAIN = Redding. The motion passed.

- 4. All NCPA Facilities, Members, SCPPA – Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. First Amendment to MTGSA** – Staff presented background information and was seeking a recommendation for Commission approval of a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc., increasing the not to exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000, with no other changes to the contract terms and conditions, for continued use at all facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. All purchase orders will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

NCPA entered into a five year Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. effective March 17, 2021 for an amount not to exceed \$225,000, for use at all NCPA, NCPA Member, SCPPA, and SCPPA Member facilities. Projectile Tube Cleaning was recently awarded the Geothermal Plant 2, Unit 4 Main Condenser & NCG Heat Exchanger Cleaning Project totaling \$97,803. In order to avoid using up the entire agreement funds available, NCPA now desires to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services agreement to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with Northern Industrial Construction, and Ancon Marine dba Ancon. This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. A draft Commission Staff Report and the draft First Amendment were available for review. It is recommended to place this item on the Commission Consent Calendar.

Motion: A motion was made by Basil Wong and seconded by CJ Berry recommending Commission approval authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. for specialized high pressure cleaning of industrial equipment, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, increasing the not-to-exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000, for continued use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Plumas-Sierra, Port of Oakland, Roseville, and Santa Clara. ABSTAIN = Redding. The motion passed.

- 5. All NCPA Facilities, Members, SCPPA – Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold First Amendment to MTGSA** – Staff gave background information and was seeking a recommendation for Commission approval of a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold, increasing the not to exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000, with no other changes to the contract terms and conditions, for continued use at all

facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. All purchase orders will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

NCPA entered into a five year Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold effective October 9, 2018, for an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000, for use at all NCPA, NCPA Member, SCPPA, and SCPPA Member facilities. Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold was recently awarded the LEC 2022 Spring Outage scaffolding support bid totaling \$714,168. This agreement does not have enough funds remaining for this work. NCPA now desires to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services agreement to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000 to ensure sufficient funds are available to complete this work and any future work through the remaining contract term. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with American Industrial Scaffolding, Bayside Insulation & Construction, Elevator, LLC and Petrochem Insulation. This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. A draft Commission Staff Report and the draft First Amendment were available for review. It is recommended to place this item on the Commission Consent Calendar.

Motion: A motion was made by Basil Wong and seconded by CJ Berry recommending Commission approval authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold for scaffolding services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, increasing the not-to-exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000, for continued use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Plumas-Sierra, Port of Oakland, Roseville, and Santa Clara. ABSTAIN = Redding. The motion passed.

- 6. All NCPA Facilities, Members, SCPPA – Electric Power Systems International, Inc. MTGSA –** Staff provided background information and was seeking a recommendation for Commission approval of a five-year Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Electric Power Systems International, Inc. for specialized electrical services, with a not to exceed amount of \$3,000,000, for use at all facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. All purchase orders will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

The current agreement with Hart High Voltage Apparatus Repair & Testing Co., Inc. has expired. Electric Power Systems International, Inc. bought out Hart High Voltage. NCPA has utilized this vendor in the past, and has a good working relationship with this vendor. NCPA desires to enter into this agreement so established terms and conditions are in place should this vendor be the successful bidder on future projects. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with Eaton Corporation, Electrical Maintenance Consultants, Inc. and Gannett Fleming, Inc. This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. A draft Commission Staff Report and the draft agreement were available for review. It is recommended to place this item on the Commission Consent Calendar.

Motion: A motion was made by CJ Berry and seconded by Brian Schinstock recommending authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Electric Power Systems International, Inc. for specialized electrical maintenance services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$3,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Plumas-Sierra, Port of Oakland, Roseville, and Santa Clara. ABSTAIN = Redding. The motion passed.

- 7. Nexant Cost Allocation Model Billing Determinants** – Staff presented updated information and was seeking a recommendation for Commission approval of the billing determinants that will be used in the FY 2023 Nexant Cost Allocation Model. This review did not include FY 2023 Budget amounts, and offsetting Power Management revenues.

In preparation for FY 2023, the Nexant model uses the previous year's calendar year data for 2021 as determinants for use as allocators for Members' budget costs. Determinants include resource data such as nameplate and maximum operating capacity values, Day Ahead, Hour Ahead and real time energy and ancillary service schedules used internally within NCPA and those sent to the CAISO in addition to intertie schedules, inter-SC trades, load meter data, contract deals, etc.

The indicative, allocated results for FY 2023 indicate the biggest increases to Lodi, Healdsburg, and Ukiah, by approximately 8.50%, 8.04%, and 7.86% respectively, with the final updated CY 2021 determinants. Members with the biggest decreases include Lompoc, BART, and the Port of Oakland, at 19.84%, 8.73%, and 7.22% respectively. Other Members allocated amounts remained relatively flat. Staff reviewed the underlying operational data, and provided an analysis regarding the cost drivers that resulted in the relative percentage changes in the allocations to Members. The Nexant gross costs to Participating Members for new resources was also reviewed. It is recommended to place this item on the Commission Consent calendar.

Motion: A motion was made by Basil Wong and seconded by Jiayo Chiang recommending Commission approval to adopt Calendar Year 2021 resource data for use as input determinants to the Nexant Cost Allocation Model in order to allocate applicable budgeted Power Management, Settlements, Risk Management and information technology costs to Members for Fiscal Year 2023. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Palo Alto, Port of Oakland, Redding, Roseville, and Santa Clara. The motion passed.

- 8. 2023 CT1 Controls and Excitation Upgrade Project** – Staff presented background information and was seeking a recommendation for Commission approval of the 2023 CT1 Controls and Excitation Upgrade Project, and delegating authority to the General Manager or his designee to award bids, execute agreements, and to issue purchase orders for the project in accordance with NCPA purchasing policies and procedures, without further approval by the Commission, for a total cost not to exceed \$2,100,000.

The CT1 excitation and control systems ("systems") are aged and obsolete with minimal spare parts available. The last control system updates were completed in 2000, and the excitation system is original equipment circa 1985. It is difficult to find contractors who are qualified to work on the excitation system, and staff regularly needs to order replacement parts off eBay as new parts are not available from the original manufacturers.

The goal of the CT1 Excitation and Control Upgrade Project is to provide the availability and reliability of the units to meet the member needs until Member climate goals are satisfied. With the current service life of the existing systems at 22 years, and the upgrade set to be completed in 2023, this upgrade intends to make the systems serviceable for the foreseeable future. With the upgrade come modern parts, support, and plant performance software. The control system in particular will benefit from up-to-date cybersecurity hardening.

The total cost is anticipated not to exceed \$2,100,000. Funds for the project will come from two previously approved projects. First, the CT1 Control System Upgrade project was approved for the FY22 budget in the amount of \$1,500,000. Second, the CT1 Diesel Starter Modification funds were encumbered from the FY21 budget in the amount of \$2,250,000. Staff requests that \$600,000 be allocated from the Diesel Starter Modification project to augment the \$1,500,000 from the CT1 Control System Upgrade project for a total project fund of \$2,100,000. The remaining \$1,650,000 encumbered from the FY21 Diesel Starter Modification project will be refunded to the Participants.

Project Costs	
Excitation and Control System Upgrade	\$1,559,000
NERC/WECC Testing	\$60,000
Plant Data System Support (PI System)	\$100,000
Contingency	\$381,000
Total Project Cost	\$2,100,000

Funding Source	Approved Amount	Requested Amount
FY22 CT1 Control System Upgrade	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000
FY21 CT1 Diesel Starter Modification	\$2,250,000	\$600,000
Total Project Cost		\$2,100,000
Returned to Members	\$(1,650,000)	

On July 12, 2021, NCPA put out a Request for Proposal (RFP) for the CT1 Controls and Excitation Projects. A bid walk took place on Tuesday, August 3, 2021, and there were four (4) attendees. Bids were due on Friday, September 3, 2021. NCPA received four (4) responsive bids from the following companies: Drake Controls, General Electric, Nexus Controls, and Turbine Technical Services. NCPA is reviewing the submitted bids, and is requesting comments, clarifications, and negotiations with individual bidders as necessary.

Motion: A motion was made by Alan Harbottle and seconded by Jiayo Chiang recommending Commission approval authorizing the CT1 Controls and Excitation Upgrade Project and delegating authority to the General Manager or his designee to award bids, execute agreements, and to issue purchase orders for the project in accordance with NCPA purchasing policies and procedures, without further approval by the Commission, for a total cost not exceed \$2,100,000, and authorizing use of FY22 CT1 Control System Update budgeted project funds in the amount of \$1,500,000, and \$600,000 encumbered funds for the FY21 CT1 Diesel Starter Modification. A vote was taken by roll call: YES = Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Lodi, Lompoc, Plumas-Sierra, Port of Oakland, and Santa Clara. ABSTAIN = Palo Alto, Redding, and Roseville. The motion passed.

INFORMATIONAL ITEMS

9. New Business Opportunities – Staff provided an update regarding new business opportunities.

NCPA Renewables RFP Update

Active Projects under Consideration

- **Glover Solar, LLC** – Negotiations have been terminated
- **Camp Far West** – PPA has been approved
 - Next Steps: Resource Integration
- **McCloud Solar** – The PPA is currently under review
 - Next Steps: Present updated draft of PPA to developer; coordinate with Members regarding continued interest in the project
- **Stagecoach Solar** – Staff is performing additional due diligence on project offer
 - Next Steps: Pending member continued interest, seek to enter into Letter of Intent to engage in active PPA negotiations

Staff is working to re-issue or “refresh” the NCPA Renewables RFP, and issue a request for updated proposals in the next week or two. Staff will work on updating the information currently stored on NCPA Connect, and work to coordinate a periodic ad hoc review group to evaluate current proposals and identify interest.

San Jose Clean Energy (SJCE) RFP – The SJCE Services Agreement will expire on August 31, 2022. The agreement does not contain an automatic extension. SJCE had indicated their interest in continuing services from NCPA, but is required to conduct a competitive solicitation for services. SJCE will likely issue a RFP in the coming weeks. Items for consideration include interest in continuing the services to SJCE, the Scope of Services, compensation, and the contract structure.

Summary of NCPA Services Agreements

- **San Jose Clean Energy** – Term through August 31, 2022
- **East Bay Community Energy** – Term through April 30, 2023
- **Sonoma Clean Power** – Term through December 31, 2024
- **Nevada Irrigation District** – Term through February 28, 2023
- **Merced Irrigation District** – Term through June 30, 2024
- **Placer County Water Agency** – Term through December 31, 2024

10. NCPA Generation Services Plant Updates – Plant Staff provided the Committee with an update on current plant activities and conditions.

CTs – January was a quiet month for the CTs. CT1 had 5 actual starts, bringing the FYTD total to 142, of 0 forecasted. CT2 had 2 starts this month, of 26 forecasted, bringing the FYTD total to 47 starts. Alameda Unit 1 was in a forced outage due to the gas compressor. Alameda Unit 2 was also in a forced outage due to the auto synchronizer. CT1 Lodi has used 1.6 hours of 200 allowed based on a calendar year. CT1 Alameda Diesel Unit 1 has used 13.2 hours of 20, and Unit 2, 11.7 hours of 20, based on a rolling year. The CT1 planned outage for routine minor maintenance has been completed. Staff reviewed the CAISO Commitment Runs for January 2022.

Geo – There were no safety incidents to report for the month of January. Staff met with Cal Fire regarding the fire water storage dip tank. A wildfire started January 22, 2022 at Geysers Peak, located 7 miles from NCPA. The fire burned 5 acres before containment. Fire season is now year round. The average estimated net generation level for the month was 94 MW. Total estimated net generation was 69.9 GWh. FY 2022 forecasted net generation is 432.2 GWh YTD. FY 2022 actual net generation is 483.9 GWh YTD at 12% over forecast. Reasons for the improved generation over forecast include improved reliability of plant equipment from 92% to 93%, improved availability of transmission lines from 92% to 98%, and reduced injections. Routine maintenance activities for the month included the oil rounds on Unit 4 circulating pumps, and cleaning Unit 4 cooling tower screens. Steam Field activities included the E-5 water injection test with a positive impact on Plant 2 back pressure, and a generation gain of .75 MW, and the E-8 deliverability test with 16 kph gain at the current line pressure, for a potential .5 MW gain.

Hydro – Collierville and New Spicer Meadows Power Houses were 100% available during the month of January. New Spicer Meadows storage increased by 2,800 acre feet of 4% month over month from 65,700 acre feet to 68,500 acre feet. There was 0 recordable precipitation for the month of January, dropping the California snow water content to 90% of average for this time of year. Routine maintenance included 230 KV line patrol, and CV E-Gen testing. A tree fell at Avery narrowly missing the gage house, and another at Beaver Creek Penstock. Drain repair was performed at McKays gallery, and runner maintenance at Collierville.

11. Planning and Operations Update

- Current Resource Integration Activities

Resource Integrations in Progress

- Camp Far West (SVP) – February 2022
- Antelope Solar (NCPA) – April 2022

- Deer Creek – April 2022
- Tulare Solar – March 31, 2022
- Sandborne Storage – June 30, 2022

– **Business Continuity and Resiliency**

- **Utilization of Process Automation** – As the volume and complexity of work activities continues to increase, NCPA's strategy to tackle this challenge has been to automate bid-to-bill processes. This creates significant benefits, but also increases certain risks. The benefits include increased efficiency, full utilization of resources, high power, and scalable. The risks include high dependency of reliability, introduces cascading dependencies, active maintenance, and monitoring.
- **Key Risk Area – Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA)**
 - NCPA's ability to dispatch and control generation resources, monitor load points, ensure safe and reliability operations and ensure compliance is heavily dependent on SCADA systems and capability
 - NCPA currently has two (2) positions committed to SCADA and related support
 - NCPA operating over 50 generation resources and multiple loads
 - NCPA believes this is an area in our business process that currently poses a material risk
 - Real-Time nature of business; required for reliable and safe operations
 - Significant work load driven by: ongoing maintenance, break-fix, needed enhancements, resource integrations and changing business needs
- **Recruitment Proposal**
 - NCPA is currently recruiting a SCADA position to fill current vacancy
 - NCPA proposes to seek additional entry level SCADA position to increase bandwidth and business resiliency
 - NCPA believe there is sufficient workload and demand to justify extra position
 - Utilize headcount from settlements division

12. Next Meeting – A Special Facilities Committee meeting is scheduled for February 10, 2022, to review the FY 2023 annual budget. The next regular Facilities Committee meeting is scheduled for March 2, 2022.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 11:36 am by the Committee Chair.

**Northern California Power Agency
February 2, 2022 Facilities Committee Meeting
Attendance List**

NCPA Facilities Committee Members are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>NAME</u>
ALAMEDA	✓
BART	
BIGGS	✓
GRIDLEY	✓
HEALDSBURG	
LODI	✓
LOMPOC	✓
PALO ALTO	✓
PLUMAS-SIERRA REC	✓
PORT OF OAKLAND	✓
REDDING	✓
ROSEVILLE	✓
SANTA CLARA	✓
TID	✓ (non-voting)
UKIAH	

NCPA Facilities Committee Members, Alternates & Staff are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

[illegible]



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Minutes – Draft

Date: February 15, 2022
To: NCPA Facilities Committee
From: Carrie Pollo
Subject: February 10, 2022 Special Facilities Committee Meeting Minutes

- 1. Call Meeting to Order & Roll Call** – The meeting was called to order by Committee Chair Jiayo Chiang (Lodi) at 1:03 pm. Attending via teleconference and on-line presentation were Alan Harbottle, Roger Yang, and Robert Orbeta (Alameda), Mark Sorensen (Biggs), Catalina Sanchez and Cliff Wagner (Gridley), Melissa Price (Lodi), Matthew MacDonald (Lompoc), Shiva Swaminathan (Palo Alto), Mike Brozo (Plumas-Sierra), Khaly Nguyen (Port of Oakland), Nick Rossow (Redding), Brian Schinstock (Roseville), and Basil Wong and Steve Hance (Santa Clara). Owen Goldstrom (non-voting Representative with TID) attended via teleconference. NCPA staff attending are listed on the attached Attendee Sign-in Sheet. Committee Representatives from BART, Healdsburg, TID, and Ukiah were absent. A quorum of the Committee was established.

PUBLIC FORUM

No public comment.

OPEN SESSION

INFORMATIONAL ITEMS

- 2. Overview of FY 2023 Annual Budget** – Staff presented an informational overview and summary of the agency FY 2023 proposed budget.

Commission direction was received in October 2021 for the FY 2023 budget. Staff preparation began in November 2021. Member reviews are presented during February and March 2022 at the Facilities Committee meetings, LEC PPC meetings, Legislative and Regulatory meetings, Utility Director's meetings, and to the Commission in March 2021. Final review and Commission approval is scheduled for April 28, 2022.

Issues impacting the FY 2023 budget include new union MOUs (IBEW and HEA) effective December 19, 2021, with general salary increases at 3.25%, the PERS Pension which is relatively flat from the prior year, OPEB contribution, which is reduced by \$1 million to reflect UAL super funded status, and medical with a 5% increase. Other issues include capital and maintenance of assets, the CPI index as of August 2021 trending over 5%, preventative maintenance schedules and replenishment of reserves, risk mitigation, insurance and forward curves and impacting changes in the budget.

Regular operating and maintenance for the plants is targeted for a 5% increase, with other costs at 3%. Transmission costs will be based on the published rate, while CAISO energy load costs are based on the forward curve. Pass-through accounts and capital outlay review, will be presented at a later time. Budget reductions made in FY 2022 related to planned FY 2021 encumbrances are being added back to FY 2023 budgets at approximately \$1,100,000. The total adjusted net annual budget cost is approximately \$456,404,606 for a total increase of \$1,023,149.

3. Generation Services Budget Presentation – Staff presented an informational review on the Generation Services Facilities initial proposed budget for FY 2023.

Generation Services Shared

This review included Generation Services shared FY 2023 proposed budget and projects under operations and administration. The proposed budget under operations is increasing \$17,000 due to engineering based on two studies, contract services reflects annual GS CMMS software cost, and the NERC budget increase based on the Cold Weather Standard review and analysis. The proposed budget under administration is increasing approximately \$111.00 for a total budget increase of approximately \$17,111. The only proposed project is the Inter-Agency Resource Plan for an estimated cost of \$200,000. This project falls under the NCPA Strategic Plan (2021-2026) to develop an Inter-Agency Resource Plan based on Member IRPs.

Geothermal Facilities

- Labor costs flat due to the decrease in OPEB unfunded liability
- The total routine O&M costs proposed is \$18,108,006, increasing by \$304,568
- The total proposed O&M budget is \$34,381,020, decreasing \$76,352, at 0.2% less than FY 2022
- The proposed amount for Capital Projects is \$607,500, \$3,763,000 for operations and maintenance, and \$2,630,000 for the Maintenance Reserve totaling \$7,000,500 for all projects
- The total proposed FY 2023 budget for Geo is approximately \$41,381,520, an overall increase of \$719,148, at 1.8% over FY 2022
- 30% reduction of debt service at \$1,480,143

The proposed Geo Capital Projects include: 1) Plant 2 Fire System Modernization; 2) Geo Admin and Maintenance Facility Upgrade; 3) Plant 2 Diesel Tank; 4) Vehicle Replacements; and 5) Enterprise Monitor Systems Upgrade (Field and Effluent). The Maintenance Reserve Project this year is for pre-collection for future overhauls and well workovers. The proposed O&M projects include: 1) Plant, Yard, and Road Repairs; 2) SESEP Surge Tank Replacements; 3) Plant 1 13.8kV/2.4kV/480V Bus Restoration; 4) Plant 1 Intertie Switch – Engineering; 5) Plant 1 Cooling Towers Refurbishment – Installation; 6) Plant 2 Cooling Tower Basin Clean Out; 7) Plant 1 and 2 Eyewash Stations; 8) Plant 1 Towerbrom Study (Stretford Replacement); 9) Plant 2 HVAC Refurbishment – Procurement and Installation; and 10) Plant 1 and 2 Insurance Risk Mitigation.

Financial projections for the Geo budget assumptions are based on the Power Management forecast for FY 2023. The financial assumptions include renewable energy credits RECs (Bucket 1) valued at \$12.75 per MWh, and resource adequacy (RA) at \$71.00 per kW-Y. Average Day Ahead price is \$62.93 per MWh, and Day Ahead energy sales is \$42,271,192. The generation forecast for FY 2023 is 671.7 GWh. The total value of the RECs is \$8,564,392, with the total RA valued at \$5,444,282 for a combined total of \$14,008,674. The FY 2023 value of energy sales, RECs, and RA is \$56,279,866. The net cost to Members is decreasing by \$3,709,714.

Combustion Turbine No. 1

Staff reviewed and discussed budget assumptions. Projects identified are based on continued operation of the units until all Members have reached their climate objectives. CT1 has permit limited operation.

- The total proposed FY 2023 CT1 budget is \$5,670,618, decreasing by \$1,384,066
- Net cost to Members is \$2,380,973, for a decrease of \$3,159,953, due to increased revenues
- Total O&M cost is \$175,000

Staff is proposing two O&M Projects which include: 1) Risk Mitigation; and, 2) Fuel System Pressure Control. There are no proposed Capital Projects.

Combustion Turbine No. 2

Staff reviewed and discussed budget assumptions. The CT2 debt will be paid off in 2025. Air New Zealand has completed services to the LM5000, which ended in 2021. Staff expects STIG will retire in 2026, or shortly thereafter. The STIG can be upgraded and repowered with an LM6000.

- The total proposed FY 2023 CT2 budget is \$10,337,108 increasing by \$1,054,991
- The net cost to Members is \$3,698,357, a decrease of \$2,261,946, due to increased revenues
- Total O&M cost is \$220,000

Staff is proposing two O&M projects which include: 1) Risk Mitigation; and 2) Water Plant Service. There are no proposed Capital Projects.

Hydroelectric Facilities

- Routine O&M costs are increasing approximately 5% at \$212,379
- Labor is increasing approximately \$102,348, at 2%
- Total routine O&M cost plus labor is increasing by \$314,727 for a total routine O&M proposed budget of \$10,197,027
- The total proposed projects budget is \$4,270,000
- The FY 2023 proposed total Hydro budget is \$56,161,993, increasing by \$2,080,820
- The debt obligation is the largest part of the Hydro budget which is \$37,545,502

The proposed O&M projects for Hydro were presented which include: 1) Union Dam Maintenance; 2) Collierville Transformers Maintenance; and 3) Collierville Cooling Water Pumps. Vehicle Replacement is under general and plant projects. The Capital Development Reserve Projects include: 1) McKays Reservoir and Dam Betterment (Clean Out); and 2) Beaver Creek Dredging.

The proposed FY 2023 Hydro budget revenue assumptions is \$50,303,298, which is an increase of \$25,344,740, including ISO energy sales, ancillary services sales, and interest income. The net cost to participants will be approximately \$5,858,695, which is a decrease of \$23,263,920.

4. Power Management Budget Presentation – Staff presented an informational review of Power Management's purposed budget for FY 2023.

The proposed Power Management program costs are increasing by approximately \$348,765, from \$12,391,875 to \$12,740,640 or 2.8%. Increases to the FY 2023 proposed budget include Power Pool Operations and Settlement Standards, System Control and Data Acquisition, Pre-Scheduling,

and Contract Administration. Areas decreasing include NERC/WECC Compliance, the Gas Purchase Program, the Market Purchase Program, and Dispatch and Real-Time Resource Management. Estimated FY 2023 Services Revenues total \$2,513,425, bringing the net FY 2023 proposed budget to \$10,277,215. There are no Power Management projects proposed for FY 2023.

5. Administrative Services Budget Presentation – Staff presented an informational overview and presentation on Administrative Services proposed budget for FY 2023.

The FY 2023 proposed annual budget for Administrative Services and Executive Services is \$17,707,687, increasing by \$1,139,093. Increases include Travel and Staff Development, Outside Services, and Contingency. Areas with a decrease include computer hardware, software, and communications, and office furniture and equipment. Allocation of administrative and general costs is 50% each based on direct labor, and program budget cost. Allocation of the occupancy costs to the business units is based on the square footage used in the main administrative building, effective usage of office equipment, and telecom units assigned. Allocation of project and programs is based on direct labor. There are no Administrative Services projects proposed for FY 2023.

ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 5:12 pm, by the Committee Chair.

**Northern California Power Agency
February 10, 2022 Special Facilities Committee Meeting
Attendance List.**

NCPA Facilities Committee Members are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>NAME</u>
ALAMEDA	✓
BART	
BIGGS	✓
GRIDLEY	✓
HEALDSBURG	
LODI	✓
LOMPOC	✓
PALO ALTO	
PLUMAS-SIERRA REC	✓
PORT OF OAKLAND	✓
REDDING	✓
ROSEVILLE	✓
SANTA CLARA	✓
TID	✓ (non-voting)
UKIAH	

**Northern California Power Agency
February 10, 2022 Special Facilities Committee Meeting
Attendance List**

NCPA Facilities Committee Members, Alternates & Staff are requested to sign, but signature by members of the public is voluntary.

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Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: January 31, 2022 Financial Report (unaudited)

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Sondra Ainsworth <i>SA</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Treasurer-Controller	N/A
Division:	Administrative Services	
Department:	Accounting & Finance	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Alameda Municipal Power	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>
		Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
		Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
		Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
		Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i> <hr/> <hr/>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Recommending the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Commission approve the Financial Report for month ending January 31 2022.

NOTICE:

The disbursements of the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) for the month reported herein, will be approved at the February 24, 2022 meeting of the NCPA Commission. The following page is a summary of those disbursements.

Prior to the Chairman's call to order, the Assistant Secretary to the Commission will, upon request, make available for review the detailed listing of those disbursements.

The report of budget vs. actual costs and the unaudited January 31, 2022 financial reports are also included.

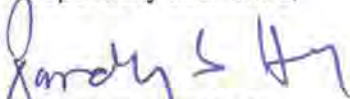
FISCAL IMPACT:

This report has no direct budget impact to the Agency.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore, not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

Respectfully submitted,



RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- January 31, 2022 Financial Report

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
and ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS**

**Schedule of Disbursements
(Unaudited)**

For the Month of January 2022

Operations:

Geothermal	\$ 1,129,148
Hydroelectric	4,693,423
CT#1 Combustion Turbines	2,052,030
CT#2 STIG	482,273
Lodi Energy Center	6,330,136
NCPA Operating	<u>42,318,882</u>
Total	<u>\$ 57,005,892</u>

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
REPORT OF BUDGET VS. ACTUAL COST
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2022**

PERCENT OF YEAR ELAPSED
58%

	This Month	Actual Year To-Date	FY 2022 Budget	% Used	
<u>GENERATION RESOURCES</u>					
NCPA Plants					
Hydroelectric					
Other Plant Cost	\$ 1,432,572	\$ 13,036,999	\$ 20,659,536	63%	(a)
Debt Service (Net)	2,785,136	19,495,955	33,421,637	58%	
Annual Budget Cost	4,217,708	32,532,954	54,081,173	60%	
Geothermal					
Other Plant Cost	2,655,029	20,213,687	35,708,919	57%	
Debt Service (Net)	412,788	2,889,514	4,953,453	58%	
Annual Budget Cost	3,067,817	23,103,201	40,662,372	57%	
Combustion Turbine No. 1					
Fuel	77,653	761,531	791,613	96%	(b)
Other Plant Cost	2,315,761	5,509,416	6,263,071	88%	(c)
Annual Budget Cost	2,393,414	6,270,947	7,054,684	89%	
Combustion Turbine No. 2 (Stig)					
Fuel and Pipeline Transport Charges	84,290	1,391,033	1,265,369	110%	(d)
Other Plant Cost	155,042	1,175,713	2,649,010	44%	
Debt Service (Net)	420,667	2,944,667	5,048,000	58%	
Annual Budget Cost	659,999	5,511,413	8,962,379	61%	
Lodi Energy Center					
Fuel	2,610,294	50,942,172	31,029,301	164%	(d)
Other Plant Cost	4,609,635	30,889,266	31,775,721	97%	(d)
Debt Service (Net)	2,197,050	15,379,348	26,008,267	59%	
Annual Budget Cost	9,416,979	97,210,786	88,813,289	109%	
Member Resources - Energy					
Member Resources - Natural Gas	6,966,593	46,270,839	67,416,504	69%	(e)
Western Resources	515,523	4,363,280	2,981,422	146%	(d)
Market Power Purchases	753,351	12,479,780	27,302,082	46%	
Load Aggregation Costs - CAISO	3,020,378	30,440,010	17,224,803	177%	(e)
Net GHG Obligations	60,573,030	649,481,720	282,244,061	230%	(f)
	-	605,800	1,276,784	N/A	
	91,584,792	908,270,730	598,019,553	152%	
<u>TRANSMISSION</u>					
Independent System Operator					
Grid Management Charge	328,866	3,735,410	2,417,506	155%	(g)
Wheeling Access Charge	14,801,459	74,539,416	119,362,830	62%	(h)
Ancillary Services	638,576	7,179,725	3,846,319	187%	(i)
Other ISO Charges/(Credits)	(4,249,311)	45,981,864	946,016	4858%	(j)
	11,519,590	131,416,415	126,572,671	104%	
<u>MANAGEMENT SERVICES</u>					
Legislative & Regulatory					
Legislative Representation	181,180	991,524	2,101,373	47%	
Regulatory Representation	58,342	360,491	633,940	57%	
Western Representation	52,678	314,160	693,937	45%	
Customer Programs	39,878	235,801	481,257	49%	
Judicial Action	36,082	654,379	300,000	218%	(k)
Power Management					
System Control & Load Dispatch	716,199	4,072,682	7,427,479	55%	
Forecasting, Planning, Prescheduling & Trading	310,792	1,645,684	2,810,687	59%	
Industry Restructuring & Regulatory Affairs	35,339	228,186	423,181	54%	
Contract Admin, Interconnection Svcs & External Affairs	91,908	559,213	974,600	57%	
Gas Purchase Program	5,442	34,050	80,779	42%	
Market Purchase Project	10,242	53,926	115,897	47%	

Management Services continued on next page

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
REPORT OF BUDGET VS. ACTUAL COST
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2022**

PERCENT OF YEAR ELAPSED 58%

	This Month	Actual Year To-Date	FY 2022 Budget	% Used	
Energy Risk Management	13,687	62,584	198,417	32%	
Settlements	79,874	487,926	975,283	50%	
Integrated Systems Support	3,167	223,123	307,165	73%	(l)
Participant Pass Through Costs	159,175	909,931	1,717,765	53%	
Support Services	167,485	991,562	-	N/A	
	1,961,470	11,825,222	19,241,760	61%	
TOTAL ANNUAL BUDGET COST	105,065,852	1,051,512,367	743,833,984	141%	
LESS: THIRD PARTY REVENUE					
Plant ISO Energy Sales	9,200,619	126,765,363	101,639,828	125%	(m)
Member Resource ISO Energy Sales	5,520,630	31,009,422	34,352,521	90%	(n)
Member Owned Generation ISO Energy Sales	7,821,927	77,658,513	83,030,430	94%	(n)
Revenue from Customers	(2,635,143)	88,614,853	-	N/A	(j)
NCPA Contracts ISO Energy Sales	2,755,747	26,953,615	12,614,852	214%	(n)
Western Resource Energy Sales	81,391	14,074,353	19,296,646	73%	(n)
Load Aggregation Energy Sales	24,161,987	337,874,123	-	N/A	(e)
Ancillary Services Sales	456,999	6,651,063	4,317,168	154%	(o)
Transmission Sales	9,198	64,386	110,376	58%	
Western Credits, Interest and Other Income	5,806,065	40,538,962	41,468,679	98%	(p)
	53,179,420	750,204,653	296,830,500	253%	
NET ANNUAL BUDGET COST TO PARTICIPANTS	\$ 51,886,432	\$ 301,307,714	\$ 447,003,484	67%	

- (a) Hydro CAISO Imbalance Energy and RA Availability charges were higher than budgeted.
- (b) CT1 monthly generation varies throughout the year. Majority of generation occur during the first four months of the fiscal year. Costs expected to levelize by the end of the year.
- (c) CT1 experienced an unplanned major outage in January 2022 which required \$1.9 million in unbudgeted fixed O&M funds for maintenance.
- (d) Increase in costs due to greater than projected MWhs of generation. CT2 is at 132% of budgeted MWhs and LEC is at 146% of budgeted MWhs at 1/31/22. Fuel costs, CA ISO charges, GHG allowance costs, and variable costs have increased as a result of increased generation.
- (e) Increase due to higher than anticipated market purchases and price per Mwh.
- (f) Increase due to unbudgeted energy purchases net of energy sales related to CCAs (East Bay Community Energy, San Jose Clean Energy, and Sonoma Clean Power).
- (g) Increase due to unbudgeted grid management estimates, neutrality charges estimates and other cost estimates related to CCAs, which is offset by revenue from customers.
- (h) Wheeling Access Charge (WAC) rates increased from 13.801/MWh in December 2021 to 16.386/MWh in January 2022, an 18.7% increase.
- (i) Increase due to unbudgeted ancillary services cost estimates related to CCAs, which is offset by revenue from customers, as well as greater than expected spinning, non-spinning, reg up and down obligation settlements for the NCPA pool.
- (j) In the current month, adjustments were made to sales to CCAs for true-up energy and transmission costs, resulting in credits for Other ISO Charges and Revenue from Customers which are unbudgeted in FY22.
- (k) Budgeted costs are partially offset by available encumbrances from the prior years. Additional increases relate to unbudgeted costs for privileged and confidential legal matters related to a multiyear litigation.
- (l) Variance caused by FY22 software maintenance contract costs paid in-full during July. Variance expected to levelize throughout the year.
- (m) Higher plant revenues due to higher generation.
- (n) Higher revenues due to higher energy prices and higher than budgeted contract energy.
- (o) Increase primarily due to greater than expected spinning and reg up capacity settlements revenue from Hydro plant.
- (p) Increase due primarily to higher than anticipated GHG credits and natural gas transfer credits from LEC participants. Increases are due to higher than budgeted LEC generation.

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS

UNAUDITED

	January 31,	
	2022	2021
	(in thousands)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,306	\$ 48,648
Investments	37,319	45,107
Accounts receivable		
Participants	490	1,777
Other	438	938
Interest receivable	257	350
Inventory and supplies	8,197	6,029
Prepaid expenses	8,617	1,008
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	109,624	103,857
RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	65,733	68,357
Investments	181,509	169,403
Interest receivable	466	496
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	247,708	238,256
ELECTRIC PLANT		
Electric plant in service	1,498,867	1,493,905
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,065,780)	(1,035,644)
TOTAL ELECTRIC PLANT	433,087	458,261
OTHER ASSETS		
Regulatory assets	193,526	220,959
Investment in associated company	265	265
TOTAL ASSETS	984,210	1,021,598
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Excess cost on refunding of debt	5,578	16,058
Pension and OPEB deferrals	18,099	16,936
Asset retirement obligations	61,813	61,929
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	85,490	94,923
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 1,069,700	\$ 1,116,521

COMBINED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
AND ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS

UNAUDITED

	January 31,	
	2022	2021
	(in thousands)	
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 57,830	\$ 55,209
Member advances	993	993
Operating reserves	26,331	22,390
Current portion of long-term debt	44,130	43,035
Accrued interest payable	3,613	2,979
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	132,897	124,606
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Net pension and OPEB liabilities	62,959	63,003
Operating reserves and other deposits	149,320	141,460
Interest rate swap liability	14,575	20,209
Asset retirement obligations	69,035	67,508
Long-term debt, net	520,485	568,099
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	816,374	860,279
TOTAL LIABILITIES	949,271	984,885
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Regulatory credits	92,914	86,648
Pension and OPEB deferrals	2,187	4,737
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	95,101	91,385
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	(29,791)	(21,764)
Restricted for debt service	36,193	36,624
Unrestricted	18,926	25,391
TOTAL NET POSITION	25,328	40,251
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 1,069,700	\$ 1,116,521

**COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
AND ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS**

UNAUDITED

	For the Seven Months Ended January 31,	
	2022	2021
	(in thousands)	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Participants	\$ 298,249	\$ 234,875
Other Third-Party	259,844	203,995
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	558,093	438,870
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Purchased power	252,031	205,013
Operations	97,015	47,236
Transmission	134,288	113,066
Depreciation	17,705	17,600
Maintenance	16,415	13,601
Administrative and general	15,442	12,906
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	532,896	409,422
NET OPERATING REVENUES	25,197	29,448
NON OPERATING (EXPENSES) REVENUES		
Interest expense	(16,421)	(20,433)
Interest income	256	(1,820)
Other	8,041	4,441
TOTAL NON OPERATING EXPENSES	(8,124)	(17,812)
FUTURE RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS	(16,463)	(4,921)
REFUNDS TO PARTICIPANTS	(2,910)	(6,856)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(2,300)	(141)
NET POSITION, Beginning of year	27,628	40,392
NET POSITION, Period ended	\$ 25,328	\$ 40,251

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS (000's omitted)

January 31, 2022										
	GENERATING & TRANSMISSION RESOURCES						Purchased Power & Transmission	Associated Member Services	Other Agency	Combined
	Geothermal	Hydroelectric	Multiple Capital Facilities	CT No. One	Lodi Energy Center	Transmission No. One				
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,182	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,438	\$ 51,683	\$ 54,306
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,319	37,319
Accounts receivable										
Participants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	490	490
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	396	-	42	438
Interest receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	182	257
Inventory and supplies	1,514	1,572	332	284	4,495	-	-	-	-	8,197
Prepaid expenses	905	1,327	110	160	1,092	-	-	53	4,970	8,617
Due from Agency and other programs*	15,265	(513)	3,894	4,434	32,682	-	18,262	6,807	(80,831)	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	17,685	2,386	4,337	4,879	39,451	-	18,733	8,298	13,855	109,624
RESTRICTED ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	465	21,797	422	-	2,987	-	18,723	-	21,339	65,733
Investments	31,226	30,852	2,136	-	35,526	-	19,783	-	61,986	181,509
Interest receivable	106	56	-	-	55	-	-	-	249	466
TOTAL RESTRICTED ASSETS	31,797	52,705	2,558	-	38,568	-	38,506	-	83,574	247,708
ELECTRIC PLANT										
Electric plant in service	576,050	395,522	64,865	37,227	410,208	7,736	-	943	6,316	1,498,867
Less: accumulated depreciation	(548,299)	(296,195)	(56,275)	(35,242)	(117,272)	(7,736)	-	(665)	(4,096)	(1,065,780)
TOTAL ELECTRIC PLANT	27,751	99,327	8,590	1,985	292,936	-	-	278	2,220	433,087
OTHER ASSETS										
Regulatory assets	(1,108)	118,449	3,146	-	21,735	-	-	-	51,304	193,526
Investment in associated company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	265	265
TOTAL ASSETS	76,125	272,867	18,631	6,864	392,690	-	57,239	8,576	151,218	984,210
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Excess cost on refunding of debt	670	4,150	(236)	-	994	-	-	-	-	5,578
Pension and OPEB deferrals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,099	18,099
Asset retirement obligations	61,456	-	167	-	190	-	-	-	-	61,813
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	62,126	4,150	(69)	-	1,184	-	-	-	18,099	85,490
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 138,251	\$ 277,017	\$ 18,562	\$ 6,864	\$ 393,874	\$ -	\$ 57,239	\$ 8,576	\$ 169,317	\$ 1,069,700

* Eliminated in Combination

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS (000's omitted)

	January 31, 2022									
	GENERATING & TRANSMISSION RESOURCES						Purchased Power & Transmission	Associated Member Services	Other Agency	Combined
	Geothermal	Hydroelectric	Multiple Capital Facilities	CT No. One	Lodi Energy Center	Transmission				
LIABILITIES										
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ (15)	\$ 245	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 2,386	\$ -	\$ 43,456	\$ -	\$ 11,757	\$ 57,830
Member advances	791	-	-	-	-	-	-	202	-	993
Operating reserves	3,571	250	617	4,805	17,088	-	-	-	-	26,331
Current portion of long-term debt	4,030	22,855	4,365	-	12,880	-	-	-	-	44,130
Accrued interest payable	12	1,120	305	-	2,176	-	-	-	-	3,613
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	8,389	24,470	5,287	4,806	34,530	-	43,456	202	11,757	132,897
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Net pension and OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,959	62,959
Operating reserves and other deposits	1,500	20,349	-	-	1,195	-	39,582	3,125	83,569	149,320
Interest rate swap liability	-	14,575	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,575
Asset retirement obligations	68,677	-	167	-	191	-	-	-	-	69,035
Long-term debt, net	6,785	209,485	10,559	-	293,656	-	-	-	-	520,485
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	76,962	244,409	10,726	-	295,042	-	39,582	3,125	146,528	816,374
TOTAL LIABILITIES	85,351	268,879	16,013	4,806	329,572	-	83,038	3,327	158,285	949,271
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Regulatory credits	38,397	4,340	850	2,269	43,248	-	-	303	3,507	92,914
Pension and OPEB deferrals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,187	2,187
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	38,397	4,340	850	2,269	43,248	-	-	303	5,694	95,101
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	3,978	(16,751)	(3,804)	-	(13,214)	-	-	-	-	(29,791)
Restricted for debt service	2,057	19,995	2,225	-	11,916	-	-	-	-	36,193
Unrestricted	8,468	554	3,278	(211)	22,352	-	(25,799)	4,946	5,338	18,926
TOTAL NET POSITION	14,503	3,798	1,699	(211)	21,054	-	(25,799)	4,946	5,338	25,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 138,251	\$ 277,017	\$ 18,562	\$ 6,864	\$ 393,874	\$ -	\$ 57,239	\$ 8,576	\$ 169,317	\$ 1,069,700

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS (000's omitted)

For the Seven Months Ended January 31, 2022										
	GENERATING & TRANSMISSION RESOURCES						Purchased Power & Transmission	Associated Member Services	Other Agency	Combined
	Geothermal	Hydroelectric	Multiple Capital Facilities	CT No. One	Lodi Energy Center	Transmission				
OPERATING REVENUES										
Participants	\$ (356)	\$ 16,954	\$ 3,162	\$ 2,291	\$ 20,421	\$ -	\$ 243,281	\$ 11,758	\$ 738	\$ 298,249
Other Third-Party	31,573	16,048	1,758	2,351	81,830	-	124,848	1,436	-	259,844
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	31,217	33,002	4,920	4,642	102,251	-	368,129	13,194	738	558,093
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Purchased power	305	2,832	97	515	2,652	-	245,630	-	-	252,031
Operations	10,486	2,701	1,751	1,297	70,972	-	3,436	6,372	-	97,015
Transmission	275	568	10	31	497	-	132,904	3	-	134,288
Depreciation	2,212	5,637	1,295	175	8,254	-	-	29	103	17,705
Maintenance	5,814	3,790	294	3,682	2,782	-	-	53	-	16,415
Administrative and general	4,101	3,019	433	702	3,326	-	-	5,070	(1,209)	15,442
Intercompany (sales) purchases, net*	(480)	148	34	57	239	-	-	2	-	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	22,713	18,695	3,914	6,459	88,722	-	381,970	11,529	(1,106)	532,896
NET OPERATING REVENUES	8,504	14,307	1,006	(1,817)	13,529	-	(13,841)	1,665	1,844	25,197
NON OPERATING (EXPENSES) REVENUES										
Interest expense	(266)	(8,282)	(40)	-	(7,833)	-	-	-	-	(16,421)
Interest income	26	106	12	19	154	-	308	25	(394)	256
Other	800	-	1,429	-	6,354	-	(926)	134	250	8,041
TOTAL NON OPERATING (EXPENSES) REVENUES	560	(8,176)	1,401	19	(1,325)	-	(618)	159	(144)	(8,124)
FUTURE RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS	(1,397)	(5,341)	(1,655)	-	(8,070)	-	-	-	-	(16,463)
REFUNDS TO PARTICIPANTS	378	(490)	484	(172)	459	-	(798)	(2,683)	(88)	(2,910)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	8,045	300	1,236	(1,970)	4,593	-	(15,257)	(859)	1,612	(2,300)
NET POSITION, Beginning of year	6,458	3,498	463	1,759	16,461	-	(10,542)	5,805	3,726	27,628
NET POSITION, Period ended	\$ 14,503	\$ 3,798	\$ 1,699	\$ (211)	\$ 21,054	\$ -	\$ (25,799)	\$ 4,946	\$ 5,338	\$ 25,328

* Eliminated in Combination

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY & ASSOCIATED POWER CORPORATIONS
AGED ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE
January 31, 2022

<u>Status</u>	<u>Participant / Customer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
CURRENT			\$ 475,097
PAST DUE:			
1 - 30	CDWR	FY 2021 Annual Settlement	120,676
	Lodi	Support Services - CRC	7,314
	Lodi	Support Services - CRC	6,349
	Metropolitan Water District	Risk Management Application	12,878
	Shasta Lake	ARB Balance	29
	SMUD	Risk Management Application	12,878
31 - 60			
61 - 90			
91 - 120			
Over 120 Days	Calpine Geysers	Effluent Adj (Mar'18 - Dec'19)	292,665
PARTICIPANT and OTHER RECEIVABLES (net)			<u>\$ 927,885</u>



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Treasurer's Report for Month Ended January 31, 2022

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Sondra Ainsworth 	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Treasurer-Controller	N/A
Division:	Administrative Services	
Department:	Accounting & Finance	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:

All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>

If other, please specify

RECOMMENDATION:

Recommending the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Commission approve the Treasurer's Report for January 31, 2022.

BACKGROUND:

In compliance with Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) policy and State of California Government Code Sections 53601 and 53646(b), the following monthly report is submitted for your information and acceptance.

Cash – At month end cash totaled \$26,965,829 of which approximately \$3,977,053 was applicable to Special and Reserve Fund Deposits, \$11,889,028 to Debt Service and \$11,099,748 to Operations and other.

The cash balance held at U.S. Bank includes outstanding checks that have not yet cleared. This cash balance is invested nightly in a fully collateralized (U.S. Government Securities) repurchase agreement.

Investments – The carrying value of NCPA's investment portfolio totaled \$311,832,746 at month end. The current market value of the portfolio totaled \$308,602,647.

The overall portfolio had a combined weighted average interest rate of 0.907% with a bond equivalent yield (yield to maturity) of 0.920%. Investments with a maturity greater than one year totaled \$149,453,000. January maturities totaled \$41 million and monthly receipts totaled \$53 million. During the month \$32 million was invested.

Funds not required to meet annual cash flow are reinvested and separately reported as they occur.

Interest Rates – During the month, rates on 90-day T-Bills increased 13 basis points from 0.06% to 0.19% and rates on one-year T-Bills increased 32 basis points from 0.37% to 0.69%.

To the best of my knowledge and belief, all securities held by NCPA as of January 31, 2022 are in compliance with NCPA's investment policy. There are adequate cash flow and investment maturities to meet next month's cash requirements.

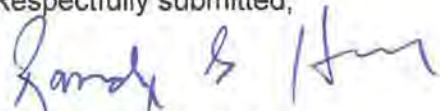
FISCAL IMPACT:

This report has no direct budget impact to NCPA.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

Respectfully submitted,



RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachment: Treasurer's Report January 31, 2022

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

TREASURER'S REPORT

JANUARY 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INVESTMENT MATURITIES ANALYSIS	5
DETAIL REPORT OF INVESTMENTS	APPENDIX

**Northern California Power Agency
Treasurer's Report
Cash & Investment Balance
January 31, 2022**

	CASH	INVESTMENTS	TOTAL	PERCENT
NCPA FUNDS				
Operating	\$ 6,602,854	\$ 119,029,293	\$ 125,632,147	37.08%
Special Deposits	4,495,643	-	4,495,643	1.33%
Construction	1,251	5,148,268	5,149,519	1.52%
Debt Service	11,889,028	27,832,076	39,721,104	11.72%
Special & Reserve	3,977,053	159,823,109	163,800,162	48.35%
	<u>\$ 26,965,829</u>	<u>\$ 311,832,746</u>	<u>\$ 338,798,575</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Portfolio Investments at Market Value

\$ 308,602,647

NOTE A - Investment amounts shown at book carrying value.

**Northern California Power Agency
Treasurer's Report
Cash Activity Summary
January 31, 2022**

	RECEIPTS			EXPENDITURES			CASH INCREASE / (DECREASE)
	OPS/CONSTR	INTEREST (NOTE B)	INVESTMENTS (NOTE A)	OPS/CONSTR	INVESTMENTS (NOTE B)	INTER-COMPANY/ FUND TRANSFERS	
CPA FUNDS							
Operating	\$ 53,288,818	\$ 95,806	\$ 15,114,855	\$ (27,979,173)	\$ (4,928,816)	\$ (32,341,662)	\$ 3,249,828
Special Deposits	148,525	-	-	(27,477,972)	-	27,336,994	7,547
Construction	-	-	5,148,000	-	(5,147,592)	-	408
Debt Service	-	-	11,096,692	(4,421,423)	(16,134,423)	4,750,640	(4,708,514)
Special & Reserve	-	183,366	9,145,988	-	(5,608,737)	254,028	3,974,645
	<u>\$ 53,437,343</u>	<u>\$ 279,172</u>	<u>\$ 40,505,535</u>	<u>\$ (59,878,568)</u>	<u>\$ (31,819,568)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,523,914</u>

OTE A -Investment amounts shown at book carrying value.

OTE B -Net of accrued interest purchased on investments.

**Northern California Power Agency
Treasurer's Report
Investment Activity Summary
January 31, 2022**

	PURCHASED	SOLD OR MATURED	(NON-CASH) DISC/(PREM) AMORT	(NON-CASH) GAIN/(LOSS) ON SALE	INVESTMENTS TRANSFERS	INCREASE / (DECREASE)
NCPA FUNDS						
Operating	\$ 4,928,816	\$ (15,114,855)	\$ 3,869	\$ 167	\$ -	\$ (10,182,003)
Special Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	5,147,592	(5,148,000)	693	-	-	285
Debt Service	16,134,423	(11,096,692)	3,116	(5,134)	-	5,035,713
Special & Reserve	5,608,737	(9,145,988)	(19,629)	(103,513)	-	(3,660,393)
	<u>\$ 31,819,568</u>	<u>\$ (40,505,535)</u>	<u>\$ (11,951)</u>	<u>\$ (108,480)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (8,806,398)</u>

Less Non- Cash Activity

Disc/(Prem) Amortization & Gain/(Loss) on Sale

120,431

Net Change in Investment —Before Non-Cash Activity

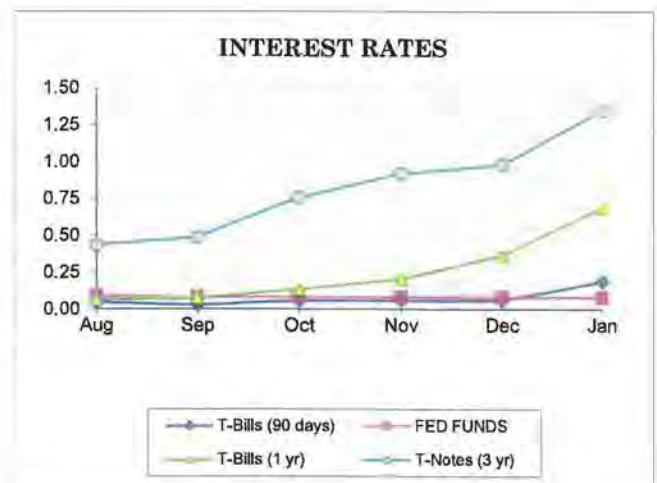
\$ (8,685,967)

NOTE A -Investment amounts shown at book carrying value.

**Northern California Power Agency
Interest Rate/Yield Analysis
January 31, 2022**

	<u>WEIGHTED AVERAGE INTEREST RATE</u>	<u>BOND EQUIVALENT YIELD</u>
OVERALL COMBINED	<u><u>0.907%</u></u>	<u><u>0.920%</u></u>
OPERATING FUNDS:	1.020%	0.967%
PROJECTS:		
Geothermal	1.503%	1.390%
Capital Facilities	0.062%	0.063%
Hydroelectric	0.635%	0.636%
Lodi Energy Center	0.684%	0.616%

<u>KEY INTEREST RATES</u>		
	<u>CURRENT</u>	<u>PRIOR YEAR</u>
Fed Fds (Overnight)	0.08%	0.08%
T-Bills (90da.)	0.19%	0.07%
Agency Disc (90da.)	0.27%	0.07%
T-Bills (1yr.)	0.69%	0.09%
Agency Disc (1yr.)	0.53%	0.09%
T-Notes (3yr.)	1.35%	0.18%



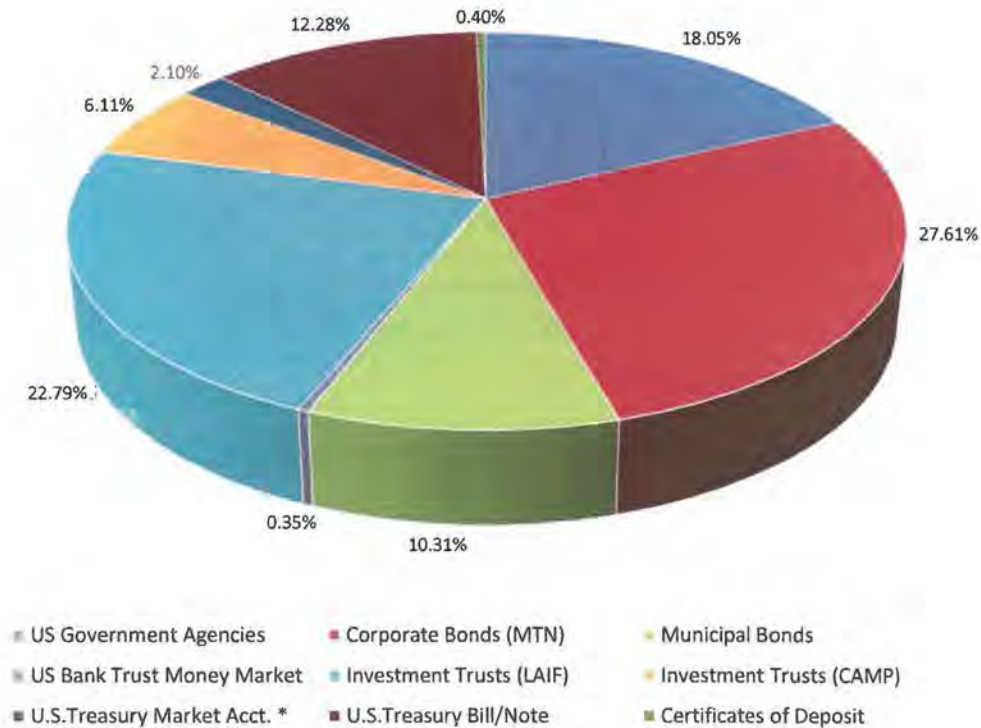
**Northern California Power Agency
Total Portfolio
Investment Maturities Analysis
January 31, 2022**

Type	0-7 Days	8-90 Days	91-180 Days	181-270 Days	271-365 Days	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	Total	Percent
US Government Agencies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,675	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,605	\$ 7,072	\$ 57,352	18.05%
Corporate Bonds (MTN)	1,000	3,550	6,744	1,000	7,950	67,511	-	87,755	27.61%
Municipal Bonds	-	-	1,000	-	-	30,045	1,720	32,765	10.31%
US Bank Trust Money Market	1,105	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,105	0.35%
Investment Trusts (LAIF)	72,432	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,432	22.79%
Investment Trusts (CAMP)	19,429	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,429	6.11%
U.S.Treasury Market Acct. *	6,660	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,660	2.10%
U.S.Treasury Bill/Note	422	1,435	37,177	-	-	-	-	39,034	12.28%
Certificates of Deposit	-	10	-	750	-	500	-	1,260	0.40%
Total Dollars	\$ 101,048	\$ 4,995	\$ 52,596	\$ 1,750	\$ 7,950	\$ 140,661	\$ 8,792	\$ 317,792	100.00%
Total Percents	31.80%	1.57%	16.55%	0.55%	2.50%	44.26%	2.77%	100.00%	

Investments are shown at Face Value, in thousands.

* The cash balance held at US Bank includes outstanding checks that have not yet cleared. This cash balance is invested nightly in a fully collateralized (U.S. Government Securities) repurchase agreement. Cash held by US Bank is invested nightly in fully collateralized U.S. Treasury Securities.

Portfolio Composition



NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

Detail Report Of Investments

APPENDIX

Note:

**This appendix has been prepared to comply with
Government Code section 53646.**



Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

01/31/2022

Operating

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
ocal Agency Investm	LAIF	25,632,801	0.225		25,632,801		1	0.225	25,632,801	SYS70000	70000	25,632,801
irst American Govt.	USBGC	0	0.002		0		1	0.002	0	SYS70014	70014	0
S Bank	USB	6,602,854	0.001		6,602,854		1	0.001	6,602,854	SYS70050	70050	6,602,854
alifornia Asset Mgm	CMP	19,428,171	0.050	10/19/2018	19,428,171		1	0.050	19,428,171	SYS70070	70070	19,428,171
rocter & Gamble	USBGC	1,000,000	2.300	09/20/2018	975,770	02/06/2022	5	3.060	1,000,230	742718DY2	26673	999,900
ohnson & Johnson	USBGC	1,000,000	2.250	09/20/2018	976,140	03/03/2022	30	2.982	1,001,160	478160CD4	26671	999,386
D Ameritrade	USBGC	500,000	2.950	05/15/2018	493,385	04/01/2022	59	3.315	501,065	87236YAE8	26601	499,716
S Bank	USB	10,000	0.050	01/07/2022	10,000	04/07/2022	65	0.050	10,000	SYS30328	30328	10,000
epsiCo Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.250	03/21/2018	487,005	05/02/2022	90	2.924	501,580	713448DT2	26557	499,202
ppl Inc.	USBGC	1,123,337	2.300	02/01/2018	1,121,966	05/11/2022	99	2.329	1,127,785	037833CQ1	26525	1,123,248
merican Honda Finan	USBGC	500,000	2.600	06/12/2018	488,550	11/16/2022	288	3.157	506,300	02665WCA7	26614	497,953
hevron Corp.	USBGC	500,000	2.355	03/21/2018	485,760	12/05/2022	307	3.008	504,905	166764AB6	26555	497,445
isa Inc.	USBGC	400,000	2.800	08/03/2018	394,552	12/14/2022	316	3.135	405,844	92826CAC6	26647	398,915
oyota Motor Credit	USBGC	1,000,000	2.700	08/03/2018	974,760	01/11/2023	344	3.315	1,015,800	89236TEL5	26645	994,630
xxon Mobil Corporat	USBGC	1,000,000	2.726	08/03/2018	985,450	03/01/2023	393	3.068	1,014,740	30231GAR3	26648	996,557
ohn Deere Capital C	USBGC	500,000	2.800	06/12/2018	489,875	03/06/2023	398	3.264	509,760	24422ETG4	26613	497,653
erkshire Hathaway I	USBGC	500,000	2.750	03/21/2018	492,280	03/15/2023	407	3.086	508,055	084670BR8	26554	498,261
nited Parcel Servic	USBGC	500,000	2.500	05/15/2018	483,225	04/01/2023	424	3.248	507,345	911312BK1	26600	495,988
nited Parcel Servic	USBGC	500,000	2.500	09/21/2018	483,120	04/01/2023	424	3.308	507,345	911312BK1	26677	495,651
almart, Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.550	07/31/2019	507,870	04/11/2023	434	2.104	507,075	931142DH3	26848	502,544
ank of NY Mellon Co	USBGC	500,000	3.500	05/15/2018	501,265	04/28/2023	451	3.443	514,015	06406RAG2	26602	500,317
ershey Company	USBGC	500,000	3.375	06/12/2018	503,125	05/15/2023	468	3.236	513,100	427866AZ1	26615	500,818
ommonwealth of Mass	USBGC	500,000	0.508	07/09/2020	500,000	07/01/2023	515	0.507	495,450	57582RF84	27029	500,000
S Bank	USBGC	1,000,000	3.400	08/03/2018	1,000,000	07/24/2023	538	3.399	1,029,630	90331HNV1	26646	1,000,000
icrosoft Corp.	USBGC	1,000,000	2.000	09/20/2018	947,350	08/08/2023	553	3.172	1,012,500	594918BQ6	26672	983,618
P Morgan	USBGC	500,000	3.875	02/15/2019	514,550	02/01/2024	730	3.561	523,985	46625HJT8	26760	505,866
ast Side Union High	USBGC	500,000	0.820	10/29/2020	500,000	08/01/2024	912	0.878	490,815	275282PR6	27105	500,000
A St Dept of Wtr Re	USBGC	600,000	0.560	08/06/2020	600,000	12/01/2024	1,034	0.584	585,552	13067WRB0	27055	600,000
S Bank, N.A.	USBGC	500,000	2.800	02/07/2020	522,560	01/27/2025	1,091	1.846	516,240	90331HMS9	26947	513,561
tate of Louisiana	USBGC	260,000	0.697	02/25/2021	260,000	06/15/2025	1,230	0.730	252,096	546486BV2	27178	260,000
ashville Met Gov	USBGC	500,000	0.610	02/18/2021	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.629	481,460	592112UB0	27173	500,000
ity of Phoenix AZ	USBGC	500,000	0.959	08/25/2020	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.990	488,200	71884AF20	27058	500,000
visconsin Dept Trans	USBGC	500,000	0.774	07/30/2020	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.787	486,440	977123X78	27041	500,000
ast Side Union High	USBGC	1,000,000	0.940	10/29/2020	1,000,000	08/01/2025	1,277	0.992	972,170	275282PS4	27106	1,000,000
ederal National Mtg	USBGC	1,000,000	0.650	12/21/2020	1,005,200	11/18/2025	1,386	0.542	969,350	3135GA4P3	27137	1,004,023
P Morgan	USBGC	250,000	0.825	12/22/2020	250,000	12/22/2025	1,420	0.825	232,473	48128GY53	27138	250,000
oyota Motor Credit	USBGC	500,000	0.700	01/21/2021	500,000	01/20/2026	1,449	0.699	474,050	89236THY4	27149	500,000
ederal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	375,000	0.500	02/25/2021	375,000	02/25/2026	1,485	0.500	362,198	3130AKXX9	27179	375,000
ederal Farm Credit	USBGC	1,100,000	0.800	03/09/2021	1,100,000	03/09/2026	1,497	0.800	1,071,609	3133EMSU7	27200	1,100,000
nited Health Group	USBGC	500,000	1.150	06/28/2021	501,660	05/15/2026	1,564	1.079	484,330	91324PEC2	27230	501,459

Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

01/31/2022

Operating

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond ¹ Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	1,700,000	1.250	05/28/2021	1,700,000	05/28/2026	1,577	1.250	1,605,990	06048WM31	27225	1,700,000
Met Govt Nashville &	UBOC	250,000	1.181	10/14/2021	250,000	07/01/2026	1,611	1.181	243,395	592098X77	27291	250,000
San Diego CA Unif Sc	USBGC	250,000	1.201	10/21/2021	250,000	07/01/2026	1,611	1.201	244,023	797356DF6	27298	250,000
MassMutual Global Fu	USBGC	500,000	1.200	08/02/2021	503,610	07/16/2026	1,626	1.050	480,685	57629WDE7	27247	503,248
County of Bexar TX	USBGC	100,000	1.272	09/23/2021	100,000	08/15/2026	1,656	1.272	97,288	088518NV3	27273	100,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.875	08/17/2021	500,000	08/17/2026	1,658	0.875	485,055	3130ANGX2	27252	500,000
P Morgan	USBGC	1,000,000	1.150	08/17/2021	1,000,000	08/17/2026	1,658	1.150	949,920	48128G4R8	27251	1,000,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	750,000	1.250	08/26/2021	750,000	08/26/2026	1,667	1.250	700,965	06048WN22	27255	750,000
Waterpillar Financia	USBGC	500,000	1.150	10/13/2021	498,165	09/14/2026	1,686	1.227	482,330	14913R2Q9	27288	498,277
John Deere Capital C	USBGC	500,000	2.250	10/14/2021	524,355	09/14/2026	1,686	1.225	505,880	24422EVB2	27294	522,883
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	630,000	0.900	09/28/2021	630,000	09/28/2026	1,700	0.900	612,234	3130ANXS4	27276	630,000
eliance Standard LI	USBGC	1,500,000	1.512	10/14/2021	1,491,180	09/28/2026	1,700	1.635	1,451,220	75951AAQ1	27292	1,491,709
aypal Holdings Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.650	10/14/2021	533,315	10/01/2026	1,703	1.260	512,935	70450YAD5	27293	531,320
SMC Arizona Corp.	USBGC	1,525,000	1.750	12/08/2021	1,537,993	10/25/2026	1,727	1.567	1,499,624	872898AA9	27330	1,537,601
Public Storage	USBGC	1,910,000	1.500	12/08/2021	1,912,216	11/09/2026	1,742	1.475	1,872,010	74460DAG4	27338	1,912,149
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	50,000	0.800	12/29/2021	50,000	12/29/2026	1,792	1.509	49,321	3130AQER0	27342	50,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	3,000,000	1.000	01/28/2022	3,000,000	01/28/2027	1,822	1.691	2,987,250	3130AQN66	27364	3,000,000
Fund Total and Average		\$ 88,947,163	0.797		\$ 88,825,078		463	0.861	\$ 88,528,603			\$ 88,992,724

IPP GHG Auction Acct

Local Agency Investm		1,438,219	0.225		1,438,219		1	0.225	1,438,219	SYS70045	70045	1,438,219
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,438,219	0.225		\$ 1,438,219		1	0.225	\$ 1,438,219			\$ 1,438,219

CPA Balancing Account

Local Agency Investm	LAIF	14,236,126	0.225		14,236,126		1	0.225	14,236,126	SYS70022	70022	14,236,126
First American Govt.	USBGC	0	0.002		0		1	0.002	0	SYS70023	70023	0
D Ameritrade	USBGC	500,000	2.950	04/03/2018	497,200	04/01/2022	59	3.100	501,065	87236YAE8	26571	499,883
Home Depot Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.625	04/04/2018	494,290	06/01/2022	120	2.918	502,795	437076BG6	26572	499,542
Public Storage	USBGC	500,000	2.370	04/04/2018	483,705	09/15/2022	226	3.161	504,330	74460DAB5	26573	497,720
isa Inc.	USBGC	250,000	2.800	07/24/2018	246,975	12/14/2022	316	3.096	253,653	92826CAC6	26632	249,401
Intel Corp	USBGC	500,000	2.700	06/22/2018	492,300	12/15/2022	317	3.070	507,965	458140AM2	26625	498,501
Toyota Motor Credit	USBGC	550,000	2.625	05/09/2018	536,294	01/10/2023	343	3.203	558,459	89233P7F7	26598	547,236
isco Systems Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.600	06/22/2018	487,655	02/28/2023	392	3.170	508,810	17275RBE1	26624	497,166
erkshire Hathaway I	USBGC	500,000	2.750	05/09/2018	490,280	03/15/2023	407	3.185	508,055	084670BR8	26596	497,751
nited Parcel Servic	USBGC	500,000	2.500	06/22/2018	484,780	04/01/2023	424	3.191	507,345	911312BK1	26627	496,281
ike Inc	USBGC	500,000	2.250	05/09/2018	480,350	05/01/2023	454	3.108	505,960	654106AC7	26597	495,066
imon Property Group	USBGC	500,000	2.750	07/24/2018	484,725	06/01/2023	485	3.438	507,475	828807DD6	26631	495,803
fizer Inc	USBGC	500,000	3.000	06/22/2018	496,550	06/15/2023	499	3.150	514,700	717081DH3	26626	499,049
Memphis Center City	USBGC	500,000	2.948	11/23/2020	550,395	04/01/2025	1,155	0.600	518,830	586145F74	27113	536,639



Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

01/31/2022

CPA Balancing Account

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
State of Wisconsin	USBGC	400,000	0.650	03/17/2021	400,000	05/01/2025	1,185	0.649	387,884	97705MUK9	27202	400,000
California St Hlth F	USBGC	500,000	0.952	11/04/2020	500,000	06/01/2025	1,216	0.952	487,580	13032UXM5	27110	500,000
City of Baltimore	USBGC	500,000	0.845	12/02/2020	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.932	488,105	059231X39	27125	500,000
Asheville Met Gov	USBGC	500,000	0.610	02/18/2021	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.610	481,460	592112UB0	27174	500,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	2,045,000	0.530	09/29/2020	2,045,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.530	1,964,529	3133EMBJ0	27077	2,045,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	2,050,000	0.530	09/29/2020	2,050,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.530	1,971,895	3133EMBH4	27078	2,050,000
Apple Inc.	USBGC	500,000	0.700	02/17/2021	500,000	02/08/2026	1,468	0.699	480,095	037833EB2	27168	500,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.520	02/12/2021	499,750	02/12/2026	1,472	0.530	482,655	3130AKWA0	27164	499,798
P Morgan	USBGC	1,000,000	0.500	02/17/2021	1,000,000	02/17/2026	1,477	0.500	933,550	46632FRV9	27171	1,000,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	125,000	0.500	02/25/2021	125,000	02/25/2026	1,485	0.500	120,733	3130AKXX9	27180	125,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	1,000,000	0.630	02/26/2021	1,000,000	02/26/2026	1,486	0.630	968,800	3130ALB94	27195	1,000,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	1,650,000	0.800	03/09/2021	1,650,000	03/09/2026	1,497	0.800	1,607,414	3133EMSU7	27201	1,650,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	500,000	1.200	06/28/2021	500,000	06/25/2026	1,605	1.199	466,230	06048WM64	27227	500,000
Fidelity Mutual Global Fu	USBGC	500,000	1.200	08/02/2021	503,610	07/16/2026	1,626	1.050	480,685	57629WDE7	27248	503,248
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	50,000	1.250	08/26/2021	50,000	08/26/2026	1,667	1.250	46,731	06048WN22	27256	50,000
SMC Arizona Corp.	USBGC	200,000	1.750	12/08/2021	201,704	10/25/2026	1,727	1.667	196,672	872898AA9	27331	201,653
Public Storage	USBGC	275,000	1.500	11/19/2021	274,095	11/09/2026	1,742	1.569	269,530	74460DAG4	27311	274,132
Public Storage	USBGC	250,000	1.500	12/08/2021	250,290	11/09/2026	1,742	1.475	245,028	74460DAG4	27337	250,281
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	100,000	0.800	12/29/2021	100,000	12/29/2026	1,792	1.509	98,642	3130AQER0	27343	100,000
John Deere Capital C	USBGC	525,000	1.700	01/14/2022	524,223	01/11/2027	1,805	1.731	517,718	24422EWA3	27362	524,230
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	300,000	1.000	01/28/2022	300,000	01/28/2027	1,822	1.691	298,725	3130AQN66	27365	300,000
Fund Total and Average		\$ 34,006,126	0.898		\$ 33,935,297		650	0.953	\$ 33,630,229			\$ 34,019,506

General Operating Reserve

Local Agency Investm	LAIF	21,330,991	0.225		21,330,991		1	0.225	21,330,991	SYS70000	70002	21,330,991
First American Govt.	USBGC	7,375	0.002		7,375		1	0.002	7,375	SYS70019	70019	7,375
S Bank	USB	0	0.000	07/01/2021	0		1	0.000	0	SYS70051	70051	0
California Asset Mgm	CMP	513	0.050	12/14/2018	513		1	0.050	513	SYS70071	70071	513
D Ameritrade	USBGC	500,000	2.950	04/26/2018	492,950	04/01/2022	59	3.335	501,065	87236YAE8	26582	499,701
Apple Inc.	USBGC	4,025,452	2.300	02/01/2018	4,020,538	05/11/2022	99	2.329	4,041,393	037833CQ1	26524	4,025,133
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	3,575,000	2.125	08/28/2017	3,634,560	06/10/2022	129	1.760	3,596,843	313379Q69	26467	3,579,462
EpsiCo Inc.	USBGC	500,000	3.100	04/26/2018	500,310	07/17/2022	166	3.083	503,950	713448CX4	26580	500,034
Isa Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.800	04/26/2018	492,600	12/14/2022	316	3.145	507,305	92826CAC6	26584	498,611
S Bank, N.A.	USBGC	750,000	2.850	01/30/2019	741,900	01/23/2023	356	3.140	763,133	90331HNL3	26737	748,010
Bank of NY Mellon Co	USBGC	500,000	2.950	04/26/2018	491,790	01/29/2023	362	3.325	509,280	06406RAE7	26575	498,284
Maxair Inc	USBGC	500,000	2.700	04/26/2018	488,350	02/21/2023	385	3.225	507,855	74005PBF0	26581	497,448
Merckshire Hathaway I	USBGC	500,000	2.750	04/26/2018	488,920	03/15/2023	407	3.243	508,055	084670BR8	26576	497,455
United Parcel Servic	USBGC	500,000	2.500	04/26/2018	493,135	04/01/2023	424	3.245	507,345	911312BK1	26583	496,009
Hevron Corp.	USBGC	750,000	2.566	01/30/2019	738,750	05/16/2023	469	2.939	760,815	166764BK5	26740	746,616
Arizona Board of Reg	USBGC	1,785,000	2.011	04/17/2020	1,818,897	06/01/2023	485	1.387	1,805,849	040484VN4	26984	1,799,476
Hevron Corp.	USBGC	500,000	3.191	02/07/2019	507,025	06/24/2023	508	2.847	512,030	166764AH3	26755	502,241

General Operating Reserve

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
Walmart, Inc.	USBGC	500,000	3.400	02/07/2019	510,960	06/26/2023	510	2.864	515,220	931142EK5	26758	503,505
Montgomery Water Works	USBGC	2,145,000	1.799	04/17/2020	2,200,234	09/01/2023	577	1.020	2,164,112	613105KV6	26985	2,170,933
Weyerhaeuser Inc.	USBGC	500,000	3.200	01/30/2019	506,250	09/15/2023	591	2.908	515,110	717081EN9	26738	502,192
Honolulu City and Co	USBGC	1,770,000	2.141	04/17/2020	1,837,189	10/01/2023	607	1.020	1,796,780	4386705V9	26983	1,802,406
Wells Fargo Bank NA	USBGC	500,000	3.650	02/07/2019	507,490	01/23/2024	721	3.319	520,570	17325FAS7	26756	502,986
P Morgan	USBGC	500,000	3.875	02/07/2019	515,120	02/01/2024	730	3.535	523,985	46625HJT8	26757	506,068
S Bank, N.A.	USBGC	440,000	3.375	10/31/2019	462,862	02/05/2024	734	2.093	455,651	91159HHV5	26906	450,790
P Morgan	USBGC	1,000,000	1.514	05/27/2020	1,006,120	08/01/2024	851	1.356	1,000,440	46647PBQ8	27007	1,003,560
East Side Union High	USBGC	565,000	0.820	10/29/2020	565,000	08/01/2024	912	0.820	554,621	275282PR6	27107	565,000
Honolulu City and Co	USBGC	1,500,000	1.832	04/13/2020	1,522,710	08/01/2024	912	1.058	1,512,405	438687KT1	26980	1,513,203
California State Uni	USBGC	250,000	0.685	09/17/2020	250,000	11/01/2024	1,004	0.665	244,683	13077DMK5	27072	250,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	1,820,000	2.750	03/25/2020	1,981,288	12/13/2024	1,046	0.830	1,889,451	3130A3GE8	26962	1,918,027
S Bank, N.A.	USBGC	500,000	2.800	02/07/2020	522,560	01/27/2025	1,091	1.846	516,240	90331HMS9	26951	513,561
V W Grainger Inc.	USBGC	500,000	1.850	04/30/2020	516,000	02/15/2025	1,110	1.161	500,970	384802AE4	27000	510,147
V W Grainger Inc.	USBGC	500,000	1.850	05/21/2020	514,500	02/15/2025	1,110	1.217	500,970	384802AE4	27005	509,309
Memphis Center City	USBGC	500,000	2.948	11/23/2020	550,395	04/01/2025	1,155	0.600	518,830	586145F74	27114	536,639
Okfus County OK Ind.	USBGC	1,000,000	1.500	05/26/2020	1,016,450	04/01/2025	1,155	1.038	994,790	899559QD3	27006	1,010,747
City of Huntsville A	USBGC	515,000	2.750	11/06/2020	560,351	05/01/2025	1,185	0.750	534,807	447025A56	27112	547,855
Coreywell Internatio	USBGC	1,000,000	1.350	06/03/2020	1,023,560	06/01/2025	1,216	0.866	987,660	438516CB0	27008	1,015,724
County of Jasper IA	USBGC	420,000	2.350	08/11/2020	443,558	06/01/2025	1,216	1.299	425,704	471376FJ7	27011	435,793
recision Castparts	USBGC	1,500,000	3.250	06/25/2020	1,667,985	06/15/2025	1,230	1.033	1,565,760	740189AM7	27017	1,613,929
P Morgan	USBGC	750,000	1.050	06/23/2020	750,000	06/23/2025	1,238	1.050	715,845	48128GU40	27024	750,000
City of Baltimore	USBGC	500,000	0.845	12/02/2020	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.845	488,105	059231X39	27126	500,000
Wisconsin Dept Trans	USBGC	500,000	0.774	07/30/2020	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.774	486,440	977123X78	27042	500,000
East Side Union High	USBGC	815,000	0.940	10/29/2020	815,000	08/01/2025	1,277	0.940	792,319	275282PS4	27108	815,000
Federal National Mtg	USBGC	1,000,000	0.600	08/18/2020	1,000,000	08/18/2025	1,294	0.600	968,400	3136G4G72	27056	1,000,000
Federal Agricultural	USBGC	1,000,000	0.570	09/17/2020	1,000,000	09/17/2025	1,324	0.570	964,180	31422BV23	27071	1,000,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	2,000,000	0.530	09/29/2020	2,000,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.530	1,923,800	3133EMBH4	27079	2,000,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	1,720,000	0.530	09/29/2020	1,720,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.530	1,652,318	3133EMB J0	27080	1,720,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	1,000,000	0.520	09/29/2020	1,000,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.520	970,190	3130AKAZ9	27081	1,000,000
Federal Home Loan Mt	USBGC	500,000	0.540	10/27/2020	500,000	10/27/2025	1,364	0.540	480,840	3134GW4Z6	27104	500,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	1,000,000	0.650	11/25/2020	1,000,000	11/25/2025	1,393	0.798	927,740	06048WK41	27122	1,000,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	500,000	0.560	12/01/2020	500,000	12/01/2025	1,399	0.560	481,125	3133EMJC7	27124	500,000
Guardian Life	USBGC	1,520,000	0.875	05/05/2021	1,507,384	12/10/2025	1,408	1.060	1,463,456	40139LBC6	27223	1,509,412
P Morgan	USBGC	250,000	0.825	12/22/2020	250,000	12/22/2025	1,420	0.825	232,473	48128GY53	27139	250,000
Federal National Mtg	USBGC	500,000	0.640	12/30/2020	501,000	12/30/2025	1,428	0.599	480,580	3135G06Q1	27141	500,783
Apple Inc.	USBGC	500,000	0.700	02/17/2021	500,000	02/08/2026	1,468	0.699	480,095	037833EB2	27169	500,000
P Morgan	USBGC	1,000,000	0.500	02/17/2021	1,000,000	02/17/2026	1,477	0.500	933,550	46632FRV9	27172	1,000,000
Charles Schwab Corp	USBGC	630,000	0.900	04/30/2021	625,407	03/11/2026	1,499	1.054	605,462	808513BF1	27220	626,118
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	1,000,000	0.790	03/25/2021	997,500	03/16/2026	1,504	0.841	973,680	3130ALEL4	27203	997,927
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	1,000,000	1.010	03/30/2021	1,000,000	03/30/2026	1,518	1.010	980,440	3130ALTT1	27213	1,000,000
Oregon State Dept o	USBGC	500,000	1.119	04/27/2021	500,000	04/01/2026	1,520	1.119	487,165	68607V2Q7	27216	500,000



Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

01/31/2022

General Operating Reserve

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond ¹ Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.625	04/21/2021	500,000	04/21/2026	1,540	1.084	492,425	3130ALXR0	27215	500,000
nited Health Group	USBGC	550,000	1.150	06/28/2021	551,826	05/15/2026	1,564	1.079	532,763	91324PEC2	27232	551,605
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	1,108,000	1.250	05/28/2021	1,108,000	05/28/2026	1,577	1.250	1,046,728	06048WM31	27226	1,108,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	1,250,000	1.200	06/28/2021	1,250,000	06/25/2026	1,605	1.199	1,165,575	06048WM64	27228	1,250,000
State University of	USBGC	370,000	1.591	12/02/2021	370,000	07/01/2026	1,611	1.590	363,229	65000BGU6	27329	370,000
MassMutual Global Fu	USBGC	1,000,000	1.200	08/02/2021	1,007,220	07/16/2026	1,626	1.050	961,370	57629WDE7	27249	1,006,496
John Deere Capital C	USBGC	100,000	1.300	10/18/2021	100,313	10/13/2026	1,715	1.235	97,400	24422EVM6	27297	100,295
SMC Arizona Corp.	USBGC	850,000	1.750	12/08/2021	857,242	10/25/2026	1,727	1.567	835,856	872898AA9	27333	857,024
Public Storage	USBGC	1,585,000	1.500	11/15/2021	1,585,745	11/09/2026	1,742	1.490	1,553,474	74460DAG4	27308	1,585,713
Public Storage	USBGC	365,000	1.500	11/19/2021	363,799	11/09/2026	1,742	1.569	357,740	74460DAG4	27312	363,847
Public Storage	USBGC	1,064,000	1.500	12/08/2021	1,065,234	11/09/2026	1,742	1.475	1,042,837	74460DAG4	27339	1,065,197
P Morgan	USBGC	1,200,000	1.500	11/30/2021	1,200,000	11/30/2026	1,763	1.500	1,197,024	48130UZH1	27313	1,200,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	150,000	0.800	12/29/2021	150,000	12/29/2026	1,792	1.509	147,963	3130AQER0	27345	150,000
John Deere Capital C	USBGC	438,000	1.700	01/14/2022	437,352	01/11/2027	1,805	1.731	431,925	24422EWA3	27363	437,358
Fund Total and Average		\$ 82,864,331	1.323		\$ 83,632,208		759	1.100	\$ 82,317,068			\$ 83,324,508
GRAND TOTALS:		\$ 207,255,839	1.020		\$ 207,830,802		609	0.967	\$ 205,914,119			\$ 207,774,957

Bond Equivalent Yield to Maturity is shown based on a 365 day year to provide a basis for comparison between all types.
Investments with less than 6 months to maturity use an approximate method, all others use an exact method.

Current Market Value is based on prices from Trustee/ Custodian Statements or bid prices from the Wall Street Journal as of 01/31/2022

Callable Dates:

Inv #	Inv #	Inv #
3646 USB 6/23/2023	27081 FHLB Anytime	27201 FFCB Anytime starting 3/9/2023
3848 WMT 1/11/2023	27104 FHLMC Annually starting 10/27/2022	27202 WIS Anytime
3906 USBANK 1/5/2024	27110 CASMED Anytime	27203 FHLB Quarterly
3947 USBANK Anytime starting 12/27/2024	27113 MEMGEN Anytime	27213 FHLB Quarterly
3951 USBANK Anytime starting 12/27/2024	27114 MEMGEN Anytime	27215 FHLB 4/21/2023 only
3980 HON Anytime	27124 FFCB Anytime starting 12/1/2022	27216 ORSGEN Anytime
3983 HON Anytime	27125 BALGEN Anytime	27220 SCHW 2/11/2026
3984 AZSHGR Anytime	27126 BALGEN Anytime	27225 BAC Semi-annually starting 05/28/2022
7007 JPM 6/1/2023 and then starting on 5/1/2024	27137 FNMA Annually starting 11/18/2022	27226 BAC Semi-annually starting 05/28/2022
7011 JAS 6/1/2024	27138 JPM Quarterly starting 12/22/2023	27227 BAC Semi-annually starting 06/25/2022
7024 JPM Quarterly starting 8/23/2024	27139 JPM Quarterly starting 12/22/2023	27228 BAC Semi-annually starting 06/25/2022
7029 MAS Anytime	27141 FNMA Quarterly	27251 JPM Annually starting 8/17/2023
7041 WISTRN Anytime	27149 TOY 1/20/2025 and 7/20/2025	27252 FHLB Quarterly starting 8/17/2022
7042 WISTRN Anytime	27164 FHLB Anytime	27255 BAC Semi-annually starting 08/26/2022
7055 CASWTR Anytime	27168 APPL Anytime starting 1/8/2026	27256 BAC Semi-annually starting 08/26/2022
7056 FNMA Quarterly starting 8/18/2022	27169 APPL Anytime starting 1/8/2026	27276 FHLB Callable quarterly starting 9/28/2022
7058 PHOGEN Anytime	27171 JPM Quarterly starting 2/17/2023	27313 JPM Callable quarterly starting 11/30/2022
7071 FAMC Semi-annually	27172 JPM Quarterly starting 2/17/2023	27329 NYSHGR Anytime
7072 CASHGR Anytime	27178 LOUIS Anytime	27342 FHLB 12/29/2023 only
7077 FFCB Anytime	27179 FHLB 2/25/2022	27343 FHLB 12/29/2023 only
7078 FFCB Anytime	27180 FHLB 2/25/2022	27345 FHLB 12/29/2023 only
7079 FFCB Anytime	27195 FHLB Quarterly	27364 FHLB 7/28/2023 only
7080 FFCB Anytime	27200 FFCB Anytime starting 3/9/2023	27365 FHLB 7/28/2023 only



Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

01/31/2022

iEO 2012 Construction Fund

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
U.S. Treasury	USBT	912,000	0.175	01/05/2022	911,220	06/30/2022	149	0.177	910,723	912796R50	27354	911,339
Fund Total and Average		\$ 912,000	0.175		\$ 911,220		149	0.178	\$ 910,723			\$ 911,339

iEO 2016A Debt Service

U.S. Treasury	USBT	289,000	0.080	11/30/2021	288,873	06/16/2022	135	0.081	288,639	912796J42	27314	288,913
U.S. Treasury	USBT	289,000	0.200	12/30/2021	288,708	06/30/2022	149	0.202	288,595	912796R50	27351	288,761
U.S. Treasury	USBT	1,077,000	0.175	01/05/2022	1,076,079	06/30/2022	149	0.177	1,075,492	912796R50	27356	1,076,220
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,655,000	0.163		\$ 1,653,660		147	0.165	\$ 1,652,726			\$ 1,653,894

iEO Thermal Special Reserve

First American Govt.	USBGC	5,000	0.002		5,000		1	0.002	5,000	SYS70015	70015	5,000
Federal National Mtg	USBGC	1,495,000	0.500	02/16/2021	1,497,796	11/07/2025	1,375	0.460	1,438,893	3135G06G3	27167	1,497,229
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,500,000	0.498		\$ 1,502,796		1370	0.458	\$ 1,443,893			\$ 1,502,229

iEO Decommissioning Reserve

Local Agency Investm	LAIF	7,730	0.225		7,730		1	0.225	7,730	SYS70027	70027	7,730
First American Govt.	USBGC	36,446	0.002		36,446		1	0.002	36,446	SYS70034	70034	36,446
Apple Inc.	USBGC	211	2.300	11/29/2017	211	05/11/2022	99	2.329	212	037833CQ1	26499	211
University of Calif	USBGC	1,000,000	2.312	04/30/2020	1,024,800	05/15/2022	103	1.080	1,005,210	91412G2T1	27001	1,003,509
Wells Fargo Bank	USBGC	250,000	3.150	08/30/2018	250,000	08/30/2022	210	3.154	254,223	949763TLOA	30311	250,000
Great North Bank	USBGC	250,000	3.050	08/31/2018	250,000	08/31/2022	211	3.051	254,095	39103QAF3A	30310	250,000
Discover Bank	USBGC	250,000	3.150	09/09/2018	250,000	09/06/2022	217	3.152	254,283	254673TM8A	30313	250,000
John Deere Capital C	USBGC	750,000	2.800	03/15/2018	739,748	01/27/2023	360	3.104	764,318	24422ERT8	26550	747,917
Bank of NY Mellon Co	USBGC	750,000	2.950	03/15/2018	740,610	01/29/2023	362	3.229	763,920	06406RAE7	26549	748,083
Brook County School	USBGC	355,000	1.563	05/07/2020	356,211	06/15/2023	499	1.450	355,919	227183DH0	27003	355,535
Colano County CCD	USBGC	385,000	5.500	04/09/2020	434,938	08/01/2023	546	1.471	409,944	83412PCN0	26978	407,623
Cherbank USA	USBGC	250,000	3.200	08/30/2018	250,000	08/30/2023	575	3.203	259,480	29278TCP3A	30309	250,000
Chilbank NA	USBGC	250,000	3.300	09/07/2018	250,000	09/07/2023	583	3.301	259,898	17312QS34A	30314	250,000
Chico Suburban	USBGC	330,000	3.480	04/09/2020	349,473	11/01/2024	1,004	1.846	338,834	78607QAY1	26977	341,741
Ch W Grainger Inc.	USBGC	425,000	1.850	04/30/2020	438,600	02/15/2025	1,110	1.161	425,825	384802AE4	27002	433,625
California St Hlth F	USBGC	500,000	0.952	11/04/2020	500,000	06/01/2025	1,216	0.952	487,580	13032UXM5	27111	500,000
Couston Airport Sys	USBGC	750,000	1.372	10/20/2020	750,000	07/01/2025	1,246	1.372	739,830	442349EM4	27102	750,000
Cashville Met Gov	USBGC	500,000	0.610	02/18/2021	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.610	481,460	592112UB0	27175	500,000
East Side Union High	USBGC	1,000,000	0.940	10/29/2020	1,000,000	08/01/2025	1,277	0.940	972,170	275282PS4	27109	1,000,000
Guardian Life	USBGC	505,000	0.875	05/05/2021	500,809	12/10/2025	1,408	1.060	486,214	40139LBC6	27224	501,482
Apple Inc.	USBGC	1,000,000	0.700	02/08/2021	1,000,000	02/08/2026	1,468	0.700	960,190	037833EB2	27162	1,000,000



Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

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ieo Decommissioning Reserve

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
P Morgan	USBGC	500,000	1.200	04/30/2021	500,000	04/30/2026	1,549	1.200	474,780	48128G3G3	27218	500,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	750,000	1.200	06/28/2021	750,000	06/25/2026	1,605	1.199	699,345	06048VWM64	27229	750,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	50,000	1.250	08/26/2021	50,000	08/26/2026	1,667	1.250	46,731	06048VWN22	27258	50,000
Apple Inc.	USBGC	1,895,000	2.050	01/12/2022	1,930,607	09/11/2026	1,683	1.629	1,903,281	037833DN7	27361	1,930,204
AT&T Financial	USBGC	150,000	1.150	10/13/2021	149,450	09/14/2026	1,686	1.227	144,699	14913R2Q9	27289	149,483
SMC Arizona Corp.	USBGC	1,375,000	1.750	12/08/2021	1,386,715	10/25/2026	1,727	1.567	1,352,120	872898AA9	27334	1,386,362
Public Storage	USBGC	765,000	1.500	11/15/2021	765,360	11/09/2026	1,742	1.490	749,784	74460DAG4	27309	765,344
Public Storage	USBGC	1,722,000	1.500	12/08/2021	1,723,998	11/09/2026	1,742	1.475	1,687,749	74460DAG4	27340	1,723,938
New York City General	USBGC	585,000	2.040	04/30/2021	583,204	03/01/2030	2,950	2.078	567,432	64966QUX6	27219	583,357
Federal Home Loan Bank	USBGC	1,000,000	1.000	02/10/2021	1,000,000	02/10/2031	3,296	1.360	944,560	3130AKX76	27163	1,000,000
Federal Agricultural	USBGC	972,000	1.460	02/18/2021	972,000	02/18/2031	3,304	1.460	935,006	31422XAU6	27177	972,000
Federal Agricultural	USBGC	600,000	1.460	07/30/2021	598,800	02/18/2031	3,304	1.482	577,164	31422XAU6	27246	598,863
Federal Home Loan Bank	USBGC	2,000,000	1.740	07/29/2021	2,006,440	07/29/2031	3,465	1.704	1,920,200	3130AN7G9	27245	2,006,114
Larin Community Coll	USBGC	500,000	1.710	09/14/2021	506,610	08/01/2031	3,468	1.565	478,990	56781RKZ9	27272	506,355
County of Bexar TX	USBGC	385,000	2.134	09/23/2021	385,000	08/15/2031	3,482	2.134	373,966	088518PA7	27274	385,000
County of Bexar TX	USBGC	250,000	2.134	09/23/2021	250,000	08/15/2031	3,482	2.134	243,878	088518NH4	27275	250,000
Federal Farm Credit	USBGC	2,500,000	1.800	01/11/2022	2,445,000	01/05/2032	3,625	2.044	2,447,850	3133ENJZ4	27360	2,445,306
Fund Total and Average		\$ 25,543,387	1.787		\$ 25,632,760		1963	1.650	\$ 25,065,316			\$ 25,586,228

ieo 2012A DSR Account

U.S. Treasury	USBT	1,622,000	0.080	11/30/2021	1,621,286	06/16/2022	135	0.081	1,619,973	912796J42	27319	1,621,513
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,622,000	0.080		\$ 1,621,286		135	0.081	\$ 1,619,973			\$ 1,621,513
GRAND TOTALS:		\$ 31,232,387	1.503		\$ 31,321,722		1691	1.390	\$ 30,692,631			\$ 31,275,203

Bond Equivalent Yield to Maturity is shown based on a 365 day year to provide a basis for comparison between all types. Investments with less than 6 months to maturity use an approximate method, all others use an exact method.

Current Market Value is based on prices from Trustee/ Custodian Statements or bid prices from the Wall Street Journal as of 01/31/2022

Callable Dates:

iv #		
5977	SCRWTR	Anytime
7001	UNVHGR	Anytime
7111	CASMED	Anytime
7162	APPL	Anytime starting 1/8/2026
7163	FHLB	Quarterly
7177	FAMC	Semi-annually starting 2/18/2022
7218	JPM	Annually starting 4/30/2023
7219	NYC	Anytime
7229	BAC	Semi-annually starting 6/25/2022
7245	FHLB	Anytime starting 7/9/2022
7246	FAMC	Semi-annually starting 2/18/2022
7258	BAC	Semi-annually starting 8/26/2022
7360	FFCB	Anytime starting 1/5/2027



Northern California Power Agency

Treasurer's Report

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Cap Facilities 2019A Debt Svc

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
S Bank Trust	USBT	421,632	0.010		421,632		1	0.010	421,632	SYS79017	79017	421,632
.S. Treasury	USBT	422,000	0.039	10/26/2021	421,954	02/01/2022	0	0.040	422,000	912796Q93	27304	422,000
.S. Treasury	USBT	423,000	0.045	08/27/2021	422,830	07/14/2022	163	0.045	422,179	912796K57	27265	422,914
.S. Treasury	USBT	421,000	0.040	09/28/2021	420,885	07/14/2022	163	0.040	420,183	912796K57	27282	420,924
.S. Treasury	USBT	421,000	0.090	11/30/2021	420,762	07/14/2022	163	0.091	420,183	912796K57	27318	420,828
.S. Treasury	USBT	422,000	0.150	12/29/2021	421,854	07/14/2022	163	0.152	421,181	912796K57	27346	421,713
Fund Total and Average		\$ 2,530,632	0.062		\$ 2,529,697		109	0.063	\$ 2,527,358			\$ 2,530,011
GRAND TOTALS:		\$ 2,530,632	0.062		\$ 2,529,697		109	0.063	\$ 2,527,358			\$ 2,530,011

Bond Equivalent Yield to Maturity is shown based on a 365 day year to provide a basis for comparison between all types. Investments with less than 6 months to maturity use an approximate method, all others use an exact method.

Current Market Value is based on prices from Trustee/ Custodian Statements or bid prices from the Wall Street Journal as of 01/31/2022



Northern California Power Agency
Treasurer's Report
01/31/2022

Capital Dev. Reserve Hydro

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
Local Agency Investm	LAIF	6,977,591	0.225		6,977,591		1	0.225	6,977,591	SYS70028	70028	6,977,591
First American Govt.	USBGC	0	0.002		0		1	0.002	0	SYS70031	70031	0
S Bank	USBGC	550,000	3.000	08/10/2018	546,607	03/15/2022	42	3.182	550,539	91159HHC7	26651	549,885
Public Storage	USBGC	500,000	2.370	03/14/2018	485,770	09/15/2022	226	3.051	504,330	74460DAB5	26546	498,034
Visa Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.800	03/14/2018	494,470	12/14/2022	316	3.051	507,305	92826CAC6	26547	498,988
Toyota Motor Credit	USBGC	500,000	2.700	06/13/2018	489,100	01/11/2023	344	3.215	507,900	89236TEL5	26619	497,751
United Parcel Servic	USBGC	500,000	2.500	06/13/2018	484,900	04/01/2023	424	3.182	507,345	911312BK1	26620	496,330
Origate-Palmolive Co	USBGC	550,000	2.100	08/09/2018	528,660	05/01/2023	454	2.985	557,469	19416QEC0	26652	544,358
Paul Getty Trust	USBGC	1,000,000	0.391	01/28/2021	1,000,000	01/01/2024	699	0.401	980,210	374288AB4	27161	1,000,000
Asheville Met Gov	USBGC	250,000	1.030	12/17/2020	250,000	08/01/2024	912	1.029	246,265	592090GB4	27134	250,000
California Infra & E	USBGC	100,000	0.645	12/17/2020	100,000	10/01/2024	973	0.683	97,740	13034AL57	27135	100,000
Walmart, Inc.	USBGC	500,000	2.650	02/07/2020	520,975	12/15/2024	1,048	1.744	515,425	931142DV2	26950	512,407
Bank of NY Mellon Co	USBGC	545,000	1.600	04/30/2021	561,197	04/24/2025	1,178	0.839	539,948	06406RAN7	27221	558,136
Federal Agricultural	USBGC	500,000	0.675	05/19/2020	500,000	05/19/2025	1,203	0.675	486,000	31422BA26	27004	500,000
Asheville Met Gov	USBGC	250,000	1.230	12/17/2020	250,000	08/01/2025	1,277	1.229	246,240	592090GC2	27133	250,000
City of El Paso TX	USBGC	500,000	4.346	12/07/2020	553,420	08/15/2025	1,291	1.950	522,545	283734TC5	27131	540,318
California Infra & E	USBGC	130,000	0.765	12/17/2020	130,000	10/01/2025	1,338	0.765	125,814	13034AL65	27132	130,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	1,000,000	0.650	11/25/2020	1,000,000	11/25/2025	1,393	0.798	927,740	06048WK41	27121	1,000,000
Federal National Mtg	USBGC	500,000	0.650	12/17/2020	500,850	12/10/2025	1,408	0.615	482,665	3135G06J7	27136	500,658
P Morgan	USBGC	500,000	0.825	12/22/2020	500,000	12/22/2025	1,420	0.825	464,945	48128GY53	27140	500,000
Federal National Mtg	USBGC	500,000	0.640	01/06/2021	501,550	12/30/2025	1,428	0.576	480,580	3135G06Q1	27148	501,217
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.520	02/12/2021	499,750	02/12/2026	1,472	0.530	482,655	3130AKWA0	27165	499,798
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.500	02/25/2021	500,000	02/25/2026	1,485	0.500	482,930	3130AKXX9	27181	500,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.625	04/21/2021	500,000	04/21/2026	1,540	1.084	492,425	3130ALXR0	27214	500,000
United Health Group	USBGC	500,000	1.150	06/28/2021	501,660	05/15/2026	1,564	1.082	484,330	91324PEC2	27231	501,459
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.875	08/17/2021	500,000	08/17/2026	1,658	0.875	485,055	3130ANGX2	27253	500,000
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	1.050	08/24/2021	500,000	08/24/2026	1,665	0.967	490,655	3130ANFT2	27254	500,000
Bank of America Corp	USBGC	50,000	1.250	08/26/2021	50,000	08/26/2026	1,667	1.250	46,731	06048WN22	27257	50,000
SMC Arizona Corp.	USBGC	200,000	1.750	12/08/2021	201,704	10/25/2026	1,727	1.567	196,672	872898AA9	27332	201,653
Public Storage	USBGC	250,000	1.500	12/08/2021	250,290	11/09/2026	1,742	1.475	245,028	74460DAG4	27338	250,281
Federal Home Loan Ba	USBGC	500,000	0.800	12/29/2021	500,000	12/29/2026	1,792	1.509	493,210	3130AQER0	27344	500,000
Fund Total and Average		\$ 20,352,591	1.021		\$ 20,378,494		731	1.024	\$ 20,127,287			\$ 20,408,864

Hydro Initial Facilities

U.S. Treasury	USBT	4,240,000	0.175	01/05/2022	4,236,372	06/30/2022	149	0.177	4,234,064	912796R50	27355	4,236,929
Fund Total and Average		\$ 4,240,000	0.175		\$ 4,236,372		149	0.178	\$ 4,234,064			\$ 4,236,929



Northern California Power Agency

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Hydro 2018A Debt Service

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
Hydro 2018A Debt Service												
.S. Treasury	USBT	1,146,000	0.080	11/30/2021	1,145,496	06/16/2022	135	0.081	1,144,568	912796J42	27316	1,145,656
.S. Treasury	USBT	1,147,000	0.200	12/30/2021	1,145,840	06/30/2022	149	0.202	1,145,394	912796R50	27352	1,146,051
.S. Treasury	USBT	3,638,000	0.175	01/05/2022	3,634,887	06/30/2022	149	0.177	3,632,907	912796R50	27358	3,635,365
Fund Total and Average		\$ 5,931,000	0.161		\$ 5,926,223		146	0.164	\$ 5,922,869			\$ 5,927,072

Hydro 2019A Debt Service

.S. Treasury	USBT	813,000	0.080	11/30/2021	812,642	06/16/2022	135	0.081	811,984	912796J42	27317	812,756
.S. Treasury	USBT	815,000	0.200	12/30/2021	814,176	06/30/2022	149	0.202	813,859	912796R50	27353	814,325
.S. Treasury	USBT	2,699,000	0.175	01/05/2022	2,696,691	06/30/2022	149	0.177	2,695,221	912796R50	27359	2,697,045
Fund Total and Average		\$ 4,327,000	0.162		\$ 4,323,509		146	0.164	\$ 4,321,064			\$ 4,324,126

Hydro 2012A Rebate Account

.S. Treasury	USBT	747,000	0.035	08/27/2021	746,874	02/17/2022	16	0.035	746,993	912796L80	27269	746,988
Fund Total and Average		\$ 747,000	0.035		\$ 746,874		16	0.035	\$ 746,993			\$ 746,988

Hydro Special Reserve

First American Govt.	USBGC	5,000	0.002		5,000		1	0.002	5,000	SYS70016	70016	5,000
Federal National Mtg	USBGC	1,495,000	0.500	02/16/2021	1,497,796	11/07/2025	1,375	0.460	1,438,893	3135G06G3	27166	1,497,229
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,500,000	0.498		\$ 1,502,796		1370	0.458	\$ 1,443,893			\$ 1,502,229

Hydro 2012 DSRA

.S. Treasury	USBT	387,000	0.030	04/28/2021	386,892	03/24/2022	51	0.030	386,957	912796F38	27217	386,983
.S. Treasury	USBT	301,000	0.020	07/23/2021	300,959	03/24/2022	51	0.020	300,967	912796F38	27243	300,991
Fund Total and Average		\$ 688,000	0.026		\$ 687,851		51	0.026	\$ 687,924			\$ 687,974
GRAND TOTALS:		\$ 37,785,591	0.635		\$ 37,802,119		506	0.636	\$ 37,484,094			\$ 37,834,182

Bond Equivalent Yield to Maturity is shown based on a 365 day year to provide a basis for comparison between all types.
Investments with less than 6 months to maturity use an approximate method, all others use an exact method.

Current Market Value is based on prices from Trustee/ Custodian Statements or bid prices from the Wall Street Journal as of 01/31/2022

Callable Dates:

Trade Dates:											
v #			Inv #			Inv #			Inv #		
3950	WMT	Anytime starting 10/15/2024	27135	CASDEV	Anytime	27165	FHLB	Anytime	27253	FHLB	Quarterly starting 8/17/2022
7004	FAMCA	Semi-annually starting 5/19/2022	27136	FNMA	Quarterly	27181	FHLB	2/25/2022 only	27254	FHLB	Monthly
7131	ELPASO	Callable annually starting 8/15/2023	27140	JPM	Quarterly starting 12/22/2023	27214	FHLB	4/21/2023 only	27257	BAC	Semi-annually starting 8/26/2022
7132	FFCB	Anytime	27161	JPGETY	Anytime starting 10/1/2023	27221	BK	3/24/2025	27344	FHLB	12/29/2023 only



Northern California Power Agency

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EC GHG Auction Acct

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
ocal Agency Investm		1,181,700	0.225		1,181,700		1	0.225	1,181,700	SYS70046	70046	1,181,700
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,181,700	0.225		\$ 1,181,700		1	0.225	\$ 1,181,700			\$ 1,181,700

EC Issue #1 2010B DS Fund

S Bank Trust	USB	130,258	0.010		130,258		1	0.010	130,258	SYS79004	79004	130,258
.S. Treasury	USBT	3,548,000	0.080	12/01/2021	3,546,604	05/26/2022	114	0.081	3,545,020	912796Q36	27326	3,547,096
.S. Treasury	USBT	130,000	0.080	12/29/2021	129,957	05/26/2022	114	0.081	129,891	912796Q36	27347	129,967
Fund Total and Average		\$ 3,808,258	0.078		\$ 3,806,819		110	0.079	\$ 3,805,169			\$ 3,807,321

EC Issue #2 2010B DS Fund

S Bank Trust	USB	549,953	0.010		549,953		1	0.010	549,953	SYS79012	79012	549,953
.S. Treasury	USBT	4,165,000	0.080	12/01/2021	4,163,362	05/26/2022	114	0.081	4,161,501	912796Q36	27327	4,163,939
.S. Treasury	USBT	550,000	0.080	12/29/2021	549,819	05/26/2022	114	0.081	549,538	912796Q36	27348	549,861
Fund Total and Average		\$ 5,264,953	0.073		\$ 5,263,134		102	0.074	\$ 5,260,992			\$ 5,263,753

EC Issue#1 2017A DS Fund

.S. Treasury	USBT	3,659,000	0.080	12/01/2021	3,657,561	05/26/2022	114	0.081	3,655,926	912796Q36	27328	3,658,068
.S. Treasury	USBT	668,000	0.080	12/29/2021	667,780	05/26/2022	114	0.081	667,439	912796Q36	27349	667,831
Fund Total and Average		\$ 4,327,000	0.080		\$ 4,325,341		114	0.082	\$ 4,323,365			\$ 4,325,899

EC Issue #1 2010 DSR Fund

S Bank Trust	USB	44	0.010		44		1	0.010	44	SYS79005	79005	44
.S. Treasury	USBT	63,000	0.080	12/29/2021	62,979	05/26/2022	114	0.081	62,947	912796Q36	27350	62,984
ederal Home Loan Ba	USB	4,100,000	2.125	08/28/2017	4,168,306	06/10/2022	129	1.760	4,125,051	313379Q69	26463	4,105,117
.S. Treasury	USBT	509,000	0.035	07/23/2021	508,835	06/16/2022	135	0.036	508,364	912796J42	27244	508,932
ederal Farm Credit	USBT	4,430,000	0.840	03/02/2021	4,430,000	03/02/2026	1,490	0.840	4,291,208	3133EMSK9	27199	4,430,000
ederal Home Loan Ba	USBT	150,000	0.875	08/27/2021	150,528	06/12/2026	1,592	0.799	145,559	3130AN4T4	27270	150,481
Fund Total and Average		\$ 9,252,044	1.361		\$ 9,320,692		804	1.198	\$ 9,133,173			\$ 9,257,558

EC Iss#1 2010B BABS Subs Resv

S Bank Trust	USB	1,843	0.010	07/01/2021	1,843		1	0.010	1,843	SYS79008	79008	1,843
.S. Treasury	USBT	2,369,000	0.080	11/30/2021	2,368,068	05/26/2022	114	0.081	2,367,010	912796Q36	27320	2,368,400



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01/31/2022

EC Iss#1 2010B BABS Subs Resv

Issuer	Trustee / Custodian	Stated Value	Interest Rate	Purchase Date	Purchased Price	Maturity Date	Days to Maturity	Bond* Equiv Yield	Market Value	CUSIP	Investment #	Carrying Value
Fund Total and Average		\$ 2,370,843	0.080		\$ 2,369,911		114	0.081	\$ 2,368,853			\$ 2,370,243

EC Issue #2 2010B DSR BABS

S Bank Trust	USB	1,295	0.010		1,295		1	0.010	1,295	SYS79013	79013	1,295
U.S. Treasury	USBT	1,142,000	0.080	11/30/2021	1,141,551	05/26/2022	114	0.081	1,141,041	912796Q36	27321	1,141,711
Fund Total and Average		\$ 1,143,295	0.080		\$ 1,142,846		114	0.081	\$ 1,142,336			\$ 1,143,006

EC O & M Reserve

ocal Agency Investm		1,626,968	0.225		1,626,968		1	0.225	1,626,968	SYS70047	70047	1,626,968
irst American Govt.	USBGC	3,000	0.002		3,000		1	0.002	3,000	SYS70041	70041	3,000
S Bank, N.A.	USBGC	595,000	2.650	05/31/2019	598,290	05/23/2022	111	2.456	597,791	90331HPC1	26822	595,344
aterpillar Financia	USBGC	485,000	3.250	02/03/2020	496,569	12/01/2024	1,034	1.776	484,256	14912L6G1	26952	483,527
ashville Met Gov	USBGC	500,000	0.610	02/18/2021	500,000	07/01/2025	1,246	0.610	481,460	592112UB0	27176	500,000
ederal National Mtg	USBGC	1,000,000	0.600	07/30/2020	1,001,000	07/29/2025	1,274	0.579	969,300	3136G4D75	27047	1,000,699
ederal National Mtg	USBGC	1,000,000	0.600	08/18/2020	1,000,000	08/18/2025	1,294	0.600	968,400	3136G4G72	27057	1,000,000
ederal Farm Credit	USBGC	750,000	0.530	09/29/2020	750,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.530	721,425	3133EMBH4	27083	750,000
ederal Farm Credit	USBGC	670,000	0.530	09/29/2020	670,000	09/29/2025	1,336	0.530	643,636	3133EMBJ0	27084	670,000
pple Inc.	USBGC	500,000	0.700	02/17/2021	500,000	02/08/2026	1,468	0.699	480,095	037833EB2	27170	500,000
P Morgan	USBGC	500,000	1.200	04/30/2021	500,000	04/30/2026	1,549	1.200	474,780	48128G3G3	27222	500,000
lassMutual Global Fu	USBGC	1,000,000	1.200	08/02/2021	1,007,220	07/16/2026	1,626	1.050	961,370	57629WDE7	27250	1,006,496
ank of America Corp	USBGC	100,000	1.250	08/26/2021	100,000	08/26/2026	1,667	1.250	93,462	06048WN22	27259	100,000
aterpillar Financia	USBGC	500,000	1.150	10/13/2021	498,165	09/14/2026	1,686	1.227	482,330	14913R2Q9	27290	498,277
SMC Arizona Corp.	USBGC	850,000	1.750	12/08/2021	857,242	10/25/2026	1,727	1.567	835,856	872898AA9	27335	857,024
ublic Storage	USBGC	515,000	1.500	11/15/2021	515,242	11/09/2026	1,742	1.490	504,757	74460DAG4	27310	515,232
ublic Storage	USBGC	1,064,000	1.500	12/08/2021	1,065,234	11/09/2026	1,742	1.475	1,042,837	74460DAG4	27341	1,065,197
Fund Total and Average		\$ 11,638,968	1.071		\$ 11,688,930		1203	0.973	\$ 11,371,723			\$ 11,671,764
GRAND TOTALS:		\$ 38,987,061	0.684		\$ 39,099,373		598	0.616	\$ 38,587,311.			\$ 39,021,244

Bond Equivalent Yield to Maturity is shown based on a 365 day year to provide a basis for comparison between all types. Investments with less than 6 months to maturity use an approximate method, all others use an exact method.

Current Market Value is based on prices from Trustee/ Custodian Statements or bid prices from the Wall Street Journal as of 01/31/2022

Callable Dates:

IV #		
6822	USB	Anytime starting 4/22/2022
7047	FHLMC	Quarterly starting 7/29/2022
7057	FNMA	Quarterly starting 8/18/2022
7083	FFCB	Anytime
7084	FFCB	Anytime
7170	APPL	Anytime starting 1/8/2026
7199	FFCB	Anytime
7222	JPM	Annually starting 4/30/2023
7259	BAC	Semi-annually starting 8/26/2022




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Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Debt and Interest Rate Management Report ending December 31, 2021

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Monty Hanks  Assistant General Manager/CFO	METHOD OF SELECTION: N/A
Division:	Administrative Services	
Department:	Accounting & Finance	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>		
<hr/>		
<hr/>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Recommending the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Commission accept the Debt and Interest Rate Management Report for the period ending December 31, 2021.

BACKGROUND:

In accordance with the Debt and Interest Rate Management Policy, Section 20, *Monitoring and Reporting Requirements*, approved by the Commission in May 2019, the Finance team will provide a written report regarding the status of all fixed and variable rate debt and the Agency's interest rate swaps on a semi-annual basis to the Finance Committee and to the Commission.

The report, for the period ending December 31, 2021, is attached for your information and acceptance. Listed below is a summary of the report.

Fixed Rate Debt

No changes to the Agency's outstanding, fixed-rate debt since the last report.

Variable Rate Debt

The Agency had a total of \$79.2 million of outstanding variable rate debt. The Agency's variable rate debt is structured with a Letter of Credit with Bank of America. On average, the reset rates continue to trade at or better than the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) for the Series A bonds. The reset rates and index comparisons are included in the attached report.

Interest Rate Swaps

As of December 31, 2021, NCPA had \$79.2 million of outstanding swaps, all related to the Hydroelectric Project bonds, which act as a hedge against the variable rate debt. The total market value of the interest rate swaps was a net liability of \$15.5 million (negative). This amount improved from the June 30, 2021 net liability of \$17.3 million (negative). No new swaps or defaults have occurred in the last six months. The interest rate swaps make up approximately 36% of the outstanding Hydroelectric Project debt portfolio. Additional details of the swap agreements are provided in the attached report.

Counterparties

The counterparty for the interest rate swap is Citibank, N.A. The credit ratings for Citibank, N.A., are A+/Aa3/A+ by S&P, Moody's, and Fitch, respectively. There have been no changes since the last report.

Rating Changes

There have been no changes since the last report.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The total projected savings over the life of the interest rate swaps was \$13.9 million at the inception of these agreements. Total projected savings through December 31, 2021 was \$8.7 million with actual results at \$13.6 million. The difference between expected savings and actual savings is due to "basis risk", or the difference between what NCPA pays on the variable rate bonds and the index rate received in the swap transaction. Total basis risk to date is positive, resulting in additional savings of almost \$5.0 million. .

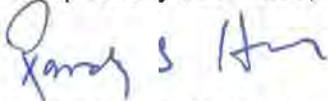
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

The recommendation was reviewed and endorsed by the Finance Committee on February 8, 2022.

Respectfully submitted,



RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- Debt and Interest Rate Management Report as of 12-31-2021



Debt and Interest Rate Management Report As of December 31, 2021

Monty Hanks
February 2022

	<u>Page</u>
• Key Highlights	3
• Debt Overview by Project	
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• Critical Terms	13
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• Fair Value by Participant	19
• Fair Value Historical Trend	20

Key Highlights from July – December 2021

- No negative material changes to any fixed or variable rate debt or outstanding swap agreements occurred since the last report.
- Ratings on all projects remained the same.
- No defaults under the above swap agreements, fixed rate or variable rate debt have occurred.
- Counterparty ratings remained the same; no collateral posting by the counterparty has been required and the counterparty remains highly rated.
- The MTM on the outstanding swaps changed from a negative value of \$17.3 million on June 30, 2021 to a negative value of \$15.5 million on December 31, 2021.



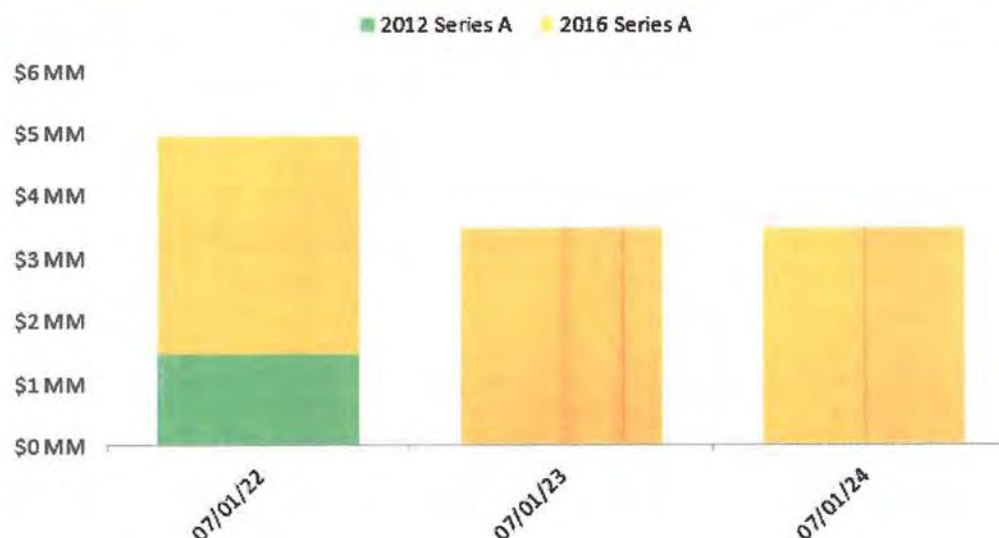
DEBT OVERVIEW BY PROJECT

Geothermal Project Debt Overview

Geothermal Project Participation Percentages

Member	Entitlement Share (%)	Beneficiary Share (%)
Alameda	16.8825	16.8825
Biggs	0.2270	0.2270
Gridley	0.3950	0.3360
Healdsburg	3.6740	3.6740
Lodi	10.2800	10.2800
Lompoc	3.6810	3.6810
Palo Alto	6.1580	0.0000
Plumas-Sierra	0.8145	0.7010
Roseville	7.8830	7.8830
Santa Clara	44.3905	44.3905
TID	0.0000	6.3305
Ukiah	5.6145	5.6145

Geothermal Project Debt Service



Summary of Outstanding Geothermal Project Debt

Ratings (M/S/F): -/-/*							
Series	Tax Status	Coupon Type	Issue Size	Outstanding Par	Coupon Range	Call Date	Final Maturity
2012 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$12,910,000	\$725,000	2.289%	7/1/2017	7/1/2022
2016 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$17,530,000	\$10,090,000	1.670%	-	7/1/2024

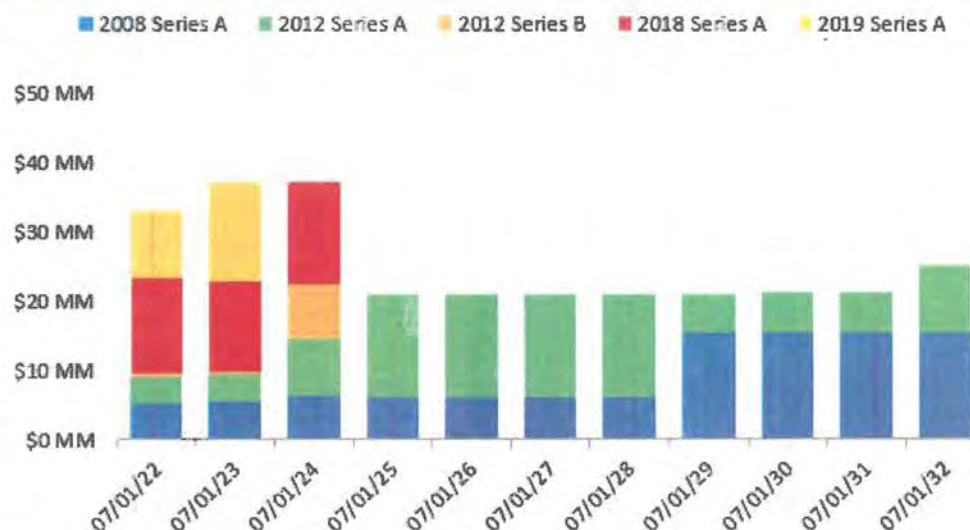
*Outstanding bonds are bank loans; ratings withdrawn

Hydroelectric Project Debt Overview

Hydroelectric Project Participation Percentages

Member	Entitlement Share (%)
Alameda	10.000
Biggs	0.100
Gridley	1.060
Healdsburg	1.660
Lodi	10.370
Lompoc	2.300
Palo Alto	22.920
Roseville	12.000
Santa Clara	35.860
Ukiah	2.040
Plumas-Sierra	1.690

Hydroelectric Project Debt Service



Summary of Outstanding Hydroelectric Project Debt

Ratings (M/S/F): Aa3/A+/AA-, Stable Outlooks

Series	Tax Status	Coupon Type	Issue Size	Outstanding Par	Coupon Range	Call Date	Final Maturity
2008 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Variable-Rate	\$85,160,000	\$79,220,000	Var. (3.819%) ⁽⁵⁾	Current	7/1/2032
2012 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$76,665,000	\$76,665,000	5.000%	7/1/2022	7/1/2032
2012 Series B	Taxable	Fixed-Rate	\$7,120,000	\$7,120,000	4.320%	Make-Whole	7/1/2024
2018 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$68,875,000	\$37,950,000	5.000%	Non-Callable	7/1/2024
2019 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$39,250,000	\$22,295,000	4.000%-5.000%	Non-Callable	7/1/2023

⁽⁵⁾ Swapped; Please see next page for details

Hydroelectric Project Debt Overview (Cont'd)

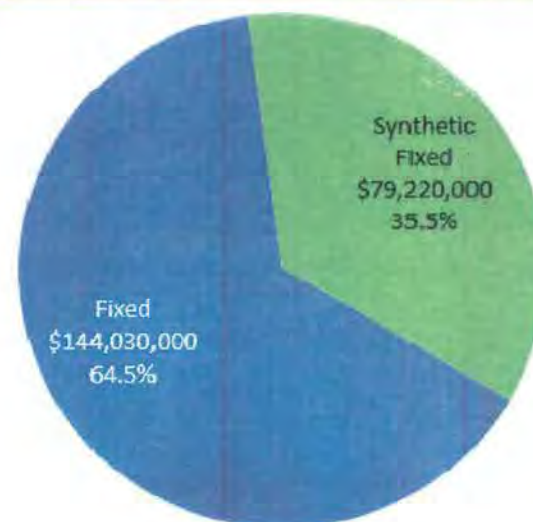
Hydroelectric Project Swap Summary

Series	NCPA Pays	NCPA Receives	Trade Date	Effective Date	Maturity Date	MTM Value (As of 12/31/21)	Initial Notional	Current Notional	Bank Counterparty
2008 Series A	3.8190%	54% of USD-LIBOR + 0.54%	11/24/04	11/24/04	7/1/32	(\$15,532,853)	\$85,160,000	\$79,220,000	Citibank, N.A., New York (Aa3/A+/A+)

Hydroelectric Project Liquidity Summary

Series	LOC Provider	LOC Expiry	Reset (as of 12/28/21)
2008 Series A	Bank of America, N.A. (Aa2/A+/AA)	June 21, 2024	0.1%

Breakdown of Hydroelectric Project Debt Type

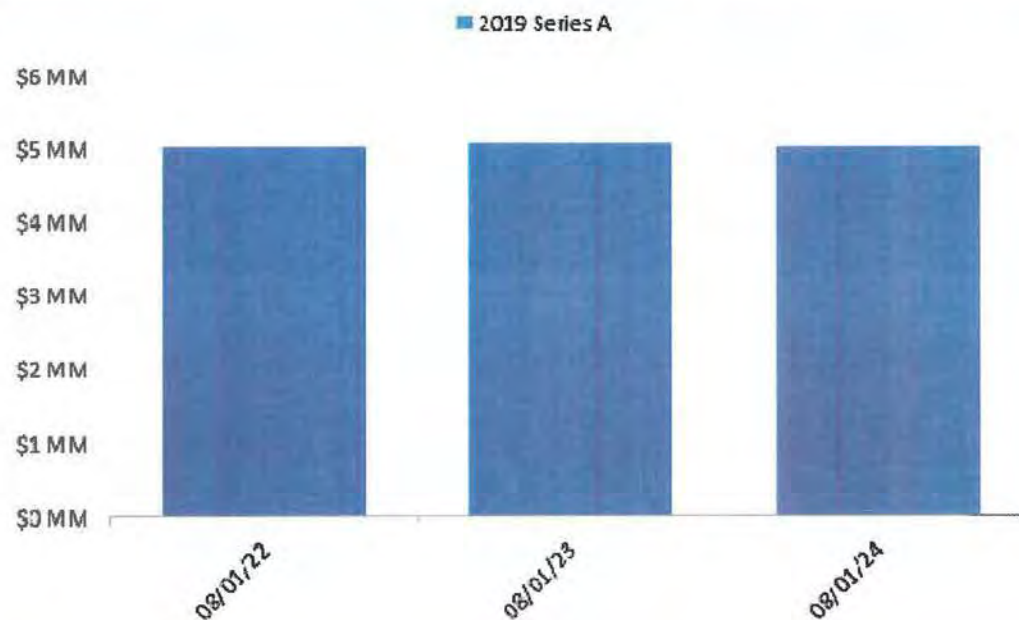


Capital Facilities Debt Overview

Capital Facilities Participation Percentages

Member	Entitlement Share (%)
Alameda	19.00
Lodi	39.50
Lompoc	5.00
Roseville	36.50

Capital Facilities Debt Service



Summary of Outstanding Capital Facilities Debt

Ratings (M/S/F): A1/-/-, Stable Outlooks

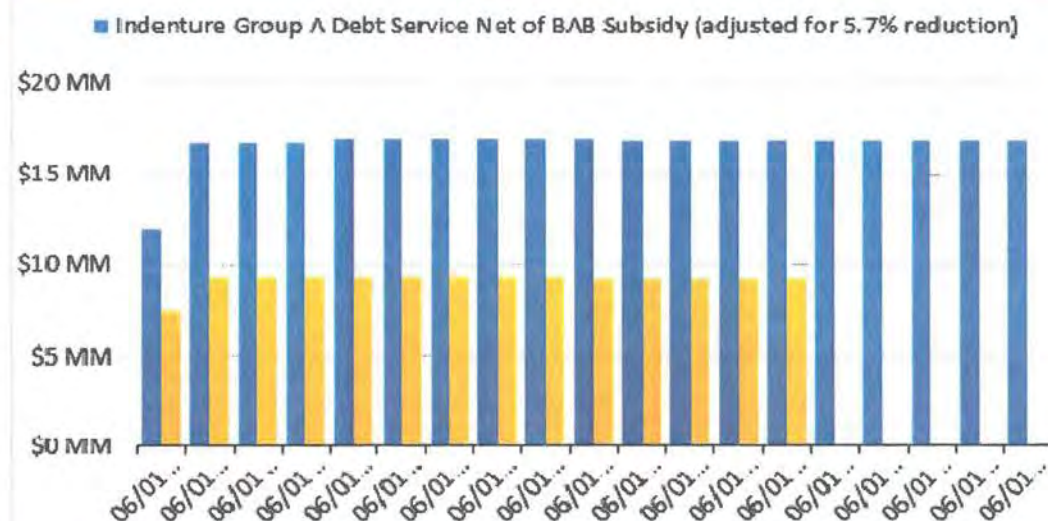
Series	Tax Status	Coupon Type	Issue Size	Outstanding Par	Coupon Range	Call Date	Final Maturity
2019 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$20,450,000	\$13,795,000	5.000%	-	8/1/2024

Lodi Energy Center Debt Overview

LEC Participation Percentages

Member	Entitlement Share (%)	Ind. Group A Cost Share (%)
CDWR	33.5000	
Azusa	2.7857	4.9936
Biggs	0.2679	0.4802
Gridley	1.9643	3.5212
Healdsburg	1.6428	2.9448
Lodi	9.5000	17.0295
Lompoc	2.0357	3.6491
Santa Clara	25.7500	46.1588
Ukiah	1.7857	3.2010
MID	10.7143	-
Plumas-Sierra	0.7857	1.4084
PWRPA	2.6679	4.7824
SFBART	6.6000	11.8310

Lodi Energy Center Debt Service



Summary of Outstanding Lodi Energy Center Debt

Series	Tax Status	Coupon Type	Issue Size	Outstanding Par	Coupon Range	Next Call	Final Maturity
Indenture Group A Ratings (M/S/F): A1/A-/A, Stable Outlooks							
2010 Series B	Taxable BABs	Fixed-Rate	\$176,625,000	\$176,625,000	7.311% ^(T)	Make-Whole	6/1/2040
2017 Series A	Tax-Exempt	Fixed-Rate	\$38,970,000	\$30,260,000	2.270%	-	6/1/2025
Indenture Group B—CADWR Ratings (M/SF): Aa2/AAA/-, Stable Outlooks							
2010 Series B	Taxable BABs	Fixed-Rate	\$110,225,000	\$99,650,000	4.630%-5.679% ^(T)	Make-Whole	6/1/2035

¹¹ Taxable Build America Bonds; interest rate gross of BAB subsidy.



FIXED RATE DEBT OVERVIEW

Fixed Rate Debt Overview

- Fixed Rate Debt
 - No changes since last update
- Ratings
 - No changes since last update

VARIABLE RATE DEBT OVERVIEW

Variable Rate Debt Overview

	Hydro 2008A
Variable Rate Debt Amount Priced Payment	\$81,475,000 Weekly Monthly
Swap Counter-party:	Citigroup
Payments	NCPA Pays Fixed @ 3.819%
From/To: Counterparty	NCPA Receives Floating rate (based on 54% of monthly Libor+.54%)
Payment terms:	Semi-Annual (net) Semi-Annual (net)
Liquidity/Letter of Credit Provider	Bank of America
Annual Fee	35.0 bp
Expiration Date	6/21/2024
Credit Ratings	Aa2/A+/AA-

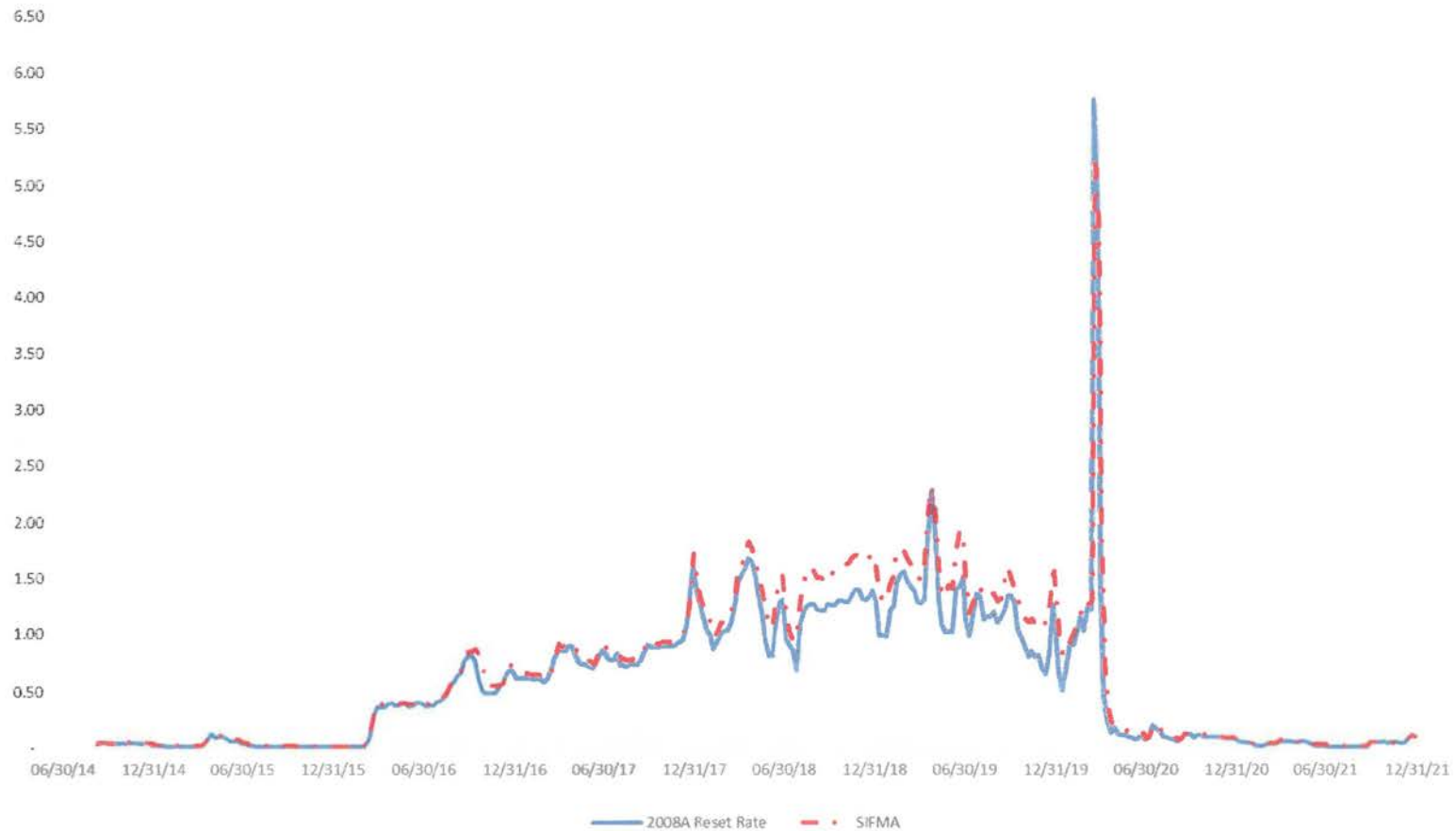
Variable Rate Debt Overview

NCPA Variable Rate Debt Overview



Variable Rate Debt Overview

NCPA Variable Rate Debt Performance Versus Indices

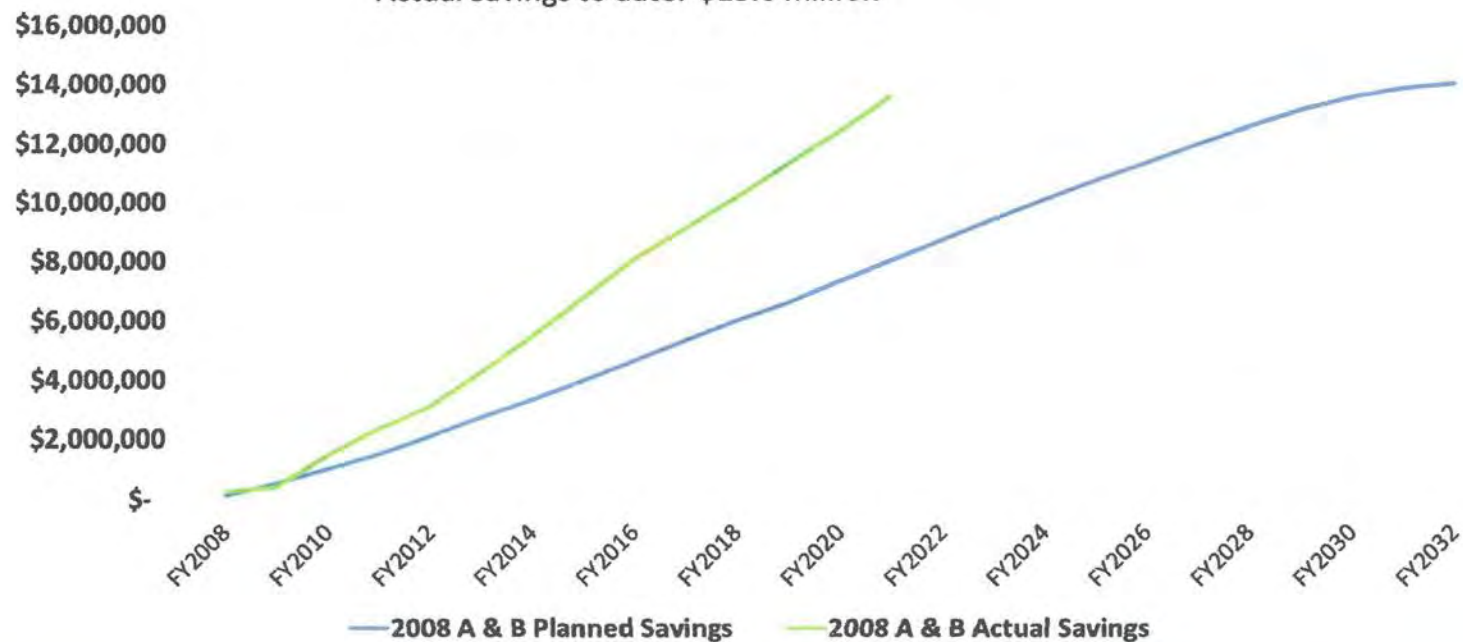


INTEREST RATE SWAP OVERVIEW

Interest Rate Swap Overview

Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Swaps Performance to Date December 31, 2021

Total Projected Savings over life of bonds: \$13.9 million
Total Projected Savings to date: \$8.7 million
Actual Savings to date: \$13.6 million



Interest Rate Swap Overview



PFM Swap Advisors LLC

Phone: 215 567-6100

Fax: 215 567-4180

Transaction Type	Name	Associated Bonds	Client Pay	Client Receives	Trade Date	Effective Date (Initial Calc)	Maturity Date
Swap	NCPA 200411240001	Series 2008A	3.8190%	54% of USD-LIBOR + 0.54%	11/24/2004	4/2/2008	7/1/2032

Initial Notional	Current Notional	Bank Counterparty	Counterparty Ratings Moody's / S&P / Fitch	MTM Value 12/31/2021
\$85,160,000	\$79,220,000	Citibank, N.A., New York	Aa3 / A+ / A+	(\$15,532,853)



Interest Rate Swap Overview – Participant



Phone: 215 567-6100
Fax: 215 567-4180

Transaction Type	Name	Associated Bonds	Client Pay	Client Receives	Trade Date	Maturity Date	Current Notional
Swap	NCPA 200411240001	Series 2008A	3.8190%	54% of USD-LIBOR + 0.54%	11/24/2004	7/1/2032	\$79,220,000
							<u>\$79,220,000</u>

Total MTM Value	Alameda 10%	Healdsburg 1.66%	Lodi 10.37%	Lompoc 2.30%	Palo Alto 22.92%	Plumas-Sierra 1.69%	Roseville 12.00%	Santa Clara 37.02%	Ukiah 2.04%
(\$15,532,853)	(\$1,553,285)	(\$257,845)	(\$1,610,757)	(\$357,256)	(\$3,560,130)	(\$262,505)	(\$1,863,942)	(\$5,750,262)	(\$316,870)

Interest Rate Swap Overview

2008A&B Swap MTM Fair Value





Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Government Affairs Consulting—Five Year Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement for State Legislative Consulting Services; Applicable to the following: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA)

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Jane Cirrincione <i>JCC</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	Competitive Pricing Process
Division:	Legislative & Regulatory Affairs	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Legislative & Regulatory	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:

All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>

If other, please specify

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-14 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with Government Affairs Consulting for state legislative consulting services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$990,000 over five years, for use by NCPA.

BACKGROUND:

NCPA issued a Request for Proposal (RFP) LR 2106 on December 20, 2021, to solicit proposals from qualified consultants providing outside state legislative consulting services. The scope of services include representation before the State Legislature and the Administration, advocacy on behalf of policies that promote the interests of the electricity consumers served by our member utility systems, and support of NCPA member advocacy and conference events. Qualifications required a minimum of ten years of direct lobbying experience before the State Legislature, an understanding of public power-related policy issues, and demonstrated proactive approach to advocacy.

NCPA created a review group for the RFP consisting of NCPA staff and a staff representative from an NCPA member system with expertise in the field, and this review group evaluated and scored timely proposals submitted to the RFP. One vendor, Government Affairs Consulting, responded to the RFP by the deadline of January 14, 2022. Government Affairs Consulting was selected based on the scoring review group's evaluation of the firm's costs and experience. The proposal meets and exceeds the required qualifications, and the firm has demonstrated an ability to effectively perform all of the duties in the RFP's scope of work. NCPA has utilized this vendor to provide state representation in the past.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$990,000.00 over five years. The fee for these state legislative services will be paid as a \$16,500 monthly retainer including all expenses. The retainer is an 18% increase from the retainer paid from 2009-2021; however, NCPA has not seen an increase in fees with this firm since 2009. This fee will not change over the term of the contract. NCPA expenditures for these services are limited to the amount authorized for state legislative advocacy by the NCPA Commission in the agency's annual budget.

SELECTION PROCESS:

One vendor was selected as a result of an RFP process in accordance with NCPA's procurement policies and procedures. An RFP was posted on NCPA's website from December 20, 2021 through January 14, 2022. One response was received and evaluated based upon the following criteria: 1) Quality and completeness of proposal; 2) Knowledge, experience and skills to provide the requested services; 3) Experience of staff to be assigned to the project, based on prior engagements of similar scope and complexity; 4) Competitive rates for the requested services; 5) Demonstrated strong project management; and 6) Customer references. The selection process was completed by NCPA along with a representative from Roseville Electric Utility.

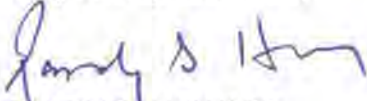
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

Pending Legislative & Regulatory Affairs Committee review and approval during its regularly scheduled meeting on February 23, 2022.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over the typed name.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments (2):

- Resolution 22-14
- Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with Government Affairs Consulting

RESOLUTION 22-14

**RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
APPROVING A MULTI-TASK CONSULTING SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH
GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS CONSULTING**

(reference Staff Report #116:22)

WHEREAS, state legislative consulting services are required by the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) to assure strong representation of the agency and its Members as state legislative policies are developed; and

WHEREAS, a vendor to provide these services was selected as a result of a recent Request for Proposal process in accordance with NCPA's procurement policies and procedures; and

WHEREAS, Government Affairs Consulting is an experienced and highly-qualified provider of these services; and

WHEREAS, the NCPA Commission has reviewed the Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with Government Affairs Consulting to provide such services as needed at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement, with any non-substantial changes as approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$990,000 over five years, for use by NCPA.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



MULTI-TASK CONSULTING SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS CONSULTING

This Consulting Services Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between the Northern California Power Agency, a joint powers agency with its main office located at 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, CA 95678-6420 ("Agency") and Government Affairs Consulting, a sole proprietorship with its office located at 1127 11th Street, Suite 548, Sacramento, CA 95814 ("Consultant") (together sometimes referred to as the "Parties") as of _____, 2022 ("Effective Date") in Roseville, California.

Section 1. SERVICES. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Consultant shall provide to Agency the services described in the Scope of Services attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein ("Services"), at the time and place and in the manner specified therein.

- 1.1 Term of Agreement.** The term of this Agreement shall begin on the Effective Date and shall end when Consultant completes the Services, or no later than five (5) year from the date this Agreement was signed by Agency, whichever is shorter.
- 1.2 Standard of Performance.** Consultant shall perform the Services in the manner and according to the standards observed by a competent practitioner of the profession in which Consultant is engaged and for which Consultant is providing the Services. Consultant represents that it is licensed, qualified and experienced to provide the Services set forth herein.
- 1.3 Assignment of Personnel.** Consultant shall assign only competent personnel to perform the Services. In the event that Agency, in its sole discretion, at any time during the term of this Agreement, requests the reassignment of any such personnel, Consultant shall, immediately upon receiving written notice from Agency of such request, reassign such personnel.
- 1.4 Services Provided.** Services provided under this Agreement by Consultant may include Services directly to the Agency.
- 1.5 Request for Services.** At such time that Agency determines to use Consultant's Services under this Agreement, Agency shall issue a Purchase Order. The Purchase Order shall identify the specific services to be performed ("Requested Services"), may include a not-to-exceed monetary cap on Requested Services and expenditures authorized by that Purchase Order, and a time by which the Requested Services shall be completed. Consultant shall have seven calendar days from the date of the Agency's issuance of the Purchase Order in which to respond in writing that Consultant chooses not to perform the Requested Services. If Consultant agrees to perform the Requested Services, begins to perform the Requested Services, or does not respond within the seven day period specified, then Consultant will have agreed to perform the Requested

Services on the terms set forth in the Purchase Order, this Agreement and its Exhibits.

Section 2. COMPENSATION. Agency hereby agrees to pay Consultant an amount **NOT TO EXCEED** Nine Hundred Ninety Thousand dollars (\$990,000) for the Services, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Consultant's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Consultant, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

2.1 Invoices. Consultant shall submit invoices, not more often than once a month during the term of this Agreement, based on the cost for services performed and reimbursable costs incurred prior to the invoice date. Invoices shall contain the following information:

- The beginning and ending dates of the billing period;
- Services performed;
- The Purchase Order number authorizing the Services;
- At Agency's option, the total number of hours of work performed under the Agreement by Consultant and each employee, agent, and subcontractor of Consultant performing services hereunder; and
- At Agency's option, when the Consultant's Scope of Work identifies tasks, for each work item in each task, a copy of the applicable time entries showing the name of the person doing the work, the hours spent by each person, a brief description of the work, and each reimbursable expense, with supporting documentation, to Agency's reasonable satisfaction.

Invoices shall be sent to:

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attn: Accounts Payable
AcctsPayable@ncpa.com

2.2 Monthly Payment. Agency shall make monthly payments, based on invoices received, for services satisfactorily performed, and for authorized reimbursable costs incurred. Agency shall have thirty (30) days from the receipt of an invoice that complies with all of the requirements above to pay Consultant.

2.3 Payment of Taxes. Consultant is solely responsible for the payment of all federal, state and local taxes, including employment taxes, incurred under this Agreement.

2.4 Authorization to Perform Services. The Consultant is not authorized to perform any Services or incur any costs whatsoever under the terms of this Agreement until receipt of written authorization from the Contract Administrator.

2.5 Timing for Submittal of Final Invoice. Consultant shall have ninety (90) days after completion of its Services to submit its final invoice for the Requested Services. In the event Consultant fails to submit an invoice to Agency for any amounts due within the ninety (90) day period, Consultant is deemed to have waived its right to collect its final payment from Agency.

Section 3. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Except as set forth herein, Consultant shall, at its sole cost and expense, provide all facilities and equipment that may be necessary to perform the Services.

Section 4. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS. Before beginning any work under this Agreement, Consultant, at its own cost and expense, shall procure the types and amounts of insurance listed below and shall maintain the types and amounts of insurance listed below for the period covered by this Agreement.

4.1 Workers' Compensation. If Consultant employs any person, Consultant shall maintain Statutory Workers' Compensation Insurance and Employer's Liability Insurance for any and all persons employed directly or indirectly by Consultant with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per accident.

4.2 Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance.

4.2.1 Commercial General Insurance. Consultant shall maintain commercial general liability insurance for the term of this Agreement, including products liability, covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, for bodily injury, death, personal injury and broad form property damage which may arise out of the operations of Consultant. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate. Commercial general coverage shall be at least as broad as ISO Commercial General Liability form CG 0001 (current edition) on "an occurrence" basis covering comprehensive General Liability, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. No endorsement shall be attached limiting the coverage.

4.2.2 Automobile Liability. Consultant shall maintain automobile liability insurance form CA 0001 (current edition) for the term of this Agreement covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, arising from the operation, maintenance or use of any vehicle (symbol 1), whether or not owned by the Consultant, on or off Agency premises. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per each accident, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. This insurance shall provide contractual liability covering all motor vehicles and

mobile equipment to the extent coverage may be excluded from general liability insurance.

4.2.3 General Liability/Umbrella Insurance. The coverage amounts set forth above may be met by a combination of underlying and umbrella policies as long as in combination the limits equal or exceed those stated.

4.3 Professional Liability Insurance. Not applicable.

4.4 All Policies Requirements.

4.4.1 Verification of coverage. Prior to beginning any work under this Agreement, Consultant shall provide Agency with (1) a Certificate of Insurance that demonstrates compliance with all applicable insurance provisions contained herein and (2) policy endorsements to the policies referenced in Section 4.2, adding the Agency as an additional insured and declaring such insurance primary in regard to work performed pursuant to this Agreement.

4.4.2 Notice of Reduction in or Cancellation of Coverage. Consultant shall provide at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Agency of any reduction in scope or amount, cancellation, or modification adverse to Agency of the policies referenced in Section 4.

4.4.3 Higher Limits. If Consultant maintains higher limits than the minimums specified herein, the Agency shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the Consultant.

4.4.4 Additional Certificates and Endorsements. Not applicable.

4.4.5 Waiver of Subrogation. Consultant agrees to waive subrogation which any insurer of Consultant may acquire from Consultant by virtue of the payment of any loss. Consultant agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation. In addition, the Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of subrogation in favor of Agency for all work performed by Consultant, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

4.5 Consultant's Obligation. Consultant shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all equipment, vehicles and other items utilized in the performance of Services are operated, provided or otherwise utilized in a manner that ensures they are and remain covered by the policies referenced in Section 4 during this Agreement. Consultant shall also ensure that all workers involved in the provision of Services are properly classified as employees, agents or independent contractors and are and remain covered by any and all workers' compensation insurance required by applicable law during this Agreement.

Section 5. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONSULTANT'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

- 5.1 Effect of Insurance.** Agency's acceptance of insurance certificates and endorsements required under this Agreement does not relieve Consultant from liability under this indemnification and hold harmless clause. This indemnification and hold harmless clause shall apply to any damages or claims for damages whether or not such insurance policies shall have been determined to apply. By execution of this Agreement, Consultant acknowledges and agrees to the provisions of this Section and that it is a material element of consideration.
- 5.2 Scope.** Consultant shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonably acceptable to the Agency, and hold harmless the Agency, and its officials, commissioners, officers, employees, agents and volunteers from and against all losses, liabilities, claims, demands, suits, actions, damages, expenses, penalties, fines, costs (including without limitation costs and fees of litigation), judgments and causes of action of every nature arising out of or in connection with any acts or omissions by Consultant, its officers, officials, agents, and employees, except as caused by the sole or gross negligence of Agency. Notwithstanding, should this Agreement be construed as a construction agreement under Civil Code section 2783, then the exception referenced above shall also be for the active negligence of Agency.

Section 6. STATUS OF CONSULTANT.

- 6.1 Independent Contractor.** Consultant is an independent contractor and not an employee of Agency. Agency shall have the right to control Consultant only insofar as the results of Consultant's Services and assignment of personnel pursuant to Section 1; otherwise, Agency shall not have the right to control the means by which Consultant accomplishes Services rendered pursuant to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any other Agency, state, or federal policy, rule, regulation, law, or ordinance to the contrary, Consultant and any of its employees, agents, and subcontractors providing services under this Agreement shall not qualify for or become entitled to, and hereby agree to waive any and all claims to, any compensation, benefit, or any incident of employment by Agency, including but not limited to eligibility to enroll in the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as an employee of Agency and entitlement to any contribution to be paid by Agency for employer contributions and/or employee contributions for PERS benefits.

Consultant shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency for the payment of any employee and/or employer contributions for PERS benefits on behalf of Consultant or its employees, agents, or subcontractors, as well as for the payment of any penalties and interest on such contributions, which would otherwise be the responsibility of Agency. Consultant and Agency acknowledge and agree that compensation paid by Agency to Consultant under this Agreement is based upon Consultant's estimated costs of providing the Services,

including salaries and benefits of employees, agents and subcontractors of Consultant.

Consultant shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency from any lawsuit, administrative action, or other claim for penalties, losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such claims, whether directly or indirectly, due to Consultant's failure to secure workers' compensation insurance for its employees, agents, or subcontractors.

Consultant agrees that it is responsible for the provision of group healthcare benefits to its fulltime employees under 26 U.S.C. § 4980H of the Affordable Care Act. To the extent permitted by law, Consultant shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Agency from any penalty issued to Agency under the Affordable Care Act resulting from the performance of the Services by any employee, agent, or subcontractor of Consultant.

6.2 Consultant Not Agent. Except as Agency may specify in writing, Consultant shall have no authority, express or implied, to act on behalf of Agency in any capacity whatsoever as an agent. Consultant shall have no authority, express or implied, pursuant to this Agreement to bind Agency to any obligation whatsoever.

6.3 Assignment and Subcontracting. This Agreement contemplates personal performance by Consultant and is based upon a determination of Consultant's unique professional competence, experience, and specialized professional knowledge. A substantial inducement to Agency for entering into this Agreement was and is the personal reputation and competence of Consultant. Consultant may not assign this Agreement or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the Agency. Consultant shall not subcontract any portion of the performance contemplated and provided for herein, other than to the subcontractors identified in Exhibit A, without prior written approval of the Agency. Where written approval is granted by the Agency, Consultant shall supervise all work subcontracted by Consultant in performing the services and shall be responsible for all work performed by a subcontractor as if Consultant itself had performed such work. The subcontracting of any work to subcontractors shall not relieve Consultant from any of its obligations under this Agreement with respect to the services and Consultant is obligated to ensure that any and all subcontractors performing any services shall be fully insured in all respects and to the same extent as set forth under Section 4, to Agency's satisfaction.

Section 7. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

7.1 Governing Law. The laws of the State of California shall govern this Agreement.

- 7.2 Compliance with Applicable Laws.** Consultant and its subcontractors and agents, if any, shall comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the work hereunder.
- 7.3 Licenses and Permits.** Consultant represents and warrants to Agency that Consultant and its employees, agents, and subcontractors (if any) have and will maintain at their sole expense during the term of this Agreement all licenses, permits, qualifications, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required to practice their respective professions.

Section 8. TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION.

- 8.1 Termination.** Agency may cancel this Agreement at any time and without cause upon ten (10) days prior written notice to Consultant.

In the event of termination, Consultant shall be entitled to compensation for Services satisfactorily completed as of the effective date of termination; Agency, however, may condition payment of such compensation upon Consultant delivering to Agency any or all records or documents, as referenced in Section 9.1 hereof.

- 8.2 Amendments.** The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by all the Parties.
- 8.3 Survival.** All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Agency and Consultant shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 8.4 Options upon Breach by Consultant.** If Consultant materially breaches any of the terms of this Agreement, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 4, Agency's remedies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 8.4.1** Immediately terminate the Agreement;
 - 8.4.2** Retain the plans, specifications, drawings, reports, design documents, and any other work product prepared by Consultant pursuant to this Agreement;
 - 8.4.3** Retain a different consultant to complete the Services not finished by Consultant; and/or
 - 8.4.4** Charge Consultant the difference between the costs to complete the Services that is unfinished at the time of breach and the amount that Agency would have paid Consultant pursuant hereto if Consultant had completed the Services.

Section 9. KEEPING AND STATUS OF RECORDS.

- 9.1 Records Created as Part of Consultant's Performance.** All reports, data, maps, models, charts, studies, surveys, photographs, memoranda, plans, studies, specifications, records, files, or any other documents or materials, in electronic or any other form, that Consultant prepares or obtains pursuant to this Agreement and that relate to the matters covered hereunder shall be the property of the Agency. Consultant hereby agrees to deliver those documents to the Agency upon termination of the Agreement. Agency and Consultant agree that, unless approved by Agency in writing, Consultant shall not release to any non-parties to this Agreement any data, plans, specifications, reports and other documents.
- 9.2 Consultant's Books and Records.** Consultant shall maintain any and all records or other documents evidencing or relating to charges for Services or expenditures and disbursements charged to the Agency under this Agreement for a minimum of three (3) years, or for any longer period required by law, from the date of final payment to the Consultant to this Agreement.
- 9.3 Inspection and Audit of Records.** Any records or documents that this Agreement requires Consultant to maintain shall be made available for inspection, audit, and/or copying at any time during regular business hours, upon oral or written request of the Agency. Under California Government Code Section 8546.7, if the amount of public funds expended under this Agreement exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), the Agreement shall be subject to the examination and audit of the State Auditor, at the request of Agency or as part of any audit of the Agency, for a period of three (3) years after final payment under the Agreement.
- 9.4 Confidential Information and Disclosure.**
- 9.4.1 Confidential Information.** The term "Confidential Information", as used herein, shall mean any and all confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information, whether written, recorded, electronic, oral or otherwise, where the Confidential Information is made available in a tangible medium of expression and marked in a prominent location as confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret information. Confidential Information shall not include information that: (a) was already known to the Receiving Party or is otherwise a matter of public knowledge, (b) was disclosed to Receiving Party by a third party without violating any confidentiality agreement, (c) was independently developed by Receiving Party without reverse engineering, as evidenced by written records thereof, or (d) was not marked as confidential Information in accordance with this section.
- 9.4.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information.** During the term of this Agreement, either party may disclose ("The Disclosing Party") confidential

Information to the other party ("the Receiving Party"). The Receiving Party: (a) shall hold the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in confidence; and (b) shall take all reasonable steps to prevent any unauthorized possession, use, copying, transfer or disclosure of such Confidential Information.

9.4.3 Permitted Disclosure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following disclosures of Confidential Information are allowed. Receiving Party shall endeavor to provide prior written notice to Disclosing Party of any permitted disclosure made pursuant to Section 9.4.3.2 or 9.4.3.3. Disclosing Party may seek a protective order, including without limitation, a temporary restraining order to prevent or contest such permitted disclosure; provided, however, that Disclosing Party shall seek such remedies at its sole expense. Neither party shall have any liability for such permitted disclosures:

9.4.3.1 Disclosure to employees, agents, consultants, contractors, subcontractors or other representatives of Receiving Party that have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

9.4.3.2 Disclosure in response to a valid order of a court, government or regulatory agency or as may otherwise be required by law; and

9.4.3.3 Disclosure by Agency in response to a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

9.4.4 Handling of Confidential Information. Upon conclusion or termination of the Agreement, Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party or destroy Confidential Information (including all copies thereof), if requested by Disclosing Party in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party may retain copies of such Confidential Information, subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement: (a) for archival purposes in its computer system; (b) in its legal department files; and (c) in files of Receiving Party's representatives where such copies are necessary to comply with applicable law. Party shall not disclose the Disclosing Party's Information to any person other than those of the Receiving Party's employees, agents, consultants, contractors and subcontractors who have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

Section 10. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

10.1 Attorneys' Fees. If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in

addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.

- 10.2 Venue.** In the event that either party brings any action against the other under this Agreement, the Parties agree that trial of such action shall be vested exclusively in the state courts of California in the County of Placer or in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.
- 10.3 Severability.** If a court of competent jurisdiction finds or rules that any provision of this Agreement is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the provisions of this Agreement not so adjudged shall remain in full force and effect. The invalidity in whole or in part of any provision of this Agreement shall not void or affect the validity of any other provision of this Agreement.
- 10.4 No Implied Waiver of Breach.** The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.
- 10.5 Successors and Assigns.** The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.
- 10.6 Conflict of Interest.** Consultant may serve other clients, but none whose activities within the corporate limits of Agency or whose business, regardless of location, would place Consultant in a "conflict of interest," as that term is defined in the Political Reform Act, codified at California Government Code Section 81000 *et seq.*
- Consultant shall not employ any Agency official in the work performed pursuant to this Agreement. No officer or employee of Agency shall have any financial interest in this Agreement that would violate California Government Code Sections 1090 *et seq.*
- 10.7 Contract Administrator.** This Agreement shall be administered by Jane Cirrincione, Assistant General Manager, or his/her designee, who shall act as the Agency's representative. All correspondence shall be directed to or through the representative.
- 10.8 Notices.** Any written notice to Consultant shall be sent to:

Gregg Cook
Principal
Government Affairs Consulting
1127 11th Street, Suite 548
Sacramento, CA 95814

Any written notice to Agency shall be sent to:

Randy S. Howard
General Manager
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

With a copy to:

Jane E. Luckhardt
General Counsel
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

- 10.9 Professional Seal.** Where applicable in the determination of the Agency, the first page of a technical report, first page of design specifications, and each page of construction drawings shall be stamped/sealed and signed by the licensed professional responsible for the report/design preparation.
- 10.10 Integration; Incorporation.** This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Agency and Consultant and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.11 Alternative Dispute Resolution.** If any dispute arises between the Parties that cannot be settled after engaging in good faith negotiations, Agency and Consultant agree to resolve the dispute in accordance with the following:
- 10.11.1** Each party shall designate a senior management or executive level representative to negotiate any dispute;
 - 10.11.2** The representatives shall attempt, through good faith negotiations, to resolve the dispute by any means within their authority.
 - 10.11.3** If the issue remains unresolved after fifteen (15) days of good faith negotiations, the Parties shall attempt to resolve the disagreement by negotiation between legal counsel. If the above process fails, the Parties shall resolve any remaining disputes through mediation to expedite the resolution of the dispute.
 - 10.11.4** The mediation process shall provide for the selection within fifteen (15) days by both Parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within thirty (30) days and shall be concluded within fifteen (15) days from the commencement of the mediation.

- 10.11.5** The Parties shall equally bear the costs of any third party in any alternative dispute resolution process.
- 10.11.6** The alternative dispute resolution process is a material condition to this Agreement and must be exhausted as an administrative prior to either Party initiating legal action. This alternative dispute resolution process is not intended to nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing a claim or action specified by Government Code §§ 900 *et seq.*
- 10.12 Controlling Provisions.** In the case of any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, a Purchase Order, or Consultant's Proposal (if any), the Agreement shall control. In the case of any conflict between the Exhibits hereto and a Purchase Order or the Consultant's Proposal, the Exhibits shall control. In the case of any conflict between the terms of a Purchase Order and the Consultant's Proposal, the Purchase Order shall control.
- 10.13 Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.
- 10.14 Construction of Agreement.** Each party hereto has had an equivalent opportunity to participate in the drafting of the Agreement and/or to consult with legal counsel. Therefore, the usual construction of an agreement against the drafting party shall not apply hereto.
- 10.15 No Third Party Beneficiaries.** This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signatory third parties.

SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE

The Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date signed by the Agency.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS CONSULTING

Date_____

Date_____

RANDY S. HOWARD
GENERAL MANAGER

GREGG A. COOK
PRINCIPAL

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF SERVICES

Consultant shall provide representation for the Agency in the California State Legislature, as well as the Administration, to advocate on behalf of policies that promote the interests of the electricity consumers served by NCPA's member utility systems. In this role, Consultant will:

- Represent NCPA before the State Legislature and the Administration.
- Work closely with, and under the direction of, NCPA management.
- Identify and track legislative and regulatory policy proposals that impact NCPA and its member systems.
- Initiate and execute strategies to advance policies of importance to NCPA and its member systems.
- Educate policymakers and staff regarding the implications of legislation for NCPA and its member systems. Maintain strong relationships with NCPA's state legislative delegation, members of committees with jurisdiction over energy and environmental issues, the governor's office, and agency representatives. Testify in committee proceedings as needed.
- Coordinate and facilitate meetings with state policymakers and staff for NCPA staff and members
- Prepare issue papers and other briefing documents related to NCPA's priority issues. Develop testimony and legislative correspondence.
- Provide regular reports to NCPA and its members regarding legislative actions and other proceedings that may impact NCPA and/or its member utility systems. This includes the preparation of articles for weekly member publication.
- Provide support for two Sacramento-based grassroots advocacy events each year where NCPA members meet with state policymakers and key staff regarding legislative issues. Includes preparation of meeting materials, member briefings, scheduling and organization of meetings, and attending meetings to represent NCPA. Also requires some planning and support of event logistics.
- Attend NCPA's annual state legislative staff tour and support event logistics where needed.
- Provide support for other NCPA conferences, events, and Legislative and Regulatory Affairs Committee meetings. Includes securing speakers on key policy topics, participating as a panelist or moderator, and providing legislative updates and briefings to committee members during public meetings. This will require in-state travel.
- Work in close partnership with trade and advocacy organizations, including California Municipal Utilities Association, the Southern California Public Power Authority, and other consumer, energy and environmental policy stakeholders. Develop coalition partnerships as issues warrant.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION SCHEDULE AND HOURLY FEES

Compensation for all tasks, including hourly fees and expenses, shall not exceed \$990,000.

The hourly rates and or compensation break down and an estimated amount of expenses is as follows:

- The flat rate, monthly retainer fee is \$16,500, inclusive of all expenses.

NOTE: As a public agency, NCPA shall not reimburse Consultant for travel, food and related costs in excess of those permitted by the Internal Revenue Service.



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Kanner & Associates—Two Year Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement—with a right to renew for a third year—for Federal Legislative Consulting Services. Applicable to the following: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA)

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Jane Cirrincione <i>JDC</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	<i>Competitive Pricing Process</i>
Division:	Legislative & Regulatory Affairs	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Legislative & Regulatory	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:			
All Members	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>			
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RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-15 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement and Option Agreement with Kanner and Associates, LLC consulting for federal legislative and regulatory consulting services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$930,000 for a two-year agreement including a right to renew for a third year, for use by NCPA.

BACKGROUND:

NCPA issued a Request for Proposal (RFP) LR 2107 on December 21, 2021, to solicit proposals from qualified consultants providing outside federal legislative and regulatory consulting services. The scope of services includes representation before Congress and the Administration, advocacy on behalf of policies that promote the interests of the electricity consumers served by our member utility systems, and support of NCPA member advocacy and conference events. Qualifications required a minimum of ten years of direct lobbying experience before the U.S. Congress and federal agencies; a deep understanding of public power-related policy issues and the federal power program, and a demonstrated proactive approach to advocacy.

NCPA created a review group for the RFP consisting of NCPA staff and a staff representative from an NCPA Member entity, and this review group evaluated and scored timely proposals submitted to the RFP. Three vendors, including Kanner and Associates, LLC, responded to the RFP by the deadline of January 21, 2022. Kanner and Associates, LLC, was selected based on the scoring review group's evaluation of the firm's costs and experience. The proposal meets and exceeds the required qualifications, and the firm has demonstrated an ability to effectively perform all of the duties in the RFP's scope of work. NCPA has utilized this vendor to provide federal legislative and regulatory representation in the past.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$930,000.00 for two years including the right to renew for a third year. The fee for these federal legislative services will be paid as a \$25,000 monthly retainer plus approved expenses. There is no change to the cost of the retainer from the previous contract, and this retainer amount has remained the same since July, 2011. NCPA expenditures for these services are limited to the amount authorized for federal legislative advocacy by the NCPA Commission in the agency's annual budget.

SELECTION PROCESS:

A vendor was selected as a result of an RFP process in accordance with NCPA's procurement policies and procedures. An RFP was posted on NCPA's website December 21, 2021 through January 21, 2022. Three responses were received and evaluated based upon the following criteria: 1) Quality and completeness of proposal; 2) Knowledge, experience, and skills to provide the requested services; 3) Experience of staff to be assigned to the project, based on prior engagements of similar scope and complexity; 4) Competitive rates for the requested services; 5) Demonstrated strong project management; and 6) Customer references. The selection process was completed by NCPA along with a staff representative with expertise in this field, from the City of Palo Alto.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

Pending Legislative & Regulatory Affairs Committee review and approval during its regularly scheduled meeting on February 23, 2022.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over the typed name.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments (2):

- Resolution 22-15
- Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with Kanner and Associates, LLC

RESOLUTION 22-15

**RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
APPROVING A MULTI-TASK CONSULTING SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH KANNER AND
ASSOCIATES, LLC**

(reference Staff Report #117:22)

WHEREAS, federal legislative and regulatory consulting services are required by the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) to assure strong representation of the agency and its Members as federal legislative and regulatory policies are developed; and

WHEREAS, a vendor to provide these services was selected as a result of a recent Request for Proposal process in accordance with NCPA's procurement policies and procedures; and

WHEREAS, Kanner and Associates, LLC, is an experienced and highly-qualified provider of these services; and

WHEREAS, the NCPA Commission has reviewed the Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement with Kanner and Associates, LLC, to provide such services as needed at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Consulting Services Agreement and Option Agreement, with any non-substantial changes as approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$930,000 for two years including an option for a one year renewal, for use by NCPA.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



MULTI-TASK CONSULTING SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND KANNER AND ASSOCIATES, LLC

This Consulting Services Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between the Northern California Power Agency, a joint powers agency with its main office located at 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, CA 95678-6420 ("Agency") and Kanner and Associates, LLC, a sole proprietorship with its office located at 400 North Capitol Street, NW, Suite 594, Washington, DC, 20001 ("Consultant") (together sometimes referred to as the "Parties") as of _____, 2022 ("Effective Date") in Roseville, California.

Section 1. SERVICES. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Consultant shall provide to Agency the services described in the Scope of Services attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein ("Services"), at the time and place and in the manner specified therein.

- 1.1 Term of Agreement.** The term of this Agreement shall begin on the Effective Date and shall end on the earlier of when Consultant completes the Services, or no later than two (2) years from the date this Agreement was signed by Agency unless Agency and Consultant execute an option to extend the Agreement for one (1) additional year ("Option Agreement") for a total maximum term of three (3) years, unless the term of the Agreement is otherwise terminated or modified, as provided for herein. (See Exhibit C for the Option Agreement.)
- 1.2 Standard of Performance.** Consultant shall perform the Services in the manner and according to the standards observed by a competent practitioner of the profession in which Consultant is engaged and for which Consultant is providing the Services. Consultant represents that it is licensed, qualified and experienced to provide the Services set forth herein.
- 1.3 Assignment of Personnel.** Consultant shall assign only competent personnel to perform the Services. In the event that Agency, in its sole discretion, at any time during the term of this Agreement, requests the reassignment of any such personnel, Consultant shall, immediately upon receiving written notice from Agency of such request, reassign such personnel.
- 1.4 Services Provided.** Services provided under this Agreement by Consultant will include Services directly to the Agency..
- 1.5 Request for Services.** At such time that Agency determines to use Consultant's Services under this Agreement, Agency shall issue a Purchase Order. The Purchase Order shall identify the specific services to be performed ("Requested Services"), may include a not-to-exceed monetary cap on Requested Services and expenditures authorized by that Purchase Order, and a time by which the Requested Services shall be completed. Consultant shall have seven calendar days from the date of the Agency's issuance of the Purchase Order in which to respond in writing that Consultant chooses not to perform the Requested Services. If Consultant agrees to perform the Requested Services, begins to

perform the Requested Services, or does not respond within the seven day period specified, then Consultant will have agreed to perform the Requested Services on the terms set forth in the Purchase Order, this Agreement and its Exhibits.

Section 2. COMPENSATION. Agency hereby agrees to pay Consultant an amount **NOT TO EXCEED** NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTY THOUSAND dollars (\$930,000) for the Services, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Consultant's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Consultant, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

2.1 Invoices. Consultant shall submit invoices, not more often than once a month during the term of this Agreement, based on the cost for services performed and reimbursable costs incurred prior to the invoice date. Invoices shall contain the following information:

- The beginning and ending dates of the billing period;
- Services performed;
- The Purchase Order number authorizing the Services;
- At Agency's option, the total number of hours of work performed under the Agreement by Consultant and each employee, agent, and subcontractor of Consultant performing services hereunder; and
- At Agency's option, when the Consultant's Scope of Work identifies tasks, for each work item in each task, a copy of the applicable time entries showing the name of the person doing the work, the hours spent by each person, a brief description of the work, and each reimbursable expense, with supporting documentation, to Agency's reasonable satisfaction.

Invoices shall be sent to:

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attn: Accounts Payable
AcctsPayable@ncpa.com

2.2 Monthly Payment. Agency shall make monthly payments, based on invoices received, for services satisfactorily performed, and for authorized reimbursable costs incurred. Agency shall have thirty (30) days from the receipt of an invoice that complies with all of the requirements above to pay Consultant.

2.3 Payment of Taxes. Consultant is solely responsible for the payment of all federal, state and local taxes, including employment taxes, incurred under this Agreement.

- 2.4 **Authorization to Perform Services.** The Consultant is not authorized to perform any Services or incur any costs whatsoever under the terms of this Agreement until receipt of written authorization from the Contract Administrator.
- 2.5 **Timing for Submittal of Final Invoice.** Consultant shall have ninety (90) days after completion of its Services to submit its final invoice for the Requested Services. In the event Consultant fails to submit an invoice to Agency for any amounts due within the ninety (90) day period, Consultant is deemed to have waived its right to collect its final payment from Agency.

Section 3. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Except as set forth herein, Consultant shall, at its sole cost and expense, provide all facilities and equipment that may be necessary to perform the Services.

Section 4. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS. Before beginning any work under this Agreement, Consultant, at its own cost and expense, shall procure the types and amounts of insurance listed below and shall maintain the types and amounts of insurance listed below for the period covered by this Agreement.

- 4.1 **Workers' Compensation.** If Consultant employs any person, Consultant shall maintain Statutory Workers' Compensation Insurance and Employer's Liability Insurance for any and all persons employed directly or indirectly by Consultant with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per accident.

4.2 **Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance.**

- 4.2.1 **Commercial General Insurance.** Consultant shall maintain commercial general liability insurance for the term of this Agreement, including products liability, covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, for bodily injury, death, personal injury and broad form property damage which may arise out of the operations of Consultant. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate. Commercial general coverage shall be at least as broad as ISO Commercial General Liability form CG 0001 (current edition) on "an occurrence" basis covering comprehensive General Liability, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. No endorsement shall be attached limiting the coverage.

- 4.2.2 **Automobile Liability.** Consultant shall maintain automobile liability insurance form CA 0001 (current edition) for the term of this Agreement covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, arising from the operation, maintenance or use of any vehicle (symbol 1), whether or not owned by the Consultant, on or off Agency premises. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per each accident, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. This insurance shall provide contractual liability covering all motor vehicles and mobile equipment to the extent coverage may be excluded from general liability insurance.

4.2.3 General Liability/Umbrella Insurance. The coverage amounts set forth above may be met by a combination of underlying and umbrella policies as long as in combination the limits equal or exceed those stated.

4.3 Professional Liability Insurance. Not Applicable.

4.4 All Policies Requirements.

4.4.1 Verification of coverage. Prior to beginning any work under this Agreement, Consultant shall provide Agency with (1) a Certificate of Insurance that demonstrates compliance with all applicable insurance provisions contained herein and (2) policy endorsements to the policies referenced in Section 4.2, adding the Agency as an additional insured and declaring such insurance primary in regard to work performed pursuant to this Agreement.

4.4.2 Notice of Reduction in or Cancellation of Coverage. Consultant shall provide at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Agency of any reduction in scope or amount, cancellation, or modification adverse to Agency of the policies referenced in Section 4.

4.4.3 Higher Limits. If Consultant maintains higher limits than the minimums specified herein, the Agency shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the Consultant.

4.4.4 Additional Certificates and Endorsements. Not Applicable.

4.4.5 Waiver of Subrogation. Consultant agrees to waive subrogation which any insurer of Consultant may acquire from Consultant by virtue of the payment of any loss. Consultant agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation. In addition, the Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of subrogation in favor of Agency for all work performed by Consultant, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

4.5 Consultant's Obligation. Consultant shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all equipment, vehicles and other items utilized in the performance of Services are operated, provided or otherwise utilized in a manner that ensures they are and remain covered by the policies referenced in Section 4 during this Agreement. Consultant shall also ensure that all workers involved in the provision of Services are properly classified as employees, agents or independent contractors and are and remain covered by any and all workers' compensation insurance required by applicable law during this Agreement.

Section 5. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONSULTANT'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

5.1 Effect of Insurance. Agency's acceptance of insurance certificates and endorsements required under this Agreement does not relieve Consultant from

liability under this indemnification and hold harmless clause. This indemnification and hold harmless clause shall apply to any damages or claims for damages whether or not such insurance policies shall have been determined to apply. By execution of this Agreement, Consultant acknowledges and agrees to the provisions of this Section and that it is a material element of consideration.

- 5.2 Scope.** Consultant shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonably acceptable to the Agency, and hold harmless the Agency, and its officials, commissioners, officers, employees, agents and volunteers from and against all losses, liabilities, claims, demands, suits, actions, damages, expenses, penalties, fines, costs (including without limitation costs and fees of litigation), judgments and causes of action of every nature arising out of or in connection with any acts or omissions by Consultant, its officers, officials, agents, and employees, except as caused by the sole or gross negligence of Agency. Notwithstanding, should this Agreement be construed as a construction agreement under Civil Code section 2783, then the exception referenced above shall also be for the active negligence of Agency.

Section 6. STATUS OF CONSULTANT.

- 6.1 Independent Contractor.** Consultant is an independent contractor and not an employee of Agency. Agency shall have the right to control Consultant only insofar as the results of Consultant's Services and assignment of personnel pursuant to Section 1; otherwise, Agency shall not have the right to control the means by which Consultant accomplishes Services rendered pursuant to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any other Agency, state, or federal policy, rule, regulation, law, or ordinance to the contrary, Consultant and any of its employees, agents, and subcontractors providing services under this Agreement shall not qualify for or become entitled to, and hereby agree to waive any and all claims to, any compensation, benefit, or any incident of employment by Agency, including but not limited to eligibility to enroll in the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as an employee of Agency and entitlement to any contribution to be paid by Agency for employer contributions and/or employee contributions for PERS benefits.

Consultant shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency for the payment of any employee and/or employer contributions for PERS benefits on behalf of Consultant or its employees, agents, or subcontractors, as well as for the payment of any penalties and interest on such contributions, which would otherwise be the responsibility of Agency. Consultant and Agency acknowledge and agree that compensation paid by Agency to Consultant under this Agreement is based upon Consultant's estimated costs of providing the Services, including salaries and benefits of employees, agents and subcontractors of Consultant.

Consultant shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency from any lawsuit, administrative action, or other claim for penalties, losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such claims, whether directly or indirectly, due to

Consultant's failure to secure workers' compensation insurance for its employees, agents, or subcontractors.

Consultant agrees that it is responsible for the provision of group healthcare benefits to its fulltime employees under 26 U.S.C. § 4980H of the Affordable Care Act. To the extent permitted by law, Consultant shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Agency from any penalty issued to Agency under the Affordable Care Act resulting from the performance of the Services by any employee, agent, or subcontractor of Consultant.

- 6.2 Consultant Not Agent.** Except as Agency may specify in writing, Consultant shall have no authority, express or implied, to act on behalf of Agency in any capacity whatsoever as an agent. Consultant shall have no authority, express or implied, pursuant to this Agreement to bind Agency to any obligation whatsoever.
- 6.3 Assignment and Subcontracting.** This Agreement contemplates personal performance by Consultant and is based upon a determination of Consultant's unique professional competence, experience, and specialized professional knowledge. A substantial inducement to Agency for entering into this Agreement was and is the personal reputation and competence of Consultant. Consultant may not assign this Agreement or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the Agency. Consultant shall not subcontract any portion of the performance contemplated and provided for herein, other than to the subcontractors identified in Exhibit A, without prior written approval of the Agency. Where written approval is granted by the Agency, Consultant shall supervise all work subcontracted by Consultant in performing the services and shall be responsible for all work performed by a subcontractor as if Consultant itself had performed such work. The subcontracting of any work to subcontractors shall not relieve Consultant from any of its obligations under this Agreement with respect to the services and Consultant is obligated to ensure that any and all subcontractors performing any services shall be fully insured in all respects and to the same extent as set forth under Section 4, to Agency's satisfaction.

Section 7. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

- 7.1 Governing Law.** The laws of the State of California shall govern this Agreement.
- 7.2 Compliance with Applicable Laws.** Consultant and its subcontractors and agents, if any, shall comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the work hereunder.
- 7.3 Licenses and Permits.** Consultant represents and warrants to Agency that Consultant and its employees, agents, and subcontractors (if any) have and will maintain at their sole expense during the term of this Agreement all licenses, permits, qualifications, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required to practice their respective professions.

Section 8. TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION.

- 8.1 Termination.** Agency may cancel this Agreement at any time and without cause upon ten (10) days prior written notice to Consultant.

In the event of termination, Consultant shall be entitled to compensation for Services satisfactorily completed as of the effective date of termination; Agency, however, may condition payment of such compensation upon Consultant delivering to Agency any or all records or documents, as referenced in Section 9.1 hereof.

- 8.2 Amendments.** The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by all the Parties.

- 8.3 Survival.** All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Agency and Consultant shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

- 8.4 Options upon Breach by Consultant.** If Consultant materially breaches any of the terms of this Agreement, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 4, Agency's remedies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 8.4.1** Immediately terminate the Agreement;
- 8.4.2** Retain the plans, specifications, drawings, reports, design documents, and any other work product prepared by Consultant pursuant to this Agreement;
- 8.4.3** Retain a different consultant to complete the Services not finished by Consultant; and/or
- 8.4.4** Charge Consultant the difference between the costs to complete the Services that is unfinished at the time of breach and the amount that Agency would have paid Consultant pursuant hereto if Consultant had completed the Services.

Section 9. KEEPING AND STATUS OF RECORDS.

- 9.1 Records Created as Part of Consultant's Performance.** All reports, data, maps, models, charts, studies, surveys, photographs, memoranda, plans, studies, specifications, records, files, or any other documents or materials, in electronic or any other form, that Consultant prepares or obtains pursuant to this Agreement and that relate to the matters covered hereunder shall be the property of the Agency. Consultant hereby agrees to deliver those documents to the Agency upon termination of the Agreement. Agency and Consultant agree that, unless approved by Agency in writing, Consultant shall not release to any non-

parties to this Agreement any data, plans, specifications, reports and other documents.

9.2 Consultant's Books and Records. Consultant shall maintain any and all records or other documents evidencing or relating to charges for Services or expenditures and disbursements charged to the Agency under this Agreement for a minimum of three (3) years, or for any longer period required by law, from the date of final payment to the Consultant to this Agreement.

9.3 Inspection and Audit of Records. Any records or documents that this Agreement requires Consultant to maintain shall be made available for inspection, audit, and/or copying at any time during regular business hours, upon oral or written request of the Agency. Under California Government Code Section 8546.7, if the amount of public funds expended under this Agreement exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), the Agreement shall be subject to the examination and audit of the State Auditor, at the request of Agency or as part of any audit of the Agency, for a period of three (3) years after final payment under the Agreement.

9.4 Confidential Information and Disclosure.

9.4.1 Confidential Information. The term "Confidential Information", as used herein, shall mean any and all confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information, whether written, recorded, electronic, oral or otherwise, where the Confidential Information is made available in a tangible medium of expression and marked in a prominent location as confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret information. Confidential Information shall not include information that: (a) was already known to the Receiving Party or is otherwise a matter of public knowledge, (b) was disclosed to Receiving Party by a third party without violating any confidentiality agreement, (c) was independently developed by Receiving Party without reverse engineering, as evidenced by written records thereof, or (d) was not marked as confidential Information in accordance with this section.

9.4.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. During the term of this Agreement, either party may disclose ("The Disclosing Party") confidential Information to the other party ("the Receiving Party"). The Receiving Party: (a) shall hold the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in confidence; and (b) shall take all reasonable steps to prevent any unauthorized possession, use, copying, transfer or disclosure of such Confidential Information.

9.4.3 Permitted Disclosure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following disclosures of Confidential Information are allowed. Receiving Party shall endeavor to provide prior written notice to Disclosing Party of any permitted disclosure made pursuant to Section 9.4.3.2 or 9.4.3.3. Disclosing Party may seek a protective order, including without limitation, a temporary restraining order to prevent or contest such permitted

disclosure; provided, however, that Disclosing Party shall seek such remedies at its sole expense. Neither party shall have any liability for such permitted disclosures:

9.4.3.1 Disclosure to employees, agents, consultants, contractors, subcontractors or other representatives of Receiving Party that have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

9.4.3.2 Disclosure in response to a valid order of a court, government or regulatory agency or as may otherwise be required by law; and

9.4.3.3 Disclosure by Agency in response to a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

9.4.4 **Handling of Confidential Information.** Upon conclusion or termination of the Agreement, Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party or destroy Confidential Information (including all copies thereof), if requested by Disclosing Party in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party may retain copies of such Confidential Information, subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement: (a) for archival purposes in its computer system; (b) in its legal department files; and (c) in files of Receiving Party's representatives where such copies are necessary to comply with applicable law. Party shall not disclose the Disclosing Party's Information to any person other than those of the Receiving Party's employees, agents, consultants, contractors and subcontractors who have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

Section 10. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

10.1 **Attorneys' Fees.** If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.

10.2 **Venue.** In the event that either party brings any action against the other under this Agreement, the Parties agree that trial of such action shall be vested exclusively in the state courts of California in the County of Placer or in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.

10.3 **Severability.** If a court of competent jurisdiction finds or rules that any provision of this Agreement is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the provisions of this Agreement not so adjudged shall remain in full force and effect. The invalidity in whole or in part of any provision of this Agreement shall not void or affect the validity of any other provision of this Agreement.

10.4 No Implied Waiver of Breach. The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.

10.5 Successors and Assigns. The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.

10.6 Conflict of Interest. Consultant may serve other clients, but none whose activities within the corporate limits of Agency or whose business, regardless of location, would place Consultant in a "conflict of interest," as that term is defined in the Political Reform Act, codified at California Government Code Section 81000 *et seq.*

Consultant shall not employ any Agency official in the work performed pursuant to this Agreement. No officer or employee of Agency shall have any financial interest in this Agreement that would violate California Government Code Sections 1090 *et seq.*

10.7 Contract Administrator. This Agreement shall be administered by Jane Cirrincione, Assistant General Manager, or her designee, who shall act as the Agency's representative. All correspondence shall be directed to or through the representative.

10.8 Notices. Any written notice to Consultant shall be sent to:

Marty Kanner
President
Kanner & Associates, LLC
400 North Capitol Street, NW
Suite 594
Washington, DC 20001

Any written notice to Agency shall be sent to:

Randy S. Howard
General Manager
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

With a copy to:

Jane E. Luckhardt
General Counsel
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

- 10.9 Professional Seal.** Where applicable in the determination of the Agency, the first page of a technical report, first page of design specifications, and each page of construction drawings shall be stamped/sealed and signed by the licensed professional responsible for the report/design preparation.
- 10.10 Integration; Incorporation.** This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Agency and Consultant and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.11 Alternative Dispute Resolution.** If any dispute arises between the Parties that cannot be settled after engaging in good faith negotiations, Agency and Consultant agree to resolve the dispute in accordance with the following:
- 10.11.1** Each party shall designate a senior management or executive level representative to negotiate any dispute;
 - 10.11.2** The representatives shall attempt, through good faith negotiations, to resolve the dispute by any means within their authority.
 - 10.11.3** If the issue remains unresolved after fifteen (15) days of good faith negotiations, the Parties shall attempt to resolve the disagreement by negotiation between legal counsel. If the above process fails, the Parties shall resolve any remaining disputes through mediation to expedite the resolution of the dispute.
 - 10.11.4** The mediation process shall provide for the selection within fifteen (15) days by both Parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within thirty (30) days and shall be concluded within fifteen (15) days from the commencement of the mediation.
 - 10.11.5** The Parties shall equally bear the costs of any third party in any alternative dispute resolution process.
 - 10.11.6** The alternative dispute resolution process is a material condition to this Agreement and must be exhausted as an administrative prior to either Party initiating legal action. This alternative dispute resolution process is not intended to nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing a claim or action specified by Government Code §§ 900 *et seq.*
- 10.12 Controlling Provisions.** In the case of any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, a Purchase Order, or Consultant's Proposal (if any), the Agreement shall control. In the case of any conflict between the Exhibits hereto and a Purchase Order or the Consultant's Proposal, the Exhibits

shall control. In the case of any conflict between the terms of a Purchase Order and the Consultant's Proposal, the Purchase Order shall control.

10.13 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.

10.14 Construction of Agreement. Each party hereto has had an equivalent opportunity to participate in the drafting of the Agreement and/or to consult with legal counsel. Therefore, the usual construction of an agreement against the drafting party shall not apply hereto.

10.15 No Third Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signator third parties.

The Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date signed by the Agency.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

KANNER AND ASSOCIATES, LLC

Date _____

Date _____

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

MARTY KANNER
President

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF SERVICES

Consultant shall advise and assist Agency and through Agency its members in developing and executing effective federal legislative and regulatory strategies to protect and advance the interests of NCPA and its members relative to federal legislative and regulatory matters.

In this role, the Consultant will:

- Represent NCPA before the United States Congress, including NCPA's delegation members, key committees of jurisdiction, and legislative staff.
- Represent NCPA before the Administration, including but not limited to the Department of Energy, Department of Interior, US Environmental Protection Agency, and, at times, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
- Work closely with and under direction of NCPA management.
- Track legislative and regulatory policy proposals that impact NCPA and its member systems.
- Initiate and execute strategies to advance policies of importance to NCPA and its member systems.
- Educate policymakers and staff regarding the implications of legislation or regulatory actions for NCPA and its member systems.
- Coordinate and facilitate meetings with legislative and regulatory policymakers and staff for NCPA staff and members
- Prepare issue papers and other briefing documents related to NCPA's priority issues. Develop testimony and legislative correspondence. Provide regular reports to NCPA and through NCPA its members regarding federal legislation, agency actions, and other proceedings that may impact NCPA and/or its member utility systems. This includes the preparation of articles for weekly member publication.
- Travel to periodic NCPA Legislative and Regulatory Affairs Committee meetings and conferences to provide updates and briefings to NCPA and its members.
- Provide extensive support for annual federal policy conference held in Washington, D.C. Includes securing speakers and panelists on topical issues as well as arranging and attending meetings with Congress and the Administration for NCPA, NCPA members and staff. Also requires administrative support and assistance with event logistics.
- Provide support for other NCPA conferences and advocacy events. Includes securing speakers on key policy topics, arranging congressional and agency visits for NCPA staff and members, participating as a panelist or moderator, and supporting event logistics where needed.
- Work in close partnership with federal public power and community-owned utility trade associations, including the American Public Power Association, the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, the National Hydropower Association, and the Transmission Access Policy Study Group. Establish and maintain strong coalition relationships with key consumer, energy, and environmental stakeholder organizations and others with shared policy interests and concerns.
- Take primary responsibility for performing the Consultant services, and refrain from delegating its duties to another person without the consent of NCPA. If Consultant is a

firm, ensure that a principal from the firm is primarily responsible for executing the Consultant services, and refrain from delegating its duties to an associate or other person without the consent of NCPA.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION SCHEDULE

Compensation for all tasks, including hourly fees and expenses, shall not exceed \$310,000 annually. The annual limit of \$310,000 is based upon a monthly retainer fee of \$25,000 and reimbursement for NCPA authorized costs.

Consultant will not charge NCPA for any of the costs associated with two trips to California. Reimbursement for any other travel expense will be charged at cost, with travel at coach rates, and is subject to prior approval by NCPA.

NOTE: As a public agency, NCPA shall not reimburse Consultant for travel, food and related costs in excess of those permitted by the Internal Revenue Service.

EXHIBIT C

**ONE YEAR OPTION TO EXTEND MULTI-TASK CONSULTING SERVICES AGREEMENT
BETWEEN THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND
KANNER AND ASSOCIATES, LLC ("Option Agreement")**

This Option Agreement is entered into by and between the Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") and Kanner and Associates, LLC ("Consultant") (collectively referred to as "the Parties") as of _____, 202__.

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into a Multitask Consulting Services Agreement dated effective _____, (the "Agreement") for Consultant to provide the Services described in Exhibit A to the Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Parties now desire to exercise the option in Section 1.1 of the Agreement to extend the term of the Agreement for an additional one (1) year period from the original expiration date of _____ to a new expiration date of _____; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree as follows:

1. Pursuant to Section 1.1 of the Agreement, the Parties agree to execute this Option Agreement and extend the term of the Agreement for one (1) additional year for a total term of three (3) years to a new expiration date of _____.

(Remainder of page intentionally left blank)

2. This Option Agreement in no way alters the terms and conditions of the Agreement except to extend the term as contemplated in Section 1.1 of the Agreement.

Date: _____

Date: _____

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

KANNER AND ASSOCIATES, LLC

RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager

Authorized signatory

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: EN Engineering, LLC – Five Year Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement for NERC/WECC testing, transmission & distribution consulting and excitation system upgrades; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities.

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Randy Bowersox <i>RB</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	N/A
Division:	Generation Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Hydroelectric	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-16 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement with EN Engineering, LLC for NERC/WECC testing, transmission & distribution consulting and excitation system upgrades, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$1,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA.

BACKGROUND:

NERC/WECC testing, transmission & distribution consulting and excitation system upgrades are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA. NCPA currently has an agreement in place with Kestrel Power Engineering, LLC which is expiring. EN Engineering, LLC, acquired Kestrel in 2021 and NCPA desires to continue the relationship with EN Engineering. While EN Engineering is a new vendor for NCPA, the players are well known and Kestrel has been the successful low bidder on many projects at all NCPA facilities for NERC/WECC testing in the past. NCPA desires to enter into this agreement so established terms and conditions are in place should this vendor be the successful bidder on future projects. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with BBA USA, Inc., Utility System Efficiencies, Inc., and Kinectrics, Inc.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$1,000,000 over five years. Purchase orders referencing the terms and conditions of the agreement will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

SELECTION PROCESS:

This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. NCPA seeks bids from qualified providers as required. Bids are awarded to the vendor providing the best overall value to NCPA. NCPA will issue purchase orders based on cost and availability of the services needed at the time the service is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

On February 2, 2022 the Facilities Committee reviewed and endorsed the recommendation above for Commission approval.

On February 7, 2022 the Lodi Energy Center Project Participant Committee reviewed and approved the recommendation above for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard".

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments (2):

- Resolution 22-16
- Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement with EN Engineering, LLC

RESOLUTION 22-16

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
APPROVING A MULTI-TASK PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH
EN ENGINEERING, LLC

(reference Staff Report #118:22)

WHEREAS, NERC/WECC testing, transmission & distribution consulting and excitation system upgrades, are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA); and

WHEREAS, EN Engineering, LLC is a provider of these services; and

WHEREAS, the NCPA Commission has reviewed the Multi-Task Professional Services Agreement with EN Engineering, LLC to provide such services as needed at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the General Manager or his designee to enter into said Agreement, with any non-substantial changes as approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$1,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



MULTI-TASK PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND EN ENGINEERING, LLC

This Professional Services Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between the Northern California Power Agency, a joint powers agency with its main office located at 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, CA 95678-6420 ("Agency") and EN Engineering, LLC, a corporation with its office located at 28100 Torch Parkway, Suite 400, Warrenton, IL 60555 ("Consultant") (together sometimes referred to as the "Parties") as of _____, 2022 ("Effective Date") in Roseville, California.

Section 1. SERVICES. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Consultant shall provide to Agency the services described in the Scope of Services attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein ("Services"), at the time and place and in the manner specified therein.

- 1.1 Term of Agreement.** The term of this Agreement shall begin on the Effective Date and shall end when Consultant completes the Services, or no later than five (5) years from the date this Agreement was signed by Agency, whichever is shorter.
- 1.2 Standard of Performance.** Consultant shall perform the Services in the manner and according to the standards observed by a competent practitioner of the profession in which Consultant is engaged and for which Consultant is providing the Services. Consultant represents that it is licensed, qualified and experienced to provide the Services set forth herein.
- 1.3 Assignment of Personnel.** Consultant shall assign only competent personnel to perform the Services. In the event that Agency, in its sole discretion, at any time during the term of this Agreement, requests the reassignment of any such personnel, Consultant shall, immediately upon receiving written notice from Agency of such request, reassign such personnel.
- 1.4 Services Provided.** Consultant shall provide Services directly to Agency.
- 1.5 Request for Services.** At such time that Agency determines to use Consultant's Services under this Agreement, Agency shall issue a Purchase Order. The Purchase Order shall identify the specific services to be performed ("Requested Services"), may include a not-to-exceed monetary cap on Requested Services and expenditures authorized by that Purchase Order, and a time by which the Requested Services shall be completed. Consultant shall have seven calendar days from the date of the Agency's issuance of the Purchase Order in which to respond in writing that Consultant chooses not to perform the Requested Services. If Consultant agrees to perform the Requested Services, begins to perform the Requested Services or responds in writing within the seven-day period specified accepting the terms of the Purchase Order, then Consultant will have agreed to perform the Requested Services on the terms set forth in the Purchase Order, this Agreement and its Exhibits.

Section 2.

COMPENSATION. Agency hereby agrees to pay Consultant an amount **NOT TO EXCEED ONE MILLION DOLLARS (\$1,000,000)** for the Services, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Consultant's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Consultant, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

2.1 Invoices. Consultant shall submit invoices, not more often than once a month during the term of this Agreement, based on the cost for services performed and reimbursable costs incurred prior to the invoice date. Invoices shall contain the following information:

- The beginning and ending dates of the billing period;
- Services performed;
- The Purchase Order number authorizing the Services;
- At Agency's option, the total number of hours of work performed under the Agreement by Consultant and each employee, agent, and subcontractor of Consultant performing services hereunder; and
- At Agency's option, when the Consultant's Scope of Work identifies tasks, for each work item in each task, a copy of the applicable time entries showing the name of the person doing the work, the hours spent by each person, a brief description of the work, and each reimbursable expense, with supporting documentation, to Agency's reasonable satisfaction.

Invoices shall be sent to:

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attn: Accounts Payable
AcctsPayable@ncpa.com

2.2 Monthly Payment. Agency shall make monthly payments, based on invoices received, for services satisfactorily performed, and for authorized reimbursable costs incurred. Agency shall have thirty (30) days from the receipt of an invoice that complies with all of the requirements above to pay Consultant.

2.3 Payment of Taxes. Consultant is solely responsible for the payment of all federal, state and local taxes, including employment taxes, incurred under this Agreement.

2.4 Authorization to Perform Services. The Consultant is not authorized to perform any Services or incur any costs whatsoever under the terms of this Agreement until receipt of written authorization from the Contract Administrator.

- 2.5 Timing for Submittal of Final Invoice.** Consultant shall have ninety (90) days after completion of its Services to submit its final invoice. In the event Consultant fails to submit an invoice to Agency for any amounts due within the ninety (90) day period, Consultant is deemed to have waived its right to collect its final payment from Agency.

Section 3. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Except as set forth herein, Consultant shall, at its sole cost and expense, provide all facilities and equipment that may be necessary to perform the Services.

Section 4. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS. Before beginning any work under this Agreement, Consultant, at its own cost and expense, shall procure the types and amounts of insurance listed below and shall maintain the types and amounts of insurance listed below for the period covered by this Agreement.

- 4.1 Workers' Compensation.** If Consultant employs any person, Consultant shall maintain Statutory Workers' Compensation Insurance and Employer's Liability Insurance for any and all persons employed directly or indirectly by Consultant with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per accident.

4.2 Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance.

- 4.2.1 Commercial General Insurance.** Consultant shall maintain commercial general liability insurance for the term of this Agreement, including products liability, covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, for bodily injury, death, personal injury and broad form property damage which may arise out of the operations of Consultant. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate. Commercial general coverage shall be at least as broad as ISO Commercial General Liability form CG 0001 (current edition) on "an occurrence" basis covering comprehensive General Liability, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$500,000. No endorsement shall be attached limiting the coverage.

- 4.2.2 Automobile Liability.** Consultant shall maintain automobile liability insurance form CA 0001 (current edition) for the term of this Agreement covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, arising from the operation, maintenance or use of any vehicle (symbol 1), whether or not owned by the Consultant, on or off Agency premises. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per each accident, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$500,000. This insurance shall provide contractual liability covering all motor vehicles and mobile equipment to the extent coverage may be excluded from general liability insurance.

4.2.3 General Liability/Umbrella Insurance. The coverage amounts set forth above may be met by a combination of underlying and umbrella policies as long as in combination the limits equal or exceed those stated.

4.3 Professional Liability Insurance. Consultant shall maintain professional liability insurance appropriate to Consultant's profession performing work in connection with this Agreement in an amount not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and two million dollars (\$2,000,000) aggregate covering the Consultant's errors and omissions. Any deductible or self-insured retention shall not exceed one million (\$1,000,000) dollars per claim. Such insurance shall be on a "claims-made" basis, subject to the following conditions: (1) the retroactive date of the policy shall be on or before the Effective Date of this Agreement; (2) the policy shall be maintained for at least five (5) years after completion of the Services and, if requested by Agency, evidence of coverage shall be provided during this period; and (3) if, within five (5) years of completion of the Services, coverage is canceled or non-renewed, and not replaced with another claims-made policy form with a retroactive date prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement, Consultant shall purchase "extended reporting" coverage for a minimum of five (5) years after completion of the Services and, if requested by Agency, provide evidence of coverage during this period.

4.4 All Policies Requirements.

4.4.1 Verification of coverage. Prior to beginning any work under this Agreement, Consultant shall provide Agency with (1) a Certificate of Insurance that demonstrates compliance with all applicable insurance provisions contained herein and (2) policy endorsements to the policies referenced in Section 4.2, adding the Agency as an additional insured and declaring such insurance primary in regard to work performed pursuant to this Agreement.

4.4.2 Notice of Reduction in or Cancellation of Coverage. Consultant shall provide at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Agency of any reduction in scope or amount, cancellation, or modification adverse to Agency of the policies referenced in Section 4.

4.4.3 Higher Limits. If Consultant maintains higher limits than the minimums specified herein, the Agency shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the Consultant.

4.4.4 Not applicable.

4.4.5 Waiver of Subrogation. Consultant agrees to waive subrogation which any insurer of Consultant may acquire from Consultant by virtue of the payment of any loss. Consultant agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation. In addition, the Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of

subrogation in favor of Agency for all work performed by Consultant, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

- 4.5 Consultant's Obligation.** Consultant shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all equipment, vehicles and other items utilized in the performance of Services are operated, provided or otherwise utilized in a manner that ensures they are and remain covered by the policies referenced in Section 4 during this Agreement. Consultant shall also ensure that all workers involved in the provision of Services are properly classified as employees, agents or independent contractors and are and remain covered by any and all workers' compensation insurance required by applicable law during this Agreement.

Section 5. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONSULTANT'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

- 5.1 Effect of Insurance.** Agency's acceptance of insurance certificates and endorsements required under this Agreement does not relieve Consultant from liability under this indemnification and hold harmless clause. This indemnification and hold harmless clause shall apply to any damages or claims for damages whether or not such insurance policies shall have been determined to apply. By execution of this Agreement, Consultant acknowledges and agrees to the provisions of this Section and that it is a material element of consideration.
- 5.2 Scope.** Consultant shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonably acceptable to the Agency, and hold harmless the Agency and its officials, commissioners, officers, employees, and volunteers from and against any and all claims to the extent that the claims arise out of, pertain to or relate to the negligence, recklessness or willful misconduct of the Consultant in its performance of Services under this Agreement. Consultant shall bear all losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description to the extent that they arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such negligence, recklessness or willful misconduct, whether directly or indirectly ("Liabilities"). Such obligations to defend, hold harmless and indemnify the Agency shall not apply to the extent that such Liabilities are caused by the negligence, active negligence, or willful misconduct of the Agency. In accordance with California Civil Code §2782.8, in no event shall the cost to defend charged to Consultant exceed Consultant's proportionate percentage of its Liabilities.
- 5.3 Limitation of Liability.** Neither Agency nor Consultant shall be liable to the other for any punitive, exemplary, special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages, whether based in contract, warranty or other legal theory. The total and aggregate liability of consultant for any and all liabilities, losses, claims, damages, judgements and awards shall be limited to the greater of the applicable insurance limits required to be maintained by Consultant under this agreement or \$5,000,000.

Section 6. STATUS OF CONSULTANT.

- 6.1 Independent Contractor.** Consultant is an independent contractor and not an employee of Agency. Agency shall have the right to control Consultant only insofar as the results of Consultant's Services and assignment of personnel pursuant to Section 1; otherwise, Agency shall not have the right to control the means by which Consultant accomplishes Services rendered pursuant to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any other Agency, state, or federal policy, rule, regulation, law, or ordinance to the contrary, Consultant and any of its employees, agents, and subcontractors providing services under this Agreement shall not qualify for or become entitled to, and hereby agree to waive any and all claims to, any compensation, benefit, or any incident of employment by Agency, including but not limited to eligibility to enroll in the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as an employee of Agency and entitlement to any contribution to be paid by Agency for employer contributions and/or employee contributions for PERS benefits.

Consultant shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency for the payment of any employee and/or employer contributions for PERS benefits on behalf of Consultant or its employees, agents, or subcontractors, as well as for the payment of any penalties and interest on such contributions, which would otherwise be the responsibility of Agency. Consultant and Agency acknowledge and agree that compensation paid by Agency to Consultant under this Agreement is based upon Consultant's estimated costs of providing the Services, including salaries and benefits of employees, agents and subcontractors of Consultant.

Consultant shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency from any lawsuit, administrative action, or other claim for penalties, losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such claims, whether directly or indirectly, due to Consultant's failure to secure workers' compensation insurance for its employees, agents, or subcontractors.

Consultant agrees that it is responsible for the provision of group healthcare benefits to its fulltime employees under 26 U.S.C. § 4980H of the Affordable Care Act. To the extent permitted by law, Consultant shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Agency from any penalty issued to Agency under the Affordable Care Act resulting from the performance of the Services by any employee, agent, or subcontractor of Consultant.

- 6.2 Consultant Not Agent.** Except as Agency may specify in writing, Consultant shall have no authority, express or implied, to act on behalf of Agency in any capacity whatsoever as an agent. Consultant shall have no authority, express or implied, pursuant to this Agreement to bind Agency to any obligation whatsoever.
- 6.3 Assignment and Subcontracting.** This Agreement contemplates personal performance by Consultant and is based upon a determination of Consultant's unique professional competence, experience, and specialized professional knowledge. A substantial inducement to Agency for entering into this Agreement

was and is the personal reputation and competence of Consultant. Consultant may not assign this Agreement or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the Agency. Consultant shall not subcontract any portion of the performance contemplated and provided for herein, other than to the subcontractors identified in Exhibit A, without prior written approval of the Agency. Where written approval is granted by the Agency, Consultant shall supervise all work subcontracted by Consultant in performing the services and shall be responsible for all work performed by a subcontractor as if Consultant itself had performed such work. The subcontracting of any work to subcontractors shall not relieve Consultant from any of its obligations under this Agreement with respect to the services and Consultant is obligated to ensure that any and all subcontractors performing any services shall be fully insured in all respects and to the same extent as set forth under Section 4, to Agency's satisfaction.

- 6.4 Certification as to California Energy Commission.** If requested by the Agency, Consultant shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit C.

Section 7. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

- 7.1 Governing Law.** The laws of the State of California shall govern this Agreement.
- 7.2 Compliance with Applicable Laws.** Consultant and its subcontractors and agents, if any, shall comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the work hereunder.
- 7.3 Licenses and Permits.** Consultant represents and warrants to Agency that Consultant and its employees, agents, and subcontractors (if any) have and will maintain at their sole expense during the term of this Agreement all licenses, permits, qualifications, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required to practice their respective professions.

Section 8. TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION.

- 8.1 Termination.** Agency may cancel this Agreement at any time and without cause upon ten (10) days prior written notice to Consultant.

In the event of termination, Consultant shall be entitled to compensation for Services satisfactorily completed as of the effective date of termination; Agency, however, may condition payment of such compensation upon Consultant delivering to Agency any or all records or documents, as referenced in Section 9.1 hereof.

- 8.2 Amendments.** The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by all the Parties.

8.3 Survival. All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Agency and Consultant shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

8.4 Options upon Breach by Consultant. If Consultant materially breaches any of the terms of this Agreement, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 4, Agency's remedies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

8.4.1 Immediately terminate the Agreement;

8.4.2 Retain the plans, specifications, drawings, reports, design documents, and any other work product prepared by Consultant pursuant to this Agreement;

8.4.3 Retain a different consultant to complete the Services not finished by Consultant; and/or

8.4.4 Charge Consultant the difference between the costs to complete the Services that are unfinished at the time of breach and the amount that Agency would have paid Consultant pursuant hereto if Consultant had completed the Services.

Section 9. KEEPING AND STATUS OF RECORDS.

9.1 Records Created as Part of Consultant's Performance. All reports, data, maps, models, charts, studies, surveys, photographs, memoranda, plans, studies, specifications, records, files, or any other documents or materials, in electronic or any other form, that Consultant prepares or obtains pursuant to this Agreement and that relate to the matters covered hereunder shall be the property of the Agency. Such documents or materials prepared by Consultant shall become the property of Agency upon payment for the Services as required under this Agreement. This notwithstanding, Consultant shall maintain its ownership rights in its independently developed and pre-existing intellectual property rights ("Consultant IP"). If and to the extent any such Consultant IP is incorporated within any documents or materials delivered to Agency under this Agreement, Consultant grants Agency an irrevocable, worldwide, royalty free license to use, maintain and repair such Consultant IP to the extent necessary to gain the full advantage and benefits of the Services provided by Consultant. Any IP developed through this Agreement shall be jointly owned by Agency and Consultant. Consultant hereby agrees to deliver those documents to the Agency upon termination of the Agreement. Consultant shall not be responsible or liable for any unintended reuse or revisions or modifications made to the documents or materials prepared by and delivered to Consultant under this Agreement. Agency and Consultant agree that, unless approved by Agency in writing, Consultant shall not release to any non-parties to this Agreement any data, plans, specifications, reports and other documents.

- 9.2 Consultant's Books and Records.** Consultant shall maintain any and all records or other documents evidencing or relating to charges for Services or expenditures and disbursements charged to the Agency under this Agreement for a minimum of three (3) years, or for any longer period required by law, from the date of final payment to the Consultant to this Agreement.
- 9.3 Inspection and Audit of Records.** Any records or documents that this Agreement requires Consultant to maintain shall be made available for inspection, audit, and/or copying at any time during regular business hours, upon oral or written request of the Agency. Under California Government Code Section 8546.7, if the amount of public funds expended under this Agreement exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), the Agreement shall be subject to the examination and audit of the State Auditor, at the request of Agency or as part of any audit of the Agency, for a period of three (3) years after final payment under the Agreement.
- 9.4 Confidential Information and Disclosure.**
- 9.4.1 Confidential Information.** The term "Confidential Information", as used herein, shall mean any and all confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information, whether written, recorded, electronic, oral or otherwise, where the Confidential Information is made available in a tangible medium of expression and marked in a prominent location as confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret information. Confidential Information shall not include information that: (a) was already known to the Receiving Party or is otherwise a matter of public knowledge, (b) was disclosed to Receiving Party by a third party without violating any confidentiality agreement, (c) was independently developed by Receiving Party without reverse engineering, as evidenced by written records thereof, or (d) was not marked as confidential Information in accordance with this section.
- 9.4.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information.** During the term of this Agreement, either party may disclose ("The Disclosing Party") confidential Information to the other party ("the Receiving Party"). The Receiving Party: (a) shall hold the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in confidence; and (b) shall take all reasonable steps to prevent any unauthorized possession, use, copying, transfer or disclosure of such Confidential Information.
- 9.4.3 Permitted Disclosure.** Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following disclosures of Confidential Information are allowed. Receiving Party shall endeavor to provide prior written notice to Disclosing Party of any permitted disclosure made pursuant to Section 9.4.3.2 or 9.4.3.3. Disclosing Party may seek a protective order, including without limitation, a temporary restraining order to prevent or contest such permitted disclosure; provided, however, that Disclosing Party shall seek such

remedies at its sole expense. Neither party shall have any liability for such permitted disclosures:

9.4.3.1 Disclosure to employees, agents, consultants, contractors, subcontractors or other representatives of Receiving Party that have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

9.4.3.2 Disclosure in response to a valid order of a court, government or regulatory agency or as may otherwise be required by law; and

9.4.3.3 Disclosure by Agency in response to a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

9.4.4 **Handling of Confidential Information.** Upon conclusion or termination of the Agreement, Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party or destroy Confidential Information (including all copies thereof), if requested by Disclosing Party in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party may retain copies of such Confidential Information, subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement: (a) for archival purposes in its computer system; (b) in its legal department files; and (c) in files of Receiving Party's representatives where such copies are necessary to comply with applicable law. Party shall not disclose the Disclosing Party's Information to any person other than those of the Receiving Party's employees, agents, consultants, contractors and subcontractors who have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

Section 10. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

10.1 **Attorneys' Fees.** If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.

10.2 **Venue.** In the event that either party brings any action against the other under this Agreement, the Parties agree that trial of such action shall be vested exclusively in the state courts of California in the County of Placer or in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.

10.3 **Severability.** If a court of competent jurisdiction finds or rules that any provision of this Agreement is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the provisions of this Agreement not so adjudged shall remain in full force and effect. The invalidity in whole or in part of any provision of this Agreement shall not void or affect the validity of any other provision of this Agreement.

10.4 No Implied Waiver of Breach. The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.

10.5 Successors and Assigns. The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.

10.6 Conflict of Interest. Consultant may serve other clients, but none whose activities within the corporate limits of Agency or whose business, regardless of location, would place Consultant in a "conflict of interest," as that term is defined in the Political Reform Act, codified at California Government Code Section 81000 *et seq.*

Consultant shall not employ any Agency official in the work performed pursuant to this Agreement. No officer or employee of Agency shall have any financial interest in this Agreement that would violate California Government Code Sections 1090 *et seq.*

10.7 Contract Administrator. This Agreement shall be administered by Randy Bowersox, Assistant General Manager, or his/her designee, who shall act as the Agency's representative. All correspondence shall be directed to or through the representative.

10.8 Notices. Any written notice to Consultant shall be sent to:

Mike Fogarty, Vice President
EN Engineering, LLC
28100 Torch Parkway, Suite 400
Warrenville, IL 60555

Any written notice to Agency shall be sent to:

Randy S. Howard
General Manager
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

With a copy to:

Jane E. Luckhardt
General Counsel
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

- 10.9 Professional Seal.** Where applicable in the determination of the Agency, the first page of a technical report, first page of design specifications, and each page of construction drawings shall be stamped/sealed and signed by the licensed professional responsible for the report/design preparation.
- 10.10 Integration; Incorporation.** This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Agency and Consultant and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.11 Alternative Dispute Resolution.** If any dispute arises between the Parties that cannot be settled after engaging in good faith negotiations, Agency and Consultant agree to resolve the dispute in accordance with the following:
- 10.11.1** Each party shall designate a senior management or executive level representative to negotiate any dispute;
 - 10.11.2** The representatives shall attempt, through good faith negotiations, to resolve the dispute by any means within their authority.
 - 10.11.3** If the issue remains unresolved after fifteen (15) days of good faith negotiations, the Parties shall attempt to resolve the disagreement by negotiation between legal counsel. If the above process fails, the Parties shall resolve any remaining disputes through mediation to expedite the resolution of the dispute.
 - 10.11.4** The mediation process shall provide for the selection within fifteen (15) days by both Parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within thirty (30) days and shall be concluded within fifteen (15) days from the commencement of the mediation.
 - 10.11.5** The Parties shall equally bear the costs of any third party in any alternative dispute resolution process.
 - 10.11.6** The alternative dispute resolution process is a material condition to this Agreement and must be exhausted as an administrative prior to either Party initiating legal action. This alternative dispute resolution process is not intended to nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing a claim or action specified by Government Code §§ 900 *et seq.*
- 10.12 Controlling Provisions.** In the case of any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, a Purchase Order, or Consultant's Proposal (if any), the Agreement shall control. In the case of any conflict between the Exhibits hereto and a Purchase Order or the Consultant's Proposal, the Exhibits

shall control. In the case of any conflict between the terms of a Purchase Order and the Consultant's Proposal, the Purchase Order shall control.

10.13 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.

10.14 Construction of Agreement. Each party hereto has had an equivalent opportunity to participate in the drafting of the Agreement and/or to consult with legal counsel. Therefore, the usual construction of an agreement against the drafting party shall not apply hereto.

10.15 No Third Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signator third parties.

The Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date signed by the Agency.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

EN ENGINEERING, LLC

Date _____

Date _____

RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager

MICHAEL FOGARTY, Vice President

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF SERVICES

EN Engineering, LLC ("Consultant") shall provide the following services as requested by the Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") at any facilities owned or operated by NCPA, including:

- Excitation System Upgrade Services;
- Transmission and distribution (T&D) consulting; and
- NERC / WECC Compliance Testing and Reporting.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION SCHEDULE AND HOURLY FEES

Compensation for all work, including hourly fees and expenses, shall not exceed the amount set forth in Section 2 hereof. Pricing for services to be performed at NCPA will be quoted at the time services are requested. Worked to be performed on quoted fixed price basis.

Consultant may revise the hourly rates each year upon the giving of 30 days' advance written notice to NCPA. If the parties cannot agree to revised hourly rates, NCPA may terminate the Agreement.

NOTE: As a public agency, NCPA shall not reimburse Consultant for travel, food and related costs in excess of those permitted by the Internal Revenue Service.

EXHIBIT C
CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Contractors

I, _____

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that background investigations to ascertain the accuracy of the identity and employment history of all employees of

(Company name)

for contract work at:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

have been conducted as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.

(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Electric Power Systems International, Inc. – Five Year Multi-Task General Services Agreement for Specialized Electrical Maintenance Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Randy Bowersox <i>RB</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	N/A
Division:	Generation Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Combustion Turbines	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-17 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Electric Power Systems International, Inc. for specialized electrical maintenance services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$3,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.

BACKGROUND:

Specialized electrical maintenance services are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. The current agreement with Hart High Voltage Apparatus Repair & Testing Co., Inc. has expired. Electric Power Systems International, Inc. bought out Hart High Voltage. NCPA has utilized this vendor in the past, and has a good working relationship with this vendor. NCPA desires to enter into this agreement so established terms and conditions are in place should this vendor be the successful bidder on future projects. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with Eaton Corporation, Electrical Maintenance Consultants, Inc. and Gannett Fleming, Inc.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement is not to exceed \$3,000,000 over five years. Purchase orders referencing the terms and conditions of the agreement will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

SELECTION PROCESS:

This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. NCPA seeks bids from qualified providers as required. Bids are awarded to the vendor providing the best overall value to NCPA. NCPA will issue purchase orders based on cost and availability of the services needed at the time the service is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

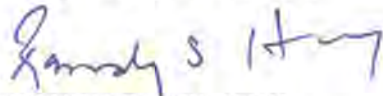
This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

On February 2, 2022 the Facilities Committee reviewed and endorsed the recommendation above for Commission approval.

On February 7, 2022 the Lodi Energy Center Project Participant Committee reviewed and approved the recommendation above for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard".

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments (2):

- Resolution 22-17
- Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Electric Power Systems International, Inc.

RESOLUTION 22-17

**RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
APPROVING A MULTI-TASK GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH
ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

(reference Staff Report #119:22)

WHEREAS, specialized electrical maintenance services are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), NCPA Members, by the Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members; and

WHEREAS, Electric Power Systems International, Inc. is a provider of these services; and

WHEREAS, the NCPA Commission has reviewed the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Electric Power Systems International, Inc. to provide such services as needed at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the General Manager or his designee to enter into said Agreement, with any non-substantial changes as approved by the NCPA General Counsel, which shall not exceed \$3,000,000 over five years, for use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



**MULTI-TASK
GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND
ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

This Multi-Task General Services Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between the Northern California Power Agency, a joint powers agency with its main office located at 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, CA 95678-6420 ("Agency") and Electric Power Systems International, Inc., a corporation with its office located at 1612 Poole Blvd., Yuba City, CA 95993 ("Contractor") (together sometimes referred to as the "Parties") as of _____, 2022 ("Effective Date") in Roseville, California.

Section 1. SCOPE OF WORK. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Contractor is willing to provide to Agency the range of services and/or goods described in the Scope of Work attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein ("Work").

- 1.1 Term of Agreement.** The term of this Agreement shall begin on the Effective Date and shall end when Contractor completes the Work, or no later than five (5) years from the date this Agreement was signed by Agency, whichever is shorter.
- 1.2 Standard of Performance.** Contractor shall perform the Work in the manner and according to the standards observed by a competent practitioner of the profession in which Contractor is engaged and for which Contractor is providing the Work. Contractor represents that it is licensed, qualified and experienced to provide the Work set forth herein.
- 1.3 Assignment of Personnel.** Contractor shall assign only competent personnel to perform the Work. In the event that Agency, in its sole discretion, at any time during the term of this Agreement, requests the reassignment of any such personnel, Contractor shall, immediately upon receiving written notice from Agency of such request, reassign such personnel.
- 1.4 Work Provided.** Work provided under this Agreement by Contractor may include Work directly to the Agency or, as requested by the Agency and consistent with the terms of this Agreement, to Agency members, Southern California Public Power Authority ("SCPPA") or SCPPA members.
- 1.5 Request for Work to be Performed.** At such time that Agency determines to have Contractor perform Work under this Agreement, Agency shall issue a Purchase Order. The Purchase Order shall identify the specific Work to be performed ("Requested Work"), may include a not-to-exceed cap on monetary cap on Requested Work and all related expenditures authorized by that Purchase Order, and shall include a time by which the Requested Work shall be completed. Contractor shall have seven calendar days from the date of the Agency's issuance of the Purchase Order in which to respond in writing that Contractor chooses not to perform the Requested Work. If Contractor agrees to perform the Requested Work, begins to perform the Requested Work, or does not respond within the seven day period specified, then Contractor will have

agreed to perform the Requested Work on the terms set forth in the Purchase Order, this Agreement and its Exhibits.

Section 2. COMPENSATION. Agency hereby agrees to pay Contractor an amount **NOT TO EXCEED THREE MILLION** dollars (\$3,000,000.00) for the Work, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Contractor's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Contractor, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

2.1 Invoices. Contractor shall submit invoices, not more often than once a month during the term of this Agreement, based on the cost for services performed and reimbursable costs incurred prior to the invoice date. Invoices shall contain the following information:

- The beginning and ending dates of the billing period;
- Work performed;
- The Purchase Order number authorizing the Requested Work;
- At Agency's option, for each work item in each task, a copy of the applicable time entries or time sheets shall be submitted showing the name of the person doing the work, the hours spent by each person, a brief description of the work, and each reimbursable expense, with supporting documentation, to Agency's reasonable satisfaction;
- At Agency's option, the total number of hours of work performed under the Agreement by Contractor and each employee, agent, and subcontractor of Contractor performing work hereunder.

Invoices shall be sent to:

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attn: Accounts Payable
AcctsPayable@ncpa.com

2.2 Monthly Payment. Agency shall make monthly payments, based on invoices received, for Work satisfactorily performed, and for authorized reimbursable costs incurred. Agency shall have thirty (30) days from the receipt of an invoice that complies with all of the requirements above to pay Contractor.

2.3 Payment of Taxes. Contractor is solely responsible for the payment of all federal, state and local taxes, including employment taxes, incurred under this Agreement.

2.4 Authorization to Perform Work. The Contractor is not authorized to perform any Work or incur any costs whatsoever under the terms of this Agreement until receipt of a Purchase Order from the Contract Administrator.

- 2.5 Timing for Submittal of Final Invoice.** Contractor shall have ninety (90) days after completion of the Requested Work to submit its final invoice for the Requested Work. In the event Contractor fails to submit an invoice to Agency for any amounts due within the ninety (90) day period, Contractor is deemed to have waived its right to collect its final payment for the Requested Work from Agency.

Section 3. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Except as set forth herein, Contractor shall, at its sole cost and expense, provide all facilities and equipment that may be necessary to perform the Work.

Section 4. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS. Before beginning any Work under this Agreement, Contractor, at its own cost and expense, shall procure the types and amounts of insurance listed below and shall maintain the types and amounts of insurance listed below for the period covered by this Agreement.

- 4.1 Workers' Compensation.** If Contractor employs any person, Contractor shall maintain Statutory Workers' Compensation Insurance and Employer's Liability Insurance for any and all persons employed directly or indirectly by Contractor with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per accident.

4.2 Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance.

- 4.2.1 Commercial General Insurance.** Contractor shall maintain commercial general liability insurance for the term of this Agreement, including products liability, covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, for bodily injury, death, personal injury and broad form property damage which may arise out of the operations of Contractor. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate. Commercial general coverage shall be at least as broad as ISO Commercial General Liability form CG 0001 (current edition) on "an occurrence" basis covering comprehensive General Liability, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. No endorsement shall be attached limiting the coverage.

- 4.2.2 Automobile Liability.** Contractor shall maintain automobile liability insurance form CA 0001 (current edition) for the term of this Agreement covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, arising from the operation, maintenance or use of any vehicle (symbol 1), whether or not owned by the Contractor, on or off Agency premises. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per each accident, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. This insurance shall provide contractual liability covering all motor vehicles and mobile equipment to the extent coverage may be excluded from general liability insurance.

- 4.2.3 General Liability/Umbrella Insurance.** The coverage amounts set forth above may be met by a combination of underlying and umbrella policies as long as in combination the limits equal or exceed those stated.

4.3 Professional Liability Insurance. Not Applicable.

4.4 Pollution Insurance. Not Applicable.

4.5 All Policies Requirements.

4.5.1 Verification of coverage. Prior to beginning any work under this Agreement, Contractor shall provide Agency with (1) a Certificate of Insurance that demonstrates compliance with all applicable insurance provisions contained herein and (2) policy endorsements to the policies referenced in Section 4.2 and in Section 4.4, if applicable, adding the Agency as an additional insured and declaring such insurance primary in regard to work performed pursuant to this Agreement.

4.5.2 Notice of Reduction in or Cancellation of Coverage. Contractor shall provide at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Agency of any reduction in scope or amount, cancellation, or modification adverse to Agency of the policies referenced in Section 4.

4.5.3 Higher Limits. If Contractor maintains higher limits than the minimums specified herein, the Agency shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the Contractor.

4.5.4 Additional Certificates and Endorsements. If Contractor performs Work for Agency members, SCPPA and/or SCPPA members pursuant to this Agreement, Contractor shall provide the certificates of insurance and policy endorsements, as referenced in Section 4.5.1, naming the specific Agency member, SCPPA and/or SCPPA member for which the Work is to be performed.

4.5.5 Waiver of Subrogation. Contractor agrees to waive subrogation which any insurer of Contractor may acquire from Contractor by virtue of the payment of any loss. Contractor agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation. In addition, the Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of subrogation in favor of Agency for all work performed by Contractor, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

4.6 Contractor's Obligation. Contractor shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all equipment, vehicles and other items utilized in the performance of Work are operated, provided or otherwise utilized in a manner that ensures they are and remain covered by the policies referenced in Section 4 during this Agreement. Contractor shall also ensure that all workers involved in the provision of Work are properly classified as employees, agents or independent contractors and are and remain covered by any and all workers' compensation insurance required by applicable law during this Agreement.

Section 5. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

- 5.1 Effect of Insurance.** Agency's acceptance of insurance certificates and endorsements required under this Agreement does not relieve Contractor from liability under this indemnification and hold harmless clause. This indemnification and hold harmless clause shall apply to any damages or claims for damages whether or not such insurance policies shall have been determined to apply. By execution of this Agreement, Contractor acknowledges and agrees to the provisions of this section and that it is a material element of consideration.
- 5.2 Scope.** Contractor shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonably acceptable to the Agency, and hold harmless the Agency, and its officials, commissioners, officers, employees, agents and volunteers from and against all losses, liabilities, claims, demands, suits, actions, damages, expenses, penalties, fines, costs (including without limitation costs and fees of litigation), judgments and causes of action of every nature arising out of or in connection with any acts or omissions by Contractor, its officers, officials, agents, and employees, except as caused by the sole or gross negligence of Agency. Notwithstanding, should this Agreement be construed as a construction agreement under Civil Code section 2783, then the exception referenced above shall also be for the active negligence of Agency.
- 5.3 Transfer of Title.** Not Applicable.

Section 6. STATUS OF CONTRACTOR.

- 6.1 Independent Contractor.** Contractor is an independent contractor and not an employee of Agency. Agency shall have the right to control Contractor only insofar as the results of Contractor's Work and assignment of personnel pursuant to Section 1; otherwise, Agency shall not have the right to control the means by which Contractor accomplishes Work rendered pursuant to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any other Agency, state, or federal policy, rule, regulation, law, or ordinance to the contrary, Contractor and any of its employees, agents, and subcontractors providing services under this Agreement shall not qualify for or become entitled to, and hereby agree to waive any and all claims to, any compensation, benefit, or any incident of employment by Agency, including but not limited to eligibility to enroll in the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as an employee of Agency and entitlement to any contribution to be paid by Agency for employer contributions and/or employee contributions for PERS benefits.

Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency for the payment of any employee and/or employer contributions for PERS benefits on behalf of Contractor or its employees, agents, or subcontractors, as well as for the payment of any penalties and interest on such contributions, which would otherwise be the responsibility of Agency. Contractor and Agency acknowledge and agree that compensation paid by Agency to Contractor under this Agreement is based upon Contractor's estimated costs of providing the Work, including salaries and benefits of employees, agents and subcontractors of Contractor.

Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency from any lawsuit, administrative action, or other claim for penalties, losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such claims, whether directly or indirectly, due to Contractor's failure to secure workers' compensation insurance for its employees, agents, or subcontractors.

Contractor agrees that it is responsible for the provision of group healthcare benefits to its fulltime employees under 26 U.S.C. § 4980H of the Affordable Care Act. To the extent permitted by law, Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Agency from any penalty issued to Agency under the Affordable Care Act resulting from the performance of the Services by any employee, agent, or subcontractor of Contractor.

- 6.2 Contractor Not Agent.** Except as Agency may specify in writing, Contractor shall have no authority, express or implied, to act on behalf of Agency in any capacity whatsoever as an agent. Contractor shall have no authority, express or implied, pursuant to this Agreement to bind Agency to any obligation whatsoever.
- 6.3 Assignment and Subcontracting.** This Agreement contemplates personal performance by Contractor and is based upon a determination of Contractor's unique professional competence, experience, and specialized professional knowledge. A substantial inducement to Agency for entering into this Agreement was and is the personal reputation and competence of Contractor. Contractor may not assign this Agreement or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the Agency. Contractor shall not subcontract any portion of the performance contemplated and provided for herein, other than to the subcontractors identified in Exhibit A, without prior written approval of the Agency. Where written approval is granted by the Agency, Contractor shall supervise all work subcontracted by Contractor in performing the Work and shall be responsible for all work performed by a subcontractor as if Contractor itself had performed such work. The subcontracting of any work to subcontractors shall not relieve Contractor from any of its obligations under this Agreement with respect to the Work and Contractor is obligated to ensure that any and all subcontractors performing any Work shall be fully insured in all respects and to the same extent as set forth under Section 4, to Agency's satisfaction.
- 6.4 Certification as to California Energy Commission.** If requested by the Agency, Contractor shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit C.
- 6.5 Certification as to California Energy Commission Regarding Hazardous Materials Transport Vendors.** If requested by the Agency, Contractor shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit D.
- 6.6 Maintenance Labor Agreement.** If the Work is subject to the terms of one or more Maintenance Labor Agreements, which are applicable only to certain types

of construction, repair and/or maintenance projects, then Contractor shall execute Exhibit E and/or similar documentation as to compliance.

Section 7. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

- 7.1 Governing Law.** The laws of the State of California shall govern this Agreement.
- 7.2 Compliance with Applicable Laws.** Contractor and its subcontractors and agents, if any, shall comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the work hereunder.
- 7.3 Licenses and Permits.** Contractor represents and warrants to Agency that Contractor and its employees, agents, and subcontractors (if any) have and will maintain at their sole expense during the term of this Agreement all licenses, permits, qualifications, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required to practice their respective professions.
- 7.4 Monitoring by DIR.** The Work is subject to compliance monitoring and enforcement by the Department of Industrial Relations.
- 7.5 Registration with DIR.** During the term of this Agreement, Contractor warrants that it is registered with the Department of Industrial Relations and qualified to perform Work consistent with Labor Code section 1725.5.
- 7.6 Prevailing Wage Rates.** In accordance with California Labor Code Section 1771, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the Work is to be performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for holiday and overtime work as provided in the California Labor Code must be paid to all workers engaged in performing the Work. In accordance with California Labor Code Section 1770 and following, the Director of Industrial Relations has determined the general prevailing wage per diem rates for the locality in which the Work is to be performed; the Agency has obtained the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and the general rate for holiday and overtime work in the locality in which the Work is to be performed for each craft, classification or type of worker needed to perform the project; and copies of the prevailing rate of per diem wages are on file at the Agency and will be made available on request. Throughout the performance of the Work, Contractor must comply with all applicable laws and regulations that apply to wages earned in performance of the Work. Contractor assumes all responsibility for such payments and shall defend, indemnify and hold the Agency harmless from any and all claims made by the State of California, the Department of Industrial Relations, any subcontractor, any worker or any other third party with regard thereto.

Additionally, in accordance with the California Administrative Code, Title 8, Group 3, Article 2, Section 16000, Publication of Prevailing Wage Rates by Awarding

Bodies, copies of the applicable determination of the Director can be found on the web at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSR/PWD/> and may be reviewed at any time.

Contractor shall provide a certified copy of its payroll, on forms to be determined by the Agency and consistent with the Labor Code, within ten (10) days of the Contractor's receipt of Agency's written request therefor. Contractor's failure to timely comply with this provision may subject the Contractor to penalties pursuant to state law.

Contractor shall comply with applicable law, including Labor Code Sections 1774 and 1775. In accordance with Section 1775, Contractor shall forfeit as a penalty to Agency \$200.00 for each calendar day or portion thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing rates as determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for such work or craft in which such worker is employed for any Work done under the Agreement by Contractor or by any subcontractor under Contractor in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code and in particular, Labor Code Sections 1770 *et seq.* In addition to the penalty and pursuant to Section 1775, the difference between such prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each calendar day or portion thereof for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate shall be paid to each worker by the Contractor.

Section 8. TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION.

- 8.1 Termination.** Agency may cancel this Agreement at any time and without cause upon ten (10) days prior written notice to Contractor.

In the event of termination, Contractor shall be entitled to compensation for Work satisfactorily completed as of the effective date of termination; Agency, however, may condition payment of such compensation upon Contractor delivering to Agency any or all records or documents (as referenced in Section 9.1 hereof).

- 8.2 Amendments.** The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by both of the Parties.
- 8.3 Survival.** All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Agency and Contractor shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 8.4 Options upon Breach by Contractor.** If Contractor materially breaches any of the terms of this Agreement, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 4, Agency's remedies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

8.4.1 Immediately terminate the Agreement;

8.4.2 Retain the plans, specifications, drawings, reports, design documents, and any other work product prepared by Contractor pursuant to this Agreement;

- 8.4.3 Retain a different Contractor to complete the Work not finished by Contractor; and/or
- 8.4.4 Charge Contractor the difference between the costs to complete the Work that is unfinished at the time of breach and the amount that Agency would have paid Contractor pursuant hereto if Contractor had completed the Work.

Section 9. KEEPING AND STATUS OF RECORDS.

- 9.1 **Records Created as Part of Contractor's Performance.** All reports, data, maps, models, charts, studies, surveys, photographs, memoranda, plans, studies, specifications, records, files, or any other documents or materials, in electronic or any other form, that Contractor prepares or obtains pursuant to this Agreement and that relate to the matters covered hereunder shall be the property of the Agency. Contractor hereby agrees to deliver those documents to the Agency upon termination of the Agreement. Agency and Contractor agree that, unless approved by Agency in writing, Contractor shall not release to any non-parties to this Agreement any data, plans, specifications, reports and other documents.
- 9.2 **Contractor's Books and Records.** Contractor shall maintain any and all records or other documents evidencing or relating to charges for Work or expenditures and disbursements charged to the Agency under this Agreement for a minimum of three (3) years, or for any longer period required by law, from the date of final payment to the Contractor under this Agreement.
- 9.3 **Inspection and Audit of Records.** Any records or documents that this Agreement requires Contractor to maintain shall be made available for inspection, audit, and/or copying at any time during regular business hours, upon oral or written request of the Agency. Under California Government Code Section 8546.7, if the amount of public funds expended under this Agreement exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), the Agreement shall be subject to the examination and audit of the State Auditor, at the request of Agency or as part of any audit of the Agency, for a period of three (3) years after final payment under this Agreement.
- 9.4 **Confidential Information and Disclosure.**
 - 9.4.1 **Confidential Information.** The term "Confidential Information", as used herein, shall mean any and all confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information, whether written, recorded, electronic, oral or otherwise, where the Confidential Information is made available in a tangible medium of expression and marked in a prominent location as confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret information. Confidential Information shall not include information that: (a) was already known to the Receiving Party or is otherwise a matter of public knowledge, (b) was disclosed to

Receiving Party by a third party without violating any confidentiality agreement, (c) was independently developed by Receiving Party without reverse engineering, as evidenced by written records thereof, or (d) was not marked as Confidential Information in accordance with this section.

9.4.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. During the term of this Agreement, either party may disclose (the "Disclosing Party") Confidential Information to the other party (the "Receiving Party"). The Receiving Party: (a) shall hold the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in confidence; and (b) shall take all reasonable steps to prevent any unauthorized possession, use, copying, transfer or disclosure of such Confidential Information.

9.4.3 Permitted Disclosure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following disclosures of Confidential Information are allowed. Receiving Party shall endeavor to provide prior written notice to Disclosing Party of any permitted disclosure made pursuant to Section 9.4.3.2 or 9.4.3.3. Disclosing Party may seek a protective order, including without limitation, a temporary restraining order to prevent or contest such permitted disclosure; provided, however, that Disclosing Party shall seek such remedies at its sole expense. Neither party shall have any liability for such permitted disclosures:

9.4.3.1 Disclosure to employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors or other representatives of Receiving Party that have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

9.4.3.2 Disclosure in response to a valid order of a court, government or regulatory agency or as may otherwise be required by law; and

9.4.3.3 Disclosure by Agency in response to a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

9.4.4 Handling of Confidential Information. Upon conclusion or termination of the Agreement, Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party or destroy Confidential Information (including all copies thereof), if requested by Disclosing Party in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party may retain copies of such Confidential Information, subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement: (a) for archival purposes in its computer system; (b) in its legal department files; and (c) in files of Receiving Party's representatives where such copies are necessary to comply with applicable law. Party shall not disclose the Disclosing Party's Information to any person other than those of the Receiving Party's employees, agents, consultants, contractors and subcontractors who have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

Section 10. PROJECT SITE.

- 10.1 Operations at the Project Site.** Each Project site may include the power plant areas, all buildings, offices, and other locations where Work is to be performed, including any access roads. Contractor shall perform the Work in such a manner as to cause a minimum of interference with the operations of the Agency; if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4; and other contractors at the Project site and to protect all persons and property thereon from damage or injury. Upon completion of the Work at a Project site, Contractor shall leave such Project site clean and free of all tools, equipment, waste materials and rubbish, stemming from or relating to Contractor's Work.
- 10.2 Contractor's Equipment, Tools, Supplies and Materials.** Contractor shall be solely responsible for the transportation, loading and unloading, and storage of any equipment, tools, supplies or materials required for performing the Work, whether owned, leased or rented. Neither Agency nor, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, will be responsible for any such equipment, supplies or materials which may be lost, stolen or damaged or for any additional rental charges for such. Equipment, tools, supplies and materials left or stored at a Project site, with or without permission, is at Contractor's sole risk. Anything left on the Project site an unreasonable length of time after the Work is completed shall be presumed to have been abandoned by the Contractor. Any transportation furnished by Agency or, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, shall be solely as an accommodation and neither Agency nor, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, shall have liability therefor. Contractor shall assume the risk and is solely responsible for its owned, non-owned and hired automobiles, trucks or other motorized vehicles as well as any equipment, tools, supplies, materials or other property which is utilized by Contractor on the Project site. All materials and supplies used by Contractor in the Work shall be new and in good condition.
- 10.3 Use of Agency Equipment.** Contractor shall assume the risk and is solely responsible for its use of any equipment owned and property provided by Agency and, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, for the performance of Work.

Section 11. WARRANTY.

- 11.1 Nature of Work.** In addition to any and all warranties provided or implied by law or public policy, Contractor warrants that all Work shall be free from defects in design and workmanship, and that Contractor shall perform all Work in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules and regulations including engineering, construction and other codes and standards and prudent electrical utility standards, and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

11.2 Deficiencies in Work. In addition to all other rights and remedies which Agency may have, Agency shall have the right to require, and Contractor shall be obligated at its own expense to perform, all further Work which may be required to correct any deficiencies which result from Contractor's failure to perform any Work in accordance with the standards required by this Agreement. If during the term of this Agreement or the one (1) year period following completion of the Work, any equipment, supplies or other materials or Work used or provided by Contractor under this Agreement fails due to defects in material and/or workmanship or other breach of this Agreement, Contractor shall, upon any reasonable written notice from Agency, replace or repair the same to Agency's satisfaction.

11.3 Assignment of Warranties. Contractor hereby assigns to Agency all additional warranties, extended warranties, or benefits like warranties, such as insurance, provided by or reasonably obtainable from suppliers of equipment and material used in the Work.

Section 12. HEALTH AND SAFETY PROGRAMS. The Contractor shall establish, maintain, and enforce safe work practices, and implement an accident/incident prevention program intended to ensure safe and healthful operations under their direction. The program shall include all requisite components of such a program under Federal, State and local regulations and shall comply with all site programs established by Agency and, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4.

12.1 Contractor is responsible for acquiring job hazard assessments as necessary to safely perform the Work and provide a copy to Agency upon request.

12.2 Contractor is responsible for providing all employee health and safety training and personal protective equipment in accordance with potential hazards that may be encountered in performance of the Work and provide copies of the certified training records upon request by Agency. Contractor shall be responsible for proper maintenance and/or disposal of their personal protective equipment and material handling equipment.

12.3 Contractor is responsible for ensuring that its lower-tier subcontractors are aware of and will comply with the requirements set forth herein.

12.4 Agency, or its representatives, may periodically monitor the safety performance of the Contractor performing the Work. Contractors and its subcontractors shall be required to comply with the safety and health obligations as established in the Agreement. Non-compliance with safety, health, or fire requirements may result in cessation of work activities, until items in non-compliance are corrected. It is also expressly acknowledged, understood and agreed that no payment shall be due from Agency to Contractor under this Agreement at any time when, or for any Work performed when, Contractor is not in full compliance with this Section 12.

- 12.5** Contractor shall immediately report any injuries to the Agency site safety representative. Additionally, the Contractor shall investigate and submit to the Agency site safety representative copies of all written accident reports, and coordinate with Agency if further investigation is requested.
- 12.6** Contractor shall take all reasonable steps and precautions to protect the health of its employees and other site personnel with regard to the Work. Contractor shall conduct occupational health monitoring and/or sampling to determine levels of exposure of its employees to hazardous or toxic substances or environmental conditions. Copies of any sampling results will be forwarded to the Agency site safety representative upon request.
- 12.7** Contractor shall develop a plan to properly handle and dispose of any hazardous wastes, if any, Contractor generates in performing the Work.
- 12.8** Contractor shall advise its employees and subcontractors that any employee who jeopardizes his/her safety and health, or the safety and health of others, may be subject to actions including removal from Work.
- 12.9** Contractor shall, at the sole option of the Agency, develop and provide to the Agency a Hazardous Material Spill Response Plan that includes provisions for spill containment and clean-up, emergency contact information including regulatory agencies and spill sampling and analysis procedures. Hazardous Materials shall include diesel fuel used for trucks owned or leased by the Contractor.
- 12.10** If Contractor is providing Work to an Agency Member, SCPPA or SCPPA member (collectively "Member" solely for the purpose of this section) pursuant to Section 1.4 hereof, then that Member shall have the same rights as the Agency under Sections 12.1, 12.2, 12.4, 12.5, and 12.6 hereof.

Section 13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- 13.1 Attorneys' Fees.** If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.
- 13.2 Venue.** In the event that either party brings any action against the other under this Agreement, the Parties agree that trial of such action shall be vested exclusively in the state courts of California in the County of Placer or in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.
- 13.3 Severability.** If a court of competent jurisdiction finds or rules that any provision of this Agreement is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the provisions of this Agreement not so adjudged shall remain in full force and effect. The invalidity in

whole or in part of any provision of this Agreement shall not void or affect the validity of any other provision of this Agreement.

13.4 No Implied Waiver of Breach. The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.

13.5 Successors and Assigns. The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.

13.6 Conflict of Interest. Contractor may serve other clients, but none whose activities within the corporate limits of Agency or whose business, regardless of location, would place Contractor in a "conflict of interest," as that term is defined in the Political Reform Act, codified at California Government Code Section 81000 *et seq.*

Contractor shall not employ any Agency official in the work performed pursuant to this Agreement. No officer or employee of Agency shall have any financial interest in this Agreement that would violate California Government Code Sections 1090 *et seq.*

13.7 Contract Administrator. This Agreement shall be administered by Randy Bowersox, Assistant General Manager, or his/her designee, who shall act as the Agency's representative. All correspondence shall be directed to or through the representative.

13.8 Notices. Any written notice to Contractor shall be sent to:

Electric Power Systems International, Inc.
Attention: Jim Wolfgram
1612 Poole Blvd.
Yuba City, CA 95993

Any written notice to Agency shall be sent to:

Randy S. Howard
General Manager
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

With a copy to:

Jane E. Luckhardt
General Counsel
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

- 13.9 Professional Seal.** Where applicable in the determination of the Agency, the first page of a technical report, first page of design specifications, and each page of construction drawings shall be stamped/sealed and signed by the licensed professional responsible for the report/design preparation.
- 13.10 Integration; Incorporation.** This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Agency and Contractor and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 13.11 Alternative Dispute Resolution.** If any dispute arises between the Parties that cannot be settled after engaging in good faith negotiations, Agency and Contractor agree to resolve the dispute in accordance with the following:
- 13.11.1** Each party shall designate a senior management or executive level representative to negotiate any dispute;
 - 13.11.2** The representatives shall attempt, through good faith negotiations, to resolve the dispute by any means within their authority.
 - 13.11.3** If the issue remains unresolved after fifteen (15) days of good faith negotiations, the Parties shall attempt to resolve the disagreement by negotiation between legal counsel. If the above process fails, the Parties shall resolve any remaining disputes through mediation to expedite the resolution of the dispute.
 - 13.11.4** The mediation process shall provide for the selection within fifteen (15) days by both Parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within thirty (30) days and shall be concluded within fifteen (15) days from the commencement of the mediation.
 - 13.11.5** The Parties shall equally bear the costs of any third party in any alternative dispute resolution process.
 - 13.11.6** The alternative dispute resolution process is a material condition to this Agreement and must be exhausted as an administrative remedy prior to either Party initiating legal action. This alternative dispute resolution process is not intended to nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing a claim or action specified by Government Code §§ 900 *et seq.*
- 13.12 Controlling Provisions.** In the case of any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, a Purchase Order, or Contractor's Proposal (if any), the Agreement shall control. In the case of any conflict between the Exhibits hereto and a Purchase Order or the Contractor's Proposal, the Exhibits shall control. In the case of any conflict between the terms of a Purchase Order and the Contractor's Proposal, the Purchase Order shall control.

13.13 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.

13.14 Construction of Agreement. Each party hereto has had an equivalent opportunity to participate in the drafting of the Agreement and/or to consult with legal counsel. Therefore, the usual construction of an agreement against the drafting party shall not apply hereto.

13.15 No Third Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signator third parties. However, should Contractor provide Work to an Agency member, SCPPA or SCPPA member (collectively for the purpose of this section only "Member") pursuant to Section 1.4, the parties recognize that such Member may be a third party beneficiary solely as to the Purchase Order and Requested Work relating to such Member.

The Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date signed by the Agency.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS
INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Date _____

Date _____

RANDY S. HOWARD,
General Manager

LYLE ROHLF,
Director, Risk Management

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF WORK

Electric Power Systems International, Inc. ("Contractor") shall provide specialized electrical services as requested by the Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") at any facilities owned or operated by Agency, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA) or SCPPA Members.

Services to include but not be limited to the following:

Core testing performed as follows:

- Microprocessor, solid state and electro-mechanical protective relays (setting, programming etc.)
- Current transformers
- Potential transformers
- Current circuit verification
- Potential circuit verification
- Control circuit verification
- Open air disconnect switch
- Circuit breaker
- Transformer
- Generator
- Grounding

Typical substation tests performed as follows:

- Protective relays: Perform automated and manual testing using 3Ø voltage and 3Ø current test sets, verify logic.
- Current transformers: Ratio, saturation, power factor, insulation resistance.
- Potential transformers: Ratio, power factor, insulation resistance.
- Current circuit: Burden, circuit verification per drawings.
- Potential circuit: Burden, circuit verification per drawings.
- Control circuit: Circuit verification per drawings.
- Open air disconnect: Contact resistance, insulation resistance, operational.
- Circuit breaker: Contact resistance, insulation resistance, time travel, power factor, insulation resistance, operational.
- Transformer: Power factor, excitation, turns ratio, wdg resistance, insulation resistance, dielectric, sweep frequency response, operational.
- Generator: Insulation resistance, wdg resistance, power factor.
- Grounding: Resistance to remote earth, point-to-point.

No project under this Agreement shall include Work that would qualify as a Public Works Project under the California Public Contract Code.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION SCHEDULE AND HOURLY FEES

Compensation for all work, including hourly fees and expenses, shall not exceed the amount set forth in Section 2 hereof. The hourly rates and or compensation break down and an estimated amount of expenses is as follows:

2022 Rate Schedule

Electric Power Services International, Inc. offers complete testing and maintenance service for high and low voltage power distribution systems and equipment, and we are on call 24 hours a day.

Billing Rates	Straight Time*	Overtime**	Double-time***
Field Technicians	\$190.00/Hour	\$285.00/Hour	\$380.00/Hour

* Straight time rates apply to all work or travel during a normal eight hour workday, Monday–Friday, excluding Holidays.

** Overtime rates apply to all work or travel time other than that qualifying as straight time.

*** Double-time rates apply to all nationally recognized holidays, Sundays, and after 12 hours.

<u>Minimum Billing</u>	<u>0 - 4/hrs Billed @ 4.0hrs + Exp</u>
	<u>4 - 8/hrs Billed @ 8.0hrs + Exp</u>

Equipment Charges (Partial List)

Doble Power Factor Test Set M-4000	\$500.00/Day
AVO MPRT	\$120.00/Day
Multi-Amp PS 9160 High Current Test Set	\$100.00/Day
Multi-Amp CB 845 High Current Test Set	\$ 50.00/Day
Multi-Amp CTER 91 Current Transformer Test Set	\$ 60.00/Day
Multi-Amp Pulsar Relay Test Set	\$ 80.00/Day
Multi-Amp SR 90 Relay Test Set	\$ 60.00/Day
Vanguard Transformer Ohmmeter	\$ 50.00/Day
Vanguard Time Travel Analyzer	\$ 50.00/Day
Biddle 5 KV Motorized Meggar	\$ 50.00/Day
Biddle DLRO Ductor	\$ 25.00/Day
Biddle TTR Test Set	\$ 25.00/Day
Hipotronics 80 KV HiPot	\$ 50.00/Day
Biddle DET 2/2 Earth Tester	\$ 50.00/Day

Expenses

Living Expenses	\$300.00/Per Diem/Per Man
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Miscellaneous expenses such as equipment rental, parking, telephone, bridge tolls, automobile rentals, and expendable materials will be billed at cost plus 30% plus applicable tax and freight charges.

Mileage

Under 1 Ton	\$ 1.46/Mile Portal – To – Portal
1 Ton and Over	\$ 1.66/Mile Portal – To – Portal

With 30 days' advance written notice to Agency, hourly rates may be subject to annual adjustment, not to exceed 5% annually. Increase shall be agreed upon by both parties.

Pricing for services to be performed at NCPA Member or SCPPA locations will be quoted at the time services are requested.

EXHIBIT C
CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Contractors

I,

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that background investigations to ascertain the accuracy of the identity and employment history of all employees of

Electric Power Systems International, Inc.

(Company name)

for contract work at:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

have been conducted as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.

(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20 _____.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.

NOT APPLICABLE

EXHIBIT D

CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Hazardous Materials Transport Vendors

I, _____,

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that the below-named company has prepared and implemented security plans in conformity with 49 CFR 172, subpart I and has conducted employee background investigations in conformity with 49 CFR 172.802(a), as the same may be amended from time to time,

(Company name)

for hazardous materials delivery to:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.

(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.

NOT APPLICABLE

EXHIBIT E

**ATTACHMENT A [from MLA]
AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND**

**MAINTENANCE LABOR AGREEMENT ATTACHMENT
LODI ENERGY CENTER PROJECT**

The undersigned hereby certifies and agrees that:

- 1) It is an Employer as that term is defined in Section 1.4 of the Lodi Energy Center Project Maintenance Labor Agreement ("Agreement" solely for the purposes of this Exhibit E) because it has been, or will be, awarded a contract or subcontract to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work on the Project (as defined in Section 1.2 and 2.1 of the Agreement), or to authorize another party to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work, or to perform Covered Work.
- 2) In consideration of the award of such contract or subcontract, and in further consideration of the promises made in the Agreement and all attachments thereto (a copy of which was received and is hereby acknowledged), it accepts and agrees to be bound by the terms and condition of the Agreement, together with any and all amendments and supplements now existing or which are later made thereto.
- 3) If it performs Covered Work, it will be bound by the legally established trust agreements designated in local master collective bargaining agreements, and hereby authorizes the parties to such local trust agreements to appoint trustees and successor trustee to administer the trust funds, and hereby ratifies and accepts the trustees so appointed as if made by the undersigned.
- 4) It has no commitments or agreements that would preclude its full and complete compliance with the terms and conditions of the Agreement.
- 5) It will secure a duly executed Agreement to be Bound, in form identical to this documents, from any Employer(s) at any tier or tiers with which it contracts to assign, award, or subcontract Covered Work, or to authorize another party to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work, or to perform Covered Work.

DATED: _____ Name of Employer _____

(Authorized Officer & Title)

(Address)



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold – First Amendment to Five Year Multi-Task General Services Agreement for Scaffolding Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Randy Bowersox <i>RB.</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	N/A
Division:	Generation Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Combustion Turbines	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:

All Members	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake	<input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah	<input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto	<input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC	<input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding	<input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland	<input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville	<input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD	<input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>

If other, please specify

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-19 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold for scaffolding services, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, increasing the not-to-exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000, for continued use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.

BACKGROUND:

Scaffolding services are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. NCPA entered into a five year Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold effective October 9, 2018, for an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000, for use at all NCPA, NCPA Member, SCPPA, and SCPPA Member facilities.

Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold was recently awarded the LEC 2022 Spring Outage scaffolding support bid totaling \$714,168. This agreement does not have enough funds remaining for this work. NCPA now desires to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services agreement to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000 to ensure sufficient funds are available to complete this work and any future work through the remaining contract term. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with American Industrial Scaffolding, Bayside Insulation & Construction, Elevator, LLC and Petrochem Insulation.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement will be not to exceed \$4,000,000 over the remainder of the contract term. Purchase orders referencing the terms and conditions of the agreement will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

SELECTION PROCESS:

This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. NCPA seeks bids from qualified providers as required. Bids are awarded to the vendor providing the best overall value to NCPA. NCPA will issue purchase orders based on cost and availability of the services needed at the time the service is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

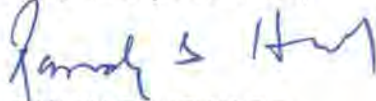
This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

On February 2, 2022 the Facilities Committee reviewed and endorsed the recommendation above for Commission approval.

On February 7, 2022 the Lodi Energy Center Project Participant Committee reviewed and approved the recommendation above for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over the typed name.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments (3):

- Resolution 22-19
- Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold
- First Amendment to Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold

RESOLUTION 22-19

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY APPROVING A FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE MULTI-TASK GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH ERNIE & SONS SCAFFOLDING DBA UNIQUE SCAFFOLD

(reference Staff Report #121:22)

WHEREAS, scaffolding services are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), NCPA Members, by the Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members; and

WHEREAS, NCPA and Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold entered into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement effective October 9, 2018, to provide such services; and

WHEREAS, Ernie & Sons was recently awarded the LEC spring outage scaffolding support bid totaling \$714,168. There are not enough funds available on the agreement to issue a PO for this amount; and

WHEREAS, NCPA now desires to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the General Manager or his designee to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold, with any non-substantial changes as approved by the NCPA General Counsel, to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000, for continued use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda			
San Francisco BART			
Biggs			
Gridley			
Healdsburg			
Lodi			
Lompoc			
Palo Alto			
Port of Oakland			
Redding			
Roseville			
Santa Clara			
Shasta Lake			
Truckee Donner			
Ukiah			
Plumas-Sierra			

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



**MULTI-TASK
GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND
ERNIE & SONS SCAFFOLDING DBA UNIQUE SCAFFOLD**

This Multi-Task General Services Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between the Northern California Power Agency, a joint powers agency with its main office located at 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, CA 95678-6420 ("Agency") and Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold, with its office located at 1960 Olivera Road, Concord, CA 94520 ("Contractor") (together sometimes referred to as the "Parties") as of October 9, 2018 ("Effective Date") in Roseville, California.

Section 1. SCOPE OF WORK. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Contractor is willing to provide to Agency the range of services and/or goods described in the Scope of Work attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein ("Work").

- 1.1 **Term of Agreement.** The term of this Agreement shall begin on the Effective Date and shall end when Contractor completes the Work, or no later than five (5) years from the date this Agreement was signed by Agency, whichever is shorter.
- 1.2 **Standard of Performance.** Contractor shall perform the Work in the manner and according to the standards observed by a competent practitioner of the profession in which Contractor is engaged and for which Contractor is providing the Work. Contractor represents that it is licensed, qualified and experienced to provide the Work set forth herein.
- 1.3 **Assignment of Personnel.** Contractor shall assign only competent personnel to perform the Work. In the event that Agency, in its sole discretion, at any time during the term of this Agreement, requests the reassignment of any such personnel, Contractor shall, immediately upon receiving written notice from Agency of such request, reassign such personnel.
- 1.4 **Work Provided.** Work provided under this Agreement by Contractor may include Work directly to the Agency or, as requested by the Agency and consistent with the terms of this Agreement, to Agency members, Southern California Public Power Authority ("SCPPA") or SCPPA members.
- 1.5 **Request for Work to be Performed.** At such time that Agency determines to have Contractor perform Work under this Agreement, Agency shall issue a Purchase Order. The Purchase Order shall identify the specific Work to be performed ("Requested Work"), may include a not-to-exceed cap on monetary cap on Requested Work and all related expenditures authorized by that Purchase Order, and shall include a time by which the Requested Work shall be completed. Contractor shall have seven calendar days from the date of the Agency's issuance of the Purchase Order in which to respond in writing that Contractor chooses not to perform the Requested Work. If Contractor agrees to perform the Requested Work, begins to perform the Requested Work, or does not respond within the seven day period specified, then Contractor will have

agreed to perform the Requested Work on the terms set forth in the Purchase Order, this Agreement and its Exhibits.

Section 2. COMPENSATION. Agency hereby agrees to pay Contractor an amount **NOT TO EXCEED TWO MILLION** dollars (\$2,000,000.00) for the Work, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Contractor's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Contractor, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

2.1 Invoices. Contractor shall submit invoices, not more often than once a month during the term of this Agreement, based on the cost for services performed and reimbursable costs incurred prior to the invoice date. Invoices shall contain the following information:

- The beginning and ending dates of the billing period;
- Work performed;
- The Purchase Order number authorizing the Requested Work;
- At Agency's option, for each work item in each task, a copy of the applicable time entries or time sheets shall be submitted showing the name of the person doing the work, the hours spent by each person, a brief description of the work, and each reimbursable expense, with supporting documentation, to Agency's reasonable satisfaction;
- At Agency's option, the total number of hours of work performed under the Agreement by Contractor and each employee, agent, and subcontractor of Contractor performing work hereunder.

Invoices shall be sent to:

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attn: Accounts Payable
AcctsPayable@ncpa.com

2.2 Monthly Payment. Agency shall make monthly payments, based on invoices received, for Work satisfactorily performed, and for authorized reimbursable costs incurred. Agency shall have thirty (30) days from the receipt of an invoice that complies with all of the requirements above to pay Contractor.

2.3 Payment of Taxes. Contractor is solely responsible for the payment of all federal, state and local taxes, including employment taxes, incurred under this Agreement.

2.4 Authorization to Perform Work. The Contractor is not authorized to perform any Work or incur any costs whatsoever under the terms of this Agreement until receipt of a Purchase Order from the Contract Administrator.

- 2.5 Timing for Submittal of Final Invoice.** Contractor shall have ninety (90) days after completion of the Requested Work to submit its final invoice for the Requested Work. In the event Contractor fails to submit an invoice to Agency for any amounts due within the ninety (90) day period, Contractor is deemed to have waived its right to collect its final payment for the Requested Work from Agency.

Section 3. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Except as set forth herein, Contractor shall, at its sole cost and expense, provide all facilities and equipment that may be necessary to perform the Work.

Section 4. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS. Before beginning any Work under this Agreement, Contractor, at its own cost and expense, shall procure the types and amounts of insurance listed below and shall maintain the types and amounts of insurance listed below for the period covered by this Agreement.

- 4.1 Workers' Compensation.** If Contractor employs any person, Contractor shall maintain Statutory Workers' Compensation Insurance and Employer's Liability Insurance for any and all persons employed directly or indirectly by Contractor with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per accident.

4.2 Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance.

4.2.1 Commercial General Insurance. Contractor shall maintain commercial general liability insurance for the term of this Agreement, including products liability, covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, for bodily injury, death, personal injury and broad form property damage which may arise out of the operations of Contractor. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate. Commercial general coverage shall be at least as broad as ISO Commercial General Liability form CG 0001 (current edition) on "an occurrence" basis covering comprehensive General Liability, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. No endorsement shall be attached limiting the coverage.

4.2.2 Automobile Liability. Contractor shall maintain automobile liability insurance form CA 0001 (current edition) for the term of this Agreement covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, arising from the operation, maintenance or use of any vehicle (symbol 1), whether or not owned by the Contractor, on or off Agency premises. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$1,000,000 per each accident, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. This insurance shall provide contractual liability covering all motor vehicles and mobile equipment to the extent coverage may be excluded from general liability insurance.

4.2.3 General Liability/Umbrella Insurance. The coverage amounts set forth above may be met by a combination of underlying and umbrella policies as long as in combination the limits equal or exceed those stated.

4.3 **Professional Liability Insurance.** Not Applicable.

4.4 **Pollution Insurance.** Not Applicable.

4.5 **All Policies Requirements.**

4.5.1 **Verification of coverage.** Prior to beginning any work under this Agreement, Contractor shall provide Agency with (1) a Certificate of Insurance that demonstrates compliance with all applicable insurance provisions contained herein and (2) policy endorsements to the policies referenced in Section 4.2 and in Section 4.4, if applicable, adding the Agency as an additional insured and declaring such insurance primary in regard to work performed pursuant to this Agreement.

4.5.2 **Notice of Reduction in or Cancellation of Coverage.** Contractor shall provide at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Agency of any reduction in scope or amount, cancellation, or modification adverse to Agency of the policies referenced in Section 4.

4.5.3 **Higher Limits.** If Contractor maintains higher limits than the minimums specified herein, the Agency shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the Contractor.

4.5.4 **Additional Certificates and Endorsements.** If Contractor performs Work for Agency members, SCPPA and/or SCPPA members pursuant to this Agreement, Contractor shall provide the certificates of insurance and policy endorsements, as referenced in Section 4.5.1, naming the specific Agency member, SCPPA and/or SCPPA member for which the Work is to be performed.

4.5.5 **Waiver of Subrogation.** Contractor agrees to waive subrogation which any insurer of Contractor may acquire from Contractor by virtue of the payment of any loss. Contractor agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation. In addition, the Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of subrogation in favor of Agency for all work performed by Contractor, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

4.6 **Contractor's Obligation.** Contractor shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all equipment, vehicles and other items utilized in the performance of Work are operated, provided or otherwise utilized in a manner that ensures they are and remain covered by the policies referenced in Section 4 during this Agreement. Contractor shall also ensure that all workers involved in the provision of Work are properly classified as employees, agents or independent contractors and are and remain covered by any and all workers' compensation insurance required by applicable law during this Agreement.

Section 5. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

- 5.1 Effect of Insurance.** Agency's acceptance of insurance certificates and endorsements required under this Agreement does not relieve Contractor from liability under this indemnification and hold harmless clause. This indemnification and hold harmless clause shall apply to any damages or claims for damages whether or not such insurance policies shall have been determined to apply. By execution of this Agreement, Contractor acknowledges and agrees to the provisions of this section and that it is a material element of consideration.
- 5.2 Scope.** Contractor shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonably acceptable to the Agency, and hold harmless the Agency, and its officials, commissioners, officers, employees, agents and volunteers from and against all losses, liabilities, claims, demands, suits, actions, damages, expenses, penalties, fines, costs (including without limitation costs and fees of litigation), judgments and causes of action of every nature arising out of or in connection with any acts or omissions by Contractor, its officers, officials, agents, and employees, except as caused by the sole or gross negligence of Agency. Notwithstanding, should this Agreement be construed as a construction agreement under Civil Code section 2783, then the exception referenced above shall also be for the active negligence of Agency.
- 5.3 Transfer of Title.** Not Applicable.

Section 6. STATUS OF CONTRACTOR.

- 6.1 Independent Contractor.** Contractor is an independent contractor and not an employee of Agency. Agency shall have the right to control Contractor only insofar as the results of Contractor's Work and assignment of personnel pursuant to Section 1; otherwise, Agency shall not have the right to control the means by which Contractor accomplishes Work rendered pursuant to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any other Agency, state, or federal policy, rule, regulation, law, or ordinance to the contrary, Contractor and any of its employees, agents, and subcontractors providing services under this Agreement shall not qualify for or become entitled to, and hereby agree to waive any and all claims to, any compensation, benefit, or any incident of employment by Agency, including but not limited to eligibility to enroll in the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as an employee of Agency and entitlement to any contribution to be paid by Agency for employer contributions and/or employee contributions for PERS benefits.

Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency for the payment of any employee and/or employer contributions for PERS benefits on behalf of Contractor or its employees, agents, or subcontractors, as well as for the payment of any penalties and interest on such contributions, which would otherwise be the responsibility of Agency. Contractor and Agency acknowledge and agree that compensation paid by Agency to Contractor under this Agreement is based upon Contractor's estimated costs of providing the Work, including salaries and benefits of employees, agents and subcontractors of Contractor.

Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency from any lawsuit, administrative action, or other claim for penalties, losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such claims, whether directly or indirectly, due to Contractor's failure to secure workers' compensation insurance for its employees, agents, or subcontractors.

Contractor agrees that it is responsible for the provision of group healthcare benefits to its fulltime employees under 26 U.S.C. § 4980H of the Affordable Care Act. To the extent permitted by law, Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Agency from any penalty issued to Agency under the Affordable Care Act resulting from the performance of the Services by any employee, agent, or subcontractor of Contractor.

- 6.2 Contractor Not Agent.** Except as Agency may specify in writing, Contractor shall have no authority, express or implied, to act on behalf of Agency in any capacity whatsoever as an agent. Contractor shall have no authority, express or implied, pursuant to this Agreement to bind Agency to any obligation whatsoever.
- 6.3 Assignment and Subcontracting.** This Agreement contemplates personal performance by Contractor and is based upon a determination of Contractor's unique professional competence, experience, and specialized professional knowledge. A substantial inducement to Agency for entering into this Agreement was and is the personal reputation and competence of Contractor. Contractor may not assign this Agreement or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the Agency. Contractor shall not subcontract any portion of the performance contemplated and provided for herein, other than to the subcontractors identified in Exhibit A, without prior written approval of the Agency. Where written approval is granted by the Agency, Contractor shall supervise all work subcontracted by Contractor in performing the Work and shall be responsible for all work performed by a subcontractor as if Contractor itself had performed such work. The subcontracting of any work to subcontractors shall not relieve Contractor from any of its obligations under this Agreement with respect to the Work and Contractor is obligated to ensure that any and all subcontractors performing any Work shall be fully insured in all respects and to the same extent as set forth under Section 4, to Agency's satisfaction.
- 6.4 Certification as to California Energy Commission.** If requested by the Agency, Contractor shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit C.
- 6.5 Certification as to California Energy Commission Regarding Hazardous Materials Transport Vendors.** If requested by the Agency, Contractor shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit D.
- 6.6 Maintenance Labor Agreement.** If the Work is subject to the terms of one or more Maintenance Labor Agreements, which are applicable only to certain types

of construction, repair and/or maintenance projects, then Contractor shall execute Exhibit E and/or similar documentation as to compliance.

Section 7. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

- 7.1 Governing Law.** The laws of the State of California shall govern this Agreement.
- 7.2 Compliance with Applicable Laws.** Contractor and its subcontractors and agents, if any, shall comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the work hereunder.
- 7.3 Licenses and Permits.** Contractor represents and warrants to Agency that Contractor and its employees, agents, and subcontractors (if any) have and will maintain at their sole expense during the term of this Agreement all licenses, permits, qualifications, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required to practice their respective professions.
- 7.4 Monitoring by DIR.** The Work is subject to compliance monitoring and enforcement by the Department of Industrial Relations.
- 7.5 Registration with DIR.** During the term of this Agreement, Contractor warrants that it is registered with the Department of Industrial Relations and qualified to perform Work consistent with Labor Code section 1725.5.
- 7.6 Prevailing Wage Rates.** In accordance with California Labor Code Section 1771, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the Work is to be performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for holiday and overtime work as provided in the California Labor Code must be paid to all workers engaged in performing the Work. In accordance with California Labor Code Section 1770 and following, the Director of Industrial Relations has determined the general prevailing wage per diem rates for the locality in which the Work is to be performed; the Agency has obtained the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and the general rate for holiday and overtime work in the locality in which the Work is to be performed for each craft, classification or type of worker needed to perform the project; and copies of the prevailing rate of per diem wages are on file at the Agency and will be made available on request. Throughout the performance of the Work, Contractor must comply with all applicable laws and regulations that apply to wages earned in performance of the Work. Contractor assumes all responsibility for such payments and shall defend, indemnify and hold the Agency harmless from any and all claims made by the State of California, the Department of Industrial Relations, any subcontractor, any worker or any other third party with regard thereto.

Additionally, in accordance with the California Administrative Code, Title 8, Group 3, Article 2, Section 16000, Publication of Prevailing Wage Rates by Awarding

Bodies, copies of the applicable determination of the Director can be found on the web at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSR/PWD/> and may be reviewed at any time.

Contractor shall be required to submit to the Agency during the contract period, copies of Public Works payroll reporting information per California Department of Industrial Relations, Form A- 1-131 (New 2-80) concerning work performed under this Agreement.

Contractor shall comply with applicable law, including Labor Code Sections 1774 and 1775. In accordance with Section 1775, Contractor shall forfeit as a penalty to Agency \$50.00 for each calendar day or portion thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing rates as determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for such work or craft in which such worker is employed for any Work done under the Agreement by Contractor or by any subcontractor under Contractor in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code and in particular, Labor Code Sections 1770 *et seq.* In addition to the penalty and pursuant to Section 1775, the difference between such prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each calendar day or portion thereof for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate shall be paid to each worker by the Contractor.

Section 8. TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION.

- 8.1 Termination.** Agency may cancel this Agreement at any time and without cause upon ten (10) days prior written notice to Contractor.

In the event of termination, Contractor shall be entitled to compensation for Work satisfactorily completed as of the effective date of termination; Agency, however, may condition payment of such compensation upon Contractor delivering to Agency any or all records or documents (as referenced in Section 9.1 hereof).

- 8.2 Amendments.** The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by both of the Parties.

- 8.3 Survival.** All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Agency and Contractor shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

- 8.4 Options upon Breach by Contractor.** If Contractor materially breaches any of the terms of this Agreement, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 4, Agency's remedies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

8.4.1 Immediately terminate the Agreement;

8.4.2 Retain the plans, specifications, drawings, reports, design documents, and any other work product prepared by Contractor pursuant to this Agreement;

- 8.4.3 Retain a different Contractor to complete the Work not finished by Contractor; and/or
- 8.4.4 Charge Contractor the difference between the costs to complete the Work that is unfinished at the time of breach and the amount that Agency would have paid Contractor pursuant hereto if Contractor had completed the Work.

Section 9. KEEPING AND STATUS OF RECORDS.

- 9.1 **Records Created as Part of Contractor's Performance.** All reports, data, maps, models, charts, studies, surveys, photographs, memoranda, plans, studies, specifications, records, files, or any other documents or materials, in electronic or any other form, that Contractor prepares or obtains pursuant to this Agreement and that relate to the matters covered hereunder shall be the property of the Agency. Contractor hereby agrees to deliver those documents to the Agency upon termination of the Agreement. Agency and Contractor agree that, unless approved by Agency in writing, Contractor shall not release to any non-parties to this Agreement any data, plans, specifications, reports and other documents.
- 9.2 **Contractor's Books and Records.** Contractor shall maintain any and all records or other documents evidencing or relating to charges for Work or expenditures and disbursements charged to the Agency under this Agreement for a minimum of three (3) years, or for any longer period required by law, from the date of final payment to the Contractor under this Agreement.
- 9.3 **Inspection and Audit of Records.** Any records or documents that this Agreement requires Contractor to maintain shall be made available for inspection, audit, and/or copying at any time during regular business hours, upon oral or written request of the Agency. Under California Government Code Section 8546.7, if the amount of public funds expended under this Agreement exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), the Agreement shall be subject to the examination and audit of the State Auditor, at the request of Agency or as part of any audit of the Agency, for a period of three (3) years after final payment under this Agreement.
- 9.4 **Confidential Information and Disclosure.**
- 9.4.1 **Confidential Information.** The term "Confidential Information", as used herein, shall mean any and all confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information, whether written, recorded, electronic, oral or otherwise, where the Confidential Information is made available in a tangible medium of expression and marked in a prominent location as confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret information. Confidential Information shall not include information that: (a) was already known to the Receiving Party or is otherwise a matter of public knowledge, (b) was disclosed to Receiving Party by a third party without violating any confidentiality

agreement, (c) was independently developed by Receiving Party without reverse engineering, as evidenced by written records thereof, or (d) was not marked as Confidential Information in accordance with this section.

9.4.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. During the term of this Agreement, either party may disclose (the "Disclosing Party") Confidential Information to the other party (the "Receiving Party"). The Receiving Party: (a) shall hold the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in confidence; and (b) shall take all reasonable steps to prevent any unauthorized possession, use, copying, transfer or disclosure of such Confidential Information.

9.4.3 Permitted Disclosure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following disclosures of Confidential Information are allowed. Receiving Party shall endeavor to provide prior written notice to Disclosing Party of any permitted disclosure made pursuant to Section 9.4.3.2 or 9.4.3.3. Disclosing Party may seek a protective order, including without limitation, a temporary restraining order to prevent or contest such permitted disclosure; provided, however, that Disclosing Party shall seek such remedies at its sole expense. Neither party shall have any liability for such permitted disclosures:

9.4.3.1 Disclosure to employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors or other representatives of Receiving Party that have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

9.4.3.2 Disclosure in response to a valid order of a court, government or regulatory agency or as may otherwise be required by law; and

9.4.3.3 Disclosure by Agency in response to a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

9.4.4 Handling of Confidential Information. Upon conclusion or termination of the Agreement, Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party or destroy Confidential Information (including all copies thereof), if requested by Disclosing Party in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party may retain copies of such Confidential Information, subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement: (a) for archival purposes in its computer system; (b) in its legal department files; and (c) in files of Receiving Party's representatives where such copies are necessary to comply with applicable law. Party shall not disclose the Disclosing Party's Information to any person other than those of the Receiving Party's employees, agents, consultants, contractors and subcontractors who have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

Section 10. PROJECT SITE.

- 10.1 Operations at the Project Site.** Each Project site may include the power plant areas, all buildings, offices, and other locations where Work is to be performed, including any access roads. Contractor shall perform the Work in such a manner as to cause a minimum of interference with the operations of the Agency; if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4; and other contractors at the Project site and to protect all persons and property thereon from damage or injury. Upon completion of the Work at a Project site, Contractor shall leave such Project site clean and free of all tools, equipment, waste materials and rubbish, stemming from or relating to Contractor's Work.
- 10.2 Contractor's Equipment, Tools, Supplies and Materials.** Contractor shall be solely responsible for the transportation, loading and unloading, and storage of any equipment, tools, supplies or materials required for performing the Work, whether owned, leased or rented. Neither Agency nor, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, will be responsible for any such equipment, supplies or materials which may be lost, stolen or damaged or for any additional rental charges for such. Equipment, tools, supplies and materials left or stored at a Project site, with or without permission, is at Contractor's sole risk. Anything left on the Project site an unreasonable length of time after the Work is completed shall be presumed to have been abandoned by the Contractor. Any transportation furnished by Agency or, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, shall be solely as an accommodation and neither Agency nor, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, shall have liability therefor. Contractor shall assume the risk and is solely responsible for its owned, non-owned and hired automobiles, trucks or other motorized vehicles as well as any equipment, tools, supplies, materials or other property which is utilized by Contractor on the Project site. All materials and supplies used by Contractor in the Work shall be new and in good condition.
- 10.3 Use of Agency Equipment.** Contractor shall assume the risk and is solely responsible for its use of any equipment owned and property provided by Agency and, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, for the performance of Work.

Section 11. WARRANTY.

- 11.1 Nature of Work.** In addition to any and all warranties provided or implied by law or public policy, Contractor warrants that all Work shall be free from defects in design and workmanship, and that Contractor shall perform all Work in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules and regulations including engineering, construction and other codes and standards and prudent electrical utility standards, and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

- 11.2 Deficiencies in Work.** In addition to all other rights and remedies which Agency may have, Agency shall have the right to require, and Contractor shall be obligated at its own expense to perform, all further Work which may be required to correct any deficiencies which result from Contractor's failure to perform any Work in accordance with the standards required by this Agreement. If during the term of this Agreement or the one (1) year period following completion of the Work, any equipment, supplies or other materials or Work used or provided by Contractor under this Agreement fails due to defects in material and/or workmanship or other breach of this Agreement, Contractor shall, upon any reasonable written notice from Agency, replace or repair the same to Agency's satisfaction.
- 11.3 Assignment of Warranties.** Contractor hereby assigns to Agency all additional warranties, extended warranties, or benefits like warranties, such as insurance, provided by or reasonably obtainable from suppliers of equipment and material used in the Work.

Section 12. HEALTH AND SAFETY PROGRAMS. The Contractor shall establish, maintain, and enforce safe work practices, and implement an accident/incident prevention program intended to ensure safe and healthful operations under their direction. The program shall include all requisite components of such a program under Federal, State and local regulations and shall comply with all site programs established by Agency and, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4.

- 12.1** Contractor is responsible for acquiring job hazard assessments as necessary to safely perform the Work and provide a copy to Agency upon request.
- 12.2** Contractor is responsible for providing all employee health and safety training and personal protective equipment in accordance with potential hazards that may be encountered in performance of the Work and provide copies of the certified training records upon request by Agency. Contractor shall be responsible for proper maintenance and/or disposal of their personal protective equipment and material handling equipment.
- 12.3** Contractor is responsible for ensuring that its lower-tier subcontractors are aware of and will comply with the requirements set forth herein.
- 12.4** Agency, or its representatives, may periodically monitor the safety performance of the Contractor performing the Work. Contractors and its subcontractors shall be required to comply with the safety and health obligations as established in the Agreement. Non-compliance with safety, health, or fire requirements may result in cessation of work activities, until items in non-compliance are corrected. It is also expressly acknowledged, understood and agreed that no payment shall be due from Agency to Contractor under this Agreement at any time when, or for any Work performed when, Contractor is not in full compliance with this Section 12.

- 12.5 Contractor shall immediately report any injuries to the Agency site safety representative. Additionally, the Contractor shall investigate and submit to the Agency site safety representative copies of all written accident reports, and coordinate with Agency if further investigation is requested.
- 12.6 Contractor shall take all reasonable steps and precautions to protect the health of its employees and other site personnel with regard to the Work. Contractor shall conduct occupational health monitoring and/or sampling to determine levels of exposure of its employees to hazardous or toxic substances or environmental conditions. Copies of any sampling results will be forwarded to the Agency site safety representative upon request.
- 12.7 Contractor shall develop a plan to properly handle and dispose of any hazardous wastes, if any, Contractor generates in performing the Work.
- 12.8 Contractor shall advise its employees and subcontractors that any employee who jeopardizes his/her safety and health, or the safety and health of others, may be subject to actions including removal from Work.
- 12.9 Contractor shall, at the sole option of the Agency, develop and provide to the Agency a Hazardous Material Spill Response Plan that includes provisions for spill containment and clean-up, emergency contact information including regulatory agencies and spill sampling and analysis procedures. Hazardous Materials shall include diesel fuel used for trucks owned or leased by the Contractor.
- 12.10 If Contractor is providing Work to an Agency Member, SCLPA or SCLPA member (collectively "Member" solely for the purpose of this section) pursuant to Section 1.4 hereof, then that Member shall have the same rights as the Agency under Sections 12.1, 12.2, 12.4, 12.5, and 12.6 hereof.

Section 13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- 13.1 **Attorneys' Fees.** If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.
- 13.2 **Venue.** In the event that either party brings any action against the other under this Agreement, the Parties agree that trial of such action shall be vested exclusively in the state courts of California in the County of Placer or in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.
- 13.3 **Severability.** If a court of competent jurisdiction finds or rules that any provision of this Agreement is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the provisions of this Agreement not so adjudged shall remain in full force and effect. The invalidity in

whole or in part of any provision of this Agreement shall not void or affect the validity of any other provision of this Agreement.

- 13.4 No Implied Waiver of Breach.** The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.
- 13.5 Successors and Assigns.** The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.
- 13.6 Conflict of Interest.** Contractor may serve other clients, but none whose activities within the corporate limits of Agency or whose business, regardless of location, would place Contractor in a "conflict of interest," as that term is defined in the Political Reform Act, codified at California Government Code Section 81000 *et seq.*

Contractor shall not employ any Agency official in the work performed pursuant to this Agreement. No officer or employee of Agency shall have any financial interest in this Agreement that would violate California Government Code Sections 1090 *et seq.*

- 13.7 Contract Administrator.** This Agreement shall be administered by Ken Speer, Assistant General Manager, or his/her designee, who shall act as the Agency's representative. All correspondence shall be directed to or through the representative.
- 13.8 Notices.** Any written notice to Contractor shall be sent to:

Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold
Attention: John Soto
1960 Olivera Road
Concord, CA 94520

Any written notice to Agency shall be sent to:

Randy S. Howard
General Manager
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

With a copy to:

Jane E. Luckhardt
General Counsel
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

- 13.9 Professional Seal.** Where applicable in the determination of the Agency, the first page of a technical report, first page of design specifications, and each page of construction drawings shall be stamped/sealed and signed by the licensed professional responsible for the report/design preparation.
- 13.10 Integration; Incorporation.** This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Agency and Contractor and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 13.11 Alternative Dispute Resolution.** If any dispute arises between the Parties that cannot be settled after engaging in good faith negotiations, Agency and Contractor agree to resolve the dispute in accordance with the following:
- 13.11.1** Each party shall designate a senior management or executive level representative to negotiate any dispute;
 - 13.11.2** The representatives shall attempt, through good faith negotiations, to resolve the dispute by any means within their authority.
 - 13.11.3** If the issue remains unresolved after fifteen (15) days of good faith negotiations, the Parties shall attempt to resolve the disagreement by negotiation between legal counsel. If the above process fails, the Parties shall resolve any remaining disputes through mediation to expedite the resolution of the dispute.
 - 13.11.4** The mediation process shall provide for the selection within fifteen (15) days by both Parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within thirty (30) days and shall be concluded within fifteen (15) days from the commencement of the mediation.
 - 13.11.5** The Parties shall equally bear the costs of any third party in any alternative dispute resolution process.
 - 13.11.6** The alternative dispute resolution process is a material condition to this Agreement and must be exhausted as an administrative remedy prior to either Party initiating legal action. This alternative dispute resolution process is not intended to nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing a claim or action specified by Government Code §§ 900 *et seq.*
- 13.12 Controlling Provisions.** In the case of any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, a Purchase Order, or Contractor's Proposal (if any), the Agreement shall control. In the case of any conflict between the Exhibits hereto and a Purchase Order or the Contractor's Proposal, the Exhibits shall control. In the case of any conflict between the terms of a Purchase Order and the Contractor's Proposal, the Purchase Order shall control.

- 13.13 Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.
- 13.14 Construction of Agreement.** Each party hereto has had an equivalent opportunity to participate in the drafting of the Agreement and/or to consult with legal counsel. Therefore, the usual construction of an agreement against the drafting party shall not apply hereto.
- 13.15 No Third Party Beneficiaries.** This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signator third parties. However, should Contractor provide Work to an Agency member, SCPPA or SCPPA member (collectively for the purpose of this section only "Member") pursuant to Section 1.4, the parties recognize that such Member may be a third party beneficiary solely as to the Purchase Order and Requested Work relating to such Member.

The Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date signed by the Agency.


NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

ERNIE & SONS SCAFFOLDING DBA
UNIQUE SCAFFOLD

Date 10/9/18

Date 9/26/2018


RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager


JOHN SOTO, Vice President / Co-Owner

Attest:


Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:


Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF WORK

Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold ("Contractor") shall provide scaffolding services as requested by the Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") at any facilities owned or operated by Agency, its Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA) or SCPPA Members.

Services to include, but not be limited to the following:

- Assemble, safety tag scaffold, inspect scaffold, modify scaffold structures, disassemble scaffold
- Contractor is responsible for inspecting and tracking scaffold materials being stored and erected to ensure scaffold quality is within the Cal-OSHA requirements and Industry Standard Guidelines.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION SCHEDULE AND HOURLY FEES

Compensation for all work, including hourly fees and expenses, shall not exceed the amount set forth in Section 2 hereof. The hourly rates and or compensation break down and an estimated amount of expenses is as follows:

Lodi Rates:

Effective July 1st 2018 per our Carpenters Union Negotiation (46 Northern California Counties Master Agreement) thru June 30th 2023, Time & Material Labor Rates/Scaffolding material supply service on the current above-mentioned project (s) are:

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 3 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$93.60	\$120.70	\$147.47	\$93.60

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 3 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$98.00	\$125.05	\$153.08	\$97.64

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 3 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$101.90	\$129.40	\$158.72	\$101.12

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 3 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$105.94	\$133.86	\$164.48	\$104.71

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 3 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$110.13	\$138.41	\$170.38	\$108.42

- c Scaffold material rental for 28 days are included in the rates. Rental after 28 days will be charged as follows.

- o July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019 \$0.09 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
 - o July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020 \$0.10 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
 - o July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2021 \$0.11 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
 - o July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022 \$0.12 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
 - o July 1, 2022 – June 30, 2023 \$0.13 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.

- Rental will stop once Unique Scaffold is notified that the scaffold is no longer needed.

Alameda Rates:

Effective July 1st 2018 per our Carpenters Union Negotiation (46 Northern California Counties Master Agreement) thru June 30th 2023, Time & Material Labor Rates/Scaffolding material supply service on the current above-mentioned project (s) are:

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 1 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$97.62	\$126.35	\$155.52	\$97.62

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 1 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$101.93	\$131.48	\$161.92	\$101.93

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 1 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$105.73	\$136.09	\$167.81	\$105.73

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 1 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$109.66	\$140.84	\$173.87	\$109.66

* Labor rates are valid from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and will be negotiated on an annual basis to factor the union rate increase.

Area 1 Labor Rates	Straight Time	Overtime	Double Time	Travel Time
Per Hour	\$113.74	\$145.73	\$180.10	\$113.74

c Scaffold material rental for 28 days are included in the rates. Rental after 28 days will be charged as follows.

- c July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019 \$0.09 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
- c July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020 \$0.10 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
- c July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2021 \$0.11 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
- c July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022 \$0.12 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.
- c July 1, 2022 – June 30, 2023 \$0.13 per-piece, per-day, plus tax.

* Rental will stop once Unique Scaffold is notified that the scaffold is no longer needed.

- Consumables such as wire, nails, toe-board and small tools are included in the pricing.
 - Other consumables, i.e. full sheets of plywood, safety netting, l-beams or any other items uncommonly used for day to day scaffold use will be billed at cost plus 10%.
- Freight will be billed at cost plus 10%.
- Third Party rental equipment will be billed at cost plus 10%.
- Shrink wrap material/ accessories that are used per-request will be billed per (½ roll and or full roll) 12mil 30' x 100'.

○ July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019	\$600.18 per full roll.	\$300.09 per half roll.
○ July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020	\$618.19 per full roll.	\$309.09 per half roll.
○ July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2021	\$636.73 per full roll.	\$318.37 per half roll.
○ July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022	\$655.83 per full roll.	\$327.92 per half roll.
○ July 1, 2022 – June 30, 2023	\$675.51 per full roll.	\$337.75 per half roll.
- Budget pricing will be provided for all projects prior to starting work, with the exception of emergency call out work. Pricing for this work will provided in a timely manner.
- All work will be done in accordance with NCCRC Agreement.
- Unique Scaffold will coordinate directly with NCPA on work being performed and at the sole discretion of on-site Manager(s).
- Unique Scaffold's project manager's responsibilities shall include inspection and tracking of all scaffold materials being stored and erected to ensure scaffold quality is within the Cal – OSHA requirements and Industry Standard Guidelines.
- No back charge for work by others on or incidental to our work under this Agreement will be accepted by or paid by us unless we have entered into written agreement relative to said charges prior to the performance of such work.
- Bid assumes that a material stocking area will be provided in close proximity to the area being erected or dismantle.
- Bid excludes cost of site-specific safety orientation or drug testing.
- Prices quoted are based on reasonable site access, allowed and/or provided by Customer.
- Pricing is based on Union wages.
- This proposal is subject to acceptance within 60 days.
- Our rates are based on prompt payment. Invoices not paid after 30 days will be subject to California State maximum interest rate of 12% per month on unpaid balance.
- Bid assumes that a forklift (crane etc.) will be available for our use in loading and unloading trucks and moving equipment around the jobsite.
- At your request, we shall make alterations and repairs at your expense. Unless otherwise specified herein, no alterations to our work shall be made by you without our written consent. Additional Labor and/or rental beyond the original scope of work will be performed on a Time & Material basis, with additional rental equipment charges to be charged at rates mentioned above.
- Any un-scheduled work/call outs will be a minimum of 4 hours per man & a 2 hour minimum per man (with travel time (if applicable)) in the event job gets cancelled due to customer/owner schedule change and or weather.

Pricing for services to be performed at NCPA Member or SCPPA locations will be quoted at the time services are requested.

NOTE: As a public agency, NCPA shall not reimburse Contractor for travel, food and related costs in excess of those permitted by the Internal Revenue Service.

EXHIBIT C

CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Contractors

1. John Soto - Vice President

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that background investigations to ascertain the accuracy of the identity and employment history of all employees of

Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold

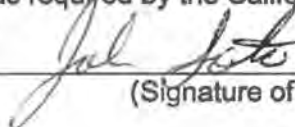
(Company name)

for contract work at:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

have been conducted as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.


(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this 26th day of September, 20 18.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.

NOT APPLICABLE

EXHIBIT D

CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Hazardous Materials Transport Vendors

I, _____,

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that the below-named company has prepared and implemented security plans in conformity with 49 CFR 172, subpart I and has conducted employee background investigations in conformity with 49 CFR 172.802(a), as the same may be amended from time to time,

(Company name)

for hazardous materials delivery to:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.

(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.

EXHIBIT E

ATTACHMENT A [from MLA]
AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

MAINTENANCE LABOR AGREEMENT ATTACHMENT
LODI ENERGY CENTER PROJECT

The undersigned hereby certifies and agrees that:

- 1) It is an Employer as that term is defined in Section 1.4 of the Lodi Energy Center Project Maintenance Labor Agreement ("Agreement" solely for the purposes of this Exhibit E) because it has been, or will be, awarded a contract or subcontract to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work on the Project (as defined in Section 1.2 and 2.1 of the Agreement), or to authorize another party to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work, or to perform Covered Work.
- 2) In consideration of the award of such contract or subcontract, and in further consideration of the promises made in the Agreement and all attachments thereto (a copy of which was received and is hereby acknowledged), it accepts and agrees to be bound by the terms and condition of the Agreement, together with any and all amendments and supplements now existing or which are later made thereto.
- 3) If it performs Covered Work, it will be bound by the legally established trust agreements designated in local master collective bargaining agreements, and hereby authorizes the parties to such local trust agreements to appoint trustees and successor trustee to administer the trust funds, and hereby ratifies and accepts the trustees so appointed as if made by the undersigned.
- 4) It has no commitments or agreements that would preclude its full and complete compliance with the terms and conditions of the Agreement.
- 5) It will secure a duly executed Agreement to be Bound, in form identical to this documents, from any Employer(s) at any tier or tiers with which it contracts to assign, award, or subcontract Covered Work, or to authorize another party to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work, or to perform Covered Work.

DATED: 9/26/2018

Name of Employer

Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold

Joe Feto Vice President
(Authorized Officer & Title)

1960 Olivera Road
(Address)
Concord, CA. 94520

**FIRST AMENDMENT TO MULTI-TASK GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND ERNIE & SONS SCAFFOLDING DBA
UNIQUE SCAFFOLD**

This First Amendment ("Amendment") to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement is entered into by and between the Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") and Ernie & Sons Scaffolding dba Unique Scaffold ("Contractor") (collectively referred to as "the Parties") as of _____, 2022.

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement dated effective October 9, 2018, (the "Agreement") for Contract to provide scaffolding services; and

WHEREAS, the Agency now desires to amend the Agreement to increase the total compensation authorized by the Agreement from a "NOT TO EXCEED" amount of \$2,000,000 to a 'NOT TO EXCEED' amount of \$4,000,000; and

WHEREAS, the Parties have agreed to modify the Agreement as set forth above; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Section 8.2 all changes to the Agreement must be in writing and signed by all the Parties; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree as follows:

1. **Section 2—Compensation** of the Agreement is amended and restated to read as follows:

Agency hereby agrees to pay Contractor an amount **NOT TO EXCEED FOUR MILLION** dollars (\$4,000,000.00) for the Work, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Contractor's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Contractor, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

The remainder of Section 2 of the Agreement is unchanged.

2. This Amendment in no way alters the terms and conditions of the Agreement except as specifically set forth herein.

SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE

///

///

Date: _____

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

Date: _____

ERNIE & SONS SCAFFOLDING DBA
UNIQUE SCAFFOLD

JOHN SOTO, Vice President / Co-Owner



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. – First Amendment to Five Year Multi-Task General Services Agreement for Specialized High Pressure Cleaning of Industrial Equipment Services; Applicable to the following: All Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Facilities, NCPA Members, Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Randy Bowersox <i>RB</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	N/A
Division:	Generation Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Geothermal	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-18 authorizing the General Manager or his designee to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. for specialized high pressure cleaning of industrial equipment, with any non-substantial changes recommended and approved by the NCPA General Counsel, increasing the not-to-exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000, for continued use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.

BACKGROUND:

Specialized high pressure cleaning services are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, by SCPPA, and SCPPA Members. NCPA entered into a five year Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. effective March 17, 2021 for an amount not to exceed \$225,000, for use at all NCPA, NCPA Member, SCPPA, and SCPPA Member facilities.

Projectile Tube Cleaning was recently awarded the Geothermal Plant 2, Unit 4 Main Condenser & NCG Heat Exchanger Cleaning Project totaling \$97,803. In order to avoid using up the entire agreement funds available, NCPA now desires to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services agreement to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000. NCPA has agreements in place for similar services with Northern Industrial Construction and Ancon Marine dba Ancon.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Upon execution, the total cost of the agreement will be not to exceed \$1,000,000 over the remainder of the contract term. Purchase orders referencing the terms and conditions of the agreement will be issued following NCPA procurement policies and procedures.

SELECTION PROCESS:

This enabling agreement does not commit NCPA to any expenditure of funds. At the time services are needed, NCPA will bid the specific scope of work consistent with NCPA procurement policies and procedures. NCPA seeks bids from qualified providers as required. Bids are awarded to the vendor providing the best overall value to NCPA. NCPA will issue purchase orders based on cost and availability of the services needed at the time the service is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

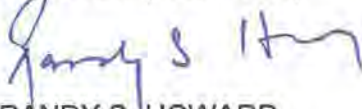
This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

On February 2, 2022 the Facilities Committee reviewed and endorsed the recommendation above for Commission approval.

On February 7, 2022 the Lodi Energy Center Project Participant Committee reviewed and approved the recommendation above for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over the printed name.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments (3):

- Resolution 22-18
- Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc.
- First Amendment to Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc.

RESOLUTION 22-18

**RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
APPROVING A FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE MULTI-TASK GENERAL SERVICES
AGREEMENT WITH PROJECTILE TUBE CLEANING, INC.**

(reference Staff Report #120:22)

WHEREAS, specialized high pressure cleaning of industrial equipment services are required from time to time for the operation and maintenance of facilities owned and/or operated by the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), NCPA Members, by the Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA), and SCPPA Members; and

WHEREAS, NCPA and Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc entered into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement effective March 17, 2021, to provide such services; and

WHEREAS, Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc was recently awarded the Geothermal Plant 2, Unit 4 Main Condenser & NCG Heat Exchanger Cleaning Project which will use up a majority of the funds of the agreement; and

WHEREAS, NCPA now desires to increase the not to exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000 to ensure sufficient funds are available for the remainder of the contract term; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the General Manager or his designee to enter into a First Amendment to the Multi-Task General Services Agreement with Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc., with any non-substantial changes as approved by the NCPA General Counsel, to increase the not-to-exceed amount from \$225,000 to \$1,000,000, for continued use at any facilities owned and/or operated by NCPA, NCPA Members, SCPPA, and SCPPA Members.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



**MULTI-TASK
GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND
PROJECTILE TUBE CLEANING, INC.**

This Multi-Task General Services Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between the Northern California Power Agency, a joint powers agency with its main office located at 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, CA 95678-6420 ("Agency") and Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc., a corporation with its office located at 110 Valley View Drive, Ford City, PA 16226 ("Contractor") (together sometimes referred to as the "Parties") as of March 17, 2021 ("Effective Date") in Roseville, California.

Section 1. SCOPE OF WORK. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Contractor is willing to provide to Agency the range of services and/or goods described in the Scope of Work attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein ("Work").

- 1.1 **Term of Agreement.** The term of this Agreement shall begin on the Effective Date and shall end when Contractor completes the Work, or no later than five (5) years from the date this Agreement was signed by Agency, whichever is shorter.
- 1.2 **Standard of Performance.** Contractor shall perform the Work in the manner and according to the standards observed by a competent practitioner of the profession in which Contractor is engaged and for which Contractor is providing the Work. Contractor represents that it is licensed, qualified and experienced to provide the Work set forth herein.
- 1.3 **Assignment of Personnel.** Contractor shall assign only competent personnel to perform the Work. In the event that Agency, in its sole discretion, at any time during the term of this Agreement, requests the reassignment of any such personnel, Contractor shall, immediately upon receiving written notice from Agency of such request, reassign such personnel.
- 1.4 **Work Provided.** Work provided under this Agreement by Contractor may include Work directly to the Agency or, as requested by the Agency and consistent with the terms of this Agreement, to Agency members, Southern California Public Power Authority ("SCPPA") or SCPPA members.
- 1.5 **Request for Work to be Performed.** At such time that Agency determines to have Contractor perform Work under this Agreement, Agency shall issue a Purchase Order. The Purchase Order shall identify the specific Work to be performed ("Requested Work"), may include a not-to-exceed cap on monetary cap on Requested Work and all related expenditures authorized by that Purchase Order, and shall include a time by which the Requested Work shall be completed. Contractor shall have seven calendar days from the date of the Agency's issuance of the Purchase Order in which to respond in writing that Contractor chooses not to perform the Requested Work. If Contractor agrees to perform the Requested Work, begins to perform the Requested Work, or does not respond within the seven day period specified, then Contractor will have

agreed to perform the Requested Work on the terms set forth in the Purchase Order, this Agreement and its Exhibits.

Section 2. COMPENSATION. Agency hereby agrees to pay Contractor an amount **NOT TO EXCEED TWO HUNDRED TWENTY FIVE THOUSAND** dollars (\$225,000) for the Work, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Contractor's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Contractor, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

2.1 Invoices. Contractor shall submit invoices, not more often than once a month during the term of this Agreement, based on the cost for services performed and reimbursable costs incurred prior to the invoice date. Invoices shall contain the following information:

- The beginning and ending dates of the billing period;
- Work performed;
- The Purchase Order number authorizing the Requested Work;
- At Agency's option, for each work item in each task, a copy of the applicable time entries or time sheets shall be submitted showing the name of the person doing the work, the hours spent by each person, a brief description of the work, and each reimbursable expense, with supporting documentation, to Agency's reasonable satisfaction;
- At Agency's option, the total number of hours of work performed under the Agreement by Contractor and each employee, agent, and subcontractor of Contractor performing work hereunder.

Invoices shall be sent to:

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attn: Accounts Payable
AcctsPayable@ncpa.com

2.2 Monthly Payment. Agency shall make monthly payments, based on invoices received, for Work satisfactorily performed, and for authorized reimbursable costs incurred. Agency shall have thirty (30) days from the receipt of an invoice that complies with all of the requirements above to pay Contractor.

2.3 Payment of Taxes. Contractor is solely responsible for the payment of all federal, state and local taxes, including employment taxes, incurred under this Agreement.

2.4 Authorization to Perform Work. The Contractor is not authorized to perform any Work or incur any costs whatsoever under the terms of this Agreement until receipt of a Purchase Order from the Contract Administrator.

- 2.5 **Timing for Submittal of Final Invoice.** Contractor shall have ninety (90) days after completion of the Requested Work to submit its final invoice for the Requested Work. In the event Contractor fails to submit an invoice to Agency for any amounts due within the ninety (90) day period, Contractor is deemed to have waived its right to collect its final payment for the Requested Work from Agency.

Section 3. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Except as set forth herein, Contractor shall, at its sole cost and expense, provide all facilities and equipment that may be necessary to perform the Work.

Section 4. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS. Before beginning any Work under this Agreement, Contractor, at its own cost and expense, shall procure the types and amounts of insurance listed below and shall maintain the types and amounts of insurance listed below for the period covered by this Agreement.

- 4.1 **Workers' Compensation.** If Contractor employs any person, Contractor shall maintain Statutory Workers' Compensation Insurance and Employer's Liability Insurance for any and all persons employed directly or indirectly by Contractor with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) per accident.

4.2 **Commercial General and Automobile Liability Insurance.**

4.2.1 **Commercial General Insurance.** Contractor shall maintain commercial general liability insurance for the term of this Agreement, including products liability, covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, for bodily injury, death, personal injury and broad form property damage which may arise out of the operations of Contractor. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$2,000,000 aggregate. Commercial general coverage shall be at least as broad as ISO Commercial General Liability form CG 0001 (current edition) on "an occurrence" basis covering comprehensive General Liability, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. No endorsement shall be attached limiting the coverage.

4.2.2 **Automobile Liability.** Contractor shall maintain automobile liability insurance form CA 0001 (current edition) for the term of this Agreement covering any loss or liability, including the cost of defense of any action, arising from the operation, maintenance or use of any vehicle (symbol 1), whether or not owned by the Contractor, on or off Agency premises. The policy shall provide a minimum limit of \$2,000,000 per each accident, with a self-insured retention or deductible of no more than \$100,000. This insurance shall provide contractual liability covering all motor vehicles and mobile equipment to the extent coverage may be excluded from general liability insurance.

4.2.3 **General Liability/Umbrella Insurance.** The coverage amounts set forth above may be met by a combination of underlying and umbrella policies as long as in combination the limits equal or exceed those stated.

4.3 Professional Liability Insurance. Not Applicable

4.4 Pollution Insurance. Not Applicable

4.5 All Policies Requirements.

4.5.1 Verification of coverage. Prior to beginning any work under this Agreement, Contractor shall provide Agency with (1) a Certificate of Insurance that demonstrates compliance with all applicable insurance provisions contained herein and (2) policy endorsements to the policies referenced in Section 4.2 and in Section 4.4, if applicable, adding the Agency as an additional insured and declaring such insurance primary in regard to work performed pursuant to this Agreement.

4.5.2 Notice of Reduction in or Cancellation of Coverage. Contractor shall provide at least thirty (30) days prior written notice to Agency of any reduction in scope or amount, cancellation, or modification adverse to Agency of the policies referenced in Section 4.

4.5.3 Higher Limits. If Contractor maintains higher limits than the minimums specified herein, the Agency shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the Contractor.

4.5.4 Additional Certificates and Endorsements. If Contractor performs Work for Agency members, SCPPA and/or SCPPA members pursuant to this Agreement, Contractor shall provide the certificates of insurance and policy endorsements, as referenced in Section 4.5.1, naming the specific Agency member, SCPPA and/or SCPPA member for which the Work is to be performed.

4.5.5 Waiver of Subrogation. Contractor agrees to waive subrogation which any insurer of Contractor may acquire from Contractor by virtue of the payment of any loss. Contractor agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation. In addition, the Workers' Compensation policy shall be endorsed with a waiver of subrogation in favor of Agency for all work performed by Contractor, its employees, agents and subcontractors.

4.6 Contractor's Obligation. Contractor shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all equipment, vehicles and other items utilized in the performance of Work are operated, provided or otherwise utilized in a manner that ensures they are and remain covered by the policies referenced in Section 4 during this Agreement. Contractor shall also ensure that all workers involved in the provision of Work are properly classified as employees, agents or independent contractors and are and remain covered by any and all workers' compensation insurance required by applicable law during this Agreement.

Section 5. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

- 5.1 **Effect of Insurance.** Agency's acceptance of insurance certificates and endorsements required under this Agreement does not relieve Contractor from liability under this indemnification and hold harmless clause. This indemnification and hold harmless clause shall apply to any damages or claims for damages whether or not such insurance policies shall have been determined to apply. By execution of this Agreement, Contractor acknowledges and agrees to the provisions of this section and that it is a material element of consideration.
- 5.2 **Scope.** Contractor shall indemnify, defend with counsel reasonably acceptable to the Agency, and hold harmless the Agency, and its officials, commissioners, officers, employees, agents and volunteers from and against all losses, liabilities, claims, demands, suits, actions, damages, expenses, penalties, fines, costs (including without limitation costs and fees of litigation), judgments and causes of action of every nature arising out of or in connection with any acts or omissions by Contractor, its officers, officials, agents, and employees, except as caused by the sole or gross negligence of Agency. Notwithstanding, should this Agreement be construed as a construction agreement under Civil Code section 2783, then the exception referenced above shall also be for the active negligence of Agency.
- 5.3 **Transfer of Title.** Not Applicable

Section 6. STATUS OF CONTRACTOR.

- 6.1 **Independent Contractor.** Contractor is an independent contractor and not an employee of Agency. Agency shall have the right to control Contractor only insofar as the results of Contractor's Work and assignment of personnel pursuant to Section 1; otherwise, Agency shall not have the right to control the means by which Contractor accomplishes Work rendered pursuant to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any other Agency, state, or federal policy, rule, regulation, law, or ordinance to the contrary, Contractor and any of its employees, agents, and subcontractors providing services under this Agreement shall not qualify for or become entitled to, and hereby agree to waive any and all claims to, any compensation, benefit, or any incident of employment by Agency, including but not limited to eligibility to enroll in the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as an employee of Agency and entitlement to any contribution to be paid by Agency for employer contributions and/or employee contributions for PERS benefits.

Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency for the payment of any employee and/or employer contributions for PERS benefits on behalf of Contractor or its employees, agents, or subcontractors, as well as for the payment of any penalties and interest on such contributions, which would otherwise be the responsibility of Agency. Contractor and Agency acknowledge and agree that compensation paid by Agency to Contractor under this Agreement is based upon Contractor's estimated costs of providing the Work, including salaries and benefits of employees, agents and subcontractors of Contractor.

Contractor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless Agency from any lawsuit, administrative action, or other claim for penalties, losses, costs, damages, expense and liability of every kind, nature and description that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to such claims, whether directly or indirectly, due to Contractor's failure to secure workers' compensation insurance for its employees, agents, or subcontractors.

Contractor agrees that it is responsible for the provision of group healthcare benefits to its fulltime employees under 26 U.S.C. § 4980H of the Affordable Care Act. To the extent permitted by law, Contractor shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless Agency from any penalty issued to Agency under the Affordable Care Act resulting from the performance of the Services by any employee, agent, or subcontractor of Contractor.

- 6.2 **Contractor Not Agent.** Except as Agency may specify in writing, Contractor shall have no authority, express or implied, to act on behalf of Agency in any capacity whatsoever as an agent. Contractor shall have no authority, express or implied, pursuant to this Agreement to bind Agency to any obligation whatsoever.
- 6.3 **Assignment and Subcontracting.** This Agreement contemplates personal performance by Contractor and is based upon a determination of Contractor's unique professional competence, experience, and specialized professional knowledge. A substantial inducement to Agency for entering into this Agreement was and is the personal reputation and competence of Contractor. Contractor may not assign this Agreement or any interest therein without the prior written approval of the Agency. Contractor shall not subcontract any portion of the performance contemplated and provided for herein, other than to the subcontractors identified in Exhibit A, without prior written approval of the Agency. Where written approval is granted by the Agency, Contractor shall supervise all work subcontracted by Contractor in performing the Work and shall be responsible for all work performed by a subcontractor as if Contractor itself had performed such work. The subcontracting of any work to subcontractors shall not relieve Contractor from any of its obligations under this Agreement with respect to the Work and Contractor is obligated to ensure that any and all subcontractors performing any Work shall be fully insured in all respects and to the same extent as set forth under Section 4, to Agency's satisfaction.
- 6.4 **Certification as to California Energy Commission.** If requested by the Agency, Contractor shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit C.
- 6.5 **Certification as to California Energy Commission Regarding Hazardous Materials Transport Vendors.** If requested by the Agency, Contractor shall, at the same time it executes this Agreement, execute Exhibit D.
- 6.6 **Maintenance Labor Agreement.** If the Work is subject to the terms of one or more Maintenance Labor Agreements, which are applicable only to certain types

of construction, repair and/or maintenance projects, then Contractor shall execute Exhibit E and/or similar documentation as to compliance.

Section 7. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

- 7.1 **Governing Law.** The laws of the State of California shall govern this Agreement.
- 7.2 **Compliance with Applicable Laws.** Contractor and its subcontractors and agents, if any, shall comply with all laws applicable to the performance of the work hereunder.
- 7.3 **Licenses and Permits.** Contractor represents and warrants to Agency that Contractor and its employees, agents, and subcontractors (if any) have and will maintain at their sole expense during the term of this Agreement all licenses, permits, qualifications, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required to practice their respective professions.
- 7.4 **Monitoring by DIR.** The Work is subject to compliance monitoring and enforcement by the Department of Industrial Relations.
- 7.5 **Registration with DIR.** During the term of this Agreement, Contractor warrants that it is registered with the Department of Industrial Relations and qualified to perform Work consistent with Labor Code section 1725.5.
- 7.6 **Prevailing Wage Rates.** In accordance with California Labor Code Section 1771, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the Work is to be performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for holiday and overtime work as provided in the California Labor Code must be paid to all workers engaged in performing the Work. In accordance with California Labor Code Section 1770 and following, the Director of Industrial Relations has determined the general prevailing wage per diem rates for the locality in which the Work is to be performed; the Agency has obtained the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and the general rate for holiday and overtime work in the locality in which the Work is to be performed for each craft, classification or type of worker needed to perform the project; and copies of the prevailing rate of per diem wages are on file at the Agency and will be made available on request. Throughout the performance of the Work, Contractor must comply with all applicable laws and regulations that apply to wages earned in performance of the Work. Contractor assumes all responsibility for such payments and shall defend, indemnify and hold the Agency harmless from any and all claims made by the State of California, the Department of Industrial Relations, any subcontractor, any worker or any other third party with regard thereto.

Additionally, in accordance with the California Administrative Code, Title 8, Group 3, Article 2, Section 16000, Publication of Prevailing Wage Rates by Awarding

Bodies, copies of the applicable determination of the Director can be found on the web at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSR/PWD/> and may be reviewed at any time.

Contractor shall provide a certified copy of its payroll, on forms to be determined by the Agency and consistent with the Labor Code, within ten (10) days of the Contractor's receipt of Agency's written request therefor. Contractor's failure to timely comply with this provision may subject the Contractor to penalties pursuant to state law.

Contractor shall comply with applicable law, including Labor Code Sections 1774 and 1775. In accordance with Section 1775, Contractor shall forfeit as a penalty to Agency \$200.00 for each calendar day or portion thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing rates as determined by the Director of Industrial Relations for such work or craft in which such worker is employed for any Work done under the Agreement by Contractor or by any subcontractor under Contractor in violation of the provisions of the Labor Code and in particular, Labor Code Sections 1770 *et seq.* In addition to the penalty and pursuant to Section 1775, the difference between such prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each calendar day or portion thereof for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate shall be paid to each worker by the Contractor.

Section 8. TERMINATION AND MODIFICATION.

- 8.1 Termination.** Agency may cancel this Agreement at any time and without cause upon ten (10) days prior written notice to Contractor.

In the event of termination, Contractor shall be entitled to compensation for Work satisfactorily completed as of the effective date of termination; Agency, however, may condition payment of such compensation upon Contractor delivering to Agency any or all records or documents (as referenced in Section 9.1 hereof).

- 8.2 Amendments.** The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by both of the Parties.
- 8.3 Survival.** All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Agency and Contractor shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 8.4 Options upon Breach by Contractor.** If Contractor materially breaches any of the terms of this Agreement, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 4, Agency's remedies shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

8.4.1 Immediately terminate the Agreement;

8.4.2 Retain the plans, specifications, drawings, reports, design documents, and any other work product prepared by Contractor pursuant to this Agreement;

- 8.4.3 Retain a different Contractor to complete the Work not finished by Contractor; and/or
- 8.4.4 Charge Contractor the difference between the costs to complete the Work that is unfinished at the time of breach and the amount that Agency would have paid Contractor pursuant hereto if Contractor had completed the Work.

Section 9. KEEPING AND STATUS OF RECORDS.

- 9.1 **Records Created as Part of Contractor's Performance.** All reports, data, maps, models, charts, studies, surveys, photographs, memoranda, plans, studies, specifications, records, files, or any other documents or materials, in electronic or any other form, that Contractor prepares or obtains pursuant to this Agreement and that relate to the matters covered hereunder shall be the property of the Agency. Contractor hereby agrees to deliver those documents to the Agency upon termination of the Agreement. Agency and Contractor agree that, unless approved by Agency in writing, Contractor shall not release to any non-parties to this Agreement any data, plans, specifications, reports and other documents.
- 9.2 **Contractor's Books and Records.** Contractor shall maintain any and all records or other documents evidencing or relating to charges for Work or expenditures and disbursements charged to the Agency under this Agreement for a minimum of three (3) years, or for any longer period required by law, from the date of final payment to the Contractor under this Agreement.
- 9.3 **Inspection and Audit of Records.** Any records or documents that this Agreement requires Contractor to maintain shall be made available for inspection, audit, and/or copying at any time during regular business hours, upon oral or written request of the Agency. Under California Government Code Section 8546.7, if the amount of public funds expended under this Agreement exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), the Agreement shall be subject to the examination and audit of the State Auditor, at the request of Agency or as part of any audit of the Agency, for a period of three (3) years after final payment under this Agreement.
- 9.4 **Confidential Information and Disclosure.**
 - 9.4.1 **Confidential Information.** The term "Confidential Information", as used herein, shall mean any and all confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information, whether written, recorded, electronic, oral or otherwise, where the Confidential Information is made available in a tangible medium of expression and marked in a prominent location as confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret information. Confidential Information shall not include information that: (a) was already known to the Receiving Party or is otherwise a matter of public knowledge, (b) was disclosed to

Receiving Party by a third party without violating any confidentiality agreement, (c) was independently developed by Receiving Party without reverse engineering, as evidenced by written records thereof, or (d) was not marked as Confidential Information in accordance with this section.

9.4.2 Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. During the term of this Agreement, either party may disclose (the "Disclosing Party") Confidential Information to the other party (the "Receiving Party"). The Receiving Party: (a) shall hold the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in confidence; and (b) shall take all reasonable steps to prevent any unauthorized possession, use, copying, transfer or disclosure of such Confidential Information.

9.4.3 Permitted Disclosure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following disclosures of Confidential Information are allowed. Receiving Party shall endeavor to provide prior written notice to Disclosing Party of any permitted disclosure made pursuant to Section 9.4.3.2 or 9.4.3.3. Disclosing Party may seek a protective order, including without limitation, a temporary restraining order to prevent or contest such permitted disclosure; provided, however, that Disclosing Party shall seek such remedies at its sole expense. Neither party shall have any liability for such permitted disclosures:

9.4.3.1 Disclosure to employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors or other representatives of Receiving Party that have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

9.4.3.2 Disclosure in response to a valid order of a court, government or regulatory agency or as may otherwise be required by law; and

9.4.3.3 Disclosure by Agency in response to a request pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

9.4.4 Handling of Confidential Information. Upon conclusion or termination of the Agreement, Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party or destroy Confidential Information (including all copies thereof), if requested by Disclosing Party in writing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Receiving Party may retain copies of such Confidential Information, subject to the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement: (a) for archival purposes in its computer system; (b) in its legal department files; and (c) in files of Receiving Party's representatives where such copies are necessary to comply with applicable law. Party shall not disclose the Disclosing Party's Information to any person other than those of the Receiving Party's employees, agents, consultants, contractors and subcontractors who have a need to know in connection with this Agreement.

Section 10. PROJECT SITE.

- 10.1 Operations at the Project Site.** Each Project site may include the power plant areas, all buildings, offices, and other locations where Work is to be performed, including any access roads. Contractor shall perform the Work in such a manner as to cause a minimum of interference with the operations of the Agency; if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4; and other contractors at the Project site and to protect all persons and property thereon from damage or injury. Upon completion of the Work at a Project site, Contractor shall leave such Project site clean and free of all tools, equipment, waste materials and rubbish, stemming from or relating to Contractor's Work.
- 10.2 Contractor's Equipment, Tools, Supplies and Materials.** Contractor shall be solely responsible for the transportation, loading and unloading, and storage of any equipment, tools, supplies or materials required for performing the Work, whether owned, leased or rented. Neither Agency nor, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, will be responsible for any such equipment, supplies or materials which may be lost, stolen or damaged or for any additional rental charges for such. Equipment, tools, supplies and materials left or stored at a Project site, with or without permission, is at Contractor's sole risk. Anything left on the Project site an unreasonable length of time after the Work is completed shall be presumed to have been abandoned by the Contractor. Any transportation furnished by Agency or, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, shall be solely as an accommodation and neither Agency nor, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, shall have liability therefor. Contractor shall assume the risk and is solely responsible for its owned, non-owned and hired automobiles, trucks or other motorized vehicles as well as any equipment, tools, supplies, materials or other property which is utilized by Contractor on the Project site. All materials and supplies used by Contractor in the Work shall be new and in good condition.
- 10.3 Use of Agency Equipment.** Contractor shall assume the risk and is solely responsible for its use of any equipment owned and property provided by Agency and, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4, for the performance of Work.

Section 11. WARRANTY.

- 11.1 Nature of Work.** In addition to any and all warranties provided or implied by law or public policy, Contractor warrants that all Work shall be free from defects in design and workmanship, and that Contractor shall perform all Work in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules and regulations including engineering, construction and other codes and standards and prudent electrical utility standards, and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.
- 11.2 Deficiencies in Work.** In addition to all other rights and remedies which Agency may have, Agency shall have the right to require, and Contractor shall be

obligated at its own expense to perform, all further Work which may be required to correct any deficiencies which result from Contractor's failure to perform any Work in accordance with the standards required by this Agreement. If during the term of this Agreement or the one (1) year period following completion of the Work, any equipment, supplies or other materials or Work used or provided by Contractor under this Agreement fails due to defects in material and/or workmanship or other breach of this Agreement, Contractor shall, upon any reasonable written notice from Agency, replace or repair the same to Agency's satisfaction.

- 11.3 Assignment of Warranties.** Contractor hereby assigns to Agency all additional warranties, extended warranties, or benefits like warranties, such as insurance, provided by or reasonably obtainable from suppliers of equipment and material used in the Work.

Section 12. HEALTH AND SAFETY PROGRAMS. The Contractor shall establish, maintain, and enforce safe work practices, and implement an accident/incident prevention program intended to ensure safe and healthful operations under their direction. The program shall include all requisite components of such a program under Federal, State and local regulations and shall comply with all site programs established by Agency and, if applicable, the entity for which Contractor is performing the Work, as referenced in Section 1.4.

- 12.1** Contractor is responsible for acquiring job hazard assessments as necessary to safely perform the Work and provide a copy to Agency upon request.
- 12.2** Contractor is responsible for providing all employee health and safety training and personal protective equipment in accordance with potential hazards that may be encountered in performance of the Work and provide copies of the certified training records upon request by Agency. Contractor shall be responsible for proper maintenance and/or disposal of their personal protective equipment and material handling equipment.
- 12.3** Contractor is responsible for ensuring that its lower-tier subcontractors are aware of and will comply with the requirements set forth herein.
- 12.4** Agency, or its representatives, may periodically monitor the safety performance of the Contractor performing the Work. Contractors and its subcontractors shall be required to comply with the safety and health obligations as established in the Agreement. Non-compliance with safety, health, or fire requirements may result in cessation of work activities, until items in non-compliance are corrected. It is also expressly acknowledged, understood and agreed that no payment shall be due from Agency to Contractor under this Agreement at any time when, or for any Work performed when, Contractor is not in full compliance with this Section 12.
- 12.5** Contractor shall immediately report any injuries to the Agency site safety representative. Additionally, the Contractor shall investigate and submit to the

Agency site safety representative copies of all written accident reports, and coordinate with Agency if further investigation is requested.

- 12.6 Contractor shall take all reasonable steps and precautions to protect the health of its employees and other site personnel with regard to the Work. Contractor shall conduct occupational health monitoring and/or sampling to determine levels of exposure of its employees to hazardous or toxic substances or environmental conditions. Copies of any sampling results will be forwarded to the Agency site safety representative upon request.
- 12.7 Contractor shall develop a plan to properly handle and dispose of any hazardous wastes, if any, Contractor generates in performing the Work.
- 12.8 Contractor shall advise its employees and subcontractors that any employee who jeopardizes his/her safety and health, or the safety and health of others, may be subject to actions including removal from Work.
- 12.9 Contractor shall, at the sole option of the Agency, develop and provide to the Agency a Hazardous Material Spill Response Plan that includes provisions for spill containment and clean-up, emergency contact information including regulatory agencies and spill sampling and analysis procedures. Hazardous Materials shall include diesel fuel used for trucks owned or leased by the Contractor.
- 12.10 If Contractor is providing Work to an Agency Member, SCPPA or SCPPA member (collectively "Member" solely for the purpose of this section) pursuant to Section 1.4 hereof, then that Member shall have the same rights as the Agency under Sections 12.1, 12.2, 12.4, 12.5, and 12.6 hereof.

Section 13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- 13.1 **Attorneys' Fees.** If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.
- 13.2 **Venue.** In the event that either party brings any action against the other under this Agreement, the Parties agree that trial of such action shall be vested exclusively in the state courts of California in the County of Placer or in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California.
- 13.3 **Severability.** If a court of competent jurisdiction finds or rules that any provision of this Agreement is invalid, void, or unenforceable, the provisions of this Agreement not so adjudged shall remain in full force and effect. The invalidity in whole or in part of any provision of this Agreement shall not void or affect the validity of any other provision of this Agreement.

- 13.4 **No Implied Waiver of Breach.** The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.
- 13.5 **Successors and Assigns.** The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.
- 13.6 **Conflict of Interest.** Contractor may serve other clients, but none whose activities within the corporate limits of Agency or whose business, regardless of location, would place Contractor in a "conflict of interest," as that term is defined in the Political Reform Act, codified at California Government Code Section 81000 *et seq.*

Contractor shall not employ any Agency official in the work performed pursuant to this Agreement. No officer or employee of Agency shall have any financial interest in this Agreement that would violate California Government Code Sections 1090 *et seq.*

- 13.7 **Contract Administrator.** This Agreement shall be administered by Joel Ledesma, Assistant General Manager, or his/her designee, who shall act as the Agency's representative. All correspondence shall be directed to or through the representative.
- 13.8 **Notices.** Any written notice to Contractor shall be sent to:

Tyson Klukan
Business Development Manager
Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc.
110 Valley View Drive
Ford City, PA 16226

Any written notice to Agency shall be sent to:

Randy S. Howard
General Manager
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

With a copy to:

Jane E. Luckhardt
General Counsel
Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, CA 95678

- 13.9 **Professional Seal.** Where applicable in the determination of the Agency, the first page of a technical report, first page of design specifications, and each page of construction drawings shall be stamped/sealed and signed by the licensed professional responsible for the report/design preparation.
- 13.10 **Integration; Incorporation.** This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Agency and Contractor and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 13.11 **Alternative Dispute Resolution:** If any dispute arises between the Parties that cannot be settled after engaging in good faith negotiations, Agency and Contractor agree to resolve the dispute in accordance with the following:
- 13.11.1 Each party shall designate a senior management or executive level representative to negotiate any dispute;
 - 13.11.2 The representatives shall attempt, through good faith negotiations, to resolve the dispute by any means within their authority.
 - 13.11.3 If the issue remains unresolved after fifteen (15) days of good faith negotiations, the Parties shall attempt to resolve the disagreement by negotiation between legal counsel. If the above process fails, the Parties shall resolve any remaining disputes through mediation to expedite the resolution of the dispute.
 - 13.11.4 The mediation process shall provide for the selection within fifteen (15) days by both Parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within thirty (30) days and shall be concluded within fifteen (15) days from the commencement of the mediation.
 - 13.11.5 The Parties shall equally bear the costs of any third party in any alternative dispute resolution process.
 - 13.11.6 The alternative dispute resolution process is a material condition to this Agreement and must be exhausted as an administrative remedy prior to either Party initiating legal action. This alternative dispute resolution process is not intended to nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing a claim or action specified by Government Code §§ 900 *et seq.*
- 13.12 **Controlling Provisions.** In the case of any conflict between the terms of this Agreement and the Exhibits hereto, a Purchase Order, or Contractor's Proposal (if any), the Agreement shall control. In the case of any conflict between the Exhibits hereto and a Purchase Order or the Contractor's Proposal, the Exhibits shall control. In the case of any conflict between the terms of a Purchase Order and the Contractor's Proposal, the Purchase Order shall control.

- 13.13 **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.
- 13.14 **Construction of Agreement.** Each party hereto has had an equivalent opportunity to participate in the drafting of the Agreement and/or to consult with legal counsel. Therefore, the usual construction of an agreement against the drafting party shall not apply hereto.
- 13.15 **No Third Party Beneficiaries.** This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signatory third parties. However, should Contractor provide Work to an Agency member, SCPPA or SCPPA member (collectively for the purpose of this section only "Member") pursuant to Section 1.4, the parties recognize that such Member may be a third party beneficiary solely as to the Purchase Order and Requested Work relating to such Member.

The Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date signed by the Agency.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

PROJECTILE TUBE CLEANING, INC.

Date 3/17/21

Date 3/12/21


RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager


EVAN LYLE, Vice President

Attest:


Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:


Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF WORK

Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. ("Contractor") shall provide specialized high pressure cleaning of industrial equipment services, including labor and materials for outages and general maintenance work, as requested by Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") at any facilities owned or operated by Agency, its Members, Southern California Public Power Authority ("SCPPA") or SCPPA Members.

Services include, but are not limited to the following:

- Condenser Tube Cleaning
- Heat Exchanger Tube Cleaning
- Helium Leak Detection
- Tube Leak Detection
- Cooling Tower Cleaning
- Expansion Joint Repair and Replacement
- Chemical Cleaning
- Combustible Dust Cleaning
- Industrial Coatings
- High Pressure Water Blasting

No project under this Agreement shall include Work that would qualify as a Public Works Project under the California Public Contract Code.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION SCHEDULE AND HOURLY FEES

Compensation for all work, including hourly fees and expenses, shall not exceed the amount set forth in Section 2 hereof. The hourly rates and or compensation break down and an estimated amount of expenses is as follows:

Prevailing wage rates vary within each county – Pricing will be quoted at the time services are requested.

Pricing for services to be performed at NCPA Member or SCPPA locations will be quoted at the time services are requested.

NOTE: As a public agency, NCPA shall not reimburse Contractor for travel, food and related costs in excess of those permitted by the Internal Revenue Service.

EXHIBIT C

CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Contractors

I, Van Ly

Vice President

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that background investigations to ascertain the accuracy of the identity and employment history of all employees of

(Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc.)

for contract work at:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

have been conducted as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.

[Signature]
(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this 12th day of March, 20 21.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.

NOT APPLICABLE

EXHIBIT D

CERTIFICATION

Affidavit of Compliance for Hazardous Materials Transport Vendors

I, _____,

(Name of person signing affidavit)(Title)

do hereby certify that the below-named company has prepared and implemented security plans in conformity with 49 CFR 172, subpart I and has conducted employee background investigations in conformity with 49 CFR 172.802(a), as the same may be amended from time to time,

(Company name)

for hazardous materials delivery to:

LODI ENERGY CENTER, 12745 N. THORNTON ROAD, LODI, CA 95242

(Project name and location)

as required by the California Energy Commission Decision for the above-named project.

(Signature of officer or agent)

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

THIS AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE SHALL BE APPENDED TO THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN AND SHALL BE RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AT THE PROJECT SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION COMPLIANCE PROJECT MANAGER.

EXHIBIT E

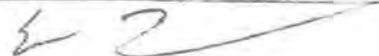
ATTACHMENT A [from MLA]
AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

MAINTENANCE LABOR AGREEMENT ATTACHMENT
LODI ENERGY CENTER PROJECT

The undersigned hereby certifies and agrees that:

- 1) It is an Employer as that term is defined in Section 1.4 of the Lodi Energy Center Project Maintenance Labor Agreement ("Agreement" solely for the purposes of this Exhibit E) because it has been, or will be, awarded a contract or subcontract to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work on the Project (as defined in Section 1.2 and 2.1 of the Agreement), or to authorize another party to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work, or to perform Covered Work.
- 2) In consideration of the award of such contract or subcontract, and in further consideration of the promises made in the Agreement and all attachments thereto (a copy of which was received and is hereby acknowledged), it accepts and agrees to be bound by the terms and condition of the Agreement, together with any and all amendments and supplements now existing or which are later made thereto.
- 3) If it performs Covered Work, it will be bound by the legally established trust agreements designated in local master collective bargaining agreements, and hereby authorizes the parties to such local trust agreements to appoint trustees and successor trustee to administer the trust funds, and hereby ratifies and accepts the trustees so appointed as if made by the undersigned.
- 4) It has no commitments or agreements that would preclude its full and complete compliance with the terms and conditions of the Agreement.
- 5) It will secure a duly executed Agreement to be Bound, in form identical to this documents, from any Employer(s) at any tier or tiers with which it contracts to assign, award, or subcontract Covered Work, or to authorize another party to assign, award or subcontract Covered Work, or to perform Covered Work.

DATED: 7/12/21 Name of Employer Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc.
Even Lyle Vice President
(Authorized Officer & Title)
110 Valley View Drive Ford
city of Lodi
(Address)





**FIRST AMENDMENT TO MULTI-TASK GENERAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND PROJECTILE TUBE CLEANING, INC.**

This First Amendment ("Amendment") to Multi-Task General Services Agreement is entered into by and between the Northern California Power Agency ("Agency") and Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. ("Contractor") (collectively referred to as "the Parties") as of _____, 2022.

WHEREAS, the Parties entered into a Multi-Task General Services Agreement dated effective March 17, 2021, (the "Agreement") for Projectile Tube Cleaning, Inc. to provide specialized high pressure cleaning of industrial equipment services at any facilities owned or operated by Agency, its Members, Southern California Public Power Authority ("SCPPA") or SCPPA Members; and

WHEREAS, the Agency now desires to amend the Agreement to increase the total compensation authorized by the Agreement from a "NOT TO EXCEED" amount of \$225,000 to a NOT TO EXCEED amount of \$1,000,000; and

WHEREAS, the Parties have agreed to modify the Agreement as set forth above; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Section 8.2 all changes to the Agreement must be in writing and signed by all the Parties; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree as follows:

1. **Section 2—Compensation** of the Agreement is amended and restated to read as follows:

Agency hereby agrees to pay Contractor an amount **NOT TO EXCEED ONE MILLION** dollars (\$1,000,000) for the Work, which shall include all fees, costs, expenses and other reimbursables, as set forth in Contractor's fee schedule, attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit B. This dollar amount is not a guarantee that Agency will pay that full amount to the Contractor, but is merely a limit of potential Agency expenditures under this Agreement.

The remainder of Section 2 of the Agreement is unchanged.

2. This Amendment in no way alters the terms and conditions of the Agreement except as specifically set forth herein.

SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE

///

///

Date: _____

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

Date: _____

PROJECTILE TUBE CLEANING, INC.

RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager

EVAN LYLE, Vice President

Attest:

Assistant Secretary of the Commission

Approved as to Form:

Jane E. Luckhardt, General Counsel



Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Nexant Cost Allocation Model Update for Fiscal Year 2023

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM:	Monty Hanks <i>MA</i>	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager	N/A
Division:	Administrative Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Power Settlements	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Recommending the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) Commission approve Resolution No. 22-21 adopting the annual updates to the Nexant Model to allocate certain budgeted costs to members for Fiscal Year 2023.

BACKGROUND:

The NCPA Commission accepted and approved the Nexant Power Management Allocation Study Phase IIa Report ('Final Report') on January 28, 2010 as part of Resolution 10-16. This study, supervised by the Facilities Committee, determined the methodology for allocating various program costs related to Power Management, Settlements, Risk Management and information system activities using a Nexant Cost Allocation Spreadsheet Model (otherwise commonly referred to as the "Nexant Model"). The Power Management and Administrative Services Agreement governs any changes or modifications to the model.

Pursuant to the Power Management and Administrative Services Agreement, costs attributed to Power Management and Administrative Services for the Fiscal Year 2023 Annual Budget are allocated to members in accordance with the Nexant Model. This model has been in place at NCPA for the past thirteen budget cycles and is updated each year as part of the annual budget process. The Nexant Model methodology was developed to allocate budgeted costs based on, among other things, defined allocation parameter percentages and determinants that are intended to correspond to the amount of time and effort required by NCPA staff to perform scheduling coordination services to Members. Determinants prescribed by the Nexant studies for use in the Nexant Model include operating data such as plant generating capacity measured in megawatts, Members' metered electricity demand measured in megawatt hours, resource energy schedules associated with daily, hourly and real time market activities, and members' respective bilateral contract deal counts and hourly counts. The set of determinants used as allocators for Fiscal Year 2023 incorporates data from the previous year, which in this case uses calendar year 2021 data, with respect to scheduling and resource operating data. Lastly, the generating resources contained in the Nexant Model for Fiscal Year 2023 include more than two hundred megawatts of new generating capacity recently integrated into NCPA's scheduling coordination operations referenced in Resolution No. 22-06, approved by the Commission on January 25, 2022, regarding recalculation of the Fiscal Year 2022 Nexant Model.

Staff recommends that updates to the model using calendar year 2021 operating data be adopted without any further modification to the Nexant Model. Staff has reviewed and determined that the allocated results from the model positively correlate to operational events during the past calendar year and correspond with the amount of time and effort required by staff to perform scheduling coordination services to Members.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The annually updated Nexant determinants will result in a change to all members' allocated shares of Power Management costs in varying amounts. Table 1 of Appendix A provides indicative changes in allocated Nexant Power Management costs to members based on current Fiscal Year 2022 budget after applying updated Calendar Year 2021 determinants to the model.

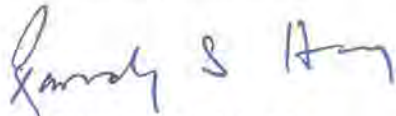
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore, not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

Staff provided several informational presentations to Facilities Committee meeting participants at the December 1, 2021 and January 5, 2022 meetings to discuss preliminary Nexant Model results and the underlying causal factors attributable to the changes. On February 2, 2022, the Facilities Committee reviewed the final version of the Nexant Model and unanimously endorsed recommendation for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over a light blue horizontal line.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- Resolution 22-21
- Table 1 – Appendix A

Appendix A

Table 1: The table below represents indicative, allocated Nexant Power Management Costs to members and participants for FY 2023 based on the final version of updated calendar year 2021 data and using current Fiscal Year 2022 budgeted costs for comparison purposes, as presented at the February 2, 2022 Facilities Committee meeting. Note: a positive / (negative) value in the last column represents an indicative increase / decrease to a member's cost, respectively.

Member Name	FY 2022 Total Power Mgmt	FY 2023 Total Power Mgmt	Increase (Decrease)
Alameda	\$1,037,232	\$984,360	(\$52,872)
BART	\$885,282	\$807,961	(\$77,321)
Biggs	\$80,836	\$84,280	\$3,444
Gridley	\$137,696	\$142,104	\$4,408
Healdsburg	\$225,669	\$243,821	\$18,152
Lodi	\$1,210,176	\$1,313,092	\$102,916
Lompoc	\$522,993	\$419,222	(\$103,771)
Palo Alto	\$1,868,219	\$1,816,888	(\$51,331)
Plumas Sierra	\$411,656	\$402,735	(\$8,921)
Port of Oakland	\$535,731	\$497,042	(\$38,690)
Roseville	\$552,523	\$594,882	\$42,359
Santa Clara	\$3,673,807	\$3,927,571	\$253,764
Turlock Irrigation District	\$152,141	\$148,022	(\$4,119)
Ukiah	\$317,060	\$341,991	\$24,932
	\$11,611,020	\$11,723,970	\$112,949
Direct to Programs - LEC	\$1,454,857	\$1,341,907	(\$112,949)
FY 2022 Power Mgmt Budget	\$13,065,877	\$13,065,877	(\$0)

RESOLUTION 22-21

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY ADOPTING UPDATED NEXANT COST ALLOCATION MODEL INPUT DETERMINANTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

(reference Staff Report #125:22)

WHEREAS, the NCPA Commission accepted and approved the Nexant Power Management Allocation Study Phase IIa Report ('Final Report') on January 28, 2010 to establish cost allocation of Power Management and certain Administrative Services related activities among the members; and

WHEREAS, staff has reviewed calendar year 2021 data for input into the Nexant Cost Allocation Model for Fiscal Year 2023 as described in Staff Report #125:22 and recommends that the updated Nexant Model be adopted without any further modification in order to allocate certain budgeted costs to members for Fiscal Year 2023; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency adopts the updated Nexant Cost Allocation Model input determinants as described in Staff Report #125:22 as inputs into the Nexant Power Management Cost Allocation Model in order to allocate budgeted costs to members for Fiscal Year 2023.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022, by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



20

Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Proclaiming a Local Emergency, Re-Ratifying the Proclamation of a State of Emergency Issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, and Authorizing the Continuation of Remote Teleconference Meetings of the Northern California Power Agency, for the Period of February 24, 2022, through March 26, 2022, Pursuant to the Brown Act Provisions.

AGENDA CATEGORY: Consent

FROM: Randy S. Howard
General Manager

Division: Executive Services

Department: General Manager

METHOD OF SELECTION:

N/A

If other, please describe:

IMPACTED MEMBERS:

All Members <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>

If other, please specify

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution 22-25 Proclaiming a Local Emergency, Re-Ratifying the Proclamation of a State of Emergency Issued by Governor Gavin Newsom, and Authorizing the Continuation of Remote Teleconference Meetings of the Northern California Power Agency, for the Period of February 24, 2022, through March 26, 2022, Pursuant to the Brown Act Provisions.

BACKGROUND:

In December 2019, reports began spreading of a flu-like virus (now known as COVID-19) that was more deadly than the flu generally. On March 4, 2020, as part of the State of California's response to address the global COVID-19 outbreak, Governor Gavin Newsom declared a State of Emergency to make additional resources available, formalize emergency actions already underway across multiple state agencies and departments, and help the state prepare for broader spread of the COVID-19 virus.

When the COVID-19 pandemic started, local governing bodies struggled to conduct their meetings in compliance with the Ralph M. Brown Act's public accessibility requirements while still abiding by stay-at-home orders. As a result, Governor Newsom signed Orders N-25-20, N-29-20, and N-35-20 to grant local agencies the flexibility to meet remotely during the COVID-19 pandemic. These orders expired on September 30, 2021.

On September 16, 2021, Governor Newsom signed into law AB 361 – Brown Act: Remote Meetings During Emergencies. AB 361, codified at Government Code Section 54953(e)(1)(B), to allow local legislative bodies to continue meeting by teleconference during a gubernatorial proclaimed state of emergency if the local legislative body determines, by majority vote, that as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

Since late 2021, the statewide average infection rate has increased dramatically, causing an increase in numbers of COVID-19 related hospitalized patients throughout the state. This surge is being driven by the recent emergence of the Omicron variant, as well as the already known Delta variant, which early data suggest that the Omicron variant is more transmissible than the Delta variant.

Due to the increase in numbers of COVID-19 and the surge of the Omicron variant, on January 6, 2022, Governor Newsom signed Order N-1-22, extending the sunset date for granting state agencies the flexibility to meet remotely during the COVID-19 pandemic to March 31, 2022.

The flexibility provided to local agencies to ensure the safety of all attendees and meet remotely without listing teleconference locations in California Government Code Section 54953 remain available until January 1, 2024, when the governing body finds the conditions identified above so require.

A proclamation is made when there is an actual incident, threat of disaster, or extreme peril posing imminent risk to the health and safety of persons within the state of California including NCPA's Members' jurisdictions, caused by natural, technological, or human-caused disasters. It is further required that state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to

promote social distancing, or, that the legislative body meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health and safety of attendees.

Such conditions now exist within several NCPA Member's jurisdictions, as some Members reside: (i) in counties with higher COVID-19 transmission rates, (ii) in counties with varying vaccination rates, (iii) in counties with additional safety requirements in place including masking of all parties indoors regardless of vaccination status and requirements to show proof of vaccination to access certain indoor locations, (iv) in locations where social distancing and masking is recommended by local health authorities for meeting indoors, and (v) in counties where local public health officers mandate that public bodies meet remotely, and thus, the NCPA Member's convening in a central location to attend an in person meeting would present imminent risk to the health and safety of attendees.

By adopting the proposed resolution, the Commission would, on behalf of the Commission and all other standing Committees formed by the Commission, make the findings required by AB 361 to meet remotely. Because the Commission is required to make these findings every 30 days, or until the Commission adopts a subsequent resolution, staff will place a new version of this resolution on the consent calendar at all subsequent meetings, until the Commission decides that meeting in person will no longer pose an imminent risk to the health or safety of attendees.

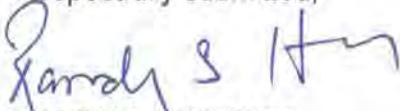
FISCAL IMPACT:

This report has no direct fiscal impact to the Agency.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore, not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over the typed name.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- Resolution 22-25

RESOLUTION 22-25

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY PROCLAIMING A LOCAL EMERGENCY, RE-RATIFYING THE PROCLAMATION OF A STATE OF EMERGENCY ISSUED BY GOVERNOR GAVIN NEWSOM, AND AUTHORIZING THE CONTINUATION OF REMOTE TELECONFERENCE MEETINGS OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY, FOR THE PERIOD OF FEBRUARY 24, 2022, THROUGH MARCH 26, 2022 PURSUANT TO THE BROWN ACT PROVISIONS

(reference Staff Report #129:22)

WHEREAS, the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) is committed to ensuring public access to observe and participate in meetings of its legislative body; and

WHEREAS, all meetings of the NCPA Commission and all other standing Committees formed by the Commission created pursuant to Government Code Section 54952(b) are open and public, as required by the Ralph M. Brown Act, so that any member of the public may participate in the legislative body meetings; and

WHEREAS, in December 2019, reports began spreading of a flu-like virus (now known as COVID-19) that was more deadly than the flu generally; and

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, as part of the State of California's response to address the global COVID-19 outbreak, Governor Gavin Newsom declared a State of Emergency pursuant to Government Code Section 8625 to make additional resources available, formalize emergency actions already underway across multiple state agencies and departments, and help the state prepare for broader spread of the COVID-19 virus; and

WHEREAS, when the COVID-19 pandemic started, local agency boards struggled to conduct their meetings in compliance with the Ralph M. Brown Act's public accessibility requirements while still abiding by stay-at-home orders; and

WHEREAS, as a result, Governor Newsom signed Orders N-25-20, N-29-20, and N-35-20 to grant local agencies the flexibility to meet remotely during the COVID-19 pandemic, which expired on September 30, 2021; and

WHEREAS, on September 16, 2021, Governor Newsom signed into law AB 361 – Brown Act: Remote Meetings During Emergencies, which amended Government Code Section 54953(e)(1)(B), to allow local legislative bodies to continue meeting by teleconference during a gubernatorial proclaimed state of emergency if the local legislative body determines, by majority vote, that as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees; and

WHEREAS, the statewide average infection rate has increased dramatically, causing an increase in numbers of COVID-19 related hospitalized patients throughout the state. This surge is being driven by the recent emergence of the Omicron variant, as well as the already known Delta variant, which early data suggest that the Omicron variant is more transmissible than the Delta variant; and

WHEREAS, on January 6, 2022, Governor Newsom signed Order N-1-22, extending the sunset date for granting local agencies the flexibility to meet remotely during the COVID-19 pandemic to March 31, 2022; and

WHEREAS, the flexibility provided to local agencies to ensure the safety of all attendees and meet remotely without listing teleconference locations in California Government Code Section 54953 remain available through January 1, 2024, when the governing body finds the conditions identified above so require; and

WHEREAS, a proclamation is made when there is an actual incident, threat of disaster, or extreme peril posing imminent risk to the health and safety of persons within the state of California including NCPA's Members' jurisdictions, caused by natural, technological, or human-caused disasters; and

WHEREAS, it is further required that state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, or, that the legislative body meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health and safety of attendees; and

WHEREAS, such conditions now exist within several NCPA Member's jurisdictions, as some Members reside: (i) in counties with higher COVID-19 transmission rates, (ii) in counties with varying vaccination rates, (iii) in counties with additional safety requirements in place including masking of all parties indoors regardless of vaccination status and requirements to show proof of vaccination to access certain indoor locations, (iv) in locations where social distancing and masking is recommended by local health authorities for meeting indoors, and (v) in counties where local public health officers mandate that public bodies meet remotely, and thus, the NCPA Member's convening in a central location to attend an in person meeting would present imminent risk to the health and safety of attendees; and

WHEREAS, the NCPA Commission, acting as a legislative body pursuant Government Code Section 54952(a) and for the benefit of the standing committees that were created by the Commission pursuant to Government Code Section 54952(b) (collectively referred to as "Legislative Bodies"), finds that the current conditions meet the circumstances set forth in Government Code Section 54953(d)(3) to allow Legislative Bodies to continue to use teleconferencing to hold open and public meetings if the Legislative Bodies comply with the requirements set forth in Government Code Section 54953(e)(2) to ensure the public can safely participate in and observe governing body meeting; and

WHEREAS, the Commission and Legislative Bodies will comply with all noticing and agenda requirements required by the Brown Act; provide the public with access to and participation in the meeting through a call-in or internet-based service; provide instructions in the posted notices or agenda for how to participate; ensure the public will be able to participate in the meeting in real time through call-in or internet-based service, ensure the public will be able to provide public comment during the meeting; and comply with the requirements of AB 361.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency does hereby resolve as follows:

1. Recitals. The Recitals set forth above are true and correct and are incorporated into this Resolution by this reference.
2. Proclamation of Local Emergency. The Commission hereby proclaims that a local emergency now exists due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, and that the legislative body meeting in person could present imminent risks to the health and safety of attendees.

3. Re-Ratification of Governor's Proclamation of a State of Emergency. The Commission hereby re-ratifies the Governor of the State of California's Proclamation of State of Emergency signed on March 4, 2020 regarding COVID-19.

4. Remote Teleconference Meetings. The members and staff of the Commission and Legislative Bodies are hereby authorized and directed to take all actions necessary to carry out the intent and purpose of this Resolution including, conducting open and public meetings in accordance with Government Code section 54953(e) and other applicable provisions of the Brown Act.

5. Effective Date of Resolution. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption and shall be effective until the earlier of (i) March 26, 2022, or (ii) such time the Commission adopts a subsequent resolution in accordance with Government Code section 54953(e)(3) to extend the time during which the Commission and Legislative Bodies may continue to teleconference without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of section 54953.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022, by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



21

Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: CT1 Controls and Excitation Upgrade Project; Applicable to the following: CT1 Projects

AGENDA CATEGORY: Discussion/Action

FROM:	Randy Bowersox <i>R.B.</i> Assistant General Manager	METHOD OF SELECTION: <i>Competitive Pricing Process</i>
Division:	Generation Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Combustion Turbines	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:

All Members	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake	<input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto	<input type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding	<input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland	<input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville	<input type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD	<input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>

If other, please specify

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolution 22-20 authorizing the CT1 Controls and Excitation Upgrade Project and delegating authority to the General Manager or his designee to award bids, execute agreements, and to issue purchase orders for the project in accordance with NCPA purchasing policies and procedures, without further approval by the Commission, for a total cost not exceed \$2,100,000, and authorizing use of FY22 CT1 Control System Update budgeted project funds in the amount of \$1,500,000, and \$600,000 encumbered funds for the FY21 CT1 Diesel Starter Modification.

BACKGROUND:

The CT1 excitation and control systems ("systems") are aged and obsolete with minimal spare parts available. The last control system updates were completed in 2000, and the excitation system is original equipment circa 1985. It is difficult to find contractors who are qualified to work on the excitation system, and staff regularly needs to order replacement parts off eBay as new parts are not available from the original manufacturers.

The goal of the CT1 Excitation and Control Upgrade Project is to provide the availability and reliability of the units to meet the member needs until member climate goals are satisfied. With the current service life of the existing systems at 22 years, and the upgrade set to be completed in 2023, this upgrade intends to make the systems serviceable for the foreseeable future. With the upgrade will come modern parts, support, and plant performance software. The control system in particular will benefit from up-to-date cybersecurity hardening.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The total cost is anticipated not to exceed \$2,100,000. Funds for the project will come from two previously approved projects. First, the CT1 Control System Upgrade project was approved for the FY22 budget in the amount of \$1,500,000. Second, the CT1 Diesel Starter Modification funds were encumbered from the FY21 budget in the amount of \$2,250,000. Staff requests that \$600,000 be allocated from the Diesel Starter Modification project to augment the \$1,500,000 from the CT1 Control System Upgrade project for a total project fund of \$2,100,000. The remaining \$1,650,000 encumbered from the FY21 Diesel Starter Modification project will be refunded to the Participants.

Project Costs	
Excitation and Control System Upgrade	\$1,559,000
NERC/WECC Testing	\$60,000
Plant Data System Support (PI System)	\$100,000
Contingency	\$381,000
Total Project Cost	\$2,100,000

Funding Source	Approved Amount	Requested Amount
FY22 CT1 Control System Upgrade	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000
FY21 CT1 Diesel Starter Modification	\$2,250,000	\$600,000
Total Project Cost		\$2,100,000
Returned to Members	\$(1,650,000)	

SELECTION PROCESS:

On July 12, 2021, NCPA put out a Request for Proposal (RFP) for the CT1 Controls and Excitation Projects. A bid walk took place on Tuesday, August 3, 2021, and there were four (4) attendees. Bids were due on Friday, September 3, 2021. NCPA received four (4) responsive bids from the following companies: Drake Controls, General Electric, Nexus Controls, and Turbine Technical Services. NCPA is reviewing the submitted bids, and is requesting comments, clarifications, and negotiations with individual bidders as necessary.

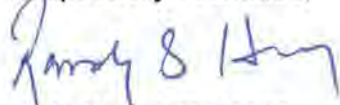
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

On February 2, 2022 the Facilities Committee reviewed and endorsed the recommendation above for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Randy S. Howard", is written over the typed name.

RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- Resolution 22-20

RESOLUTION 22-20

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY APPROVING THE CT1 CONTROLS AND EXCITATION UPGRADE PROJECT

(reference Staff Report #122:22)

WHEREAS, the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) operates and maintains on behalf of the project owners the Combustion Turbine CT1 Alameda and CT1 Lodi facilities; and

WHEREAS, the CT1 excitation and control systems ("systems") are aged and obsolete with minimal spare parts available. The last control system updates were completed in 2000, and the excitation system is original equipment circa 1985. It is difficult to find contractors qualified to work on the excitation system, and staff regularly needs to order replacement parts off eBay as new parts are not available from the original manufacturers; and

WHEREAS, the CT1 Excitation and Control Upgrade Project will provide the availability and reliability of the units to meet the member needs until member climate goals are satisfied, allowing for easier support, and updated parts and plant performance software. The control system in particular will benefit from up-to-date cybersecurity hardening; and

WHEREAS, On July 12, 2021, NCPA put out a Request for Proposal (RFP) for the CT1 Controls and Excitation Projects. A bid walk took place on Tuesday, August 3, 2021, and there were four (4) attendees. Bids were due on Friday, September 3, 2021. NCPA received four (4) bids. NCPA is reviewing the submitted bids, and is requesting comments, clarifications, and negotiations with individual bidders as necessary; and

WHEREAS, this was approved by the Facilities Committee on February 2, 2022; and

WHEREAS, this activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency authorizes the CT1 Excitation and Control Upgrade Project and delegates authority to the General Manager or his designee to award bids, execute agreements, and to issue purchase orders for the project in accordance with NCPA purchasing policies and procedures, without further approval by the Commission, for a total not to exceed \$2,100,000, and authorizing use of FY22 CT1 Control System Update budgeted project funds in the amount of \$1,500,000, and \$600,000 encumbered funds for the FY21 CT1 Diesel Starter Modification.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022, by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST:

CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED _____, 2022**NEW ISSUE - BOOK-ENTRY ONLY****Ratings: See “RATINGS” herein.**

In the opinion of Nixon Peabody LLP, Special Tax Counsel to NCPA, under existing law and assuming compliance with the tax covenants described herein, and the accuracy of certain representations and certifications made by NCPA described herein, interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). Special Tax Counsel is also of the opinion that such interest is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code. Interest on the 2022 Series B Bonds is not excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Interest on all of the 2022 Bonds, including the 2022 Series B Bonds, is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California (the “State”) under present State law. See “TAX MATTERS” herein regarding certain other tax considerations.

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS**

\$ _____ *

\$ _____ *

2022 Refunding Series A**2022 Taxable Refunding Series B****Dated: Date of Delivery****Due: July 1, as shown on the inside cover**

This cover page contains certain information for general reference only. It is not intended to be a summary of the security or terms of the 2022 Bonds. Investors are advised to read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision. Capitalized terms used on this cover page not otherwise defined will have the meanings set forth herein.

Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) is offering \$ _____ * of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”) and \$ _____ * of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”). The 2022 Bonds are being issued by NCPA pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented (the “Indenture”), by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”), for the purpose of providing funds to refund NCPA’s Outstanding Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A (the “Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds”) and Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A (the “Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds” and, together with the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, the “Refunded Bonds”), and to pay costs of issuance of the 2022 Bonds and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, including costs of termination of an interest rate swap agreement relating to the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds. See “PLAN OF REFUNDING” herein.

The 2022 Bonds are being issued as fully registered bonds and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”). DTC will act as securities depository for the 2022 Bonds, and individual purchases of the 2022 Bonds will be made in book-entry form only. Interest on the 2022 Bonds of each Series is payable on each January 1 and July 1, beginning on July 1, 2022. Principal is payable on July 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth on the inside cover page hereof. The 2022 Bonds of each Series may be purchased in authorized denominations of \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof. Principal, premium, if any, and interest on the 2022 Bonds is payable by the Trustee to DTC, which is obligated in turn to remit such principal, premium, if any, and interest to its DTC Participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the 2022 Bonds. See “APPENDIX C—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM” hereto.

The 2022 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as described herein.

THE 2022 BONDS ARE SPECIAL, LIMITED OBLIGATIONS OF NCPA PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE TRUST ESTATE, AND SECURED SOLELY BY A PLEDGE AND ASSIGNMENT OF THE TRUST ESTATE, CONSISTING PRIMARILY OF THE NCPA REVENUES (AS DEFINED HEREIN) AND THE OTHER FUNDS PLEDGED BY NCPA UNDER THE INDENTURE. THE 2022 BONDS DO NOT CONSTITUTE A CHARGE AGAINST THE GENERAL CREDIT OF NCPA. THE 2022 BONDS ARE NOT DEBTS, LIABILITIES OR OBLIGATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ANY PUBLIC AGENCY THEREOF (OTHER THAN NCPA), ANY MEMBER OF NCPA OR ANY PROJECT PARTICIPANT, AND NEITHER THE FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF ANY OF THE FOREGOING (INCLUDING NCPA) IS PLEDGED FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE 2022 BONDS. NCPA HAS NO TAXING POWER.

**Maturity Schedules
(see inside cover)**

The 2022 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and delivered to the Underwriters, subject to the approval of legality by Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Bond Counsel to NCPA, and certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for NCPA by Jane E. Luckhardt, Esq., General Counsel to NCPA, and by Spiegel & McDiarmid LLP, Washington, D.C., Washington, Counsel to NCPA. Nixon Peabody LLP is serving as Special Tax Counsel to NCPA in connection with the 2022 Bonds. Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, is serving as Disclosure Counsel to NCPA in connection with the 2022 Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Counsel to the Underwriters. It is expected that the 2022 Bonds in definitive form will be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC in New York, New York, by Fast Automated Securities Transfer (FAST) on or about _____, 2022.

Citigroup**BofA Securities**

Dated: _____, 2022

* Preliminary, subject to change.
4876-0066-1256v6/024257-0004

MATURITY SCHEDULES*

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS

\$ _____ *

2022 Refunding Series A Bonds

Maturity Date (July 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Yield	Price	CUSIP [†]
					664845 ____
					664845 ____
					664845 ____
					664845 ____
					664845 ____
					664845 ____

\$ _____ *

2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Maturity Date (July 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Yield	Price	CUSIP [†]
					664845 ____

* Preliminary, subject to change.

[†] CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein are provided by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with NCPA or the Underwriter and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2022 Bonds. Neither NCPA nor the Underwriter is responsible for the selection or use of these CUSIP numbers and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2022 Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2022 Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of the 2022 Bonds.

No dealer, broker, salesperson or any other person has been authorized by NCPA, the Project Participants or the Underwriters to give any information or to make any representation, other than the information and representations contained herein, in connection with the offering of the 2022 Bonds and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor will there be any sale of, the 2022 Bonds in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale. This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the purchasers of the 2022 Bonds.

Statements contained in this Official Statement, which include estimates, forecasts or matters of opinion, are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact. The information set forth herein has been furnished by NCPA, the Project Participants or other sources which are believed to be reliable. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the matters described herein since the date hereof. This Official Statement, including any supplement or amendment hereto, is intended to be filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) website.

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association accepts its duties as Trustee for the 2022 Bonds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, the Trustee has not reviewed this Official Statement and makes no representations as to the information contained herein, including, but not limited to, any representations as to the financial feasibility of NCPA or its Members, the Project or any related activities.

The Underwriters have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, their responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE 2022 BONDS THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE 2022 BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS REGARDING
FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS IN
THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement constitute “forward-looking statements.” Such statements are generally identifiable by the terminology used such as “plan,” “expect,” “estimate,” “budget” or other similar words. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, certain statements contained in the information under the captions “RATE REGULATION” and “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY” in this Official Statement and in the description of each of the Significant Share Project Participant’s operations set forth in APPENDIX A hereto. Forward-looking statements in APPENDIX A and elsewhere in this Official Statement are subject to risks and uncertainties, including particularly those relating to natural gas costs and availability, wholesale and retail electric energy and capacity prices, federal and State legislation and regulations, competition and industry restructuring, the impact of weather on operations and operating results, changes in customer electricity usage patterns, developments associated with the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, and the economies of the service areas of the Project Participants.

The achievement of certain results or other expectations contained in such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. NCPA does not plan to issue any updates or revisions to those forward-looking statements if or when its expectations or events, conditions or circumstances on which such statements are based occur.

NCPA maintains a website. However, the information presented therein is not part of this Official Statement and should not be relied upon in making investment decisions with respect to the 2022 Bonds.

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	BONDS

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS

\$_____*

2022 Refunding Series A

\$_____*

2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

INTRODUCTION

This Introduction is qualified in its entirety by reference to the more detailed information included and referred to elsewhere in this Official Statement. The offering of the 2022 Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of the entire Official Statement. Capitalized terms used in this Introduction and not otherwise defined herein will have the respective meanings assigned to them elsewhere in this Official Statement. See “APPENDIX D–SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE – Certain Definitions.”

Purpose

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information concerning (i) the Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”); (ii) NCPA’s \$_____* Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”) and \$_____* Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”); and (iii) the eleven NCPA Members which have entered into the Third Phase Agreement (hereinafter defined) with NCPA (collectively, the “Project Participants”) relating to NCPA’s Hydroelectric Project Number One (the “Project” or the “Hydroelectric Project”), including in particular the five principal Project Participants (the “Significant Share Project Participants”).

The 2022 Bonds are being issued by NCPA for the purpose of providing funds to refund NCPA’s Outstanding Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A (the “2008 Series A Bonds”) and Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A (the “2012 Series A Bonds” and, together with the 2008 Series A Bonds, the “Refunded Bonds”), and to pay costs of issuance of the 2022 Bonds and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, including costs of termination of an interest rate swap agreement relating to the 2008 Series A Bonds. See “PLAN OF REFUNDING.”

NCPA

NCPA is a joint exercise of powers agency formed under the Joint Exercise of Power Act (Cal. Gov. Code §§ 6500 *et seq.*) (the “Act”) and an Amended and Restated Northern California Power Agency Joint Powers Agreement (the “NCPA Joint Powers Agreement”) now among the City of Alameda (“Alameda”), the City of Biggs (“Biggs”), the City of Gridley (“Gridley”), the City of Healdsburg (“Healdsburg”), the City of Lodi (“Lodi”), the City of Lompoc (“Lompoc”), the City of Palo Alto (“Palo Alto”), the City of Redding (“Redding”), the City of Roseville (“Roseville”), the City of Santa Clara (“Santa Clara”), the City of Shasta Lake (“Shasta Lake”), the City of Ukiah (“Ukiah”), the City of Oakland acting by and through its Board of Port Commissioners (“Port of Oakland”), the Truckee Donner Public Utility District (“Truckee Donner”), and the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District (“BART”) as members, and the Plumas-Sierra Rural Electric Cooperative (“Plumas-Sierra”), as an

* Preliminary, subject to change.

associate member (herein collectively referred to as the “Members” and individually as a “Member”). The Project Participants and their Project Entitlement Percentages are shown on page (a) hereof. The Significant Share Project Participants, representing in aggregate over 90% in Project Entitlement Percentages, are the cities of Alameda, Lodi, Palo Alto, Roseville and Santa Clara.

Authority for Issuance

The 2022 Bonds are being issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 4 of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Part I of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California and under and in accordance with an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”), as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022 (the “Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture”) relating to the 2022 Series A Bonds, and by the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022 (the “Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture”), relating to the 2022 Series B Bonds (collectively, the “Indenture”), the Agreement for Construction, Operation and Financing of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project, dated as of September 1, 1982, as amended (the “Third Phase Agreement”), by and among NCPA and the Project Participants, and the Power Purchase Contract dated July 6, 1981, as amended and revised by the Revised Power Purchase Contract, dated as of March 1, 1985 (the “Power Purchase Contract”), by and between NCPA and Calaveras County Water District (“Calaveras”).

The 2022 Bonds and all Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds Outstanding under the Indenture are referred to herein as the “Hydroelectric Project Bonds.”

The Project

The Project consists of a 252.86 megawatt (“MW”) hydroelectric project (net capacity based on California Independent System Operator Masterfile for Collierville Powerhouse and Spicer Meadow Dam Powerhouse) and related facilities, described under the caption “THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT.” NCPA is entitled, under the Power Purchase Contract (i) to receive the electric output, and associated capacity, of the Project for 50 years from February 1982, with an option to purchase Project capacity and energy in excess of Calaveras’ requirements thereafter, subject to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“FERC”) approval, and (ii) to operate the generating facilities of the Project. In February 1990, the operating portions of the Project were declared substantially complete and commercially operable. The Project is primarily used to serve the Project Participants’ load requirements, and is secondarily used for load-following by NCPA, whereby the project output is used to balance the Project Participants’ load forecast deviations.

Third Phase Agreement

Under the Third Phase Agreement, NCPA has agreed to provide, and each Project Participant has agreed to take or cause to be taken, the Project Participant’s Project Entitlement Percentage of the capacity and energy of the Project. The Project Participants pay for such capacity and energy on a cost-of-service basis. Each Project Participant has agreed to make payments for such capacity and energy solely from the revenues of, and as an operating expense of, such Project Participant’s electric system. Such payments must be made regardless of whether or not the Project is operable, operating or retired and notwithstanding the suspension, interruption, interference, reduction or curtailment of Project output or the capacity and energy contracted for in whole or in part for any reason whatsoever. See “SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE 2022 BONDS – Third Phase Agreement.”

Security and Sources of Payment for the 2022 Bonds

The 2022 Bonds are special, limited obligations of NCPA. The 2022 Bonds are payable solely from, and secured solely by a pledge and assignment of, the Trust Estate, consisting primarily of the NCPA Revenues, and the other funds pledged by NCPA under the Indenture as described under the caption “SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE 2022 BONDS.”

The 2022 Bonds are not debts, liabilities or obligations of the State of California, any public agency thereof (other than NCPA), any Member of NCPA or any Project Participant and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of any of the foregoing (including NCPA) is pledged for the payment of the 2022 Bonds. NCPA has no taxing power.

No Debt Service Reserve Account

No debt service reserve account will be established to secure the 2022 Bonds. Amounts held in or credited to any other debt service reserve account established in connection with any other Series of Outstanding Hydroelectric Project Bonds do not secure, and are not available for, the payment of the 2022 Bonds.

Risk Factors

For a description of certain risks associated with the purchase of the 2022 Bonds, see “SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE 2022 BONDS – Limitations on Remedies,” “RATE REGULATION,” “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY” and “LITIGATION.”

Other Matters

The summaries of and references to all documents, statutes, reports and other instruments referred to herein do not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive, and each such summary and reference is qualified in its entirety by reference to each document, statute, report or instrument. The capitalization of any word not conventionally capitalized or otherwise defined herein indicates that such word is defined in a particular agreement or other document and, as used herein, has the meaning given to it in such agreement or document. In preparing this Official Statement, NCPA has relied upon certain information relating to the Project Participants furnished to NCPA by the Project Participants.

Attached to this Official Statement is a summary of certain provisions of the Indenture. Copies of the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Third Phase Agreement and the Continuing Disclosure Agreements are available for inspection at the offices of NCPA in Roseville, California, and will be available upon request and payment of duplication costs from the Trustee.

PLAN OF REFUNDING

General

The 2022 Bonds are being issued for the purpose of providing funds to refund all of the Outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds and 2012 Series A Bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the 2022 Bonds will also be applied to pay costs of issuance of the 2022 Bonds and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, including costs of termination of an interest rate swap agreement relating to the 2008 Series A Bonds. **The bonds identified herein for refunding, maturities, dates and amounts are subject to change by NCPA in its sole discretion.**

Prior Financings and Refunding Plan *

Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds. The 2008 Series A Bonds were originally issued on April 2, 2008 in the aggregate principal amount of \$85,160,000 pursuant to the Indenture for the purpose of refinancing a portion of the costs of the Project. As of the date hereof, \$79,220,000 principal amount of 2008 Series A Bonds remains Outstanding. The Outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds mature on July 1, 2032, with scheduled mandatory sinking fund payments due in each of the years 2022 through 2032. The Outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds will be called for redemption on or about [May __], 2022.

The refunding of the 2008 Series A Bonds is being undertaken by NCPA as part of a plan to refund its Outstanding variable rate Hydroelectric Project Bonds with fixed rate debt and reduce the notional amount of the associated interest rate swap agreement (the hereinafter defined 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap) when market conditions so warrant. The 2008 Series A Bonds represent NCPA's only currently Outstanding variable rate Hydroelectric Project Bonds. In connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds and the refunding of the 2008 Series A Bonds, the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap (currently outstanding in the notional amount of \$79,200,000) is to be terminated in full. Following the termination of such interest rate swap, there will no interest rate swap agreements associated with NCPA's Hydroelectric Project Bonds remaining outstanding.

The following table details the maturity dates and principal amounts of the 2008 Series A Bonds to be refunded (hereinafter, the "Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds").

Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds

Maturity Date (July 1)	CUSIP [†]	Outstanding Principal Amount to be Refunded	Interest Rate	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
2032 ⁽¹⁾	664845BE3	\$79,220,000	Variable	[May __], 2022	100%

⁽¹⁾ Term Bond.

[†] CUSIP® is a registered trademark of American Bankers Association. CUSIP® data herein are provided by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of American Bankers Association. Neither NCPA nor the Underwriters is responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP numbers set forth herein.

On the date of delivery of the 2022 Bonds, a portion of the proceeds thereof will be deposited in the respective 2008 Refunding Funds established under the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture to be maintained by the Trustee. Moneys deposited in said funds will be applied, together with other available funds, as described below.

The redemption of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds will be effected by drawing on the letter of credit securing the payment of principal of and interest on such Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds on the redemption date in an amount sufficient to redeem the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds on the redemption date, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal of such Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, together with accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium. The proceeds of the 2022 Bonds deposited in the 2008 Refunding Funds established for the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, together with certain amounts in the funds and accounts relating to the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and available for such purpose, will be used on the redemption date of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds to reimburse the letter of credit bank, in its capacity as the credit provider for the Refunded 2008 Series A

* Preliminary, subject to change.

Bonds, for the draw made under the letter of credit. Upon such application, following the redemption date, no Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds will remain outstanding and the letter of credit securing the payment of such Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds will terminate by its terms. See “OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF NCPA.”

Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds. The 2012 Series A Bonds were originally issued on February 7, 2012 in the aggregate principal amount of \$76,665,000 pursuant to the Indenture for the purpose of refinancing a portion of the costs of the Project. As of the date hereof, \$76,665,000 principal amount of 2012 Series A Bonds remains Outstanding. The Outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds mature on July 1 in each of the years 2024 through 2032. The Outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds will be called for redemption on July 1, 2022.

The following table details the maturity dates and principal amounts of the 2012 Series A Bonds to be refunded (hereinafter, the “Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds”). The refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds is being undertaken to achieve net present value and debt service savings.

Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds

Maturity Date (July 1)	CUSIP [†]	Outstanding Principal Amount to be Refunded	Interest Rate	Redemption Date	Redemption Price
2024	664845EB6	\$ 4,475,000	5.00%	July 1, 2022	100%
2025	664845EC4	11,265,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2026	664845ED2	11,830,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2027	664845EE0	12,425,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2028	664845EF7	13,040,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2029	664845EG5	4,570,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2030	664845EH3	4,800,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2031	664845EJ9	5,040,000	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
2032	664845EK6	<u>9,220,000</u>	5.00	July 1, 2022	100
Total		<u>\$76,665,000</u>			

[†] CUSIP® is a registered trademark of American Bankers Association. CUSIP® data herein are provided by CUSIP Global Services, managed by S&P Global Market Intelligence on behalf of American Bankers Association. Neither NCPA nor the Underwriters is responsible for the selection or correctness of the CUSIP numbers set forth herein.

Pursuant to an Escrow Deposit Agreement (the “Escrow Agreement”), to be entered into by NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Trustee, a portion of the proceeds of the 2022 Series A Bonds, together with certain other available funds, will be deposited into an escrow fund (the “2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund”) and will either be held as cash or will be used to purchase non-callable, direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America (the “Escrow Securities”) that will bear interest at such rates and will be scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts so that, when paid in accordance with their respective terms, and together with the cash held in the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund, sufficient moneys will be available to pay the redemption price (100.0% of the principal amount) of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds on the redemption date therefor, together with accrued interest on such Refunded 2010 Series A Bonds.

On the date of delivery of the 2022 Bonds, NCPA will receive a report from _____, _____, verifying the adequacy of the cash deposited and held in the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund, together with the maturing principal amounts of and interest earned on the Escrow Securities (if any), to pay on July 1, 2022, the redemption price of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds and accrued interest thereon. See “VERIFICATION OF MATHEMATICAL COMPUTATIONS.”

Upon such deposit to the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund for their payment, the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds will no longer be deemed to be Outstanding under the Indenture, and all obligations of NCPA with respect to the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds shall cease and terminate, except for the obligation of NCPA to cause the amounts due on the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds to be paid from funds on deposit in the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The estimated sources and uses of funds with respect to the 2022 Bonds and other amounts, rounded to the nearest dollar, are as follows:

	2022 Series A Bonds	2022 Series B Bonds	Total
Sources of Funds			
Principal Amount.....	\$	\$	\$
Original Issue Premium			
Transfer from Refunded Bonds funds and accounts			
[NCPA Contribution].....			
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Uses of Funds			
Deposit to 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund.....	\$	\$	\$
Refunded Series 2008 A Bonds Redemption Amount			
Swap Termination Payment ⁽¹⁾			
Costs of Issuance ⁽²⁾			
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

⁽¹⁾ Includes accrued amount payable to the swap termination date.

⁽²⁾ Costs of issuance include legal, financing and consulting fees, Underwriters’ discount, fees of the verification agent, trustee and escrow agent, rating agency fees, printing costs and other miscellaneous expenses.

OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF NCPA

Each NCPA project is separately financed. As of January 31, 2022, in addition to the \$223.3 million Hydroelectric Project Bonds Outstanding under the Indenture (of which [\$155.9] million is being refunded by the 2022 Bonds), NCPA had outstanding approximately \$13.8 million Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds, \$10.8 million outstanding Geothermal Project Number 3 Revenue Bonds and \$306.5 million Lodi Energy Center Revenue Bonds. For further information on NCPA projects and related bond issues, see “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS.” Each Project Participant is also a direct or indirect participant in one or more of such other NCPA projects.

In 2004, NCPA entered into an interest rate swap agreement (the “2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap”) with Citigroup Financial Products Inc. (“CFPI”) in an initial notional amount of \$85.16 million in anticipation of refunding \$85.87 million principal amount of NCPA’s then Outstanding 1998 Bonds (the “1998 Bonds”). Certain of the 1998 Bonds were refunded with the issuance of NCPA’s variable rate 2008 Series A Bonds. Pursuant to the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, the floating rate interest payments that NCPA is obligated to make with respect to the 2008 Series A Bonds were converted into substantially fixed rate payments. In general, the terms of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap provide that, on a same-day net-payment basis determined by reference to a notional amount equal to the principal amount of the Outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds (*i.e.*, \$79.2 million), NCPA will pay a fixed interest rate on the notional amount. In return, CFPI will pay a variable rate of interest under the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap on a like notional amount. The agreement by CFPI to make payments under the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap does not affect NCPA’s obligation to make payment of the 2008 Series A Bonds. Under certain circumstances, the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap is subject to termination and NCPA may be required to make a substantial termination payment to the counterparty thereunder. Payments due from NCPA under the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, including any amounts payable upon early termination thereof, are insured by National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation (formerly MBIA Insurance Corporation). As described above, the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap is being terminated on the redemption date for the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds and the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds on such redemption date. See “PLAN OF REFUNDING.”

The 2008 Series A Bonds are variable rate obligations secured by a letters of credit, upon which the Trustee and tender agent, as applicable, under the Indenture, are entitled to draw to pay the principal or redemption price of, and interest on, the 2008 Series A Bonds, and to pay the purchase price of 2008 Series A Bonds which are tendered but are not successfully remarketed. The existing letter of credit for the 2008 Series A Bonds has been provided by Bank of America, N.A. and has a scheduled expiration date of June 21, 2024. As described above, the letter of credit for the 2008 Series A Bonds will terminate by its terms upon the redemption of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds. See “PLAN OF REFUNDING.”

THE 2022 BONDS

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the 2022 Bonds. Reference is made to the Indenture for a more detailed description of such provisions. The discussion herein is qualified by such reference.

General

The 2022 Bonds of each Series are being issued in the respective aggregate principal amounts indicated on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. The 2022 Bonds of each Series will mature on July 1 in the years and in the amounts, and will bear interest at the rates per annum, as shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. The 2022 Bonds of each Series will be dated their date of delivery. Interest on the 2022 Bonds of each Series is payable on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing July 1, 2022 (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months).

The 2022 Bonds are being issued in fully registered form, and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), such registered owner of 2022 Bonds being hereinafter referred to as the “Holder.” DTC will act as securities depository for the 2022 Bonds. Ownership interests in the 2022 Bonds may be purchased in book-entry form only. Ownership interests in the 2022 Bonds of each Series may be purchased in authorized denominations of \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof. Purchasers will not receive securities certificates representing their interests in the 2022 Bonds purchased. Payments of principal of,

premium, if any, and interest on the 2022 Bonds is payable by the Trustee to DTC, which is obligated in turn to remit such principal, premium, if any, and interest to its DTC Participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the 2022 Bonds. See “APPENDIX C–BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM.”

Redemption of 2022 Bonds

Optional Redemption

2022 Series A Bonds. The 2022 Series A Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates.

2022 Series B Bonds. The 2022 Series B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates, at the option of NCPA, in whole or in part, in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA, on any date, from any source of available funds, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such 2022 Series B Bonds plus the Make-Whole Premium (as defined below), if any, plus unpaid accrued interest, if any, thereon to the redemption date.

The “Make-Whole Premium” with respect to any 2022 Series B Bond to be redeemed will be equal to the positive difference, if any, between:

- (1) the sum of the present values, calculated as of the date fixed for redemption of:
 - (a) each interest payment that, but for such redemption, would have been payable on the 2022 Series B Bonds or portion thereof being redeemed on each regularly scheduled interest payment date occurring after the date fixed for redemption through the maturity date of the 2022 Series B Bonds (excluding any accrued interest for the period prior to the redemption date); provided, that if the date fixed for redemption is not a regularly scheduled interest payment date with respect to such 2022 Series B Bonds, the amount of the next regularly scheduled interest payment will be reduced by the amount of the interest accrued on such 2022 Series B Bond to the date fixed for redemption, plus
 - (b) the principal amount that, but for such redemption, would have been payable at the final maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds or portion thereof being redeemed; minus
- (2) the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds or portion thereof being redeemed.

The present values of interest and principal payments referred to in paragraph (1) above will be determined by discounting the amount of each interest or principal payment from the date that each such payment would have been payable, but for the redemption to the date fixed for redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at a discount rate equal to the “comparable treasury yield” (as defined below) plus ____ basis points.

The Make-Whole Premium will be calculated by an independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA.

For purposes of determining the Make-Whole Premium, “comparable treasury yield” means a rate of interest per annum equal to the weekly average yield to maturity for the preceding week appearing in the most recently published statistical release designated “H.15(519) Selected Interest Rates” under the heading “Treasury Constant Maturities,” or any successor publication that is published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and that establishes yields on actively traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to constant maturity, for the maturity corresponding to the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds (“the H.15 statistical release”). The comparable treasury

yield will be determined as of the third business day immediately preceding the applicable redemption date. If the H.15 statistical release sets forth a weekly average yield for United States Treasury Securities having a constant maturity that is the same as the remaining term calculated as set forth above, then the comparable treasury yield will be equal to such weekly average yield. In all other cases, the comparable treasury yield will be calculated by interpolation on a straight-line basis, between the weekly average yields on the United States Treasury Securities (in each case as set forth in the H.15 statistical release) that have a constant maturity (i) closest to and greater than the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds being redeemed; and (ii) closest to and less than the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds being redeemed. Any weekly average yields calculated by interpolation will be rounded to the nearest 1/100th of 1%, with any figure of 1/200th of 1% or above being rounded upward.

If, and only if, weekly average yields for United States Treasury securities for the preceding week are not available in the H.15 statistical release, then the comparable treasury yield will be the rate of interest per annum equal to the semiannual equivalent yield to maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price (each as defined herein) as of the date fixed for redemption.

“Comparable Treasury Issue” means the United States Treasury security selected by the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bond being redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bond being redeemed.

“Comparable Treasury Price” means, with respect to any date on which a 2022 Series B Bond or portion thereof is being redeemed, either (a) the average of five Reference Treasury Dealer quotations for the date fixed for redemption, after excluding the highest and lowest such quotations, and (b) if the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA is unable to obtain five such quotations, the average of the quotations that are obtained. The quotations will be the average, as determined by the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of principal amount) quoted in writing to the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA, at 5:00 p.m. New York City time on the third business day preceding the date fixed for redemption.

“Reference Treasury Dealer” means a primary United States Government securities dealer in the United States appointed by NCPA (which may be an Underwriter) and reasonably acceptable to the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA.

Extraordinary Redemption

The 2022 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates, at the option of NCPA, in whole or in part (in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA) on any date, from: (i) insurance or condemnation proceeds and (ii) from any source of money if all or substantially all of the Initial Facilities are damaged or destroyed, taken by any public entity in the exercise of its powers of eminent domain or disposed of or abandoned, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus unpaid accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium; provided that the option of NCPA to call the 2022 Bonds for redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds will expire 90 days following the receipt of such insurance or condemnation proceeds.

Selection of 2022 Bonds for Redemption

NCPA may select the Series of the 2022 Bonds, the maturities of the 2022 Bonds and the principal amount of each such maturity to be redeemed in its sole discretion. Whenever provision is made in the Indenture for the redemption of less than all of the 2022 Bonds of like maturity of any Series, the Trustee will select the 2022 Bonds to be redeemed from all 2022 Bonds of such Series and maturity subject to redemption and not previously called for redemption, at random in any manner which the Trustee in its sole discretion may deem appropriate and fair.

Notice of Redemption

The Indenture requires the Trustee to give notice of the redemption of any 2022 Bonds by mailing a notice of redemption of such 2022 Bonds, postage prepaid, not less than 30 days before the redemption date, to the Holders of any 2022 Bonds or portions of 2022 Bonds which are to be redeemed, at their last address appearing upon the registry books. Among other things, such notice will state that on the redemption date there will become due and payable on each 2022 Bond to be redeemed the redemption price thereof, or the redemption price of the specified portions of the principal thereof in the case of 2022 Bonds to be redeemed in part only, together with unpaid accrued interest to the redemption date, and that on and after such date, interest thereon will cease to accrue and be payable. Receipt of such notice will not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure so to receive such notice or any defect in such notice will not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of 2022 Bonds. So long as the 2022 Bonds are in book-entry form, such notice of redemption by the Trustee to the Holders will be mailed only to DTC (or its nominee).

SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE 2022 BONDS

Pledge Effected by the Indenture

The 2022 Bonds are special, limited obligations of NCPA payable solely from, and secured solely by a pledge and assignment of, the following pursuant to the Indenture, which constitutes the Trust Estate: (a) subject only to the provisions of the Indenture permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth therein, (i) the proceeds of the sale of the Hydroelectric Project Bonds, (ii) (a) all revenues, income, rents and receipts derived or to be derived by NCPA from or attributable to the Project or the Power Purchase Contract or to the payment of the costs of the Project received or to be received by NCPA under the Third Phase Agreement or the Power Purchase Contract or under any other contract for the sale by NCPA of the Project or any part thereof or any contractual arrangement with respect to the use of the Project or any portion thereof or the services or capacity thereof, (b) the proceeds of any insurance, including the proceeds of any self-insurance fund, covering business interruption loss relating to the Project, and (c) interest received or to be received on any moneys or securities (other than in the Construction Fund) held pursuant to the Indenture and required to be paid into the Revenue Fund established thereunder ("NCPA Revenues"), and (iii) all amounts on deposit in the Funds established by the Indenture, including the investments, if any, thereof to the extent held by the Trustee and (b) all right, title and interest of NCPA in, to and under the Third Phase Agreement and the Power Purchase Contract.

The 2022 Bonds and the interest thereon are payable solely from the funds provided therefor under the Indenture and will not constitute a charge against the general credit of NCPA. The 2022 Bonds are not secured by a legal or equitable pledge of, or lien or charge upon, any property of NCPA or any of its income or receipts except the Trust Estate pledged pursuant to the Indenture which is subject to the provisions of the Indenture permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth therein. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California or any public agency thereof or any Member of NCPA or

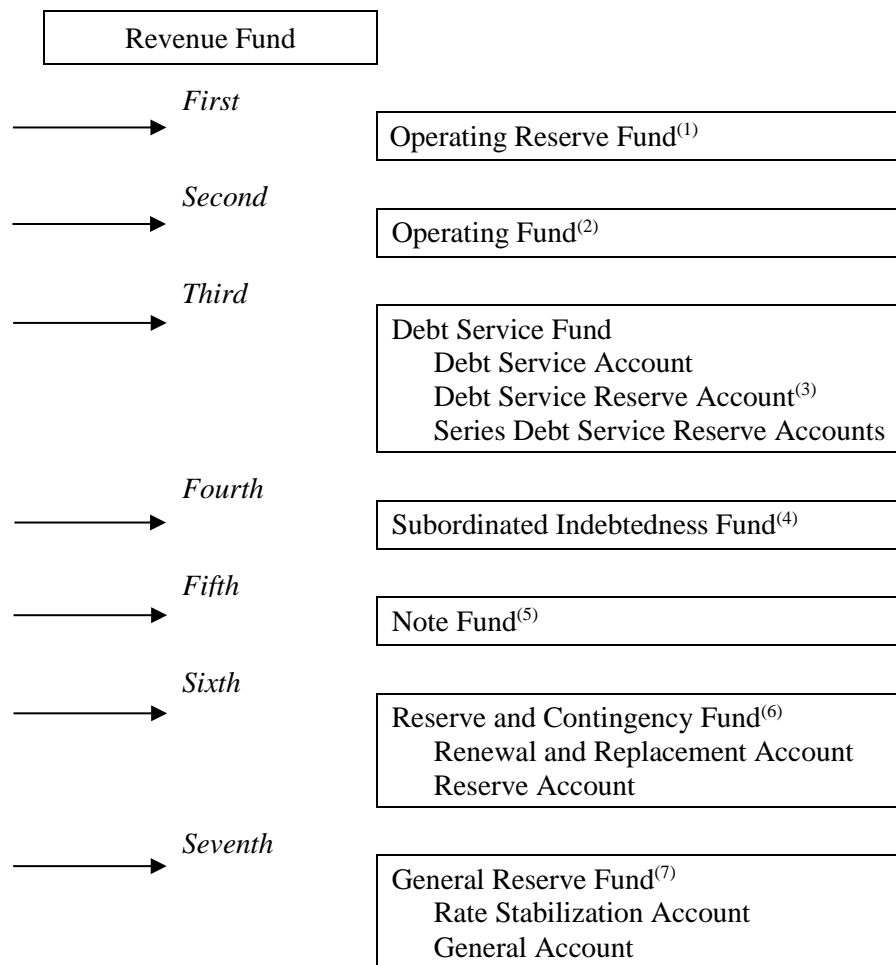
any Project Participant is pledged to the payment of the principal of, or interest on, the 2022 Bonds. NCPA has no taxing power. Neither the payment of the principal of, or interest on, the 2022 Bonds constitutes a debt, liability or obligation of the State of California or any public agency thereof (other than NCPA) or any Member of NCPA or any Project Participant. The Commissioners, directors, officers and employees of NCPA will not be individually liable on the 2022 Bonds or in respect of any undertakings by NCPA under the Indenture.

The 2022 Bonds are payable from and secured by the Trust Estate on a parity basis with all other Hydroelectric Project Bonds Outstanding under the Indenture. As of January 31, 2022, there was \$223.2 million aggregate principal amount of Hydroelectric Project Bonds Outstanding under the Indenture (of which [\$155.9] million is being refunded by the 2022 Bonds).

Order of Application of NCPA Revenues

Pursuant to the Indenture, all NCPA Revenues received are to be deposited promptly in the Revenue Fund upon receipt thereof. Amounts in the Revenue Fund are to be paid monthly in the following order of priority for application therefrom as follows:

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]



- ⁽¹⁾ To be maintained in such amount as recommended by a Consulting Engineer. The Consulting Engineer has recommended that such amount be set to \$0, provided that NCPA has established a common special reserve fund for the operating and maintenance expenses of the Project and the NCPA Geothermal Project in an amount not less than \$3,000,000. Such special reserve has been established.
- ⁽²⁾ To be applied for the payment of NCPA Operating Expenses.
- ⁽³⁾ The Debt Service Reserve Account is maintained in an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement as defined in APPENDIX D. Amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account are available to fund deficiencies in the Debt Service Account for Participating Bonds. The 2022 Bonds are Non-Participating Bonds and are not secured by amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account. See “SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE 2022 BONDS – No Debt Service Reserve Account for 2022 Bonds.” NCPA’s Outstanding NCPA’s Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A, 2012 Refunding Series A, 2012 Taxable Refunding Series B, 2018 Refunding Series A, and 2019 Refunding Series A are not Participating Bonds. The Indenture provides that Future Bonds will be Participating Bonds unless otherwise provided in the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Future Bonds. Future Bonds may be supported by amounts in a Series Debt Service Reserve Account established for such Future Bonds or may be issued with no debt service reserve. The 2022 Bonds are being issued with no debt service reserve.
- ⁽⁴⁾ To be applied to the payment of Subordinated Indebtedness under the Indenture. There is currently no Subordinated Indebtedness Outstanding under the Indenture.
- ⁽⁵⁾ To be applied to the payment of Notes. There are currently no Notes Outstanding under the Indenture.
- ⁽⁶⁾ Amounts in the Renewal and Replacement Account (currently \$0) are to be applied to the costs of Capital Improvements. The Reserve Account is to be maintained in such amount as recommended by the Consulting Engineer. Amounts in the Reserve Account, if any, are to be applied to the costs of Capital Improvements not funded from the Renewal and Replacement Account, to the payment of extraordinary operating and maintenance costs of the Project and to contingencies. Amounts in the Reserve and Contingency Fund, if any (currently \$0) are available to fund deficiencies in Operating Fund or Debt Service Fund.
- ⁽⁷⁾ Amounts in the General Reserve are to be applied to make up deficiencies in the Debt Service Account, the Debt Service Reserve Account and the Reserve and Contingency Fund, and may be applied, upon a determination of NCPA, for other specified purposes, including any other lawful purpose of NCPA related to the Project.

See “APPENDIX D–SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE” for further discussion of certain of the terms and provisions of the Indenture relating to the application of NCPA Revenues.

NCPA Rate Covenant

Pursuant to the Indenture, NCPA has covenanted, at all times, to establish and collect rates and charges with respect to the Project to provide NCPA Revenues at least sufficient in each Fiscal Year, together with other available funds, for the payment of all of the following: (i) NCPA Operating Expenses, (ii) Aggregate Debt Service, (iii) all other required deposits to any Funds under the Indenture, and (iv) all other charges or other amounts whatsoever payable out of NCPA Revenues during such Fiscal Year. See “APPENDIX D–SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE – Covenants – Rate Covenant.”

No Debt Service Reserve Account for 2022 Bonds

No debt service reserve account will be established to secure the 2022 Bonds.

Pursuant to the Indenture, certain prior Series of Hydroelectric Project Bonds were secured by, and all future Series of Hydroelectric Project Bonds other than Hydroelectric Project Bonds authorized by a Supplemental Indenture that provides that such Hydroelectric Project Bonds are not “Participating Bonds” will be secured by, the Debt Service Reserve Account. The Indenture provides that a Supplemental Indenture authorizing a Series of Hydroelectric Project Bonds may provide that such Hydroelectric Project Bonds are not Participating Bonds (all such Hydroelectric Project Bonds being referred to as “Non-Participating Bonds”) and may be secured by a Series Debt Service Reserve Account or may be issued with no debt service reserve. Pursuant to the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, respectively, the 2022 Series A Bonds and 2022 Series B Bonds are not Participating Bonds and each such Series will be issued with no debt service reserve. Amounts on deposit in any Series Debt Service Reserve Account for any Series of Non-Participating Bonds shall be used and withdrawn as provided in the Supplemental Indenture authorizing the issuance of such Non-Participating Bonds. Amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account secure only Participating Bonds and do not secure in any manner the 2022 Bonds. Amounts on deposit in any Series Debt Service Reserve Account for any other Series of Non-Participating Bonds do not secure in any manner the 2022 Bonds.

See “APPENDIX D–SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE – Debt Service Reserves for Future Bonds.”

Additional Hydroelectric Project Bonds

NCPA may issue Hydroelectric Project Bonds under and secured by the Indenture to refund bonds previously issued and Outstanding under and secured by the Indenture and may, although it does not currently expect to, issue Additional Bonds to finance Capital Improvements to the Project. For further information, see “APPENDIX D–SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE – Additional Bonds” and “– Refunding Bonds.”

Third Phase Agreement

Project Participants’ Take-or-Pay Obligation. The Third Phase Agreement authorizes NCPA to fix charges thereunder equal to the amounts anticipated to be needed to provide capacity and energy from the Project, including but not limited to debt service, operation, maintenance and replacement costs, a

reasonable reserve for contingencies, and all other costs of the Project. The Third Phase Agreement further provides that, to the extent that the funds provided thereunder and described in the preceding sentence are not sufficient for such purposes, the Project Participants will pay an amount equal to their Project Entitlement Percentage of debt service on bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness (including an applicable percentage of the 2022 Bonds), reserves therefor, and all other payments required to be made under the Indenture and the Power Purchase Contract, whether or not the Project is completed, operable, operating or retired and notwithstanding the suspension, interruption, interference, reduction or curtailment of Project output or the power and energy contracted for in whole or in part for any reason whatsoever.

Operating Expense. Each Project Participant will make payments under the Third Phase Agreement solely from the Revenues of, and as an operating expense of, its electric system. Nothing in the Third Phase Agreement prohibits any Project Participant from using any other funds and revenues to satisfy the provisions thereof.

Project Participants' Rate Covenant. Each Project Participant agrees to establish and collect fees and charges for electric capacity and energy furnished through facilities of its electric system sufficient to provide Revenues adequate to meet its obligations under the Third Phase Agreement and to pay any and all other amounts payable from or constituting a charge and lien upon any or all such Revenues.

Increase in Non-defaulting Project Participants' Original Project Entitlement Percentage. Upon the failure of any Project Participant to make any payment, which failure constitutes a default under the Third Phase Agreement, and except as sales and transfers are made pursuant thereto, the Third Phase Agreement provides that the Project Entitlement Percentage of each non-defaulting Project Participant will be automatically increased for the remaining term of the Third Phase Agreement, pro rata with those of the other non-defaulting Project Participants thereunder; provided, however, that the sum of such increases for any non-defaulting Project Participant will not exceed, without written consent of such non-defaulting Project Participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of the non-defaulting Project Participant's original Project Entitlement Percentage.

Transfer, Sale or Assignment. Each Project Participant has the right to make transfers, sales and/or assignments of its interests in Project capacity and energy and rights thereto; provided that no such transfer, sale or assignment shall adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on Hydroelectric Project Bonds issued under the Indenture. No such transfer, sale or assignment shall relieve the Project Participant of its obligations under the Third Phase Agreement. No Project Participant shall transfer its electric system unless the Project Participant provides assurance that its obligations under the Third Phase Agreement will be promptly and adequately met, including providing sufficient moneys for such purpose if no other adequate assurance is available.

Limitations on Remedies

The rights of the owners of the 2022 Bonds are subject to the limitations on legal remedies against cities and other public agencies in the State. Additionally, enforceability of the rights and remedies of the owners of the 2022 Bonds, and the obligations incurred by the NCPA and the Project Participants, may become subject to the following: the Federal Bankruptcy Code and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or similar laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditor's rights generally, now or hereafter in effect; equity principles which may limit the specific enforcement under State law of certain remedies; the exercise by the United States of America of the powers delegated to it by the Constitution; and the reasonable and necessary exercise, in certain exceptional situations, of the police powers inherent in the sovereignty of the State and its governmental bodies in the interest of serving a significant and legitimate public purpose. Bankruptcy

proceedings, or the exercise of powers by the federal or State government, if initiated, could subject the owners of the 2022 Bonds to judicial discretion and interpretation of their rights in bankruptcy or otherwise, and consequently may entail risks of delay, limitation, or modification of their rights.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

Background

NCPA is a joint exercise of powers agency formed under the Act and the NCPA Joint Powers Agreement now among Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Oakland (acting by and through its Board of Port Commissioners), Palo Alto, Redding, Roseville, Santa Clara, Shasta Lake, Ukiah, Truckee Donner, and BART as members, and Plumas-Sierra, as an associate member (herein collectively referred to as the “Members” and individually as a “Member”).

Under the terms of the NCPA Joint Powers Agreement entered into by all Members, NCPA possesses the general powers to acquire, purchase, generate, transmit, distribute and sell electrical capacity and energy. Specific powers include the power to enter into contracts, acquire and construct electric generating facilities, set rates, issue revenue bonds and notes and acquire property by eminent domain.

The Facilities Agreement, originally executed by the NCPA Members in 1993, and superseded by the Amended and Restated Facilities Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2014 (the “Facilities Agreement”), provides for the development of all projects undertaken by NCPA in three separate phases: (i) the initial phase of general investigation funded by NCPA’s general fund; (ii) the second phase whereby Members of NCPA electing to participate in the project execute a project agreement to provide for the cost of development of the project (now referred to as an “NCPA Project”); and (iii) the third phase during which all remaining aspects, including financing, construction and operation of the NCPA Project are undertaken. Pursuant to the Facilities Agreement and NCPA’s other governing member services agreements, NCPA’s administrative, general and occupancy costs and expenses, including costs and expenses of the employees of NCPA (including salaries, wages and retirement benefits), are paid by NCPA Members based on an agreed upon cost allocation methodology.

Members of NCPA have no financial or other responsibility or liability associated with the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation or financing of any NCPA project pursuant to the NCPA Joint Powers Agreement. Members become obligated for payments with respect to a NCPA project only as participants with respect to such project as set forth in an agreement with NCPA separate from the NCPA Joint Powers Agreement.

NCPA has supplied many services to its Members in the past and expects to continue to do so in the future. NCPA has been instrumental in litigating and negotiating with Pacific Gas and Electric Company (“PG&E”), the California Independent System Operator (the “CAISO”) and the Western Area Power Administration of the federal government (“Western”) to keep wholesale power and transmission and other ancillary services rates at levels which have resulted in substantial savings when compared to rates sought by each of those suppliers. It is anticipated that NCPA will continue to litigate and/or negotiate on behalf of its Members to maintain rates at levels which will result in continued advantage to its Members.

NCPA’s audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 are attached as APPENDIX B.

Organization and Management

NCPA's governing body (the "Commission") is composed of one representative from each Member, each such representative being designated a Commissioner. The Commission is given the general management of the affairs, property and business of NCPA and is vested with all powers of NCPA. Under the NCPA Joint Powers Agreement, associate Members do not have a voting seat on the Commission, except as may be provided in a project agreement.

The management of NCPA is responsible for various areas of administration and planning of NCPA's operations and affairs. The overall management is under the direction of NCPA's General Manager, who serves at the discretion of the Commission. NCPA is organized into four separate divisions: (i) generation services, (ii) power management, (iii) legislative and regulatory, and (iv) administrative services.

Set forth below is a brief biography of each of NCPA's senior managers.

RANDY S. HOWARD, General Manager, was appointed General Manager of NCPA in January 2015. Prior to accepting the position at NCPA, Mr. Howard was the Senior Assistant General Manager of the Power System at Los Angeles Department of Water and Power ("LADWP"). Mr. Howard has held previous LADWP positions as Executive Director of Customer Services, Director of Power System Planning and Development, and the Chief Compliance Officer in the Power System Executive Office. Mr. Howard is currently leading NCPA forward with several major strategic initiatives to address member issues and opportunities. Mr. Howard presents frequently before governance bodies, including the NCPA Board, and local, State and federal agencies on issues of importance to utilities. Mr. Howard has held many previous engineering and customer service management positions at LADWP. Mr. Howard has an undergraduate degree in Electrical Engineering from California State University, Sacramento and a master's degree in Business Administration from Pepperdine University.

JANE E. LUCKHARDT, Esq., General Counsel, joined NCPA on May 1, 2017. Ms. Luckhardt received her Juris Doctorate from Stanford Law School, and her Bachelor of Science degree in Construction Management from California Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo, California. Prior to joining NCPA, Ms. Luckhardt was a partner at the boutique energy law firm of Day Carter Murphy LLP and previously at Downey Brand, LLP, where she served in several leadership roles including Assistant to the Managing Partner, Executive Committee Member and Practice Group Leader for the Energy, Land Use and Mining Practice Group. Ms. Luckhardt also serves as the Vice President of the Power Association of Northern California, an energy trade group located in San Francisco, California. Ms. Luckhardt writes and speaks on issues facing the energy industry for energy trade groups and at legal conferences.

MONTY HANKS, Assistant General Manager, Finance/Administrative Services, Chief Financial Officer received his master's degree in Business Administration and a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration (Finance concentration) from California State University, Sacramento. Mr. Hanks has over 25 years of financial experience, including experience working with an electric, water, wastewater and solid waste utilities. Before joining NCPA in February 2017, Mr. Hanks was employed by the City of Roseville for 15 years serving in the role of Finance Director. At NCPA, Mr. Hanks oversees the Administrative Services division which includes finance, accounting, power settlements, information technology, human services, risk management and facilities management.

JANE DUNN CIRINCIONE, Assistant General Manager, Legislative and Regulatory, received a master's degree in Public Administration from the University of Southern California, and a Bachelor of Science degree in Political Science from the University of Santa Clara and the London School of

Economics. Ms. Cirrincione has over 30 years of experience in the energy and environmental policy arena. Prior to joining NCPA, she was a Senior Government Relations Representative for the American Public Power Association (“APPA”) in Washington, D.C. APPA is the national trade association representing the country’s over 2,000 public power systems. Before joining APPA, she was the Director of Legislative Programs for the National Hydropower Association, representing all sections of the U.S. hydroelectric industry. She also spent several years on Capitol Hill as a Legislative Assistant for Congressman Don Edwards working on environmental and wildlife issues impacting the San Francisco Bay. Before moving to Washington, D.C., she worked for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service at the Sacramento National Wildlife Refuge. Ms. Cirrincione was the 2018 recipient of the APPA Harold Kramer/John Preston Personal Service Award recognizing contributions toward the advancement of the association’s goals and the interests of public power. Ms. Cirrincione chairs the Transmission Access Policy Study Group—a national organization of public power systems focused on federal legislative and regulatory issues impacting the power grid. She is also a member of the APPA’s PowerPAC Board of Directors.

TONY ZIMMER, Assistant General Manager, Power Management, has been employed by Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) since July 2000. Mr. Zimmer received a Master’s degree in Business Administration, and a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance from the California State University, Sacramento. Mr. Zimmer’s experience includes contract development and negotiation, policy and procedure development, resource development and integration, settlements, scheduling and operational coordination, interconnection affairs, business development, CAISO market design and advocacy, and data analysis and system design. Mr. Zimmer currently manages the Power Management division at NCPA, including the scheduling coordination and dispatch functions, power pool operations, portfolio management activities, interconnection affairs, regulatory activities associated with the NCPA power pool and CAISO operations. Mr. Zimmer is a member of NCPA’s Risk Oversight Committee.

RANDY BOWERSOX, Assistant General Manager, Generation Services, joined NCPA in June 2007. Mr. Bowersox received a master’s degree in Business Administration, a master’s degree in Civil & Environmental Engineering, and a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of California, Davis. At NCPA, Mr. Bowersox directs and coordinates NCPA’s generation facilities, which are located throughout Northern California and encompass 13 different generating units including geothermal, hydroelectric, aero derivative gas, and combined cycle power plants with combined generation of approximately 800 megawatts. Mr. Bowersox has previously held the NCPA positions of Hydroelectric Plant Manager and Chief Dam Safety Engineer. Prior to joining NCPA, Mr. Bowersox worked as an engineering consultant and project manager at Carlton Engineering, advising a variety of energy, industrial, and land development clients.

NCPA Power Pool

NCPA operates a power pool that includes the following Members: Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Plumas Sierra, the Port of Oakland and Ukiah (each, an “NCPA Pool Member”). The ten NCPA Pool Members’ service areas are interconnected to the CAISO-controlled grid. NCPA operates a central dispatch facility (the “Central Dispatch Center”) at NCPA’s headquarters. The Central Dispatch Center balances loads and resources pursuant to the Third Amended and Restated NCPA Metered Subsystem Aggregation Agreement (the “MSSA”), as such may be amended from time to time, with the CAISO (as described below) for the ten NCPA Pool Members, and Santa Clara. The Central Dispatch Center separately coordinates with Roseville to schedule Roseville’s entitlement to the Project output across the CAISO-controlled grid as requested by Roseville. The Central Dispatch Center also monitors and controls load and voltage levels of the Project, and enters into buy and sell transactions with other utilities throughout the western United States and Canada and regulates various hydroelectric facilities in coordination with the CAISO to maintain a safe and reliable interconnected system.

NCPA operates according to the terms and conditions of the CAISO tariff and the MSSA, the original form of which was approved by FERC in 2002 and as has been amended and restated as needed from time to time to conform to applicable market rules established by the CAISO and FERC. The MSSA identifies operational terms and conditions that vary from the CAISO tariff, largely allowing NCPA Members to continue to operate their respective systems as vertically integrated utilities by generally self-providing for resources and services otherwise procured through the CAISO's markets. In conjunction with the execution of the MSSA, NCPA and PG&E are parties to an Interconnection Agreement (the "NCPA-PG&E Interconnection Agreement") that provides for the terms and conditions for connecting NCPA resources and member loads to the CAISO-controlled grid (or PG&E wholesale transmission system), where such CAISO-controlled grid facilities are owned by PG&E and transferred to CAISO operational control through a Transmission Control Agreement between PG&E and the CAISO.

Santa Clara has separate agreements for the services provided under the MSSA and NCPA-PG&E Interconnection Agreement. See "APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS – CITY OF SANTA CLARA."

Wholesale Power Trading and Other Activities

NCPA trades in the Western wholesale electricity markets to maximize the value of its transmission and generation assets and to minimize its cost of power supply for its Members. NCPA has engaged in wholesale market transactions since 1984. See also "LITIGATION – California Energy Market Dysfunction, Refund Dispute and Related Litigation" for certain information regarding past disruptions and related disputes arising in such markets following the partial deregulation of the electricity markets pursuant to AB 1890 enacted in 1996 and subsequent developments.

In addition to the wholesale energy market services NCPA supplies to its Members, NCPA also provides a variety of wholesale energy market services, including wholesale power trading, to certain non-Member customers. Currently, NCPA provides various scheduling, operating, and portfolio management services to Merced Irrigation District, Nevada Irrigation District and Placer County Water Agency, as well as to three community choice aggregators ("CCAs"): East Bay Community Energy, San Jose Clean Energy, and Sonoma Clean Energy. Such services are provided on a fee-for-service basis. NCPA has made an effort to identify and mitigate any potential counterparty risks in its service agreements with the non-Member entities to which it provides wholesale energy market services. NCPA only carries liability to the extent of NCPA's insurance coverage. In addition, NCPA requires these customers to deposit an amount equal to the highest three months of estimated CAISO invoices into a security account held by NCPA.

Investment of NCPA Funds

All funds of NCPA (except bond proceeds which are invested pursuant to the indenture under which such bonds are issued, pension funds, and other post-employment benefit funds) are invested in accordance with NCPA's investment policy and guidelines (the "Investment Policy") as authorized by Sections 53600 et seq. of the Government Code of the State of California. The Investment Policy is reviewed by NCPA's Finance Committee and approved by the NCPA Commission. The NCPA Commission approves monthly activity reports.

The following securities, if and to the extent the same are at the time legal and in compliance with the applicable bond covenants and agreements for investment of NCPA's funds, are authorized investments under the Investment Policy: (i) securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies, (ii) certificates of deposit (or time deposits) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies, (iii) negotiable certificates of deposit, (iv) bankers acceptances, (v) Local Agency Investment

Fund (State Pool) demand deposits, (vi) repurchase agreements, (vii) passbook savings account demand deposits, (viii) municipal bonds, (ix) commercial paper, (x) medium term corporate notes, and (xi) California Asset Management Program (CAMP).

The Investment Policy provides the following guidelines, among others. All rated securities must be rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) as “Category A” or its equivalent or better. All certificates of deposit must mature within five years. The portfolio will be diversified with holdings from at least several of the major eligible market sectors. Except for obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, federal agencies or government-sponsored corporations, the Local Agency Investment Fund and the California Asset Management Program, no more than 10% of an NCPA construction project or of the NCPA operating funds portfolio will be invested in the securities of any one issuer. Unless otherwise restricted, all holdings will be of sufficient size and held in issues which are actively traded to facilitate transactions at a minimum cost and accurate market valuation. Buying and selling securities before settlement or the use of reverse repurchase agreements for speculative purposes is not authorized. A reverse repurchase agreement may be used only in infrequent circumstances and only to prevent a material loss that would otherwise result from the sale of an investment for liquidity purposes. Any reverse repurchase agreements must be specifically reported to the Commission along with the reasons therefor on a timely basis.

The Investment Policy may be changed at any time at the discretion of the Commission subject to the State law provisions relating to authorized investments. Any exception to the Investment Policy must be formally approved by the Commission. There can be no assurance, therefore, that the State law and/or the Investment Policy will not be amended in the future to allow for investments which are currently not permitted under such State law or the Investment Policy, or that the objectives of NCPA with respect to investments will not change.

THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT

The Project consists of (a) three diversion dams, (b) the 246.86-MW Collierville Powerhouse, (c) the Spicer Meadow Dam with a 6.0-MW powerhouse, and (d) associated tunnels located essentially on the North Fork Stanislaus River in Alpine, Tuolumne and Calaveras Counties, California, together with required transmission and related facilities. The peak generating capacity of the Project is approximately 253 MW.

The Project, with the exception of certain transmission facilities, is owned by Calaveras and is licensed by FERC, pursuant to a 50-year License (Project No. 2409) issued in 1982 to Calaveras. Pursuant to the Power Purchase Contract, NCPA (i) is entitled to the electric output, including capacity, of the Project until February 2032, (ii) managed the construction of the Project, and (iii) operates the generating and recreational facilities of the Project. Under a separate FERC-issued license with an expiration date coterminous with the Project No. 2409 license (Project No. 11197), NCPA holds the license and owns the 230 kV Collierville-Bellota and the 21 kV Spicer Meadows-Cabbage Patch transmission lines for Project No. 2409. NCPA also has a separate FERC license for Project No. 11563 (Upper Utica Project), which consists of three storage reservoirs that mainly feed the New Spicer Meadow Reservoir. This license expires in 2033. *Northern California Power Agency*, 104 F.E.R.C. ¶ 62,163 (2003). After the present FERC License for Project No. 2409 expires in the year 2032, NCPA has the option to continue to purchase Project capacity and energy during a subsequent license renewal period. It is currently estimated that the price will be significantly less than the comparable alternatives at that time. The purchase option includes all capacity and energy which is surplus to Calaveras’ needs for power within the boundaries of Calaveras County.

As with any hydroelectric generation project, the operation of the Project is determined by consideration of its storage capacity, hydrology conditions, and available stream flows and requirements. Based upon historical hydrology conditions and demonstrated generation, the Project's average production is estimated to be approximately 493 GWh annually. The Project is optimized together with NCPA's other resources as determined by NCPA, to economically meet the load requirements of the respective Project Participants. The load-following characteristics of the Project gives NCPA a great degree of flexibility in meeting the hourly and daily variations which occur in the Project Participants' loads. The net Project generation for the previous ten fiscal years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Net Generation (GWh)
2012	463
2013	268
2014	197
2015	164
2016	397
2017	945
2018	487
2019	852
2020	442
2021	203

The reduced generation in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 reflects ongoing drought conditions. The average generating capacity for such fiscal year was 26 MW.

NCPA financed the Project through the issuance of Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, of which approximately \$223.2 million aggregate principal amount was Outstanding as of January 31, 2022. See "Indebtedness" for each of the Significant Share Project Participants in "APPENDIX A-SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS" for a discussion of the obligations of each of the Significant Share Project Participants with respect to the Project.

NCPA has sold the energy and capacity of the Project to the Project Participants pursuant to a "take-or-pay" power sales contract, which require payments to be made whether or not the project is completed or operable. Each purchaser is responsible under the power sales contract for paying its entitlement share in the Project of all of NCPA's costs of the Project, including debt service on the aforementioned bonds as well as a "step-up" of up to 25% in the event of the unremedied default of another Project Participant.

Biggs and Gridley have transferred their entitlement shares of the Project output to Santa Clara. Each Project Participant remains obligated for all payments due from such Project Participant under the Third Phase Agreement, in the event moneys received from transferees pursuant to such arrangements are insufficient to satisfy all payments. Redding, Truckee Donner, Port of Oakland, Shasta Lake and BART, which are Members of NCPA, are not Project Participants, and have no financial or other responsibility or liability associated with the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation or financing of the Project.

THE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

General

The Project Participants and their Project Entitlement Percentages are shown on page (a) of this Official Statement.

The governing body of each Project Participant has approved the Third Phase Agreement. The California Public Utilities Code authorizes the municipal Project Participants to “acquire...any public utility,” including the supply of light and power. In furtherance of such powers, a municipal corporation “may acquire...rights of every nature...when necessary to supply the municipality, or its inhabitants or any portion thereof, with the service desired.”

Members of NCPA have no financial or other responsibility or liability associated with the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation or financing of a particular project other than as project participants with respect to such project as set forth in the related third phase agreement.

Descriptions of the Significant Share Project Participants

The five Project Participants with the largest Project Entitlement Percentages are Alameda (10.00%), Lodi (10.37%), Palo Alto (22.92%), Roseville (12.00%) and Santa Clara (35.86%), which, in the aggregate, comprise over 90% of the Project. None of the remaining Project Participants has a Project Entitlement Percentage in excess of 3%. Alameda, Lodi, Palo Alto, Roseville, and Santa Clara are sometimes referred to herein as the “Significant Share Project Participants.” Brief descriptions of the Significant Share Project Participants, their service areas, existing power supply resources, customers, energy sales and revenues and expenses are set forth in “APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS.”

Electric Systems

Each Project Participant owns and operates an electric system for distribution of electric power and energy together with the general plant necessary to conduct its business. The electric systems of some of the Project Participants are among the oldest electric utilities in operation in California and some predate the existence of PG&E. The electric systems were founded during the period from 1887 to 1937. The Project Participants are all experienced in operating electric distribution systems.

All of the Project Participants provide, through NCPA projects, for a portion of their own power needs. In addition, Alameda, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Roseville and Ukiah obtain a portion of their power needs from Western. Biggs, Gridley, Palo Alto and Plumas-Sierra are also wholesale customers of Western and obtain a larger portion of their power needs from that source. Roseville also derives a portion of its power from its own generating facilities. Santa Clara receives part of its power requirements from Western, part from other power agencies, the power markets and its own generating projects. NCPA also purchases power from the market for certain of its Members (the Project Participants, exclusive of Santa Clara and Roseville) for periods of up to 30 days and for periods of up to five years (under separate project agreements) for Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc and Ukiah. Delivery of all such power is made over the CAISO-controlled grid, the Balancing Area of Northern California (“BANC”), Western transmission facilities, the California-Oregon Transmission Project (“COTP”) or combinations of those transmission facilities and balancing areas.

Service Areas

The municipal Project Participants provide retail electric service within their service areas pursuant to the authority of the Constitution of the State of California, Article XI, Section 9. Under California law, the municipal Project Participants have authority to acquire, construct, establish, enlarge, improve, maintain, own and operate electric distribution systems. Plumas-Sierra provides electric service pursuant to its Articles and Bylaws.

The retail customers of the municipal Project Participants are located within their respective city boundaries and environs. Plumas-Sierra serves rural areas in Plumas, Lassen and Sierra Counties in California and in Washoe Township in Washoe County, Nevada.

OTHER NCPA PROJECTS

Set forth below is a brief description of the NCPA resources in addition to the Project. Each such resource is financed under a separate agreement with the Members participating in such resource. No Member not a party to such agreement has any obligation to make payments in connection with such resources.

Participating Members occasionally make short-term and long-term assignments of entitlement rights to NCPA resources. Such assignment would not impact the underlying project participant obligations contained in the applicable agreement relating to such NCPA resource and each project participant remains obligated for all payments due from such project participant in the event moneys received from transferees pursuant to such arrangements are insufficient to satisfy all payments.

Lodi Energy Center Project

NCPA owns and operates a natural gas-fired, combined-cycle power generation plant located in the City of Lodi, San Joaquin County, California (the “Lodi Energy Center” or “LEC”). The electric generation components (the “Power Island”) of the Lodi Energy Center consists of the following components: (1) one natural gas-fired Siemens STG6-5000F combustion turbine-generator (CTG), with an evaporative cooling system and dry low-NOx combustors to control air emissions; (2) one 3-pressure heat recovery steam generator (HRSG), (3) a selective catalytic reduction (SCR) and carbon monoxide (“CO”) catalyst to further control NOx and CO emissions, respectively; (4) one Siemens SST-900RH condensing steam turbine generator (“STG”); (5) one natural gas-fired auxiliary boiler; (6) one 7-cell draft evaporative cooling tower; and (7) associated support equipment. The Lodi Energy Center was placed into commercial operation on November 27, 2012.

LEC is currently registered with a Pmax of 302 MW (increased from 280 MW in 2018). (The Pmax is a measure of the maximum normal capability of a generating unit that is utilized by the CAISO in determining the amount of capacity that can be counted toward meeting resource adequacy requirements.) NCPA intends to conduct further testing of the LEC facility in 2022 to increase the Pmax further as a result of transmission reconductoring completed by PG&E in 2018. LEC net generation for the last five fiscal years has been as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	LEC Net Generation (GWhs)
2016-17	301
2017-18	1,075
2018-19	1,382
2019-20	866
2020-21	1,232

The reduced generation in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was directly attributable to the increase in PG&E gas transportation costs. NCPA negotiated a special rate for gas transmission for LEC which went into effect during Fiscal Year 2017-18. PG&E's 2023 gas transmission rate case that will set rates for the period 2023 to 2026 is currently ongoing. LEC is operating as expected in the current fiscal year. NCPA and PG&E have negotiated gas transportation rates that are in effect through December 2022. The reduced generation in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 reflects an outage from mid-January through mid-June 2020 due to a turbine failure.

Pursuant to the Lodi Energy Center Power Sales Agreement (the "LEC Power Sales Agreement"), by and among NCPA and (i) the NCPA Member project participants: Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Plumas-Sierra, Santa Clara, Ukiah and BART; and (ii) the non-NCPA Member project participants: the City of Azusa, the Modesto Irrigation District, the Power and Water Resources Pooling Authority and the California Department of Water Resources ("CDWR") (all such entities other than NCPA, collectively the "LEC Project Participants"), NCPA agreed to construct and operate the Lodi Energy Center and has sold the capacity and energy of the Lodi Energy Center to the thirteen LEC Project Participants on a "take-or-pay" basis, in accordance with their respective generation entitlement shares to the capacity and energy of the Lodi Energy Center.

NCPA financed a portion a portion of the Lodi Energy Center construction costs through the issuance of revenue bonds: (i) its Lodi Energy Center Revenue Bonds, Issue One, issued on behalf of eleven of the thirteen participants in the Lodi Energy Center (being all of the above-named LEC Project Participants other than the Modesto Irrigation District and CDWR), of which \$206.9 million is outstanding as of January 31, 2022, and (ii) its Lodi Energy Center Revenue Bonds, Issue Two, issued on behalf of CDWR, of which \$99.6 million is outstanding as of January 31, 2022. The Modesto Irrigation District provided its own financing for its share of the estimated costs of construction of the Lodi Energy Center. See "Indebtedness" for each of the Significant Share Project Participants in "APPENDIX A—SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS" for a discussion of the obligations of each of Lodi and Santa Clara with respect to the Lodi Energy Center Project.

The Lodi Energy Center is operated and maintained by NCPA under the general direction of the LEC Project Participants pursuant to the LEC Power Sales Agreement and the Lodi Energy Center Project Management and Operations Agreement among NCPA and the LEC Project Participants.

Geothermal Project

NCPA has developed a geothermal project (the "Geothermal Project") located on federal land in certain areas of Sonoma and Lake Counties, California (the "Geysers Area"). In addition to the geothermal leasehold, wells, gathering system and related facilities, the Geothermal Project consists of two electric generating stations (Plant 1 and Plant 2), with combined 165 MW (nameplate rating) turbine generator units utilizing low pressure, low temperature geothermal steam, associated electrical,

mechanical and control facilities, a heat dissipation system, a steam gathering system, a transmission tapline and other related facilities. Geothermal steam for the project is derived from the geothermal property, which includes wellpads, access roads, steam wells and reinjection wells. NCPA formed two not-for-profit corporations controlled by its Members to own the generating plants of the Geothermal Project. NCPA manages the Geothermal Project for the corporations and is entitled to all the capacity and energy generated by the Geothermal Project.

As noted above, the Geothermal Project consists of two operating electric generating stations (Plant 1 and Plant 2), where Plant 1 contains two 55 MW (nameplate rating) turbine generator units, and Plant 2 contains one 55 MW (nameplate rating) turbine generator unit. Plant 1 and Plant 2 were originally developed and operated as separate projects referred to as “Geothermal Project Number 2” and “Geothermal Project Number 3,” respectively. Plant 1 became operational in 1983 and Plant 2 became operational in 1986. Plant 1 and Plant 2 are now operated together as the Geothermal Project pursuant to the terms of the Amended and Restated Geothermal Operating Agreement.

Steam for NCPA’s geothermal plants comes from lands in the Geysers Area, which are leased by NCPA from the federal government. NCPA operates these steam-supply areas. Operation of the geothermal plants at high generation levels, together with high steam usage by others in the same area, resulted in a decline in the steam production from the steam wells at a rate greater than expected. As a result, starting in 1988, NCPA has been taking steps to reduce the rate of steam production decline. NCPA entered into agreements with other geothermal operators in the Geysers Area to finance and construct the Southeast Geysers Effluent Pipeline Project, which was completed in September 1997 and began operating soon thereafter. The 26-mile pipeline collects wastewater from Lake County Sanitation District treatment plants at Clearlake and Middletown and delivers the wastewater to NCPA and the other Geysers steam field operator for injection into the steam field. In 2021, NCPA received approximately 31% of the wastewater for reinjections from this effluent pipeline.

NCPA has also implemented and continues to implement various operating strategies and modifications to further reduce the rate of decline in steam production. NCPA has modified all of the steam turbines and the associated steam collection system to enable generation with lower pressure steam and increased conversion efficiencies of the available steam resource.

Average annual generation of the Geothermal Project was approximately 108 MW gross (“MWG”) for calendar year (“CY”) 2021. Based on current operating protocols and forecasted operations, after CY 2021, the peak capacity is expected to continue to decrease, reaching approximately 106 MW in CY 2022 and 76 MWG by CY 2040. Under terms of the federal geothermal leasehold agreements, which became effective August 1, 1974, the leasehold had a 10-year primary term with provision for renewal as long thereafter as geothermal steam is produced or utilized, but not longer than 40 years. At the expiration of that period, if geothermal steam is still being produced, NCPA has preferential right to renew the leasehold for a second term. In 2013, NCPA renewed the leasehold. The leasehold also requires NCPA to remove its leasehold improvements including the geothermal plants and steam gathering system when and if NCPA abandons the leasehold. Based upon a decommissioning costs study obtained by NCPA in December 2016, these decommissioning costs are currently estimated to total approximately \$67.8 million. NCPA has been collecting monies to pay the expected decommissioning costs since 2007 and holds \$24.6 million in a designated reserve for such purpose as of June 30, 2021. Collections towards future decommissioning costs are expected to be approximately \$1.7 million for Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Each of the Significant Share Project Participants, together with Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lompoc, Ukiah and Plumas Sierra, along with non-NCPA Member Turlock Irrigation District, participate in the Geothermal Project. NCPA has sold the capacity and energy of the Geothermal Project to the

Geothermal Project participants on a “take-or-pay” basis, in accordance with their respective project entitlement percentages to the capacity and energy of the Geothermal Project. NCPA financed the Geothermal Project with Geothermal Project Number 3 Revenue Bonds, of which \$10.8 million were outstanding as of January 31, 2022. See “Indebtedness” for each of the Significant Share Project Participants in “APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS” for a discussion of the obligations of each of the Significant Share Project Participants with respect to the Geothermal Project.

Geysers Transmission Project

In order to meet certain obligations required of NCPA to secure transmission and other support services for the Geothermal Project, NCPA has undertaken a geysers transmission project (the “Geysers Transmission Project”) with the Geysers Transmission Project participants. The Geysers Transmission Project includes (i) a co-tenancy interest in PG&E’s 230 kV line from Castle Rock Junction in Sonoma County to the Lakeville Substation (the “Castle Rock to Lakeville Line”), (ii) additional firm transmission rights in the Castle Rock to Lakeville Line and (iii) the Central Dispatch Facility. The transmission line has a combined rated capacity of 1,206 MW held by four co-tenants including: PG&E, with a 931 MW interest; CDWR, with a 165 MW interest; NCPA, with a 50 MW interest; and Santa Clara, with a 60 MW interest). Through a long-term layoff agreement with CDWR, NCPA has the ability to use an additional 24 MW of this transmission facilities’ capacity for the life of the asset. CDWR has recently filed notice to terminate its participation in the project, but has yet to reach agreement with the other co-tenants on how to terminate their long-term layoff agreement. NCPA and Santa Clara hold sufficient capacity on the 230 kV transmission line for the current output of the Geothermal Project without including the layoff agreement with CDWR. Nonetheless, NCPA anticipates that once the co-tenants resolve the issues surrounding CDWR’s exit from the co-tenancy, NCPA will hold in addition to its initial capacity of 50 MW an additional 8 to 31.4 MW of capacity. NCPA expects this issue to be resolved through arbitration in the next year.

NCPA financed the Geysers Transmission Project through the issuance of Transmission Project Number One Revenue Bonds, which bonds were retired as of August 15, 2010. Alameda, Lodi, Palo Alto and Roseville, together with Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lompoc, Ukiah and Plumas Sierra, are participants in the Geysers Transmission Project.

Capital Facilities Project

The NCPA Capital Facilities Project, known as Combustion Turbine Project Number Two, currently consists of one power generating station, Unit One, with a design rating of 49.9 MW located in the City of Lodi. Such power generating station consists of a single natural gas-fired steam injected gas turbine (STIG), generator, and required auxiliary and electrical interconnection systems.

The Cities of Alameda, Lodi, Lompoc and Roseville are the project participants in the Capital Facilities Project. NCPA has sold the capacity and energy of the Capital Facilities Project to the Capital Facilities Project participants on a “take-or-pay” basis, in accordance with their respective project entitlement percentages to the capacity and energy of the Capital Facilities Project. NCPA financed the Capital Facilities Project with Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds, of which approximately \$13.8 million were outstanding as of January 31, 2022. See “Indebtedness” for each of the Significant Share Project Participants in “APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS” for a discussion of the obligations of each of Alameda, Lodi and Roseville with respect to the Capital Facilities Project.

Unit One is economically dispatched and sold into the CAISO market, supporting grid reliability and market demand.

Combustion Turbine Project Number One

The Combustion Turbine Project Number One (the “Combustion Turbine Project”) originally consisted of five combustion turbine units, each nominally rated 25 MW, with two units located in each of Roseville and Alameda and one in Lodi. Sale of the two units located in Roseville to the City of Roseville (an original participant in the Combustion Turbine Project) was effective on September 1, 2010, and the remaining Combustion Turbine Project includes only the two units in Alameda and the one unit in Lodi.

The Combustion Turbine Project provides capacity (i) that is economically dispatched during the peak load period to the extent permitted by air quality restrictions and (ii) to be used to meet the certain capacity reserve requirements (*e.g.*, resource adequacy requirements). This resource provides the capacity below current spot market prices for capacity but as is typical of this type of technology, the average cost for power per kWh of power delivered to the participants in the Combustion Turbine Project is comparatively expensive.

Alameda, Lodi and Santa Clara, together with Healdsburg, Lompoc, Ukiah and Plumas-Sierra, are the current participants in Combustion Turbine Project Number One. NCPA has sold the capacity and energy of the Combustion Turbine Project to the Combustion Turbine Project participants on a “take-or-pay” basis, in accordance with their respective project entitlement percentages to the capacity and energy of the Combustion Turbine Project. NCPA financed the Combustion Turbine Project through the issuance of Combustion Turbine Project Number One Revenue Bonds, which bonds were retired as of August 15, 2010.

Natural Gas Supply Contracts

NCPA, on behalf of the project participants of Combustion Turbine Project and of the Capital Facilities Project’s Unit One, has entered into a Master Transaction Confirmation that is appended to and made part of a Base Contract for Sale and Purchase of Natural Gas (the “Consolidated Natural Gas Agreement”), effective on October 30, 2012, with EDF Trading North America, LLC (“EDF”). The Consolidated Natural Gas Agreement provides gas supply and management services, including the following:

- Supply of spot market gas for the full daily output of Combustion Turbine Project Number One and Unit One of the Capital Facilities Project (approximately 35,136 MMBtu/day); and
- Scheduling, nomination, balancing and settlement services for NCPA gas supplies from third parties.

The contract with EDF automatically renews each year on January 1, unless terminated earlier by six months written notice by either party.

Pursuant to a 30-year agreement terminating in October 2023 with various natural gas pipeline management companies, NCPA has entitlement rights to natural gas pipeline capacity of approximately 2,743 MMBtu/day sourced at AECO (Alberta) and sinking at PG&E Citygate (California). The four pipeline segments that are included in the contiguous pipeline entitlement include pipeline contained in the following natural gas systems: NOVA Gas Transmission Ltd. (NOVA), Foothills Pipelines (Foothills), Gas Transmission Northwest (GTN), and PG&E’s CGT (CGT). NCPA’s natural gas pipeline

rights are managed by Mercuria Energy America, Inc., pursuant to an Asset Management Agreement for Pipeline Transport Capacity dated January 1, 2015. For release of such natural gas pipeline to Mercuria Energy America, Inc., NCPA is paid the value of the unused pipeline capacity by the pipeline manager.

In addition, NCPA and EDF entered into an agreement to provide the gas supply and the nomination, imbalance and settlement services for NCPA's Lodi Energy Center, which became effective on September 1, 2016. See "– Lodi Energy Center Project" above.

Power Purchase and Natural Gas Contracts

Henwood Power Purchase Agreement. NCPA, on behalf of Alameda, entered into a power purchase agreement with Henwood Associates, Inc. for 440 kW of capacity and energy. The energy source for the facility is hydroelectric and the facility meets the qualifying facilities requirements, established by FERC. The facility output, which varies with hydrological conditions, has averaged about 2,000 megawatt hours ("MWhs") per year. Deliveries under the agreement began February 1, 2010 and will terminate on January 31, 2030.

Antelope Expansion Power Purchase Agreement. NCPA, on behalf of Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi and Port of Oakland, entered into a power purchase agreement with Antelope Expansion 1B, LLC, for a 33.78%, or approximately 17 MW, share of the output of the Antelope Expansion Phase 1 solar facility. The facility is a 51 MW photovoltaic plant under development in the City of Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California. The facility is expected to reach commercial operation in April 2022. The term of the power purchase agreement is 20 years.

South Feather Power Project Power Purchase Agreement. NCPA, on behalf of Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Roseville, Santa Clara and Ukiah, Port of Oakland, and the San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District, entered into a power purchase agreement with South Feather Water and Power Agency to purchase output supplied from the South Feather Power Project, an approximately 121 MW hydroelectric project consisting of four (4) powerhouses. The initial delivery term under the power purchase agreement began on December 19, 2021 and will continue for an initial period of 10 years, with an option to extend the term of the agreement for a total term of up to 20 years.

Camp Far West Project Power Purchase Agreement. NCPA, on behalf of Santa Clara, has approved the execution of a power purchase agreement with South Sutter Water District to purchase output supplied from the Camp Far West Hydroelectric facility, an approximately 6.8 MW hydroelectric project, which operates on a run-of-the river basis. The delivery term under the power purchase agreement will continue for a period of 20 years.

Market Purchase Program. NCPA, on behalf of Alameda, BART, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc and Ukiah may enter into supply agreements for terms of up to five years utilizing Commission approved Edison Electric Institute and WSPP Inc. Purchase Agreements. Procurement terms and conditions are governed by a Market Purchase Program agreement between NCPA and the participating Members listed in the preceding sentence. Purchase amounts are limited to 115% of each participating members forecast net open position associated with the period of the procurement. The Program was approved by the NCPA Commission on July 26, 2007.

Natural Gas Program. NCPA, on behalf of Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc and Ukiah may enter into gas supply agreements using competitive bids submitted in response to a NCPA Request For Proposals ("RFP Process"), or through direct purchases from the State of California Department of General Services Natural Gas Services Program. Procurement terms and conditions are governed by a Natural Gas Program agreement between NCPA and the participating Members identified

in the preceding sentence. Purchases are subject to limits as may be changed from time to time as outlined in the NCPA Energy Risk Management Policy and/or Regulations. The Natural Gas Program was approved by the NCPA Commission on March 24, 2011.

NCPA Services Agreements

BART Services Agreement. NCPA provides power supply and scheduling services to BART pursuant to a Single Member Services Agreement which was executed on December 1, 2005 (as amended from time to time). Under this agreement, NCPA procures power to meet BART's power supply needs utilizing Commission approved Edison Electric Institute and WSPP Inc. Purchase Agreements.

Non-Member Customer Services Agreements. NCPA, pursuant to individual Services Agreements, supplies a variety of wholesale energy market services to non-member customers, including, but not limited to, scheduling services, operating services, and portfolio management services. NCPA is currently providing non-member services to the Merced Irrigation District, Placer County Water Agency, Nevada Irrigation District, East Bay Community Energy, San Jose Clean Energy, and Sonoma Clean Power, under Services Agreements that extend for varying terms. See "NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY – Wholesale Power Trading and Other Activities."

RATE REGULATION

Each Project Participant and NCPA sets rates, fees and charges for electric service. The authority of the Project Participants or NCPA to impose and collect rates and charges for electric power and energy sold and delivered is not subject to the general regulatory jurisdiction of the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC") and presently neither the CPUC nor any other regulatory authority of the State of California nor FERC approves such rates and charges. Although the retail rates of the Project Participants and NCPA are not subject to approval by any federal agency, the Project Participants and NCPA are subject to certain ratemaking provisions of the Federal Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 ("PURPA") and Sections 211-213 of the Federal Power Act ("FPA"). It is possible that future legislative and/or regulatory changes could subject the rates and/or service areas of the Project Participants or NCPA to the jurisdiction of the CPUC or to other limitations or requirements.

FERC could potentially assert jurisdiction over rates of licensees of hydroelectric projects and customers of such licensees under Part I of the FPA, although it has not as a practical matter exercised or sought to exercise such jurisdiction to modify rates that would legitimately be charged. If it did assert such jurisdiction, the result might have some significance for NCPA and its Project Participants.

Under provisions of the FPA, FERC has the authority, under certain circumstances and pursuant to certain procedures, to order any utility (municipal or otherwise) to provide transmission access to others at FERC-approved rates. In addition, the Energy Policy Act of 2005 expanded FERC's jurisdiction to require municipal utilities that sell more than eight million MWhs of energy per year to pay refunds under certain circumstances for sales into organized markets. To date, neither NCPA nor any of the Project Participants meet this threshold requirement.

The California Energy Commission (the "CEC") is authorized to evaluate rate policies for electric energy as related to the goals of the Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act and to make recommendations to the Governor, the Legislature and publicly owned electric utilities.

CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITATIONS IN CALIFORNIA AFFECTING FEES AND CHARGES

The following is a discussion of certain limitations under provisions of the California Constitution that may affect the rates, fees and charges imposed by the Project Participants for the electric services they provide.

Proposition 218 and Proposition 26

Proposition 218, a State ballot initiative known as the “Right to Vote on Taxes Act,” was approved by the voters of the State of California on November 5, 1996. Proposition 218 added Articles XIII C and XIII D to the State Constitution. Article XIII C imposes a majority voter approval requirement on local governments (including the Project Participants) with respect to taxes for general purposes, and a two-thirds voter approval requirement with respect to taxes for special purposes. Article XIII D creates additional requirements for the imposition by most local governments of general taxes, special taxes, assessments and “property-related” fees and charges. Article XIII D explicitly exempts fees for the provision of electric service from the provisions of such article.

Article XIII C expressly extends the people’s initiative power to the reduction or repeal of local taxes, assessments, and fees and charges imposed prior to its effective date (November 1996). The California Supreme Court held in *Bighorn-Desert View Water Agency v. Verjil*, 39 Cal.4th 205 (2006) that, under Article XIII C, local voters by initiative may reduce a public agency’s water rates and delivery charges, as those are property-related fees or charges within the meaning of Article XIII D, and noted that the initiative power described in Article XIII C may extend to a broader category of fees and charges than the property-related fees and charges governed by Article XIII D. Moreover, in the case of *Bock v. City Council of Lompoc*, 109 Cal.App.3d 52 (1980), the Court of Appeal determined that an electric rate ordinance was not subject to the same constitutional restrictions that are applied to the use of the initiative process for tax measures so as to render it an improper subject of the initiative process. Thus, electric service charges (which are expressly exempted from the provisions of Article XIII D) may be subject to the initiative provisions of Article XIII C, thereby subjecting such fees and charges to reduction by the electorate. NCPA and the Project Participants believe that even if the electric rates of the Project Participants are subject to the initiative power, under Article XIII C or otherwise, Article XIII C does not grant to the electorate of a Project Participant the power to repeal or reduce its electric rates and charges in a manner that would be inconsistent with the contractual obligations of the Project Participant (including those under the Third Phase Agreement).

The California electorate approved Proposition 26 at the November 2, 2010 election, amending Article XIII C of the California Constitution. Proposition 26 was designed to supplement tax limitations California voters adopted when they approved Proposition 13 in 1978, and Proposition 218 in 1996. Proposition 26 applies by its terms to any levy, charge or exaction imposed, increased or extended by a local government on or after November 3, 2010. Proposition 26 deems any such levy, charge or fee to be a “tax”, requiring voter approval under Article XIII C unless it comes within one of the listed exceptions. Proposition 26 expressly excludes from its definition of a “tax,” among other things, a “charge imposed for a specific government service or product provided directly to the payor that is not provided to those not charged, and which does not exceed the reasonable costs to the local government of providing the service or product.” Proposition 26 is applicable to the electric rates of governmental entities such as the Project Participants; therefore, newly adopted rates must conform to its requirements.

Proposition 26 is subject to interpretation by California courts, including the extent to which it is applicable to pre-existing electric rates and general fund transfers. A number of lawsuits have been filed against public agencies in California, including particularly with respect to electric utility fund transfers.

Palo Alto, one of the Significant Share Project Participants, is currently engaged in litigation filed against the city, generally alleging that the annual transfer of funds from the electric utility to the City of Palo Alto's general fund is an unauthorized tax for purposes of Article XIII C of the California Constitution in violation of Proposition 26. See "APPENDIX A—SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS – CITY OF PALO ALTO – Litigation."

Other Initiatives

Articles XIII C and XIII D and the amendments effected thereto by Proposition 26 were adopted as measures that qualified for the ballot pursuant to California's initiative process. From time to time, including presently, other initiatives have been, and could be, proposed, and if qualified for the ballot, could be enacted which place limitations on the ability of NCPA and/or the Project Participants to raise rates or otherwise affect NCPA's and/or the Project Participants revenues or operations. Neither the nature and impact of these measures nor the likelihood of qualification for ballot or passage can be anticipated by NCPA and the Project Participants.

CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY

The following discussion of legislative, regulatory and other factors affecting the electric utility industry should be considered when evaluating NCPA, the Project and the Project Participants and considering an investment in the 2022 Bonds. NCPA is unable to predict what impact such factors will have on the business operations and/or financial condition of any individual Project Participant or whether any additional legislation or rules will be enacted which will affect NCPA, the Project or the Project Participant's finances or operations, but the impacts could be significant. This discussion does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive, and these matters are subject to change subsequent to the date hereof. Extensive information on the electric utility industry is available from the legislative and regulatory bodies and other sources in the public domain, and potential purchasers of the 2022 Bonds should obtain and review such information. Such information is not incorporated herein by reference.

State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings

California energy policy is driven by the State's goal to reduce carbon emissions to 80% below 1990 levels by the year 2050. Current State law requires California to reduce emissions to 40% below 1990 levels by 2030. NCPA, the Project Participants and the electric utility industry are subject to a myriad of clean energy policies that regulate greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, providing for greater investment in energy efficiency and environmentally friendly generation and storage alternatives, principally through more stringent renewable resource portfolio standard requirements and more aggressive emissions reduction programs to combat the effects of climate change. Recently enacted legislation has also focused on addressing issues relating to wildfire risks and occurrences in California, including imposing certain requirements on electric utilities in connection with planning for and mitigation of such occurrences and risks. Pursuant to enacted legislation, State regulatory agencies such as the California Air Resources Board ("CARB") and the CEC are also pursuing several programs designed to reduce GHG emissions and encourage or mandate renewable energy generation. Set forth below is a brief summary of certain of these activities.

California Climate Program. The State's climate program was initially codified by Assembly Bill 32, the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (the "GWSA"), which became effective on January 1, 2007. The GWSA prescribed a statewide cap on global warming pollution with a goal of returning to 1990 GHG emission levels by 2020. The GWSA established an annual mandatory reporting requirement for all investor-owned utilities ("IOUs"), POU's, and other load-serving entities (electric utilities providing energy to end-use customers) to inventory and report greenhouse gas emissions to CARB, required

CARB to adopt regulations for significant greenhouse gas emission sources, allowing CARB to design a “cap-and-trade” program (discussed below) and gave CARB the authority to enforce such regulations beginning in 2012.

Currently, the policy objectives of California’s climate program is governed by Senate Bill 32 (“SB 32”), signed into law in September 2016 and effective as of January 1, 2017. SB 32 requires CARB to take actions to ensure that statewide GHG emissions from within the State are reduced to at least 40% below 1990 levels by 2030.

In addition, Senate Bill 350 (“SB 350”), the Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015, required CARB, in consultation with the CPUC and the CEC, to establish 2030 GHG emission targets for each electric utility in the State. At present, these targets are non-binding, and primarily intended to help the State measure progress toward the 2030 statewide goal outlined in SB 32. The targets, however, are an input to the development of the Integrated Resource Plans that are required of the State’s 16 largest local publicly-owned electric utilities (“POUs”), which include the four largest NCPA member systems (Santa Clara, Roseville, Redding, and Palo Alto). See “*Integrated Resource Plans (IRP)*” below.

Cap-and-Trade Program. CARB has adopted a series of regulations implementing a cap-and-trade program (the “Cap-and-Trade program”). The Cap-and-Trade program is the most significant component of the State climate program that impacts electric utilities. Under the program, all regulated entities are required to obtain and submit to CARB compliance instruments (allowances and/or offsets) with respect to GHG emissions relating to its State generation activities, as well as for imported electricity from dedicated out-of-state resources. NCPA and the Project Participants, like other electric utilities, receive administrative allocations of allowances for some of their expected GHG emissions. Entities that emit GHGs at levels above those for which they receive administrative allocations, if any, must purchase the additional allowances they require at the CARB auctions or from other covered entities with surplus allowances. In addition, NCPA and the Project Participants may indirectly bear compliance costs for independent generators that must purchase allowances for their generation.

The Cap-and-Trade program is presently authorized to continue through 2030. Project Participants are expected to receive more than \$400 million in proceeds from the sale of these allowances between 2021 and 2030, which will substantially minimize the impact of CARB’s requirement to purchase allowance on Project Participants’ finances and operations.

GHG Emissions Performance Standard and Financial Commitment Limits. Senate Bill 1368 (“SB 1368”) became effective as law on January 1, 2007. SB 1368 provided for an emission performance standard (“EPS”) restricting new investments in baseload electric generating resources that exceed a specified rate of GHG emissions (1,100 pounds of carbon dioxide (CO₂) per MWh). SB 1368 prohibits POUs from making any “long-term financial commitment” in connection with “baseload generation” that does not satisfy the EPS. Generally, a “long term financial commitment” is any new or renewed power purchase agreement with a term of five years or more, the purchase of an interest in a new power plant or any investment, other than routine maintenance, in an existing power plant that extends the life of the plant by more than five years or results in an increase in its rated capacity. “Baseload generation” means a power plant that is intended to operate at an annualized capacity factor of 60 percent or more.

Energy Procurement and Efficiency Reporting. Senate Bill 1037, chaptered in 2005 (“SB 1037”) requires that each POU, including the Project Participants, prior to procuring new energy generation resources, first acquire all available energy efficiency, demand reduction, and renewable resources that are cost-effective, reliable and feasible. SB 1037 also requires each POU to report annually to its customers and to the CEC its investment in energy efficiency and demand reduction programs. The Project Participants are complying with such ongoing reporting requirements.

State law requires that POUs establish, report, and explain the basis of the annual energy efficiency and demand reduction targets once every four years. The Project Participants are complying with such ongoing reporting requirements. The information obtained from the POUs is being used by the CEC to present progress made by the State to double energy efficiency savings in electricity and natural gas final end uses by 2030, to the extent doing so is cost effective, feasible, and does not adversely impact public health and safety, as prescribed in SB 350.

California Renewables Portfolio Standard. California’s legislature and executive branch have been active in promoting increasingly stringent renewable energy procurement requirements since 2002. Initial legislative efforts established a renewables portfolio standard (“RPS”), requiring 20% of all renewable electricity retail sales to come from renewable energy generation by 2017. Since then, legislative and executive branch initiatives have raised that standard several times. Senate Bill X1-2, chaptered in 2011 (“SBX 1-2”), required each POU to adopt and implement a renewable energy resource procurement plan and established procurement targets for three compliance periods to be implemented by the procurement plan, culminating in the procurement of eligible renewable energy resources sufficient to provide 33% of retail sales by December 31, 2020. SB 350 established an RPS target of 50% by December 31, 2030 for the amount of electricity generated and sold to retail customers from eligible renewable energy resources for retail sellers and POUs, including interim targets of (i) 40% by the end of the 2021-2024 compliance period, (ii) 45% by the end of the 2025-2027 compliance period and (iii) 50% by the end of the 2028-2030 compliance period. Current law, enacted by Senate Bill 100 (“SB 100”), the 100 Percent Clean Energy Act of 2018, accelerates the State’s RPS target established by SB 350 and requires all California utilities to meet a 60% RPS requirement by 2030. SB 100 requires retail electric sellers and POUs to procure a minimum quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources so that the total kWhs of those products sold to retail end-use customers achieve (i) 44% of retail sales by December 31, 2024; (ii) 52% of retail sales by December 31, 2027; and (iii) 60% of retail sales by December 1, 2030.

SB 100 additionally establishes a state policy that calls for eligible renewable energy resources and zero-carbon resources to supply 100% of retail sales of electricity to California end-use customers by December 31, 2045. Along with SB 100, Governor Brown signed Executive Order B-55-18 that directs the State to achieve carbon neutrality by 2045 and maintain net negative GHG emissions thereafter. The goal of carbon neutrality by 2045 is in addition to existing statewide targets of reducing GHG emissions. By expanding the State’s carbon reduction goal, the State will also look to reduce carbon through sequestration in forests, soils and other natural landscapes.

The governing boards of POUs are responsible for implementing the RPS requirements, rather than the CPUC, as is the case for the IOUs. In addition, the CEC was given certain enforcement authority for POUs and CARB was given the authority to set penalties. The CEC has developed detailed rules to implement its RPS program, and has adopted and, from time to time amended, regulations for the enforcement of the RPS program requirements for POUs.

See “APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS” for information regarding the status of compliance of each of the Significant Share Project Participants with RPS targets under current State law.

Integrated Resource Plans (IRP). SB 350 requires that all POUs with demand greater than 700 gigawatt hours to develop an IRP at least once every five years, no later than January 1, 2019. Four NCPA members are subject to this requirement (Santa Clara, Roseville, Redding, and Palo Alto). Each member completed its IRP within the required timeline. The next IRPs will be due no later than 2024.

Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks. SB 1028 (chaptered in 2016), required that each POU and each electric cooperative in the State construct, maintain, and operate its electrical lines and equipment in a manner that will minimize the risk of catastrophic wildfire posed by those electrical lines and equipment. SB 1028 required the governing board of each POU to determine, based on historical fire data and local conditions, and in consultation with the fire departments or other entities responsible for the control of wildfires within the geographical area where the utility's overhead electrical lines and equipment are located, whether any portion of that geographical area has a significant risk of wildfire resulting from those electrical lines and equipment, and if so, to present for board approval wildfire mitigation measures the utility intends to undertake to minimize the risk of its overhead electrical lines and equipment causing a catastrophic wildfire.

SB 901 (chaptered in 2018), amended certain provisions of SB 1028 requiring POUs and electric cooperatives to prepare wildfire mitigation measures if the utilities' overhead electrical lines and equipment are located in an area that has a significant risk of wildfire resulting from those electrical lines and equipment. Under SB 901, each POU or electric cooperative is required to have prepared before January 1, 2020 and to prepare annually thereafter, a wildfire mitigation plan. SB 901 requires specified information and elements to be considered as necessary, at minimum, in the wildfire mitigation plan. The POU or electric cooperative is required to present each wildfire mitigation plan in an appropriately noticed public meeting, and to accept comments on its wildfire mitigation plan from the public, other local and state agencies, and interested parties. In addition, SB 901 requires the POU or electric cooperative to contract with a qualified independent evaluator with experience in assessing the safe operation of electrical infrastructure to review and assess the comprehensiveness of its wildfire mitigation plan. The report of the independent evaluator is to be made available to the public and to be presented at a public meeting of the POU's governing board.

AB 1054 was signed into law by Governor Newsom on July 12, 2019. AB 1054 was enacted as an urgency statute to take effect immediately. AB 1054 establishes a Wildfire Fund of approximately \$21 billion to provide liquidity for IOUs (only) to facilitate payment of eligible, uninsured third-party damage claims resulting from future catastrophic wildfires. Participation in the Wildfire Fund is exclusive to IOUs. Each of the major IOUs in California are now participating in the in the Wildfire Fund. POUs are not eligible to participate in or receive funding for wildfire claims from the Wildfire Fund.

AB 1054 expands on the existing requirements for POUs established under SB 901 for wildfire mitigation plans. AB 1054 requires each POU, by July 1 of each year, to submit its wildfire mitigation plan to the California Wildfire Safety Advisory Board (the "Wildfire Advisory Board") for review and comment. Under AB 1054, the Wildfire Advisory Board is required to provide comments and an advisory opinion to each POU regarding the content and sufficiency of its plan and to make recommendations on the mitigation of wildfire risks. AB 1054 requires each POU to comprehensively revise its wildfire mitigation plan at least once every three years. NCPA and the Project Participants have submitted their wildfire mitigation plans to the Wildfire Advisory Board as required by AB 1054.

A number of wildfires occurred in California in the last five years. Under the doctrine of inverse condemnation (a legal concept that entitles property owners to just compensation if their property is damaged by a public use), California courts have imposed liability on utilities in legal actions brought by property holders for damages caused by the utility's infrastructure. Thus, if the facilities of a utility, such as its electric distribution and transmission lines, are determined to be the substantial cause of a fire, and the doctrine of inverse condemnation applies, the utility could be liable for damages without having been found negligent. In August 2019, in its decision in the case of *City of Oroville v. Superior Court of Butte County*, No. S243247 (Cal. Aug. 15, 2019) involving damages related to sewage overflows from a city sewer system, the California Supreme Court held that to succeed on an inverse condemnation claim, a property owner must demonstrate that the property damage was the probable result or necessary effect of

an inherent risk associated with the design, construction or maintenance of the relevant public improvement. SB 1028, SB 901 or AB 1054 does not address the existing legal doctrine relating to utilities' liability for wildfires. How any future legislation or judicial decisions addresses California's inverse condemnation and liability issues for utilities in the context of wildfires in particular could be significant for the electric utility industry.

NCPA's Commission updated its Wildfire Mitigation Plan, which addresses more than a dozen activities that are intended to reduce the risks of wildfire occurrences related to the operation of its facilities and equipment, as prescribed in SB 901. Measures currently undertaken by NCPA include, among others, a program for the physical inspection of its overhead electrical transmission and distribution lines each year, and routine replacement of poles, towers and insulators as needed, as well as established guidance for the operation of specific facilities during emergency conditions, including wildfires. NCPA owns relatively few miles of overhead electrical transmission and distribution lines and conducts a complete inspection of any line that has tripped out of service prior to re-closing the circuit. In addition, NCPA has developed and implemented a transmission and vegetation management program to provide for the inspection, maintenance, documentation and reporting requirements for vegetation located within or adjacent to NCPA's power line right-of-way in accordance with the standards established by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection ("Cal Fire"), state statute and/or the North American Electric Reliability Corporation ("NERC").

NCPA also maintains general liability insurance that would include coverage for wildfires. It should be noted, however, that potential liabilities for utilities in connection with wildfires has adversely impacted the market for insurance, leading to a reduction in underwriting capacity and increased premiums, which effects are expected to continue. For information regarding the wildfire mitigation measures of certain of the Significant Share Project Participants, see also "APPENDIX A – SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS."

Impact of California Energy Market Developments on NCPA and the Project Participants. The effect of the developments in the California energy markets described above on the Project Participants cannot be fully ascertained at this time. Also, volatility in energy prices in California may return due to a variety of factors that affect both the supply and demand for electric energy in the western United States. These factors include, but are not limited to, the adequacy of generation resources to meet demand at all hours, the availability and cost of renewable energy, the impact of economy-wide GHG emission legislation and regulations, fuel costs and availability, weather effects on customer demand, the impact of climate change, wildfire mitigation and potential liability cost recovery, insurance costs, transmission congestion, the strength of the economy in California and surrounding states and levels of hydroelectric generation within the region (including the Pacific Northwest). This price volatility may contribute to greater volatility in the revenues of the Project Participants' respective electric systems from the sale (and purchase) of electric energy and, therefore, could materially affect each of the Project Participant's financial condition. Each Project Participant undertakes resource planning and risk management activities and manages its resource portfolio to mitigate such price volatility and spot market rate exposure. For a discussion of each of the Significant Share Project Participant's current resource planning activities, see "Power Supply Resources" in each of the Significant Share Project Participants sections in "APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS."

Federal Energy and Environmental Policies and Legislation

Federal Power Act. Although NCPA and its members are exempt from most federal rate regulation pursuant to Section 201(f) of the FPA (see "RATE REGULATION"), the Federal Energy Policy Act of 2005 ("EPAct 2005"), imposed specific exceptions. In particular, FERC was given

authority over the behavior of market participants. Under FERC's authority it can impose penalties on any seller for using a manipulative or deceptive device, including market manipulation, in connection with the purchase or sale of energy or of transmission service. The Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") also has jurisdiction to enforce certain types of market manipulation or deception claims under the Commodity Exchange Act.

Additionally, pursuant to Section 215 of the FPA, and FERC's implementing regulations and orders, NERC and its regional affiliates, including the Western Electric Coordinating Council ("WECC"), develop and enforce mandatory electric reliability standards to provide for the reliable operation of the bulk electric system. The reliability standards include requirements related to the cybersecurity of systems that could affect the reliable operation of the grid. Those reliability standards, particularly those related to cybersecurity, are continually being amended to address emerging reliability risks.

NCPA and some its members are required to comply with the applicable reliability standards and are potentially subject to penalties if they are found to have violated any of those standards. Violations that pose minimal risk to the bulk electric system may be resolved without any financial penalties, while violations that pose moderate or serious risk may result in significant penalties.

While the penalties for violations of market manipulation rules or reliability standards can be quite serious, these risks can be mitigated by strong compliance programs, and NCPA has taken proactive measures to assure that it has such compliance programs in place.

Regulatory Actions under the Clean Air Act. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") regulates GHG emissions under existing law by imposing monitoring and reporting requirements, and through its permitting programs. Like other air pollutants, GHGs are regulated under the Clean Air Act through the Prevention of Significant Deterioration ("PSD") Permit Program and the Title V Permit Program. A PSD permit is required before commencement of construction of new major stationary sources or major modifications of a major stationary source and requires best available control technologies ("BACT") to control emissions at a facility. Title V permits are operating permits for major sources that consolidate all Clean Air Act requirements (arising, for example, under the Acid Rain, New Source Performance Standards, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, and/or PSD programs) into a single document and the permit process provides for review of the documents by the EPA, state agencies and the public. GHGs from major natural gas-fired facilities are regulated under both permitting programs through performance standards imposing efficiency and emissions standards.

The focus of federal action toward the regulation of GHG emissions has changed significantly in recent years. In October 2015, under the Obama Administration, the EPA published the Clean Power Plan, which would have established carbon pollution standards for new, modified, and reconstructed power plants, and carbon pollution emission guidelines for existing electricity utility generating units. The total national emissions reduction goal under the Clean Power Plan called for a 32 percent reduction in GHG emissions from 2005 levels by 2030, with incremental interim goals for the years from 2022 through 2029. The program would have allowed states multiple options for measuring reductions and established different reduction goals depending upon the regulatory program set forth in the state plan.

A combination of legal challenges and a change in the federal administration led to the repeal of the Clean Power Plan, replaced by the Affordable Clean Energy rule in July 2019. On January 19, 2021, upon a challenge by a number of environmental advocates, state and municipal attorneys, and others, the D.C. Circuit vacated the Affordable Clean Energy Rule. NCPA and the Project Participants are unable to predict the timing or content of any new regulations that may be proposed to replace the Affordable Clean Energy Rule.

Changing Laws and Requirements Generally

Electric utilities are subject to continuing environmental regulation. Federal, State and local standards and procedures which regulate the environmental impact of electric utilities are subject to change. These changes may arise from continuing legislative, regulatory and judicial action regarding such standards and procedures. Consequently, there is no assurance that any facilities or projects of NCPA or a Project Participant will remain subject to the laws and regulations currently in effect, will always be in compliance with future laws and regulations or will always be able to obtain all required operating permits. An inability to comply with environmental standards could result in, for example, additional capital expenditures, reduced operating levels or the shutdown of individual units not in compliance. In addition, increased environmental laws and regulations may create certain barriers to new facility development, may require modification of existing facilities and may result in additional costs for affected resources.

In addition, on both the State and federal levels, legislation is introduced frequently addressing domestic energy policies and various environmental matters and impacts relating to energy, including the generation of energy using conventional and unconventional technologies. Issues raised in recent legislative proposals have included implementation of energy efficiency and renewable energy standards, addressing transmission planning, siting and cost allocation to support the construction of renewable energy facilities, cybersecurity legislation that would allow FERC to issue interim measures to protect critical electric infrastructure, a federal cap-and-trade program to reduce GHG emissions, and renewable energy incentives that could provide grants and credits to municipal utilities to invest in renewable energy infrastructure. Congress has also considered other bills relating to energy supplies and development (such as expedited permitting for natural gas drilling projects, reducing regulatory burdens, and climate change and water quality).

Also, over the course of the last two and a half years, the U.S. hydropower industry, represented by the National Hydropower Association (“NHA”), has been actively engaged in discussions with environmental and recreational stakeholders to as part of a Stanford University-initiated *Uncommon Dialogue* effort. The objective is to identify areas of common agreement related to public policy that furthers the clean energy attributes of hydropower as part of the global climate change solution, while simultaneously assuring the preservation of our nation’s rivers. It is hoped that this dialogue will, in part, lead to Congressional action on regulatory streamlining and other incentives for our nation’s hydropower industry. NCPA is an engaged participant in NHA and has worked to help facilitate agreement and consensus in these areas.

Neither NCPA nor any Project Participant is able to predict at this time whether any of these or other legislative proposals will be enacted into law and, if so, the impact they may have on the operations and finances of such entities or on the electric utility industry in general.

CAISO Markets

General. Any electricity sales or purchases NCPA makes in the wholesale energy markets operated by the CAISO are subject to the CAISO tariff, which is a FERC-jurisdictional tariff. CAISO’s tariff includes rules governing how sellers may bid electricity (*i.e.*, offer for sale) into the energy markets and rules governing market power mitigation of sellers. CAISO regularly proposes changes to its tariff, subject to FERC approval. Additionally, FERC can, and does, order changes to CAISO’s tariff if FERC (on its own initiative or prompted by a complaint) determines that CAISO’s tariff is unjust, unreasonable, or unduly discriminatory. Such regulatory changes can impact prices for transmission, electricity and capacity.

CAISO Market Initiatives. The CAISO markets are subject to continued change in response to FERC orders, the increased integration of intermittent renewable resources, changing environmental constraints, the ongoing efforts to combat market manipulation and evolving reliability requirements. CAISO Tariff changes related to these and other issues are currently under discussion in CAISO stakeholder processes and in ongoing FERC proceedings. In most cases, these proposals are not sufficiently final in order to determine their likely impact on NCPA or the Project Participants. However, the following issues and proposed CAISO operational and market changes may have significant impacts on NCPA and the Project Participants, as well as California and Western electric utilities generally. NCPA will continue to monitor the various initiatives proposed by the CAISO and participate in its stakeholder processes to ensure that its interests are protected.

Resource Adequacy Requirements. Resource Adequacy requirements apply to NCPA and its members, including the Project Participants, to ensure that market participants have contracted for sufficient amounts of the right types of capacity to be available in the markets. To the extent that a load serving entity (“LSE”) fails to procure sufficient capacity resources to meet its loads, it is subject to payment of CAISO procurement costs of replacement capacity. To the extent that a shortfall cannot be attributed to a specific LSE, the costs will be spread as part of market uplift charges. These risks apply in the same manner to all LSEs. Due to the increased integration of renewables, discussed above, the CAISO is contemplating what could be significant changes to the Resource Adequacy framework, with the potential for impacts on market participant costs. It is still too early to assess the potential impacts on NCPA. The CPUC has ongoing dockets that could also result in changes to the Resource Adequacy and CAISO’s markets. However, the details of such changes remain to be established.

Transmission Access Charge Review. The CAISO undertook a review of its Transmission Access Charge, with a view to potentially changing the methodology used for allocating transmission costs. Although the current proposal should not adversely impact NCPA or its members, any change of this nature raises concerns and NCPA is unable to predict the outcome of the tariff revisions process at FERC.

Extension of Day Ahead Markets to Energy Imbalance Market. The CAISO began financially binding operation of the western Energy Imbalance Market (“EIM”) in 2014. An EIM is a voluntary market that provides a sub-hourly economic dispatch of participating resources for balancing supply and demand every five minutes. CAISO has announced its intention to extend the CAISO’s day ahead market into the EIM, rather than leaving it as only a real time market. While these proposals have not yet been developed, much less analyzed, such a change has the impact to affect prices paid in the CAISO markets, and to impact electric utilities inside and outside of California.

Redesigned Day-Ahead Markets. As the fleet of supply resources within the CAISO balancing authority area evolves to reflect a greater proportion of intermittent renewable resources, there is the concomitant increase in uncertainty between the CAISO’s day-ahead and real-time markets for the efficient commitment of resources required to respond to increased CAISO net load variability. The CAISO has undertaken an initiative to redesign its day-ahead market structure that will provide for the co-optimized commitment of both upward and downward reserve capacity in the day-ahead timeline so that sufficient capacity will be available for real-time dispatch. Such changes could impact electric utilities in California. While the details of the CAISO’s redesigned day-ahead market structure have not yet been finalized, the CAISO indicates that its redesigned day-ahead market structure is intended to complement and be deployed in unison with changes emanating from the CAISO’s Resource Adequacy initiative and extension of EIM.

Cybersecurity

NCPA and the Project Participants rely on computers and technology in the conduct of their operations. NCPA and the Project Participants face cyber threats from time to time including, but not limited to, hacking, viruses, malware and other forms of attacks on their computing and other digital networks and systems. Cybersecurity incidents could result from unintentional events, or from deliberate attacks by unauthorized entities or individuals attempting to gain access to NCPA's or a Project Participant's technology for the purposes of misappropriating assets or information or causing operational disruption and damage, including with respect to NCPA's or a Project Participant's electric system assets. United States government agencies have in the past issued warnings indicating that critical infrastructure sectors such as electric systems may be specific targets of cybersecurity threats. Attacks directed at critical electric sector operations could damage distribution, transmission and/or generation assets, cause operational malfunctions and outages, and result in costly recovery and remediation efforts. Cyberattacks are becoming more sophisticated and certain cyber incidents, such as surveillance, may remain undetected for an extended period. NERC, as the electric reliability organization, has developed critical infrastructure protection cybersecurity reliability standards that are applicable to NCPA and the electric systems of the Project Participants. Accordingly, NCPA and the Project Participants have a variety of security measures and safeguards in place. However, no assurances can be given that any existing or additional safety and security measures will prove adequate in the event that cyberattacks or military conflicts or terrorist activities, including cyber terrorism, are directed against NCPA's or a Project Participant's systems technology or electric system assets.

COVID-19

The spread of the novel strain of coronavirus (and variants thereof) and the disease it causes (now known as "COVID-19") has had significant negative impacts throughout the world, including in California. In 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic, and states of emergency have been declared by the United States, the State and numerous counties throughout the State. The purpose behind these declarations was to coordinate and formalize emergency actions across federal, state and local governmental agencies, and to proactively prepare for a wider spread of the virus.

On March 19, 2020, in an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 ordering individuals living in the State to stay home or at their place of residence except for specified exceptions, including exceptions for certain sectors of the workforce that were classified as providing essential services and products, which allowed businesses and workers in such sectors to continue to operate on-site operations while Executive Order N-33-20 was effective. On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued two executive orders, which became effective on June 15, 2021, which had the effect of rescinding a majority of the COVID-19-related restrictions and providing a timeline for gradually lifting certain of the other restrictions that were not fully rescinded on June 15, 2021. On December 13, 2021, and as further extended through February 15, 2022, California Health and Human Services Agency Secretary Dr. Mark Ghaly reinstated a statewide indoor mask mandate in response to the spread of the Omicron variant.

With widespread vaccination in the United States and many countries worldwide, governmental-imposed stay-at-home orders and restrictions on operations of schools and businesses implemented to respond to and control the outbreak have been eased or eliminated. However, new variants of the disease continue to emerge and restrictions may be re-imposed in various jurisdictions from time to time as local conditions warrant, such as the temporary statewide indoor mask mandates. NCPA cannot predict whether any reinstatement or expansion of stay-at-home orders and travel or other restrictions will occur or when a full resumption of all economic activity will be achieved.

Electric utility services are in a federally designated critical infrastructure sector with exemptions under the California Governor’s State-wide stay-at-home order and the local orders, as needed to maintain continuity of operations. In response to changing requirements, NCPA has implemented a variety of measures with respect to essential workers, telecommuting options, return to work protocols and back-up operations designed to maintain its business functions and to protect public health and the health and safety of its employees. NCPA’s ability to conduct its operations has not been impaired.

The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of NCPA and the Project Participants is unknown and there can be no assurances that COVID-19 will not materially adversely impact the financial condition of NCPA or the Project Participants in the future. There are many variables that will continue to contribute to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery therefrom, including the length of time social distancing measures are in place, the effectiveness of State and federal government relief programs and the timing for containment and treatment, new coronavirus strains, vaccinations efforts and vaccine hesitancy. NCPA cannot predict the extent or duration of such impacts.

See “APPENDIX A–SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANTS” hereto for information regarding the current and potential impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on the operations and finances of the electric systems of the Significant Share Project Participants.

Other Factors

The electric utility industry in general has been, or in the future may be, affected by a number of other factors which could impact the financial condition and competitiveness of many electric utilities and the level of utilization of generating and transmission facilities. In addition to the factors that are discussed above, such factors include, among others: (a) effects of compliance with rapidly changing environmental, safety, licensing, regulatory and legislative requirements other than those described above (including those affecting nuclear power plants or potential new energy storage requirements); (b) changes resulting from conservation and demand-side management programs on the timing and use of electric energy; (c) effects on the integration and reliability of power supply from the increased usage of renewables; (d) changes resulting from a national energy policy; (e) effects of competition from other electric utilities (including increased competition resulting from a movement to allow direct access or from mergers, acquisitions and “strategic alliances” of competing electric and natural gas utilities and from competitors transmitting less expensive electricity from much greater distances over an interconnected system) and new methods of, and new facilities for, producing low-cost electricity; (f) the repeal of certain federal statutes that would have the effect of increasing the competitiveness of many investor-owned utilities; (g) increased competition from independent power producers and marketers, brokers and federal power marketing agencies; (h) “self-generation” or “distributed generation” (such as microturbines, fuel cells and solar installations) by industrial and commercial customers and others; (i) issues relating to the ability to issue tax-exempt obligations, including severe restrictions on the ability to sell to nongovernmental entities electricity from generation projects and transmission service from transmission line projects financed with outstanding tax-exempt obligations; (j) effects of inflation on the operating and maintenance costs of an electric utility and its facilities; (k) changes from projected future load requirements; (l) increases in costs and uncertain availability of capital; (m) shifts in the availability and relative costs of different fuels (including the cost of natural gas and nuclear fuel); (n) sudden and dramatic increases in the price of energy purchased on the open market that may occur in times of high peak demand in an area of the country experiencing such high peak demand, such as has occurred in the past in California; (o) inadequate risk management procedures and practices with respect to, among other things, the purchase and sale of energy and transmission capacity; (p) other legislative changes, voter initiatives, referenda and statewide propositions; (q) effects of the changes in the economy, population

and demand of customers within a utility's service area; (r) effects of possible manipulation of the electric markets; (s) acts of terrorism or cyber-terrorism; (t) natural disasters or other physical calamities, including, but not limited to, earthquakes, floods and wildfires, and potential liabilities of electric utilities in connection therewith; (u) changes to the climate; and (v) adverse impacts to the market for insurance relating to recent wildfires and other calamities, leading to higher costs or prohibitively expensive coverage, or limited or unavailability of coverage for certain types of risk. Any of these factors (as well as other factors) could have an adverse effect on the financial condition of any given electric utility and likely will affect individual utilities in different ways.

LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the 2022 Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2022 Bonds or any proceedings of NCPA taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof.

Upon the basis of information presently available, NCPA and its General Counsel believe that there is no litigation pending or threatened against NCPA which will materially adversely affect the Project or the respective sources of payment for the 2022 Bonds.

California Energy Market Dysfunction, Refund Dispute and Related Litigation

Following the 1998 operation of the CAISO and the California Power Exchange (the "PX"), the deregulated electricity and natural gas markets in California became increasingly dysfunctional, with very high prices in 2000-2001, resulting in the eventual bankruptcy of the PX, PG&E (and others) and a number of orders from FERC. The IOUs (PG&E, Southern California Edison Company ("Edison") and San Diego Gas & Electric Company ("SDG&E")) and the State of California and the CPUC have been pursuing claims for refunds against all sellers into the market, including NCPA and other power-producing municipally owned utilities.

Those claims for refunds against varying groups of sellers have been pursued in a number of *fora* since early Fall, 2000, and have been through numerous FERC proceedings, State and Federal court decisions, and the U.S. Supreme Court. Some of those claims are still being pursued both at FERC and in the Courts of Appeal. While NCPA considered the claims against it to be lacking in legal merit, NCPA entered into a settlement with the plaintiffs which provides the terms of a final resolution of all of these claims and of the bankruptcy claims held by NCPA against PG&E and the PX. The settlement agreement was approved by FERC on April 29, 2010. That approval by FERC was the last regulatory step necessary to resolve these disputes between those parties in their entirety, as well as a separate lawsuit filed by the State of California. The state court proceeding against NCPA was dismissed with prejudice on May 20, 2010.

The proceedings at FERC and in the Court of Appeals remain ongoing, but the remaining parties to those proceedings have not asserted any claims against NCPA. NCPA continues to monitor the proceedings to protect its interests.

FERC and CAISO Proceedings: Market Redesign

Most of the matters being contested at FERC or being discussed in CAISO stakeholder processes involving NCPA or the Project Participants concern the current operation or potential changes to the CAISO market. For a discussion of potential changes in the CAISO market, see "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – CAISO Markets."

Other Proceedings

NCPA is involved in various other state court proceedings incidental to its operations. Based on its review of those proceedings with its General Counsel, NCPA believes that the ultimate aggregate liability, if any, resulting from those proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

TAX MATTERS

2022 Series A Bonds

Federal Income Taxes. The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), imposes certain requirements that must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the 2022 Series A Bonds for interest thereon to be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Noncompliance with such requirements could cause the interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issue of the 2022 Series A Bonds. Pursuant to the Indenture and the Tax and Nonarbitrage Certificate executed by NCPA in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds (the “Tax Certificate”), NCPA has covenanted not to take any action, or fail to take any action, if any such action or failure to take action would adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds under Section 103 of the Code. In addition, NCPA has made certain representations and certifications in the Indenture and Tax Certificate. Special Tax Counsel will not independently verify the accuracy of those representations and certifications.

In the opinion of Nixon Peabody LLP, Special Tax Counsel, under existing law and assuming compliance with the aforementioned covenant, and the accuracy of certain representations and certifications made by NCPA described above, interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code. Special Tax Counsel is also of the opinion that such interest is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code.

State Taxes. Special Tax Counsel is also of the opinion that interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California under present State law. Special Tax Counsel expresses no opinion as to other state or local tax consequences arising with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds nor as to the taxability of the 2022 Series A Bonds or the income therefrom under the laws of any state other than California.

Original Issue Premium. 2022 Series A Bonds sold at prices in excess of their principal amount will have amortizable bond premium which is not deductible from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of amortizable bond premium for a taxable year is determined actuarially on a constant interest rate basis over the term of each Premium Bond based on the purchaser’s yield to maturity (or, in the case of Premium Bonds callable prior to their maturity, over the period to the call date, based on the purchaser’s yield to the call date and giving effect to any call premium). For purposes of determining gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of a Premium Bond, an initial purchaser who acquires such obligation with an amortizable bond premium is required to decrease such purchaser’s adjusted basis in such Premium Bond annually by the amount of amortizable bond premium for the taxable year. The amortization of bond premium may be taken into account as a reduction in the amount of tax-exempt income for purposes of determining various other tax consequences of owning such Premium Bonds. Owners of the Premium Bonds are advised that they should consult with their own advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning such Premium Bonds.

Ancillary Tax Matters. Ownership of the 2022 Series A Bonds may result in other federal tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, certain S corporations, foreign corporations with branches in the United States, property and casualty insurance companies, individuals receiving Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, and individuals seeking to claim the earned income credit, and taxpayers (including banks, thrift institutions, and other financial institutions) who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or to carry the 2022 Series A Bonds. Prospective investors are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding these rules.

Interest paid on tax-exempt obligations such as the 2022 Series A Bonds is subject to information reporting to the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) in a manner similar to interest paid on taxable obligations. In addition, interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds may be subject to backup withholding if such interest is paid to a registered owner that (a) fails to provide certain identifying information (such as the registered owner’s taxpayer identification number) in the manner required by the IRS, or (b) has been identified by the IRS as being subject to backup withholding.

Special Tax Counsel are not rendering any opinions as to any federal tax matters other than those described in the their opinion attached in Appendix F. Prospective investors, particularly those who may be subject to special rules described above, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the 2022 Series A Bonds, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state or other taxing jurisdiction.

Changes in Law and Post Issuance Events. Legislative or administrative actions and court decisions, at either the federal or state level, could have an adverse impact on the potential benefits of the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds for federal or state income tax purposes, and thus on the value or marketability of the 2022 Series A Bonds. This could result from changes to federal or state income tax rates, changes in the structure of federal or state income taxes (including replacement with another type of tax), repeal of the exclusion of the interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds from gross income for federal or state income tax purposes, or otherwise. It is not possible to predict whether any legislative or administrative actions or court decisions having an adverse impact on the federal or state income tax treatment of holders of the 2022 Series A Bonds may occur. Prospective purchasers of the 2022 Series A Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the impact of any change in law on the 2022 Series A Bonds.

Special Tax Counsel has not undertaken to advise in the future whether any events after the date of issuance and delivery of the 2022 Series A Bonds may affect the tax status of interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds. Special Tax Counsel expresses no opinion as to any federal, state or local tax law consequences with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds, or the interest thereon, if any action is taken with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds or the proceeds thereof upon the advice or approval of other counsel.

2022 Series B Bonds

The following is a summary of certain anticipated United States federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the 2022 Series B Bonds. The summary is based upon the provisions of the Code, the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder and the judicial and administrative rulings and decisions now in effect, all of which are subject to change. Such authorities may be repealed, revoked, or modified, possibly with retroactive effect, so as to result in United States federal income tax consequences different from those described below. The summary generally addresses 2022 Series B Bonds held as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code and does not purport to address all aspects of federal income taxation that may affect particular investors in light of their individual circumstances or certain types of investors subject to special treatment under the federal income tax laws, including but not limited to financial institutions, insurance companies, dealers in

securities or currencies, persons holding such 2022 Series B Bonds as a hedge against currency risks or as a position in a “straddle,” “hedge,” “constructive sale transaction” or “conversion transaction” for tax purposes, or persons whose functional currency is not the United States dollar. It also does not deal with holders other than original purchasers that acquire 2022 Series B Bonds at their initial issue price except where otherwise specifically noted. Potential purchasers of the 2022 Series B Bonds should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences to them of the purchase, holding and disposition of the 2022 Series B Bonds.

NCPA has not sought and will not seek any rulings from the Internal Revenue Service with respect to any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the Internal Revenue Service would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax characterizations and tax consequences set forth below.

U.S. Holders. As used herein, the term “U.S. Holder” means a beneficial owner of 2022 Series B Bonds that is (a) an individual citizen or resident of the United States for federal income tax purposes, (b) a corporation, including an entity treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any State thereof (including the District of Columbia), (c) an estate whose income is subject to federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (d) trust if a court within the United States can exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust. Notwithstanding clause (d) of the preceding sentence, to the extent provided in Treasury regulations, certain trusts in existence on August 20, 1996, and treated as United States persons prior to that date that elect to continue to be treated as United States persons also will be U.S. Holders. In addition, if a partnership (or other entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes) holds 2022 Series B Bonds, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership generally will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If a U.S. Holder is a partner in a partnership (or other entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes) that holds 2022 Series B Bonds, the U.S. Holder is urged to consult its own tax advisor regarding the specific tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and dispositions of the 2022 Series B Bonds.

Taxation of Interest Generally. Interest on the 2022 Series B Bonds is not excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Code Section 103 and so will be fully subject to federal income taxation. Purchasers (other than those who purchase 2022 Series B Bonds in the initial offering at their principal amounts) will be subject to federal income tax accounting rules affecting the timing and/or characterization of payments received with respect to such 2022 Series B Bonds. In general, interest paid on the 2022 Series B Bonds and recovery of any accrued original issue discount and market discount will be treated as ordinary income to a Bondholder, and after adjustment for the foregoing, principal payments will be treated as a return of capital to the extent of the U.S. Holder’s adjusted tax basis in the 2022 Series B Bonds and capital gain to the extent of any excess received over such basis.

Original Issue Discount. The following summary is a general discussion of certain federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of 2022 Series B Bonds issued with original issue discount (“Discount 2022 Series B Bonds”). A 2022 Series B Bond will be treated as having been issued at an original issue discount if the excess of its “stated redemption price at maturity” (defined below) over its issue price (defined as the initial offering price to the public at which a substantial amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds of the same maturity have first been sold to the public, excluding bond houses and brokers) equals or exceeds one quarter of one percent of such 2022 Series B Bond’s stated redemption price at maturity multiplied by the number of complete years to its maturity (or, in the case of an installment obligation, its weighted average maturity).

A 2022 Series B Bond's "stated redemption price at maturity" is the total of all payments provided by the 2022 Series B Bond that are not payments of "qualified stated interest." Generally, the term "qualified stated interest" includes stated interest that is unconditionally payable in cash or property (other than debt instruments of the issuer) at least annually at a single fixed rate or certain floating rates.

In general, the amount of original issue discount includible in income by the initial holder of a Discount Bond is the sum of the "daily portions" of original issue discount with respect to such 2022 Series B Bond for each day during the taxable year in which such holder held such 2022 Series B Bond. The daily portion of original issue discount on any Discount Bond is determined by allocating to each day in any "accrual period" a ratable portion of the original issue discount allocable to that accrual period.

An accrual period may be of any length, and may vary in length over the term of a 2022 Series B Bond, provided that each accrual period is not longer than one year and each scheduled payment of principal or interest occurs at the end of an accrual period. The amount of original issue discount allocable to each accrual period is equal to the difference between (i) the product of the 2022 Series B Bond's adjusted issue price at the beginning of such accrual period and its yield to maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and appropriately adjusted to take into account the length of the particular accrual period) and (ii) the amount of any qualified stated interest payments allocable to such accrual period. The "adjusted issue price" of a Discount Bond at the beginning of any accrual period is the sum of the issue price of the Discount Bond plus the amount of original issue discount allocable to all prior accrual periods minus the amount of any prior payments on the 2022 Series B Bond that were not qualified stated interest payments. Under these rules, holders generally will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of original issue discount in successive accrual periods.

Holders utilizing the accrual method of accounting may generally, upon election, include in gross income all interest (including stated interest, acquisition discount, original issue discount, de minimis original issue discount, market discount, de minimis market discount, and unstated interest, as adjusted by any amortizable bond premium or acquisition premium) on the 2022 Series B Bond by using the constant yield method applicable to original issue discount, subject to certain limitations and exceptions.

Market Discount. Any owner who purchases a 2022 Series B Bond at a price which includes market discount (*i.e.*, at a purchase price that is less than its adjusted issue price in the hands of an original owner) in excess of a prescribed de minimis amount will be required to recharacterize all or a portion of the gain as ordinary income upon receipt of each scheduled or unscheduled principal payment or upon other disposition. In particular, such owner will generally be required either (a) to allocate each such principal payment to accrued market discount not previously included in income and to recognize ordinary income to that extent and to treat any gain upon sale or other disposition of such a 2022 Series B Bond as ordinary income to the extent of any remaining accrued market discount or (b) to elect to include such market discount in income currently as it accrues on all market discount instruments acquired by such owner on or after the first day of the taxable year to which such election applies.

The Code authorizes the Treasury Department to issue regulations providing for the method for accruing market discount on debt instruments the principal of which is payable in more than one installment. Until such time as regulations are issued by the Treasury Department, certain rules described in the legislative history of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 will apply. Under those rules, market discount will be included in income either (a) on a constant interest basis or (b) in proportion to the accrual of stated interest.

An owner of a 2022 Series B Bond who acquires such 2022 Series B Bond at a market discount also may be required to defer, until the maturity date of such 2022 Series B Bonds or the earlier

disposition in a taxable transaction, the deduction of a portion of the amount of interest that the owner paid or accrued during the taxable year on indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry a 2022 Series B Bond in excess of the aggregate amount of interest (including original issue discount) includable in such owner's gross income for the taxable year with respect to such 2022 Series B Bond. The amount of such net interest expense deferred in a taxable year may not exceed the amount of market discount accrued on the 2022 Series B Bond for the days during the taxable year on which the owner held the 2022 Series B Bond and, in general, would be deductible when such market discount is includable in income. The amount of any remaining deferred deduction is to be taken into account in the taxable year in which the 2022 Series B Bond matures or is disposed of in a taxable transaction. In the case of a disposition in which gain or loss is not recognized in whole or in part, any remaining deferred deduction will be allowed to the extent gain is recognized on the disposition. This deferral rule does not apply if the Bondholder elects to include such market discount in income currently as described above.

Bond Premium. A holder of a 2022 Series B Bond who purchases such 2022 Series B Bond at a cost greater than its remaining redemption amount will have amortizable bond premium. If the holder elects to amortize this premium under Section 171 of the Code (which election will apply to all taxable bonds held by the holder on the first day of the taxable year to which the election applies and to all taxable bonds thereafter acquired by the holder), such a holder must amortize the premium using constant yield principles based on the holder's yield to maturity. Amortizable bond premium is generally treated as an offset to interest income, and a reduction in basis is required for amortizable bond premium that is applied to reduce interest payments. Holders of any 2022 Series B Bonds who acquire such 2022 Series B Bonds at a premium should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to state and local tax consequences of owning such 2022 Series B Bonds.

Surtax on Unearned Income. Recently enacted legislation generally imposes a tax of 3.8% on the "net investment income" of certain individuals, trusts and estates for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012. Among other items, net investment income generally includes gross income from interest and net gain attributable to the disposition of certain property, less certain deductions. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the possible implications of this legislation in their particular circumstances.

Sale or Redemption of 2022 Series B Bonds. A Bondholder's adjusted tax basis for a 2022 Series B Bond is the price such owner pays for the 2022 Series B Bond plus the amount of original issue discount and market discount previously included in income and reduced on account of any payments received on such 2022 Series B Bond other than "qualified stated interest" and any amortized bond premium. Gain or loss recognized on a sale, exchange or redemption of a 2022 Series B Bond, measured by the difference between the amount realized and the Bondholder's tax basis as so adjusted, will generally give rise to capital gain or loss if the 2022 Series B Bond is held as a capital asset (except in the case of 2022 Series B Bonds acquired at a market discount, in which case a portion of the gain will be characterized as interest and therefore ordinary income).

If the terms of the 2022 Series B Bonds are materially modified, in certain circumstances, a new debt obligation would be deemed created and exchanged for the prior obligation in a taxable transaction. Among the modifications which may be treated as material are those which related to the redemption provisions and, in the case of a nonrecourse obligation, those which involve the substitution of collateral. The defeasance of the 2022 Series B Bonds may also result in a deemed sale or exchange of such 2022 Series B Bonds under certain circumstances.

EACH POTENTIAL HOLDER OF 2022 SERIES B BONDS SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING (1) THE TREATMENT OF GAIN OR LOSS ON SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE 2022 SERIES B BONDS, AND (2) THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH

2022 SERIES B BONDS WOULD BE DEEMED REISSUED AND THE LIKELY EFFECTS, IF ANY, OF SUCH REISSUANCE.

Non-U.S. Holders. The following is a general discussion of certain United States federal income tax consequences resulting from the beneficial ownership of 2022 Series B Bonds by a person other than a U.S. Holder, a former United States citizen or resident, or a partnership or entity treated as a partnership for United States federal income tax purposes (a “Non-U.S. Holder”).

Subject to the discussion of backup withholding and the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”), payments of principal by NCPA or any of its agents (acting in its capacity as agent) to any Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to federal withholding tax. In the case of payments of interest to any Non-U.S. Holder, however, federal withholding tax will apply unless the Non-U.S. Holder (1) does not own (actually or constructively) 10-percent or more of the voting equity interests of NCPA, (2) is not a controlled foreign corporation for United States tax purposes that is related to NCPA (directly or indirectly) through stock ownership, and (3) is not a bank receiving interest in the manner described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code. In addition, either (1) the Non-U.S. Holder must certify on the applicable IRS Form W-8 (series) (or successor form) to NCPA, its agents or paying agents or a broker under penalties of perjury that it is not a U.S. person and must provide its name and address, or (2) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution, that holds customers’ securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business and that also holds the 2022 Series B Bonds must certify to NCPA or its agent under penalties of perjury that such statement on the applicable IRS Form W-8 (series) (or successor form) has been received from the Non-U.S. Holder by it or by another financial institution and must furnish the interest payor with a copy.

Interest payments may also be exempt from federal withholding tax depending on the terms of an existing Federal Income Tax Treaty, if any, in force between the U.S. and the resident country of the Non-U.S. Holder. The U.S. has entered into an income tax treaty with a limited number of countries. In addition, the terms of each treaty differ in their treatment of interest and original issue discount payments. Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisor regarding the specific tax consequences of the receipt of interest payments, including original issue discount. A Non-U.S. Holder that does not qualify for exemption from withholding as described above must provide NCPA or its agent with documentation as to his, her, or its identity to avoid the U.S. backup withholding tax on the amount allocable to a Non-U.S. Holder. The documentation may require that the Non-U.S. Holder provide a U.S. tax identification number.

If a Non-U.S. Holder is engaged in a trade or business in the United States and interest on a 2022 Series B Bond held by such holder is effectively connected with the conduct of such trade or business, the Non-U.S. Holder, although exempt from the withholding tax discussed above (provided that such holder timely furnishes the required certification to claim such exemption), may be subject to United States federal income tax on such interest in the same manner as if it were a U.S. Holder. In addition, if the Non-U.S. Holder is a foreign corporation, it may be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (subject to a reduced rate under an applicable treaty) of its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments. For purposes of the branch profits tax, interest on a 2022 Series B Bond will be included in the earnings and profits of the holder if the interest is effectively connected with the conduct by the holder of a trade or business in the United States. Such a holder must provide the payor with a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI (or successor form) to claim an exemption from United States federal withholding tax.

Generally, any capital gain realized on the sale, exchange, retirement or other disposition of a 2022 Series B Bond by a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to United States federal income or withholding taxes if (1) the gain is not effectively connected with a United States trade or business of the

Non-U.S. Holder, and (2) in the case of an individual, the Non-U.S. Holder is not present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of the sale, exchange, retirement or other disposition, and certain other conditions are met.

For newly issued or reissued obligations, such as the 2022 Series B Bonds, FATCA imposes U.S. withholding tax on interest payments and, for dispositions after December 31, 2018, gross proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds paid to certain foreign financial institutions (which is broadly defined for this purpose to generally include non-U.S. investment funds) and certain other non-U.S. entities if certain disclosure and due diligence requirements related to U.S. accounts or ownership are not satisfied, unless an exemption applies. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable non-U.S. country may modify these requirements. In any event, Bondholders or beneficial owners of the 2022 Series B Bonds shall have no recourse against NCPA, nor will NCPA be obligated to pay any additional amounts to “gross up” payments to such persons, as a result of any withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or government charges with respect to payments in respect of the 2022 Series B Bonds. However, it should be noted that on December 13, 2018, the IRS issued Proposed Treasury Regulation Section 1.1473-1(a)(1) which proposes to remove gross proceeds from the definition of “withholdable payment” for this purpose.

Non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the possible applicability of federal withholding and other taxes upon income realized in respect of the 2022 Series B Bonds.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. For each calendar year in which the 2022 Series B Bonds are outstanding, NCPA, its agents or paying agents or a broker is required to provide the IRS with certain information, including a holder’s name, address and taxpayer identification number (either the holder’s Social Security number or its employer identification number, as the case may be), the aggregate amount of principal and interest paid to that holder during the calendar year and the amount of tax withheld, if any. This obligation, however, does not apply with respect to certain U.S. Holders, including corporations, tax-exempt organizations, qualified pension and profit sharing trusts, and individual retirement accounts and annuities.

If a U.S. Holder subject to the reporting requirements described above fails to supply its correct taxpayer identification number in the manner required by applicable law or under-reports its tax liability, NCPA, its agents or paying agents or a broker may be required to make “backup” withholding of tax on each payment of interest or principal on the 2022 Series B Bonds. This backup withholding is not an additional tax and may be credited against the U.S. Holder’s federal income tax liability, provided that the U.S. Holder furnishes the required information to the IRS.

Under current Treasury Regulations, backup withholding and information reporting will not apply to payments of interest made by NCPA, its agents (in their capacity as such) or paying agents or a broker to a Non-U.S. Holder if such holder has provided the required certification that it is not a U.S. person (as set forth in the second paragraph under “– Non-U.S. Holders” above), or has otherwise established an exemption (provided that neither NCPA nor its agent has actual knowledge that the holder is a U.S. person or that the conditions of an exemption are not in fact satisfied).

Payments of the proceeds from the sale of a 2022 Series B Bond to or through a foreign office of a broker generally will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding. However, information reporting (but not backup withholding) may apply to those payments if the broker is one of the following:

- a U.S. person;
- a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. tax purposes;

- a foreign person 50-percent or more of whose gross income from all sources for the three-year period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the payment was effectively connected with a United States trade or business; or
- a foreign partnership with certain connections to the United States.

Payment of the proceeds from a sale of a 2022 Series B Bond to or through the United States office of a broker is subject to information reporting and backup withholding unless the holder or beneficial owner certifies as to its taxpayer identification number or otherwise establishes an exemption from information reporting and backup withholding.

The preceding federal income tax discussion is included for general information only and may not be applicable depending upon a holder's particular situation. Holders should consult their tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the 2022 Series B Bonds, including the tax consequences under federal, state, local, foreign and other tax laws and the possible effects of changes in those tax laws.

State Taxes. Special Tax Counsel is of the opinion that interest on the 2022 Series B Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California under present State law. Special Tax Counsel expresses no opinion as to other state or local tax consequences arising with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds nor as to the taxability of the 2022 Series B Bonds or the income therefrom under the laws of any state other than California.

IN ALL EVENTS, ALL INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS IN DETERMINING THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF THE 2022 SERIES B BONDS.

Considerations for ERISA and Other U.S. Benefit Plan Investors. The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), imposes certain fiduciary obligations and prohibited transaction restrictions on employee pension and welfare benefit plans subject to Title I of ERISA ("ERISA Plans"). Section 4975 of the Code imposes essentially the same prohibited transaction restrictions on tax-qualified retirement plans described in Section 401(a) and 403(a) of the Code, which are exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code, other than governmental and church plans as defined herein ("Qualified Retirement Plans"), and on Individual Retirement Accounts ("IRAs") described in Section 408(b) of the Code (collectively, "Tax-Favored Plans"). Certain employee benefit plans such as governmental plans (as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA) ("Governmental Plans"), and, if no election has been made under Section 410(d) of the Code, church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA) ("Church Plans"), are not subject to ERISA requirements. Additionally, such Governmental and Church Plans are not subject to the requirements of Section 4975 of the Code but may be subject to applicable federal, state or local law ("Similar Laws") which is, to a material extent, similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA or the Code. Accordingly, assets of such plans may be invested in the 2022 Series B Bonds without regard to the ERISA and Code considerations described below, subject to the provisions of Similar Laws.

In addition to the imposition of general fiduciary obligations, including those of investment prudence and diversification and the requirement that a plan's investment be made in accordance with the documents governing the plan, Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit a broad range of transactions involving assets of ERISA Plans and Tax-Favored Plans and entities whose underlying assets include plan assets by reason of ERISA Plans or Tax-Favored Plans investing in such entities (collectively, "Benefit Plans") and persons who have certain specified relationships to the Benefit Plans ("Parties In Interest" or "Disqualified Persons"), unless a statutory or administrative exemption is

available. The definitions of “Party in Interest” and “Disqualified Person” are expansive. While other entities may be encompassed by these definitions, they include, most notably: (1) fiduciary with respect to a plan; (2) a person providing services to a plan; (3) an employer or employee organization any of whose employees or members are covered by the plan; and (4) the owner of an IRA. Certain Parties in Interest (or Disqualified Persons) that participate in a prohibited transaction may be subject to a penalty (or an excise tax) imposed pursuant to Section 502(i) of ERISA (or Section 4975 of the Code) unless a statutory or administrative exemption is available. Without an exemption an IRA owner may disqualify his or her IRA.

Certain transactions involving the purchase, holding or transfer of the 2022 Series B Bonds might be deemed to constitute prohibited transactions under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code if assets of NCPA were deemed to be assets of a Benefit Plan. Under final regulations issued by the United States Department of Labor (the “Plan Assets Regulation”), the assets of NCPA would be treated as plan assets of a Benefit Plan for the purposes of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code if the Benefit Plan acquires an “equity interest” in NCPA and none of the exceptions contained in the Plan Assets Regulation is applicable. An equity interest is defined under the Plan Assets Regulation as an interest in an entity other than an instrument which is treated as indebtedness under applicable local law and which has no substantial equity features. Although there can be no assurances in this regard, it appears that the 2022 Series B Bonds should be treated as debt without substantial equity features for purposes of the Plan Assets Regulation. This determination is based upon the traditional debt features of the 2022 Series B Bonds, including the reasonable expectation of purchasers of 2022 Series B Bonds that the 2022 Series B Bonds will be repaid when due, traditional default remedies, as well as the absence of conversion rights, warrants and other typical equity features. The debt treatment of the 2022 Series B Bonds for ERISA purposes could change subsequent to issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds. In the event of a withdrawal or downgrade to below investment grade of the rating of the 2022 Series B Bonds or a characterization of the 2022 Series B Bonds as other than indebtedness under applicable local law, the subsequent purchase of the 2022 Series B Bonds or any interest therein by a Benefit Plan is prohibited.

However, without regard to whether the 2022 Series B Bonds are treated as an equity interest for such purposes, though, the acquisition or holding of 2022 Series B Bonds by or on behalf of a Benefit Plan could be considered to give rise to a prohibited transaction if NCPA or the Trustee, or any of their respective affiliates, is or becomes a Party in Interest or a Disqualified Person with respect to such Benefit Plan.

Most notably, ERISA and the Code generally prohibit the lending of money or other extension of credit between an ERISA Plan or Tax-Favored Plan and a Party in Interest or a Disqualified Person, and the acquisition of any of the 2022 Series B Bonds by a Benefit Plan would involve the lending of money or extension of credit by the Benefit Plan. In such a case, however, certain exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules could be applicable depending on the type and circumstances of the plan fiduciary making the decision to acquire a 2022 Series B Bond. Included among these exemptions are: Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption (“PTCE”) 96-23, regarding transactions effected by certain “in-house asset managers”; PTCE 90-1, regarding investments by insurance company pooled separate accounts; PTCE 95-60, regarding transactions effected by “insurance company general accounts”; PTCE 91-38, regarding investments by bank collective investment funds; and PTCE 84-14, regarding transactions effected by “qualified professional asset managers.” Further, the statutory exemption in Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code provides for an exemption for transactions involving “adequate consideration” with persons who are Parties in Interest or Disqualified Persons solely by reason of their (or their affiliate’s) status as a service provider to the Benefit Plan involved and none of whom is a fiduciary with respect to the Benefit Plan assets involved (or an affiliate of such a fiduciary). There can be no assurance that any class or other exemption will be available with

respect to any particular transaction involving the 2022 Series B Bonds, or that, if available, the exemption would cover all possible prohibited transactions.

By acquiring a 2022 Series B Bond (or interest therein), each purchaser and transferee (and if the purchaser or transferee is a plan, its fiduciary) is deemed to (a) represent and warrant that either (i) it is not acquiring the 2022 Series B Bond (or interest therein) with the assets of a Benefit Plan, Governmental plan or Church plan; or (ii) the acquisition and holding of the 2022 Series B Bond (or interest therein) will not give rise to a nonexempt prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or Similar Laws, and (b) acknowledge and agree that a Benefit Plan, Governmental plan or Church plan subject to Similar Laws may not purchase the 2022 Series B Bonds (or any interest therein) at any time that the ratings on the 2022 Series B Bonds are withdrawn or downgraded to below investment grade or the 2022 Series B Bonds have been characterized as other than indebtedness for applicable local law purposes. A purchaser or transferee who acquires 2022 Series B Bonds with assets of a Benefit Plan represents that such purchaser or transferee has considered the fiduciary requirements of ERISA, the Code or Similar Laws and has consulted with counsel with regard to the purchase or transfer.

In addition, each purchaser and each transferee (and if the purchaser or transferee is a Benefit Plan, its fiduciary) of a 2022 Series B Bond that is a Benefit Plan is deemed to represent and warrant that: (a) the decision to acquire the 2022 Series B Bonds was made by the plan fiduciary; (b) the plan fiduciary is independent of NCPA, the Trustee, and the Underwriters; (c) the plan fiduciary meets the requirements of 29 C.F.R. § 2510.3-21(c)(1) and specifically is either a bank as defined in Section 202 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 or similar institution that is regulated and supervised and subject to periodic examination by a U.S. state or U.S. federal agency; an insurance carrier which is qualified under the laws of more than one U.S. state to perform the services of managing, acquiring or disposing of assets of a Benefit Plan; an investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 or, if not registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act by reason of paragraph(1) of Section 203A of the Investment Advisers Act, is registered as an investment adviser under the laws of the U.S. state in which it maintains its principal office and place of business; a broker dealer registered under the Exchange Act; or holds, or has under its management or control, total assets of at least \$50 million (provided that this clause shall not be satisfied if the plan fiduciary is an individual directing his or her own individual plan account or is a relative of such individual); (d) the plan fiduciary is capable of evaluating investment risks independently, both in general and with regard to particular transactions, and investment strategies, including the purchase or transfer of the 2022 Series B Bonds; (e) the plan fiduciary is a “fiduciary” with respect to the plan within the meaning of Section (21) of ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code, or both, and is responsible for exercising independent judgment in evaluating the acquisition, transfer or holding of the 2022 Series B Bonds; (f) none of NCPA, the Trustee, or the Underwriters has exercised any authority to cause the Benefit Plan to invest in the 2022 Series B Bonds or to negotiate the terms of the Benefit Plan’s investment in the 2022 Series B Bonds; and (g) the plan fiduciary has been informed: (1) that none of NCPA, the Trustee, or the Underwriters are undertaking to provide impartial investment advice or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the plan’s acquisition or transfer of the 2022 Series B Bonds and (2) of the existence and nature of NCPA’s, the Trustee’s, or the Underwriters’ financial interests in the Benefit Plan’s acquisition or transfer of the 2022 Series B Bonds.

None of NCPA, the Trustee, or the Underwriters is undertaking to provide impartial investment advice or to give advice in a fiduciary capacity in connection with the acquisition or transfer of the 2022 Series B Bonds by any Benefit Plan.

Because NCPA, the Trustee, the Underwriters or any of their respective affiliates may receive certain benefits in connection with the sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds, the purchase of the 2022 Series B Bonds using plan assets of a Benefit Plan over which any of such parties has investment authority or provides investment advice for a direct or indirect fee may be deemed to be a violation of the prohibited

transaction rules of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or Similar Laws for which no exemption may be available. Accordingly, any investor considering a purchase of 2022 Series B Bonds using plan assets of a Benefit Plan should consult with its counsel if NCPA, the Trustee or the Underwriters or any of their respective affiliates has investment authority or provides investment advice for a direct or indirect fee with respect to such assets or is an employer maintaining or contributing to the Benefit Plan.

Any ERISA Plan fiduciary considering whether to purchase the 2022 Series B Bonds on behalf of an ERISA Plan should consult with its counsel regarding the applicability of the fiduciary responsibility and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code to such an investment and the availability of any of the exemptions referred to above. Persons responsible for investing the assets of Tax-Favored Plans that are not ERISA Plans should seek similar counsel with respect to the prohibited transaction provisions of the Code and the applicability of any similar state or federal law.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

NCPA and the Significant Share Project Participants have each agreed, pursuant to Continuing Disclosure Agreements with the Trustee, to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the “MSRB”) through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System (the “EMMA System”) a copy of their respective annual audited financial statements, as well as certain operating data relating to the Project and the Significant Share Project Participants’ respective electric systems. Such audited financial statements are required to be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. NCPA will provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System such Project information and its financial statements (unaudited if audited financial statements are not then available) within 180 days after the end of its fiscal year, and each Significant Share Project Participants will provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System their respective financial statements (unaudited if audited financial statements are not then available) and operating data relating to their respective electric systems within 210 days after the end of their respective fiscal years. If unaudited financial statements are provided, audited financial statements will be provided as soon as available. In addition, NCPA and the Significant Share Project Participants have agreed to give timely notice to the MSRB through the EMMA System, of the occurrence of certain specified events. These agreements have been made in order to assist the Underwriters in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) (the “Rule”). See “APPENDIX E–PROPOSED FORMS OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENTS.”

A review of NCPA’s and the Significant Share Project Participants’ compliance with prior continuing disclosure undertakings during the last five years indicates that:

(1) For Fiscal Year 2019, the financial and operating data relating to NCPA’s projects, including the Hydroelectric Project, required to be filed as part of NCPA’s continuing disclosure annual report was not filed until approximately 28 days after the date required for such filing. NCPA’s audited financial statements for such fiscal year were timely filed.

(2) For Fiscal Year 2018, Lodi’s continuing disclosure annual report (including the audited financial statements financial and operating data) in connection with certain of Lodi’s obligations, including in connection with NCPA bonds and Lodi’s direct electric system obligations, was not filed until approximately 2 to 24 days after the date required for certain of such filings. In addition, for each of Fiscal Years 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2021, Lodi’s continuing disclosure annual report was not properly associated (or not properly initially associated) on EMMA with the CUSIPs for all applicable Lodi obligations, including, with respect to the 2021 continuing disclosure annual report, having not been associated with certain series of NCPA bonds.

(3) In certain instances, Palo Alto's filed its annual continuing disclosure report after the date required for such filing and/or filed a report which omitted certain information Palo Alto had covenanted to provide in prior undertakings. Specifically, Palo Alto's annual filings for Fiscal Year 2016 in connection with certain outstanding utility revenue bonds of Palo Alto omitted certain information relating to the top ten customers of its gas system. For Fiscal Years 2016, 2017 and 2018, Palo Alto's annual report was not properly associated (or not properly initially associated) on EMMA with the CUSIPs for all applicable Palo Alto bonds, including having not been associated with all certain series of Palo Alto bonds. Additionally, in 2021, Palo Alto did not timely file notice of the incurrence of a financial obligation as required pursuant to certain of its continuing disclosure undertakings. Corrective EMMA filings for such omissions have been made.

(4) [The annual reports required for Fiscal Year 2015 for certain of Roseville's then-outstanding obligations were not filed, or were not filed with all required information, until up to approximately 48 days after the dates required for such filings.] Roseville has not in a timely manner filed all significant event notices, including, but not limited to, notices of changes in the ratings of certain then-outstanding obligations resulting from changes in ratings to the bond insurers who insured such obligations or the underlying ratings for such obligations. Roseville has engaged contract support for the preparation and filing of its continuing disclosure reports in order to ensure compliance with future continuing disclosure obligations. {Update}

(5) Finally, all filings made by NCPA and each of the Significant Share Project Participants have not always been associated, or associated by the required filing deadline, with all CUSIPs for each of the related outstanding obligations.

NCPA and the Significant Share Project Participants (as applicable) believe they have made corrective filings to address the known instances during the last five years of past delayed or failure to file annual reports, omissions of required information and/or rating changes to be filed under their respective prior continuing disclosure undertakings (except with respect to certain bonds or other obligations that are no longer outstanding) and are currently in compliance in all material respects with such prior continuing disclosure undertakings.

RATINGS

Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings have assigned to the 2022 Bonds the ratings of "____" and "____," respectively. No application has been made to any other rating agency in order to obtain additional ratings on the 2022 Bonds. Each credit rating reflect only the view of the organization furnishing the same and is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the 2022 Bonds. Explanations of the significance of such ratings may be obtained only from the respective organizations at: Moody's Investors Service, 1 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, 23rd Floor, New York, New York 10007 and Fitch Ratings, 33 Whitehall Street, New York, New York 10004. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that either rating will continue for any given period or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the respective rating agency, if in the judgment of such rating agency, circumstances so warrant. NCPA undertakes no responsibility to oppose any such revision or withdrawal. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the 2022 Bonds.

UNDERWRITING

Citigroup Capital Markets Inc., on behalf of itself and BofA Securities, Inc., underwriters for the 2022 Bonds (the “Underwriters”), has agreed to purchase the 2022 Series A Bonds from NCPA at a price of \$_____ (which reflects the \$_____ par amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds, plus original issue premium of \$_____, and less an Underwriters’ discount of \$_____) and to purchase the 2022 Series B Bonds from NCPA at a price of \$_____ (which reflects the \$_____ par amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds less an Underwriters’ discount of \$_____), subject to certain conditions set forth in the Contract of Purchase between NCPA and the Underwriters.

The Underwriters may offer and sell the 2022 Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices lower than the offering prices or at yields higher than the offering yields stated on the inside cover page. The offering prices and yields may be changed from time to time by the Underwriters. The Contract of Purchase for the 2022 Bonds provides that the Underwriters will purchase all of the 2022 Bonds, if any are purchased, the obligation to make such purchases being subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the Contract of Purchase.

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., one of the Underwriters of the 2022 Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution agreement with Fidelity Capital Markets, a division of National Financial Services LLC (together with its affiliates, “Fidelity”). Under this distribution agreement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. may distribute municipal securities to retail investors at the original issue price through Fidelity. As part of this arrangement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. will compensate Fidelity for its selling efforts.

BofA Securities, Inc., the other Underwriter of the 2022 Bonds, has entered into a distribution agreement with its affiliate Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated (“MLPF&S”). As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities, Inc. may distribute securities to MLPF&S, which may in turn distribute such securities to investors through the financial network of MLPF&S. As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities, Inc. may compensate MLPF&S as a dealer for their selling efforts with respect to the 2022 Bonds.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates comprise full service securities firms and commercial banks, among other entities. The Underwriters and their respective affiliates engage in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Under certain circumstances, the Underwriters and their affiliates may have certain creditor and/or other rights against NCPA and its members in connection with such activities.

In the course of their various business activities, the Underwriters and their affiliates may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of NCPA (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with NCPA, including its members.

An affiliate of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., one of the Underwriters of the 2022 Bonds, serves as the counterparty to the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap that is being terminated in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds. The termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap will result in NCPA making a termination payment to CFPI, an affiliate of such Underwriter.

BofA Securities, Inc., the other Underwriter of the 2022 Bonds, is an affiliate of Bank of America, N.A., which provides a direct-pay letter of credit for the 2008 Series A Bonds. A portion of the proceeds of the 2022 Bonds will be used to reimburse a draw on this direct-pay letter of credit in conjunction with the refunding of the 2008 Series A Bonds and termination of the letter of credit. Bank of America, N.A. has also extended credit in other transactions to NCPA and certain of its members.

The Underwriters and their affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market advice or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

PFM Financial Advisors LLC (the “Municipal Advisor”) has assisted NCPA with various matters relating to the planning, structuring and delivery of the 2022 Bonds. The Municipal Advisor is a financial advisory firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting or distributing municipal securities or other public securities. The Municipal Advisor assumes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of this Official Statement. The Municipal Advisor will receive compensation from NCPA contingent upon the sale of the delivery of the 2022 Bonds.

APPROVAL OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The issuance of the 2022 Bonds is subject to the approval of legality of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Bond Counsel to NCPA. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for NCPA by Jane E. Luckhardt, Esq., General Counsel to NCPA, and by Spiegel & McDiarmid LLP, Washington, D.C., Washington Counsel to NCPA. Nixon Peabody LLP is serving as Special Tax Counsel to NCPA in connection with the 2022 Bonds. Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, is serving as Disclosure Counsel to NCPA in connection with the 2022 Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Counsel to the Underwriters.

VERIFICATION OF MATHEMATICAL COMPUTATIONS

On the date of delivery of the 2022 Bonds, NCPA will receive a report from _____, _____, _____ (the “Verification Agent”) verifying the adequacy of the cash deposited and held in the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund, together with the maturing principal amounts of and interest earned on the Escrow Securities (if any), to pay on the redemption date therefor, the redemption price of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds and accrued interest thereon.

The report of the Verification Agent will include the statement that the scope of their engagement was limited to verifying the mathematical accuracy of the computations contained in the schedules provided to them and that they have no obligations to update their report because of events occurring, or data or information coming to their attention, subsequent to the date of their report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The combined financial statements of Northern California Power Agency and Associated Power Corporations as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 have been audited by Baker Tilly US, LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing therein. Baker Tilly US, LLP has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included therein, any procedures on

the financial statements addressed in such report. Baker Tilly US, LLP has also not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

INCLUSION BY SPECIFIC REFERENCE

When delivered by the Underwriters, in their capacity as such, this Official Statement shall be deemed to include by specific reference all documents previously provided to the MSRB (through its EMMA System) by NCPA or a Significant Share Project Participant with respect to its electric system to the extent that statements in such documents are material to the offering made hereby. Any statements in a document included by specific reference herein shall be modified or superseded for purposes of this Official Statement to the extent that it is modified or superseded by statements contained in this Official Statement or in any other subsequently provided document included by specific reference herein.

MISCELLANEOUS

This Official Statement includes descriptions of the terms of the 2022 Bonds, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Third Phase Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreements, certain other agreements and certain provisions of state and federal legislation. Such descriptions do not purport to be complete and all such descriptions and references thereto are qualified in their entirety by references to each such document, copies of which may be obtained from NCPA or, during the period of the offering, from the Underwriters.

Any statements herein involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

By: _____
Randy S. Howard
General Manager

APPENDIX A

**SELECTED INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SIGNIFICANT SHARE
PROJECT PARTICIPANTS**

The following information has been supplied by the respective Project Participants, and includes selected historical operating data and data taken from their electric system balance sheets. Neither NCPA nor any Project Participant makes any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of this information with respect to any other Project Participants.

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CITY OF ALAMEDA

Introduction

The City of Alameda (“Alameda”) is a charter city in the State of California. Alameda is an island community of 22.8 square miles located across the bay from San Francisco and to the west of the City of Oakland. Alameda was incorporated in 1854.

Alameda provides electric utility service through its Department of Public Utilities – Bureau of Electricity. The Alameda Bureau of Electricity began operation in 1887. The Bureau of Electricity did business as “Alameda Power & Telecom” beginning in 1999. On January 26, 2009, the name was changed to “Alameda Municipal Power.” The Alameda electric utility was the first municipal electric utility in California and is one of the oldest in the nation.

Alameda Municipal Power (hereinafter, “AMP”) serves the entire area of the City of Alameda and has about 86 pole miles of overhead distribution lines and 194 circuit miles of underground distribution lines, 6.8 pole miles of overhead transmission lines, 1.9 circuit miles of underground transmission lines. During fiscal year 2020-21, AMP served an average of 35,661 customers, comprised of an average of 31,352 residential customers, an average of 3,931 commercial customers and an average of 378 public authority and other customers, with a peak demand of approximately 62.7 MW.

AMP joined the Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) in 1968, is a participant in most NCPA projects, and has procured other power supply resources independently. In addition, NCPA has developed electric scheduling, dispatch and transmission capabilities that are utilized in the provision of AMP’s electric utility services. All of AMP’s rights to electric energy, capacity, environmental attributes and transmission are scheduled by NCPA and AMP participates in the NCPA power pool. See “NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY – NCPA Power Pool” in the front part of this Official Statement.

From June 2001 until November 21, 2008, AMP also provided cable television and internet services through its telecommunications system. On November 18, 2008, the City Council of the City of Alameda unanimously authorized the sale of the telecommunications business line effective November 21, 2008. See “– Condensed Operating Results and Selected Balance Sheet Information – Inter-fund Transfers” below.

Only the revenues of AMP’s electric system will be available to pay amounts owed by Alameda under the Third Phase Agreement.

AMP is under the policy control of the Alameda Public Utilities Board, in accordance with the Alameda City Charter. The Alameda Public Utilities Board consists of four commissioners appointed by the Mayor with concurrence of the City Council, and the City Manager of Alameda (as an ex-officio member), who may not hold any office on the Board.

Pursuant to the Alameda City Charter, the Alameda Public Utilities Board has the power to control and manage the electric system, including the power to set rates for the services of the electric system. The Alameda Public Utilities Board also establishes goals and policies, approves major purchases and creates the framework for local control of the utility.

AMP’s main office is located at 2000 Grand Street, Alameda, California 94501, (510) 748-3900. For more information about AMP and its electric system, contact Nicolas Procos, General Manager at the above address and telephone number. A copy of the most recent annual comprehensive financial report of AMP (the “Annual Report”) is available on AMP’s website at <http://www.alamedamp.com> and on the

Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access system at <http://emma.msrb.org/>. The Annual Report is incorporated herein by this reference. However, the information presented on such website or referenced therein other than the Annual Report is not part of this Official Statement and is not incorporated by reference herein.

Power Supply Resources

The following table sets forth information concerning AMP's power supply resources and the energy supplied by each during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021**

Source	Capacity Available (MW)⁽¹⁾	Actual Energy (GWh)	% of Total Requirements
Purchased Power ⁽²⁾ :			
Western Hydroelectric	17.2	26.2	7.6%
Landfill Gas ⁽⁴⁾	8.5	81.2	23.5
High Winds	3.3	21.9	6.3
Silicon Valley Power	--	36.3	10.5
NCPA			
Hydroelectric Project	25.3	21.2	6.1
Combustion Turbine Project No. 1 & 2 ⁽³⁾	24.8	11.1	3.2
Geothermal Plant 1 ⁽⁴⁾	10.0	78.3	22.7
Geothermal Plant 2 ⁽⁴⁾	8.9	49.9	14.5
Graeagle	--	1.6	0.5
Other Carbon Free Purchases (Net)	--	17.7	5.1
Total Capacity and Total Purchased Energy ⁽⁵⁾	98.0	345.2	103.4
Less Line Losses	--	(11.3)	(3.4)
AMP's Capacity and Retail Sales Requirements	62.7	333.9	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Non-coincident, maximum net qualifying capacity available for CAISO.

⁽²⁾ Entitlements, firm allocations and contract amounts.

⁽³⁾ Combustion Turbine Project No. 2 is also referred to as Unit One or the Capital Facilities Project in the front part of this Official Statement.

⁽⁴⁾ AMP sold its share of eligible renewable energy generated by the NCPA Geothermal Project and one of its landfill power purchase agreements. See "-- Energy Efficiency and Conservation; Renewable Resources." Total capacity excludes the amounts sold.

⁽⁵⁾ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, AMP's average cost of power for 333.9 GWh of energy sales was 18.62 cents per kWh, and its average cost of power for the 345.2 GWh purchased was 8.78 cents per kWh.

Purchased Power

Western. AMP has power purchase agreements (“PPAs”) with the Western Area Power Administration (“Western”) that continue through December 31, 2024. AMP’s Western power is assigned to NCPA for scheduling and delivery to AMP. Power purchased under these agreements is generated by the Central Valley Project (“CVP”), a series of federal hydroelectric facilities in Northern California operated by the United States Bureau of Reclamation.

On October 5, 2000, AMP signed a 20-year Base Resource agreement with Western with initial service beginning January 1, 2005. Service under the Western contract will continue through December 31, 2024, with AMP receiving a “slice of the system” allocation from Western. AMP’s allocation is currently 1.08075% of the CVP output. Power provided to AMP under the Western contract is on a take-or-pay basis; AMP is obligated to pay its share of Western costs whether or not it receives any power.

On March 10, 2021, AMP executed a 30-year extension of the Western agreement at an increased share of 1.1821% of Base Resource with an effective date of January 1, 2025. Under the power marketing plan, Western will allow an existing customer to reduce its base resource percentage allocation with at least six month’s written notice to Western prior to January 1, 2025.

Other Purchases. AMP has also entered into certain other PPAs: (1) a PPA with Avangrid Renewables LLC (formerly Iberdrola Renewables, Inc.) for power supplied from the High Winds Project in Solano County, California under which AMP receives 6.17% (approximately 10 MW of the 162 MW project) until June 30, 2028; (2) four long-term PPAs for power supplied by multiple existing generating facilities utilizing combustible gaseous emissions from landfills located in or near the San Francisco Bay area, under which AMP has received approximately 1.3 MW of baseload power from one facility since 2006, approximately 7.1 MW of baseload output from two additional facilities since 2009, and approximately 1.9 MW of baseload power from a fourth facility since 2013; and (3) a PPA with the City of Santa Clara (Silicon Valley Power) under which AMP receives an additional 10 MW of renewable energy from Silicon Valley Power during the months of January, February, October, November, and December beginning January 2018 through December 2027. In addition, AMP makes short-term clean energy market purchases as necessary to meet its native load requirements.

Generally, AMP has entered into power purchase agreements solely or primarily for use within its own system.

Joint Powers Agency Resources

NCPA. AMP does not independently own any generation assets but, in addition to power purchased from Western and others, AMP is a participant in most NCPA projects. AMP has purchased from NCPA: a 10.00% entitlement share in the NCPA Hydroelectric Project; a 21.820% entitlement share in the NCPA Combustion Turbine Project Number One; a 19.00% entitlement share in the Combustion Turbine Project Number Two (referred to as Unit One or the Capital Facilities Project in this Official Statement); and a 16.8825% entitlement share in the NCPA Geothermal Project. AMP additionally participates in the NCPA Geysers Transmission Project, in which it has a 30.36% entitlement share. For a description of such resources, see “THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT” and “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS” in the front part of this Official Statement. For each of these NCPA projects in which AMP participates, AMP is obligated to pay, on an unconditional take-or-pay basis, as an operation and maintenance cost of its electric system, its entitlement share of the debt service on NCPA bonds issued for the project (as applicable), as well as its share of the operation and maintenance expenses of the project. See also “– Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations” below.

Through NCPA, AMP also participates in certain PPAs entered into by NCPA, including a PPA with Henwood Associates, Inc. to purchase 100% of the power produced by the Graeagle Hydroelectric Project, a small 440 kW hydroelectric project (replacing a prior agreement under which AMP received 50% of the project output). The energy source for the facility is hydroelectric and the facility meets the qualifying facilities requirements established by FERC. The facility output, which varies with hydrological conditions, has averaged about 2,000 MWh per year. Deliveries under the agreement began on February 1, 2010 and will terminate on January 31, 2030. See also “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS – Power Purchase and Natural Gas Contracts” in the front part of this Official Statement. Additionally, AMP participates in NCPA’s Market Purchase Program when contracted resources cannot meet load.

TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project. AMP, together with fourteen other northern California cities and districts and one rural electric cooperative, is a member, or associate member, of a California joint powers agency known as the Transmission Agency of Northern California (“TANC”). TANC, together with the City of Redding (“Redding”), Western, two California water districts and Pacific Gas & Electric Company (“PG&E”) (collectively, the “COTP Participants”) own the California–Oregon Transmission Project (“COTP”), a 339-mile long, 1,600 MW, 500 kV transmission project between southern Oregon and central California. The COTP was placed in service on March 24, 1993, at an original cost of approximately \$430 million. TANC financed its interest in the COTP through the issuance of California-Oregon Transmission Project Revenue Bonds, of which approximately \$169.9 million principal amount of revenue bonds was outstanding as of January 31, 2022. See “– Indebtedness.”

Pursuant to Project Agreement No. 3 for the COTP (the “TANC Agreement”), TANC has agreed to provide to AMP and 12 other members of TANC (the “TANC Member-Participants”) a participation percentage of TANC’s entitlement of COTP transfer capability. In return, each TANC Member-Participant has severally agreed to pay TANC a corresponding percentage of TANC’s share of the COTP construction costs, including debt service on TANC’s outstanding revenue bonds and other obligations issued by TANC to finance its ownership share of the COTP. A TANC Member-Participant’s obligations to make payments to TANC are not dependent upon the operation of the COTP and are not subject to reduction. Upon an unremedied default by one TANC Member-Participant in making a payment required under the TANC Agreement, the non-defaulting TANC Member-Participants are required to increase pro-rata their participation percentage by the amount of the defaulting TANC Member-Participant’s entitlement share, provided that no such increase can result in a greater than 25% increase in the participation percentage of the non-defaulting TANC Member-Participants.

Pursuant to the TANC Agreement, AMP is obligated to pay 1.23% of TANC’s COTP operating and maintenance expenses and 1.33% of TANC’s COTP debt service (on bonds other than TANC’s 2009 Series A Bonds on which it is obligated for 1.45% of debt service) and is entitled to 1.23% of TANC’s share of COTP transfer capability (approximately 17 MW net of third-party layoffs of TANC) on an unconditional take-or-pay basis. However, Alameda has laid off its COTP entitlement through 2039 as described under “– *COTP Long-Term Layoff*” below.

To utilize the full transfer capability of the COTP and the Intertie (described below) on a firm basis between the Pacific Northwest and California, it is necessary to coordinate the operation of all three transmission lines. The Pacific AC Intertie (the “Intertie”) is a two line system which, like the COTP, connects California utilities with those in the Pacific Northwest. The Intertie lines are owned by PG&E, PacifiCorp and Western and are operated by the CAISO. Rate schedules are on file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“FERC”) to accomplish this coordination. The three-line system comprised of the COTP and the Intertie is collectively referred to as the California-Oregon Intertie (“COI”).

The COTP is operated within the Balancing Authority of Northern California (“BANC”). As a result, the TANC Member-Participants are able to undertake direct scheduling of energy transactions over

the COTP within the balancing authority area, free of the CAISO tariff, charges, congestion and encumbrances.

COTP Long-Term Layoff. Due to situational and economic changes in value of power deliveries over the COTP, AMP and six other TANC members laid off their participation shares in the COTP to other TANC members for a period of 25 years with the option to extend for an additional five years upon all parties' approval. The enabling agreement among the parties became effective on July 1, 2014. The agreement transfers the use and associated rights of AMP's project participation shares to the receiving parties (the Modesto Irrigation District, the Turlock Irrigation District and the Sacramento Municipal Utility District). The receiving parties agree to pay the debt service and operating and maintenance costs associated with those shares and an additional value payment after the debt service is retired. Under the agreement, AMP continues to be a member of TANC and remains ultimately responsible for its allocated share of the costs of the COTP in the event of a default by a receiving party during the term of the agreement.

TANC Tesla–Midway Transmission Service. The southern physical terminus of the COTP is near the Tesla Substation of PG&E, located near Tracy, California. The COTP is connected to Western's Tracy and Olinda Substations. PG&E provides TANC and its members with 300 MW of firm bi-directional transmission capacity in its transmission system between its Tesla Substation and its Midway Substation near Buttonwillow, California (the "Tesla-Midway Transmission Service") under a long-term agreement known as the South of Tesla Principles. AMP's share of Tesla-Midway Transmission Service is 6.0 MW. AMP may utilize its full allocation of Tesla–Midway Transmission Service for firm and non-firm power transactions when economic to do so and if available.

Energy Efficiency and Conservation; Renewable Resources

State laws enacted in 2005 and 2006 require publicly-owned utilities ("POUs"), such as AMP, in procuring energy, to first implement all available energy efficiency and demand reduction resources that are cost-effective, reliable and feasible, and to provide annual reports to customers and to the California Energy Commission (the "CEC") describing their investment in energy efficiency and demand reduction programs. California Assembly Bill ("AB") 2021, which became law in 2007, requires investor-owned utilities ("IOUs") and POUs to identify energy efficiency potential and establish annual efficiency targets so that the State can meet the goal of reducing total forecasted electricity consumption by 10% over the ten years.

AMP has a full portfolio of public benefits programs, addressing four areas of concentration: low income assistance programs, renewable energy production, advanced electric technology demonstration, and research and development, as well as energy efficiency programs. It has continually funded new renewable resources including geothermal, wind, landfill gas, and hydroelectric generation.

AMP has had energy efficiency programs in place since the 1990s. These energy efficiency programs focus on the unique end-uses in Alameda with its coastal climate, and the resulting lack of air conditioning load. AMP offers energy efficiency programs for all of its customer classes and has established an aggressive target for reducing future consumption by nearly 12% during the next ten years.

California Senate Bill ("SB") X1-2 required POUs to adopt and implement a renewable energy resource procurement plan to achieve specified targets for serving their retail energy loads from California-eligible renewable energy resources, culminating in a target of serving 33% of their loads with California-eligible renewable energy resources by December 31, 2020. State law enacted in 2015, SB 350, increased California's renewable electricity procurement goal from 33% by 2020 to 50% by 2030 based on Renewables Portfolio Standard ("RPS") eligible resources. State law enacted in 2018, SB 100, accelerates the State's RPS target as established by SB 350 from 50% by 2030 to 60% by 2030 and sets a goal of 100% "clean energy" by the year 2045. See "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY

INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *California Renewables Portfolio Standard*” in the front part of this Official Statement for more information on SBX1-2, SB 350 and SB 100.

AMP’s renewables portfolio consists of its share of NCPA’s geothermal and hydroelectric projects as well as PPAs for the purchase of landfill gas-to-energy, wind, and additional hydroelectric generation. All of this generation is considered California-eligible renewable generation with the exception of generation from large (>30 MW) hydroelectric facilities, which do not count towards the State’s RPS compliance obligations. SBX1-2 regulations included an RPS target of an average of 20% California-eligible renewable resources used to meet retail sales for Compliance Period 1 (calendar year (“CY”) 2011 through CY 2013) which AMP exceeded with an actual average of 25%. AMP also satisfied the RPS targets for Compliance Period 2 (CY 2014 through CY 2016) by meeting the RPS target of a total equal to 20% of retail sales in 2014 and 2015, and 25% of retail sales in 2016. AMP has further met the RPS target for Compliance Period 3 (CY 2017 through CY 2020) of a total equal to 27% of retail sales in 2017, 29% in 2018, 31% in 2019 and 33% in 2020. AMP is positioned to fulfill its RPS compliance requirements under current law through 2030 and beyond with its current portfolio.

In January 2012 and again in January 2015, the Alameda Public Utilities Board adopted a Renewable Energy Sales and Use of Resulting Revenues Policy stating that through 2019, AMP may sell eligible renewable energy not required to comply with the Board-approved RPS Policy. AMP subsequently entered into two sales agreements, the first from October 15, 2012 through December 31, 2016 to the California Department of Water Resources (“CDWR”), and a subsequent sale from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2019 to Shell Energy North America (“Shell”). For both agreements, AMP sold its share of eligible renewable energy generated by NCPA’s geothermal project and generation from one of its landfill gas PPAs. In accordance with the adopted policy, the resulting revenues from these sales were used to support initiatives to reduce greenhouse gas (“GHG”) emissions associated with electricity use by AMP’s customers. AMP has established a Board designated reserve in accordance with this policy into which all revenues associated with these sales were deposited. Through these sales AMP has been able to fund a variety of GHG emissions reductions programs, like energy efficiency, without raising rates. AMP does not anticipate entering into any additional agreements to sell renewable energy.

To comply with California SB 1305, passed in 1997, which created the Power Source Disclosure program (as subsequently modified), AMP must annually disclose the fuel sources of the electricity it sold to customers the previous CY in the CEC’s Power Source Disclosure Report, from which a Power Content Label (“PCL”) is generated. Alameda reported that it covered 100% of its electricity sales with power from large hydroelectric projects and California eligible renewable resources on the PCL for 2020 and 2021.

Per AB 32, the Global Warming Solutions Act, AMP is subject to the California Air Resources Board’s (“CARB”) cap-and-trade program regulations. Each year CARB distributes freely allocated allowances to AMP, which AMP must allocate to the cap-and-trade auction process. Current Alameda Public Utilities Board policy requires AMP to allocate allowances to each quarterly auction, deposit the proceeds into a designated reserve account and use the proceeds to benefit retail ratepayers consistent with the goals of AB 32. See “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *California Climate Program*” and “– *Cap-and-Trade Program*” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Future Power Supply Resources

AMP is currently investigating options to meet future resource requirements in an environmentally beneficial manner including additional renewable resources and energy efficiency savings.

Interconnections, Transmission and Distribution Facilities

AMP's electric system is interconnected with PG&E's system at two PG&E substations. AMP owns facilities for the distribution of electric power within the city limits of Alameda, which includes approximately 8.70 miles of 115 kV power lines, approximately 271.8 miles of 12 kV distribution lines (approximately 68% of which are underground) and two main substations. AMP's electric system experienced approximately 43.7 minutes of outage time per customer in fiscal year 2020-21.

Wildfire Risks

AMP does not own or operate any transmission or generation assets. The service area of AMP, which is coterminous with the municipal boundaries of the City of Alameda, is largely an urban area and has no urban wildland interface. Alameda is located in a geographical area classified by the California Public Utilities Commission Fire Threat Map as a "Tier 1" fire-threat area (*i.e.*, not in an area of elevated or extreme risk from utility-associated wildfires). By resolution, on September 17, 2018, the Alameda Public Utilities Board made a wildfire risk determination pursuant to the requirements of SB 1028, and determined that AMP's overhead electrical lines and equipment are located within a geographical area that does not have a significant risk of catastrophic wildfire resulting from AMP's electrical lines and equipment. On November 18, 2019, the Alameda Public Utilities Board approved AMP's wildfire mitigation plan. Pursuant to the requirements of California Senate Bill 901 and Assembly Bill 1054, Alameda has completed its third party independent evaluation. Alameda's wildfire mitigation plan is updated annually, with the most recent updated approved by the Alameda Public Utilities Board on May 17, 2021. See also "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks*" in the front part of this Official Statement.

COVID-19

The spread of the novel strain of coronavirus (and variants thereof) and the disease it causes (now known as "COVID-19") has had significant negative impacts throughout the world, including in California. In 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic, and states of emergency have been declared by the United States, the State and numerous counties throughout the State. The purpose behind these declarations was to coordinate and formalize emergency actions across federal, state and local governmental agencies, and to proactively prepare for a wider spread of the virus.

On March 19, 2020, in an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 ordering individuals living in the State to stay home or at their place of residence except for specified exceptions, including exceptions for certain sectors of the workforce that were classified as providing essential services and products, which allowed businesses and workers in such sectors to continue to operate on-site operations while Executive Order N-33-20 was effective. On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued two executive orders, which became effective on June 15, 2021, which had the effect of rescinding a majority of the COVID-19-related restrictions and providing a timeline for gradually lifting certain of the other restrictions that were not fully rescinded on June 15, 2021.

During the pandemic, AMP has experienced a decline in electricity demand by the small commercial sector and municipal sector (schools/colleges, public libraries) while electricity usage by the residential sector increased, as might be expected with many retail establishments being closed and people staying home. AMP also experienced an increase in industrial load, which reflects that industrial customers are frequently in critical sector-related businesses, which continued to operate during the pandemic. See "Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand."

Historically, AMP's annual write-offs for uncollectible accounts have been less than 0.10% of gross billings of the Electric System. Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, write-offs for uncollectible accounts has increased. In fiscal year 2018-19, uncollectible accounts represented approximately 6% of the total receivables balance of \$2.4 million. For fiscal year 2019-20, uncollectible accounts increased to approximately 13% of the total receivable balance of \$3.6 million. In fiscal year 2020-21, uncollectible accounts represented approximately 11% of the total receivables balance of \$4.4 million. To help mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19 and the related governmental regulations on its customers, AMP implemented a payment deferral program, which included the suspension of the disconnection of electric utility services for non-payment of utility bills and suspended all penalties and late payments for a period beginning in March 2020 and extending through April 2022. Utility staff promoted AMP bill savings and financial assistance programs (EASE and HEAP).

AMP was allocated approximately \$649,771 under the California Department of Community Services and Development California Arrearage Payment Program ("CAPP"), to aid the accounts that have fallen 60 days behind during the period of March 4, 2020 through June 15, 2021, which in turn is expected by AMP to lower the uncollectible revenue amount. AMP received the funding on December 21, 2021. Residential active and inactive accounts with past due balances were credited 100% of their past due amounts and commercial accounts were credited 33.55% of their past due amount from CAPP funds.

With widespread vaccination currently underway in the United States and many countries worldwide, governmental-imposed stay-at-home orders and restrictions on operations of schools and businesses implemented to respond to and control the outbreak have been eased or eliminated. However, restrictions may be re-imposed in various jurisdictions from time to time as local conditions warrant. Alameda cannot predict whether any reinstatement or expansion of stay-at-home orders and travel or other restrictions will occur or when a full resumption of all economic activity will be achieved. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of AMP or the Electric System is unknown and there can be no assurances that COVID-19 will not materially adversely impact the financial condition of AMP or the Electric System in the future. There are many variables that will continue to contribute to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery therefrom, including the length of time social distancing measures are in place, the effectiveness of State and federal government relief programs and the timing for containment and treatment, new coronavirus strains, vaccinations efforts and vaccine hesitancy. Alameda cannot predict the extent or duration of such impacts.

Rates and Charges

AMP has the exclusive jurisdiction to set electric rates within its service area by action of the Alameda Public Utilities Board. These rates are not subject to review by any state or federal agency.

AMP's fiscal year 2020-21 average rate per kWh sold for all electric service was 18.77 cents per kWh. The average rate per kWh sold for residential service in fiscal year 2020-21 was 20.74 cents. The average rates for commercial service were 16.89 cents per kWh. AMP's average rate for municipal and public authority service for fiscal year 2020-21 was 18.96 cents per kWh. On April 15, 2019, the Alameda Public Utilities Board approved a 2.50% overall average rate increase for residential and commercial customers for fiscal year 2019-20. This was Alameda's most recent base rate increase. Currently, AMP management estimates that AMP's electric rates are approximately 24.2% below those of PG&E on average.

The following table presents a recent history of AMP's rate changes.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
ELECTRIC RATE CHANGES**

Date	Percent Change (Average)
July 1, 2021	0.00%
July 1, 2020	0.00
July 1, 2019	2.50
July 1, 2018	1.00
July 1, 2017	5.00

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

Largest Customers

AMP's ten largest electric customers in terms of kWh sales for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 accounted for 34.14% of total kWh sales and 31.65% of total revenues. The largest customer accounted for 9.63% of total kWh sales and 8.17% of total revenues. The smallest of the ten largest customers accounted for 2.12% of total kWh sales and 2.22% of revenues.

Customers, Sales, Revenues and Demand

The average numbers of customers, kWh sales, revenues derived from sales by classification of service and peak demand during the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21, are listed below.

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**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS, SALES, REVENUES AND DEMAND**

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of Customers:					
Residential	30,495	30,625	31,201	31,822	31,937
Commercial Small	3,764	3,778	3,808	3,852	3,870
Commercial Medium	12	12	8	8	10
Public Authority	362	363	358	361	359
Other	15	12	21	24	25
Total Customers	34,648	34,790	35,396	36,067	36,201
Kilowatt-Hour Sales:					
Residential	126,850,402	124,589,523	125,510,907	129,591,566	138,607,950
Commercial Small	172,520,353	168,873,305	164,807,447	166,745,235	146,664,721
Commercial Medium	30,127,960	28,321,180	28,712,440	31,301,090	35,641,270
Public Authority	11,428,198	10,723,565	11,064,277	11,539,236	10,470,953
Other	2,838,825	2,518,330	2,034,011	2,605,615	2,548,136
Total kWh sales	343,765,738	335,025,903	332,129,082	341,782,742	333,933,030
Revenues from Sale of Energy:					
Residential	\$21,510,126	\$23,902,788	\$24,414,010	\$25,933,443	\$27,946,417
Commercial Small	27,177,335	28,500,186	28,354,299	29,341,107	26,015,342
Commercial Medium	4,366,885	4,338,898	4,580,711	5,069,275	5,845,303
Public Authority	1,958,154	1,965,664	2,225,142	2,238,296	2,058,753
Other	913,247	793,870	1,453,471	149,514	320,052
Total Revenues from Sale of Energy	\$55,925,747	\$59,501,406	\$61,027,633	\$62,731,635	\$62,185,867
Peak Demand (kW)	63,738	59,624	54,362	61,990	62,664

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

Service Area

Population. The City of Alameda is located in Alameda County just west of the City of Oakland and approximately 12 miles east of San Francisco. The service area of the AMP electric system is coterminous with the city boundaries. Shown below is certain population data for the City of Alameda, the County of Alameda and the State of California.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA POPULATION
(1970-2010 as of April 1; 2011-2021 as of January 1)**

Year	City of Alameda	County of Alameda	State of California
1970	70,968	1,071,446	19,971,069
1980	63,852	1,105,379	23,667,764
1990	76,459	1,279,182	29,760,021
2000	72,259	1,443,741	33,871,653
2010	73,812	1,510,271	37,253,956
2011	74,477	1,525,761	37,561,624
2012	75,482	1,545,917	37,924,661
2013	76,878	1,569,989	38,269,864
2014	77,500	1,590,729	38,556,731
2015	78,381	1,613,319	38,865,532
2016	80,386	1,631,230	39,103,587
2017	80,947	1,644,303	39,352,398
2018	81,195	1,651,760	39,519,535
2019	81,457	1,659,608	39,605,361
2020	81,135	1,663,114	39,648,938
2021	80,884	1,656,591	39,466,855

Sources: 1970-2010, as of April 1, based on historical U.S. Census population data compiled by the California State Department of Finance. 2011-2021, as of January 1, State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, with 2010 Census Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2021.

Employment. Alameda is part of the highly urbanized East Bay, which consists of Alameda and Contra Costa counties. A highly skilled labor force, excellent transportation facilities, renowned educational institutions and available advanced research and development resources contribute to the area's economy. The largest employers in Alameda as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
2020-21 LARGEST EMPLOYERS**

Employer	Business	Number of Employees
Penumbra, Inc.	Med. Device Developer/Manufacturer	2,244
Alameda Unified School district	Public School	1,018
The North Face	Retail Store	859
Alameda County Medical Center	Medical	746
Telecare Corp.	Medical	695
Abbott Diabetes Care Inc.	Medical Devices	600
City of Alameda	Governmental Entity	538
Exelixis	Biotech	484
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan Inc.	Medical	448
U.S. Department of Transportation	Governmental Entity	368

Source: City of Alameda Community Development Department and City of Alameda Business License Records

The Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley Metropolitan Division, as defined by the State Employment Development Department, includes all cities within Alameda and Contra Costa Counties. According to the California Employment Development Department, the County of Alameda's unemployment rate was 8.5%

for the year 2020. The following table sets forth certain information regarding employment in the City of Alameda from 2016 through 2020.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT
2016 TO 2020⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾**

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Civilian Labor Force	41,500	41,700	41,300	41,400	39,400
Employment	39,800	40,200	40,100	40,300	36,000
Unemployment	1,600	1,400	1,200	1,100	3,300
Unemployment Rate	4.0%	3.5%	2.9%	2.6%	8.5%

⁽¹⁾ Annual averages; not seasonally adjusted. Data may not add due to rounding. Unemployment rates calculated using unrounded data..

⁽²⁾ Reflects March 2019 benchmark.

Source: State of California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places, Annual Averages – Revised.

Assessed Valuation. The five-year history of assessed valuations in Alameda is as follows.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATIONS
(Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21)**

2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
\$11,858,309,875	\$12,544,972,055	\$13,543,528,162	\$14,580,243,935	\$15,501,890,595

Source: City of Alameda Finance Department.

Forecast of Capital Expenditures

AMP's current five-year capital plan for electric facilities contemplates capital expenditures in the following years and amounts:

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
ESTIMATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
\$4,882,162 ⁽¹⁾	\$12,019,943 ⁽¹⁾	\$6,438,827 ⁽¹⁾	\$5,233,779 ⁽¹⁾	\$3,550,335 ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Includes converting overhead distribution to underground distribution in the following amounts: fiscal year 2022-23 – \$4.3 million, fiscal year 2023-24 – \$2.1 million, fiscal year 2024-25 – \$1.1 million and fiscal year 2025-26 – \$1.6 million.

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

The capital expenditures are for distribution system improvements and extensions, the underground conversion program, additions for new loads, replacements and maintenance, computer equipment and software and vehicles. AMP anticipates funding the majority of such costs from current year revenues and designated reserves.

Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations

As of January 31, 2022, AMP had outstanding obligations under an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of August 1, 2010 (the “Electric System Installment Sale Agreement”), by and between the Alameda Public Financing Authority and AMP, in the aggregate principal amount of \$18,560,000. The installment payments payable by AMP under the Electric System Installment Sale Agreement are payable from and secured solely by a pledge of and lien on net revenues of the electric system of AMP. These obligations are subordinate to the payments required to be made with respect to AMP’s obligations to NCPA and TANC as described below.

As previously discussed, AMP participates in certain joint powers agencies, including NCPA and TANC. Obligations of AMP with respect to TANC and NCPA constitute operating expenses of the AMP electric system payable prior to any of the payments required to be made by AMP under the Electric System Installment Sale Agreement described above. The agreements with NCPA and TANC are on a “take-or-pay” basis, which requires payments to be made whether or not projects are completed or operable, or whether output from such projects is suspended, interrupted or terminated. Certain of these agreements contain “step up” provisions obligating AMP to pay a share of the obligations of a defaulting participant. AMP’s participation and share of debt service obligation (without giving effect to any “step up” provisions) for each of the joint powers agency projects in which it participates are shown in the following table.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
OUTSTANDING DEBT OF JOINT POWERS AGENCIES
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)
(As of January 1, 2022)**

	Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾	AMP’s Participation⁽²⁾	AMP’s Share of Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	\$10.8	16.8825%	\$ 1.8
Hydroelectric Project	223.3	10.0000	22.3
Capital Facilities Project Unit One	13.8	19.0000	2.6
TANC – South of Tesla	169.9	2.1040	0.1 ⁽³⁾
TOTAL *	\$417.8		\$26.8

* Columns may not add to totals due to independent rounding.

(1) Principal only. Does not include obligation for payment of interest on such debt.

(2) Participation obligation is subject to increase upon default of another project participant. Such increase shall not exceed, without written consent of a non-defaulting participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of such non-defaulting participant’s original participation.

(3) AMP’s 1.23% participation share of TANC COTP entitlement has been assigned to other TANC Members. Excludes associated debt obligation. Alameda remains contractually obligated for its share to the extent not paid by assignees. Obligation shown represents portion of TANC COTP debt allocated to Tesla-Midway Transmission Service.

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

AMP estimates its payment obligations for debt service on its joint powers agency debt obligations to be approximately \$3.1 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and approximately \$3.5 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. A portion of the joint powers agency debt obligations are variable rate debt, liquidity support for which is provided through liquidity arrangements with banks. Unreimbursed draws under liquidity arrangements supporting joint powers agency variable rate debt obligations bear

interest at a maximum rate substantially in excess of the current interest rates on such obligations. Moreover, in certain circumstances, the failure to reimburse draws on the liquidity agreements may result in the acceleration of scheduled payment of the principal of such variable rate joint powers agency obligations. To the extent a joint powers agency has entered into interest rate swap agreements for the purposes of substantially fixing the interest cost with respect to variable rate joint powers agency obligations, there is no guarantee that the floating rate payable to such joint powers agency pursuant to such interest rate swap agreements will match the variable interest rate on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which the respective interest rate swap agreement relates at all times or at any time. Under certain circumstances, the swap provider may be obligated to make payments to the joint powers agency under their respective interest rate swap agreement that is less than the interest due on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which such interest rate swap agreement relates. In such event, such insufficiency will be payable from the obligated joint powers agency members (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Alameda). In addition, under certain circumstances, each of the swap agreements is subject to early termination, in which event the joint powers agency could be obligated to make a termination payment to the applicable swap provider (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Alameda). The only currently outstanding interest rate swap agreement related to Alameda's variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations is the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap which is expected to be terminated in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds. See "PLAN OF REFUNDING" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Transfers to the General Fund

The Alameda City Charter provided for certain excess earnings of the electric system after payment of bond interest and sinking fund requirements and operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation) and certain amounts authorized to be retained by AMP from earnings of the electric system, to be transferred from AMP to the City General Fund, all as defined in and provided pursuant to the terms of the City Charter.

Effective July 1, 2017, and each year thereafter, the Alameda City Charter provides that AMP shall annually transfer to the City General Fund the amount of \$3,700,000 plus an adjustment for inflation, minus any deduction for the amount of any exemptions granted by the AMP Board pursuant to the City Charter, in twelve equal monthly installments.

The following table sets out the transfers from the AMP electric system to the Alameda General Fund for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
TRANSFERS TO THE GENERAL FUND**

Fiscal Year	Transfer Amount
2016-17	\$2,800,000
2017-18	3,700,000
2018-19	3,818,400
2019-20	4,012,000
2020-21	4,029,765

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

Employees

Labor Relations. As of June 30, 2021, approximately 87 City of Alameda employees were assigned specifically to the Alameda electric utility. AMP's management personnel are represented by the Electric Utility Professionals of Alameda ("EUPA"). Non-management personnel are represented either by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers ("IBEW") or the Alameda City Employees Association ("ACEA"). The current Memoranda of Understanding ("MOU") with each of EUPA, ACEA and IBEW expires June 30, 2022. There have been no strikes or other work stoppages at the City of Alameda, including AMP, since the early 1970s.

Pension Plans. Retirement benefits to City of Alameda employees, including those assigned to AMP, are provided through the City of Alameda's participation in the California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS"), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating plan members. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Alameda's defined benefit pension plans, the Miscellaneous Plan and the Safety Plan of the City of Alameda, provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries for substantially all Alameda employees. Benefit provisions under the plans are established by State statute and City resolution. AMP employees participate in the Miscellaneous Plan. No employees assigned to AMP participate in the Safety Plan. Alameda allocates a portion of the net pension liability, net pension expense and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources to AMP on a cost-sharing basis.

Active Miscellaneous Plan members hired prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.00% of their annual covered salary and those hired on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Alameda's employer contribution rate is determined annually by the actuary effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contribution amounts are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Alameda is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The employer contribution rates are established, and may be amended, by CalPERS.

The table below sets forth AMP's allocated share of Alameda's city-wide required contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21. AMP's estimated allocated share of Alameda's city-wide budgeted contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 is \$1,934,104.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	City of Alameda Miscellaneous Plan		
	AMP Allocated Share	Total City Actuarially Determined Contribution Amount	AMP Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$1,631,011	\$ 5,273,062	19.60%
2018	1,739,297	5,710,914	20.60
2019	2,105,125	6,968,668	24.45
2020	2,504,271	8,387,122	26.88
2021	2,981,913	9,318,477	31.68

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

Alameda's required contributions to CalPERS fluctuate each year and include a normal cost component and a component equal to an amortized amount of the unfunded liability. Many assumptions are used to estimate the ultimate liability of pensions and the contributions that will be required to meet those obligations. The CalPERS Board of Administration has adjusted and may in the future further adjust certain assumptions used in the CalPERS actuarial valuations, which adjustments may increase Alameda's required contributions to CalPERS in future years. Accordingly, Alameda cannot provide any assurances that Alameda's required contributions to CalPERS in future years will not significantly increase (or otherwise vary) from any past or current projected levels of contributions.

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration voted to lower the pension plan's assumed rate of return for purposes of its actuarial valuations from 7.5% to 7.0% by 2020 (which reduction has been phased in over the period from fiscal year 2017-18 to 2019-20). CalPERS has estimated that with a reduction in the rate of return to 7.0%, most employers could expect a 1% to 3% increase in the percentage of payroll contribution for the normal cost for miscellaneous plans. In addition, CalPERS has estimated that employers could expect gradual increases in their unfunded accrued liability payment, reaching an approximate increase in such payment (relative to the unfunded accrued liability payments projected in the June 30, 2015 valuation report) of 30% to 40% by fiscal year 2024-25 for miscellaneous plans. As a result, required contributions of employers, including Alameda, toward unfunded accrued liabilities, and as a percentage of payroll for normal costs, are expected to increase.

The announcement on July 12, 2021 that CalPERS achieved a preliminary investment return of 21.3% for the period from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 caused the CalPERS Board of Administration to lower CalPERS' discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8% on November 15, 2021 in accordance with a risk mitigation policy that was adopted in 2015, which calls for the discount rate to be lowered if returns exceed the then-current discount rate by two or more percentage points. Lowering the discount rate generally means that employers which contract with CalPERS to administer their pension plans will see increases in their normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities. CalPERS 2021 investment performance will be calculated based on audited figures and will be reflected in contribution levels for contracting cities, counties and special districts in fiscal year 2023-24.

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, Alameda adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68 ("GASB No. 68"), affecting the reporting of pension liabilities for accounting purposes. Under GASB No. 68, Alameda is required to report the Net Pension Liability (*i.e.*, the difference between the Total Pension Liability and the Pension Plan's Net Position or market value of assets) in its financial statements.

The table below summarizes certain information relating to AMP's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of Alameda's Miscellaneous Plan as of the June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020 measurement dates (as reported in Alameda's and AMP's audited financial statements as of the succeeding fiscal year). AMP's proportion of Alameda's net pension liability was based on AMP's fund contributions for the fiscal year relative to the total contributions of the City of Alameda as a whole.

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Alameda Municipal Power
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement Date⁽¹⁾ (June 30)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability⁽²⁾	Electric Enterprise Fund Share of the Net Pension Liability⁽²⁾	Share of Net Position as a % of Share of Total Pension Liability	Share of Net Pension Liability as a % of Its Covered Payroll
2016	29.84%	\$21,006,196	72.92%	261.81%
2017	30.19	24,557,226	71.50	295.17
2018	30.26	24,012,403	72.90	284.43
2019	31.99	26,437,127	72.80	307.02
2020	32.00	27,294,740	72.64	292.95

(1) Measured using prior fiscal year annual actuarial valuation rolled forward to measurement date using standard update procedures.

(2) Reflects AMP's share of the City of Alameda's Miscellaneous Plan Net Pension Liability of \$70,405,741 as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date, \$81,333,405 as of the June 30, 2017 measurement date, \$79,349,751 as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date, \$82,616,023 as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date, and \$85,296,063 as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, respectively.

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

In the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation utilized for measuring the pension liability as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial valuation assumptions used for determining pension liabilities included (a) a 7.15% investment rate of return (net of administrative expense); (b) projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 8.5% depending on age, service and type of employment; (c) an inflation component of 2.50% per year; (d) payroll growth of 2.75%; and (e) a discount rate of 7.15%.

Retiree Health Benefits. Alameda also provides medical and dental benefits to eligible city employees, including those assigned to AMP, who retire from Alameda, through the City of Alameda Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety OPEB Plan and the City of Alameda Post-1/1/2019 Safety OPEB Plan, agent multi-employer defined benefit healthcare plans, offered through CalPERS. AMP only has miscellaneous employees participating in the City of Alameda Miscellaneous and Pre-1/1/2019 Safety OPEB Plan (the "OPEB Plan").

Alameda contracts with CalPERS to administer the OPEB Plan. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statute within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. Alameda chooses among the menu of benefit provisions and adopts certain benefit provisions of Alameda City Council resolution. Alameda is responsible for establishing and amending the funding policy of the OPEB Plan.

In order to be eligible for benefits, an employee must retire directly from Alameda under CalPERS. Alameda created an irrevocable trust with Public Agency Retirement Services to fund its retiree health benefits. For eligible miscellaneous employees, Alameda pays the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act minimum employer contribution on their behalf, which is \$143 per month for 2021. These employees receive no other post-employment benefits from Alameda. Contributions to the OPEB Plan for miscellaneous employees are generally based on pay-as-you go financing.

Effective beginning in fiscal year 2017-18, Alameda follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* ("GASB No. 75") affecting the reporting of OPEB liabilities for accounting purposes. GASB No. 75 establishes standards for employers with other postemployment liabilities for recognizing and measuring net OPEB

liabilities, along with deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to the other postemployment liability. GASB No. 75 does not establish requirements for funding.

The table below sets forth certain information regarding AMP's allocated share of Alameda's actuarially determined OPEB contributions for the fiscal years 2017-18 through 2020-21. The estimated amount for AMP's share of OPEB Plan contributions for fiscal year 2021-22 is \$65,000.

City of Alameda OPEB Plan		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Alameda Actually Determined OPEB Contribution	AMP Allocated Share of Alameda Contribution
2018	\$3,715,083	N/A ⁽¹⁾
2019	3,825,122	\$77,410
2020	3,917,329	77,410
2021	4,132,821	77,410

⁽¹⁾ Alameda established an irrevocable trust in fiscal year 2019; therefore, only three years are shown.

Source: City of Alameda.

Pursuant to GASB No. 75, for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, AMP reported a net OPEB liability for the OPEB PLAN of \$1,754,728 for its proportionate share (2.22%) of Alameda's net OPEB liability of \$78,968,514 (reflecting a total OPEB liability of \$84,202,764 and a fiduciary net position of \$5,324,250 for the OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan Net Position as a percentage of Alameda's total OPEB Plan liability was 6.22%. The net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll was 201.13%. The net OPEB liability of the OPEB Plan was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability for the plan used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. AMP's proportion of the City of Alameda's net OPEB liability was based on AMP's Fiscal Year 2019-20 contributions to Alameda's OPEB plan relative to the total contributions of the City as a whole. AMP's proportion of the City of Alameda's total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: (a) a discount rate of 3.09%; (b) payroll growth of 2.75%, plus merit increases; (c) a 2.75% inflation rate; (d) an annual health care cost trend rate of 6.50% initially, declining to 4.50% in 2025 and later years, and an annual dental care cost trend rate of 3.00%.

Additional information regarding the City of Alameda's retirement plans and other post-employment benefits can be found in Alameda's annual comprehensive financial reports, which may be obtained at <http://www.cityofalamedaca.gov>.

Insurance

AMP, as a department of the Alameda, participates in Alameda's risk management program. As a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority ("CJPRMA") and the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority ("LAWCX"), Alameda carries both liability and property coverage in excess of self-insurance at varying levels. Through CJPRMA, Alameda carries \$40 million in general liability coverage subject to a \$500,000 self-insured retention. As a member of CJPRMA, Alameda is a participant in both the vehicle physical damage and property programs. Alameda carries physical damage coverage for vehicles worth \$25,000 or more, subject to a \$10,000 deductible. With respect to the property and boiler and machinery coverage, Alameda carries "all risk" (excluding flood and earthquake) replacement cost coverage for both real and personal property, subject to a \$25,000 deductible.

Finally, Alameda carries workers' compensation coverage with statutory limits, in excess of a \$350,000 self-insured retention through LAWCX.

Litigation

There is no action, suit or proceeding known to be pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining Alameda in the execution or delivery of, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of any proceedings of Alameda taken with respect to, the Third Phase Agreement.

Present lawsuits and claims concerning AMP's electric system are incidental to the ordinary course of operations of the electric system and are largely covered by Alameda's self-insurance program. In the opinion of AMP's management and, with respect to such litigation, the Alameda City Attorney, such claims and litigation will not have a materially adverse effect upon the financial position of AMP.

[City of Alameda Settlement with Securities and Exchange Commission. As described below, Alameda has entered into a settlement order with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") pursuant to the SEC's Division of Enforcement's Municipalities Continuing Disclosure Cooperation ("MCDC") Initiative.

In connection with an Offer of Settlement by the City of Alameda dated June 27, 2016, and an Order Instituting Cease-and-Desist Proceedings Pursuant to Section 8A of the Securities Act of 1933, Making Findings, and Imposing Remedial Sanctions and a Cease-and-Desist Order of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission dated August 24, 2016 (the "SEC Order"), the City of Alameda has undertaken to:

(i) Within 180 days of the entry of the SEC Order, establish appropriate written policies and procedures and periodic training regarding continuing disclosure obligations to effect compliance with the federal securities laws, including the designation of an individual or officer at Alameda responsible for ensuring compliance by Alameda with such policies and procedures and responsible for implementing and maintaining a record (including attendance) of such training.

(ii) Within 180 days of the entry of the SEC Order, comply with existing continuing disclosure undertakings, including updating past delinquent filings if Alameda is not currently in compliance with its continuing disclosure obligations.

For good cause shown, the SEC staff may extend any of the procedural dates relating to the Alameda's undertakings. Deadlines for procedural dates are to be counted in calendar days, except that if the last day falls on a weekend or federal holiday, the next business day shall be considered the last day.

(iv) Disclose in a clear and conspicuous fashion the terms of the settlement in any final official statement for an offering by Alameda within five years of the institution of the SEC's proceedings.

(v) Certify, in writing, compliance with the undertakings set forth above. The certification shall identify the undertakings, provide written evidence of compliance in the form of a narrative, and be supported by exhibits sufficient to demonstrate compliance. The SEC staff may make a reasonable request for further evidence of compliance, and Alameda has agreed to provide such evidence. The certification and supporting material shall be submitted to certain specified SEC personnel no later than the one-year anniversary of an institution of the SEC's proceedings.

(vi) Cooperate with any subsequent investigation by the SEC regarding the false statement(s) and/or material omission(s), including the roles of individuals and/or other parties involved.]

Alameda has established procedures to ensure compliance with its continuing disclosure undertakings in the future for Alameda and for all entities that are created or controlled by Alameda; and has made remedial filings of all delinquent or missing information in its prior undertakings for issues currently outstanding. Alameda fully intends to comply with all other requirements of the SEC Order.

Significant Accounting Policies

AMP's most recent Component Unit Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were audited by Maze & Associates, Pleasant Hill, California, and the Component Unit Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were audited by Eide Bailly, CPAs and Business Advisors, Sacramento, California, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The audited financial statements contain opinions that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of AMP. The reports include certain notes to the financial statements which are not described herein. Such notes constitute an integral part of the audited financial statements. Copies of these reports are available online at <https://www.alamedamp.com/274/Financial-Reports> or upon request from the City of Alameda, Alameda Municipal Power, 2000 Grand Street, Alameda, California 94501 and from their website at www.AlamedaMP.com. It is the policy of Alameda to periodically bid, select and retain independent auditors.

Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein. Funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

AMP's operations are accounted for as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise funds are used by municipalities to account for operations which are financed and operated similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs and expenses, including depreciation, of providing goods and services to the public on a continuing basis be recovered primarily through user charges.

AMP's accounting records and financial statements are on the accrual basis and are substantially in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts for Class A and B Electric Utilities prescribed by the FERC, as required by the Alameda City Charter.

Condensed Operating Results and Selected Balance Sheet Information

The following table sets forth summaries of operating results and selected balance sheet information of AMP's electric utility for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21. The information for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021 was prepared by AMP on the basis of its audited financial statements for such years. However, the figures shown and the historical debt service coverage ratios are calculated in accordance with AMP's Electric System Installment Sale Agreement pursuant to which AMP's outstanding electric system revenue obligations were incurred, which may or may not be on the same basis as GAAP, and as such, do not match the line item designations in AMP's audited financial statements.

**CITY OF ALAMEDA
ALAMEDA MUNICIPAL POWER
CONDENSED OPERATING RESULTS AND SELECTED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION**

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Electric System Revenues					
Sales of Electricity	\$55,925,748	\$59,501,406	\$61,027,633	\$62,731,635	\$62,185,866
Other Revenues ⁽¹⁾	3,159,383	1,890,185	1,891,371	1,425,258	2,063,225
REC, LCSF & C&T Sales ⁽⁶⁾	5,071,175	3,435,082	4,159,357	2,909,457	2,296,903
Total Electric System Revenues	\$64,156,306	\$64,827,185	\$67,078,361	\$67,066,350	\$66,545,994
Operation and Maintenance Costs (by FERC categories)					
Purchased Power ⁽²⁾	\$28,201,607	\$28,618,484	\$29,586,832	\$32,246,283	\$30,296,114
Energy Efficiency, Solar and Other	1,504,629	1,172,615	1,773,249	1,271,590	1,331,638
Operations & Maintenance	4,674,307	4,814,122	5,033,334	5,055,482	5,524,880
Customer Service, Information Systems	2,170,617	2,296,001	2,617,469	3,179,247	3,177,863
Administrative & General	7,425,117	10,527,575	9,954,555	12,261,784 ⁽⁷⁾	8,158,825
Customer Relations	530,544	505,711	548,723	587,487	449,614
Jobbing Sales Expense	993,580	367,624	1,242,159	803,802	1,646,595
Balancing Account Adjustment	1,425,636	2,821,087	4,860,258	1,020,615	6,680,252
Total Operation and Maintenance Costs⁽³⁾	\$46,926,037	\$51,123,219	\$55,616,579	\$56,426,290	\$57,265,781
Net Revenues	\$17,230,269	\$13,703,966	\$11,461,782	\$10,640,060	\$9,280,213
Rate Stabilization Fund Transfers	(\$5,071,175)	(\$3,435,082)	(\$4,159,357)	(\$2,909,457)	(\$2,296,903)
Use of Reserves	1,020,393	5,652,517	2,240,289	2,075,437	3,673,585
Adjusted Annual Net Revenues	\$13,179,487	\$15,921,401	\$ 9,542,714	\$ 9,806,040	\$10,656,895
Debt Service	2,631,044	2,626,368	2,617,703	2,586,594	2,646,470
Debt Service Coverage ⁽⁴⁾	5.01	6.06	3.65	3.79	4.03
Amount Available After Debt Service	\$10,548,443	\$13,295,033	\$6,925,011	\$7,219,446	\$8,010,425
Selected Balance Sheet Information					
Total Unrestricted					
Cash & Investments ⁽⁵⁾	\$39,422	\$48,058	\$56,310	\$62,776	\$70,496
Rate Stabilization Fund Balance ⁽⁶⁾	24,633	21,431	23,399	25,179	23,804
Net Plant in Service	36,275	38,333	35,852	33,186	32,962
Construction Work in Progress	6,452	2,873	3,862	5,198	3,006
Electric Utility Plant-Net	42,727	41,206	39,714	38,384	35,968
Outstanding Electric System Debt	\$25,290	\$24,070	\$22,795	\$21,455	\$20,045

⁽¹⁾ Other Revenues includes operating and non-operating sources such as solar surcharge, interest income, lease income, account establishment, reconnection and late fees, jobbing sales and other miscellaneous items.

⁽²⁾ Includes purchased power costs and payments to NCPA and TANC. Also includes prior year budget settlements from NCPA.

⁽³⁾ Excluding Payments in lieu of taxes and depreciation.

⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted Annual Net Revenues divided by debt service.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes General Reserve balance held at NCPA. See also "Available Funds" below.

⁽⁶⁾ Includes renewable energy credit (REC) sales, low carbon fuel sales (LCSF) and auction sales for cap-and-trade (C&T) placed into reserve for Rate Stabilization Fund. See "– Energy Efficiency and Conservation; Renewable Resources" above.

⁽⁷⁾ Administrative & General expenses were higher in fiscal year 2019/20 due to wages (equity increases), increased benefits expense and higher pension and OPEB expenses.

Source: Alameda Municipal Power.

Available Funds. Of the total unrestricted cash and investments, as of June 30, 2021, the balance in cash and cash equivalents available at AMP was \$31,120,246. In addition, AMP had available in reserve accounts held by NCPA an additional \$6,541,474 as of such date.

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CITY OF LODI

Introduction

The City of Lodi (“Lodi”) is a general law city in the State of California incorporated in 1906. Lodi is located in the San Joaquin Valley of California, 35 miles south of the State capital of Sacramento, and 90 miles east of San Francisco. Lodi’s boundaries encompass approximately 14 square miles.

Lodi provides electric utility service through an electric utility department. The legal responsibilities and powers of the electric utility department, including the establishment of rates and charges, are exercised through the five-member Lodi City Council. Commencing with the November 2018 election, the City has changed to the election of councilmembers by district. Each Councilmember is elected for four years with staggered terms. The Lodi electric utility department is under the direction of the Electric Utility Director who is appointed by the City Manager.

Lodi joined NCPA at its founding in 1968. Lodi participates in several NCPA generation projects and member service programs. In addition, Lodi is an NCPA Pool Member and NCPA’s Central Dispatch Center in Roseville provides real-time dispatching and scheduling of most available resources to serve Lodi’s electric load.

The Lodi electric system serves the entire area of the City of Lodi (approximately 14 square miles) and has approximately 117 miles of overhead lines and approximately 139 miles of underground lines. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Lodi electric system served 27,485 customers, comprised of 24,139 residential customers, 3,148 commercial/industrial customers and 166 other customers. In 2006, according to Lodi SCADA system records, an all-time, historical high peak demand of 141.7 MW was reached.

Only the revenues of the Lodi electric system will be available to pay amounts owed by Lodi under the Third Phase Agreement.

The Lodi electric department’s main office is located at 1331 South Ham Lane, Lodi, California 95242, (209) 333-6762. For more information about Lodi and its electric system, contact Jeff Berkheimer, Electric Utility Director, at the above address and telephone number. A copy of the most recent annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Lodi (the “ACFR” or “Annual Report”) is available on Lodi’s website at <http://www.lodi.gov> and on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system at <http://emma.msrb.org/>. The Annual Report is incorporated herein by this reference. However, the information presented on such website or referenced therein other than the Annual Report is not part of this Official Statement and is not incorporated by reference herein.

Power Supply Resources

The following table sets forth information concerning Lodi’s power supply resources and the energy supplied by each during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Source	Capacity Available (MW)⁽¹⁾	Actual Energy (MWh)	% of Total Energy
Purchased Power ⁽²⁾ :			
Western Area Power Administration	7.1	15,174	3.3%
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	11.5	78,057	17.2
Hydroelectric Project	26.2	21,966	4.8
Combustion Turbine Project No. 1	9.5	1,589	0.3
Capital Facilities, Unit One	19.6	17,648	3.9
Lodi Energy Center	28.7	116,996	25.7
Contracts and Exchanges ⁽³⁾	59.9	203,299	44.7
Total	162.5	454,729	100.0%
Total Capacity and Energy Sold at Wholesale	N/A	4,636	
Lodi System Requirement for Retail Load ⁽⁴⁾	132.5	450,093	

(1) Information compiled from NCPA Annual Resource Adequacy Filings.

(2) Entitlements, firm allocations and contracts.

(3) Includes purchases and contracts secured through NCPA for Lodi.

(4) Information compiled from NCPA All Resources Bill. Includes supply from line losses.

Source: City of Lodi.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, Lodi's average cost of power delivered to the Lodi electric system was 9.4 cents per kWh.

Purchased Power

Western. Lodi is a party to the Contract for Electric Service Base Resource (the "Base Resource Contract") with the Western Area Power Administration ("Western"), under which Lodi takes delivery of a 0.569% share of the base resource output of the Central Valley Project ("CVP"). The CVP consists of a series of federal hydroelectric facilities located and interconnected in Northern California. The amount of energy delivered to Lodi under the Base Resource Contract is subject to hydrology variability and water storage levels within the CVP. The Base Resource Contract is structured on a take-or-pay basis; whereby Lodi is obligated to pay its share of Western's costs whether or not it receives any power. Energy under the Base Resource Contract is scheduled for delivery to Lodi by NCPA. Service under the Base Resource Contract is scheduled to expire on December 31, 2024. Pursuant to its 2025 power marketing plan, Western has made available new 30-year contracts for up to 98% of a customer's existing base resource allocation. Under the 2025 power marketing plan, Western will allow an existing customer to reduce its base resource percentage allocation with at least six month's written notice to Western prior to January 1, 2025. Lodi executed Base Resource Contract 20-SNR-02347, dated January 28, 2021, which provides Lodi with 0.55792% of Western's Base Resource effective January 1, 2025. The term of the new Base Resource Contract extends to December 31, 2054. Lodi may reduce its Base Resource percentage or terminate this Base Resource Contract for any reason through June 30, 2024.

Other Purchases. Power purchases for fiscal year 2020-21, as reflected in the Contracts and Exchanges figures listed in the table above, are associated with short-term purchases and the Astoria 2 Solar

Project. NCPA transacts and schedules daily and hourly (spot) power purchases and sales to balance and serve Lodi's native load requirements.

Joint Powers Agency Resources

NCPA. Lodi does not independently own any generation assets but, in addition to power purchased from Western and others, Lodi is a participant in various NCPA projects. Lodi has a 10.37% project participation entitlement share of the NCPA Hydroelectric Project; a 39.5% project participation entitlement share of the NCPA Capital Facilities (also referred to as the Combustion Turbine Project Number Two); a 14.56% project participation entitlement share of the Geothermal Generating Unit 2 Project and a 6.0% project participation entitlement share of the Geothermal Generating Project Number 3 (which are jointly operated as a single project, the NCPA Geothermal Project); a 13.39% project participation entitlement share in the NCPA Combustion Turbine Project Number One (exclusive of the portion acquired by the City of Roseville); and a 9.5% generation entitlement share in NCPA's Lodi Energy Center Project. Lodi additionally participates in the NCPA Geysers Transmission Project, in which it has a 20.61% entitlement share, pursuant to which NCPA, on behalf of Lodi, delivers output from the geothermal generating assets pursuant to the agreement of co-tenancy in the Castle Rock Junction-Lakeville 230-kV Transmission Line. For a description of such resources, see "THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT" and "OTHER NCPA PROJECTS" in the front part of this Official Statement. For each of these NCPA projects in which Lodi participates, Lodi is obligated pursuant to contract, to pay, on an unconditional take-or-pay basis, as an operation and maintenance cost of its electric system, its entitlement share of the debt service on NCPA bonds issued for the projects, as well as its share of all operation and maintenance expenses of the projects. See also "– Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations" below.

TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project. Lodi is a member of the Transmission Agency of Northern California ("TANC") and has executed an agreement (the "TANC Agreement") to acquire a participation percentage share of TANC's entitlement of the California-Oregon Transmission Project ("COTP") transfer capability. Lodi participated in the acquisition of an increased share of transfer capability of the COTP in connection with the acquisition by TANC in April 2008 of the COTP transmission assets of the City of Vernon, California ("Vernon"), one of the original owners of the COTP, which acquisition was financed by TANC through the issuance of additional TANC debt (the "Vernon acquisition debt"). Lodi has a participation share of 26.7 MW of TANC's entitlement to transfer capability of the COTP and is responsible for 1.92% of TANC's COTP operating and maintenance expenses and 1.89% of TANC's COTP debt service (non-Vernon) and 2.62% of the Vernon acquisition debt. See "CITY OF ALAMEDA – Transmission Resources – TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project" for a further description of the COTP and the TANC Agreement.

On April 2, 2014, the Lodi City Council approved a 25-year layoff of Lodi's 26.7 MW share of COTP transfer capability, effective July 1, 2014, whereby Lodi and all of the TANC Members who are in the balancing authority area of the CAISO laid off their interests to certain other COTP participants (*i.e.*, Modesto Irrigation District ("MID"), Turlock Irrigation District ("TID") and Sacramento Municipal Utility District ("SMUD")) (subject to certain rights of Lodi and the other layoff entities to recall, and certain rights of MID, TID, and/or SMUD to return, up to 50% of their respective shares of the entitlement amount laid off). In exchange for their respective increased right to use of COTP transfer capability, MID, TID and SMUD will pay Lodi's (and the other layoff entities') current allocated share of COTP costs. This layoff arrangement does not change Lodi's membership status in TANC and does not relieve Lodi of its obligations under the TANC Agreement in the event of any default in payment by an acquiring party. See also "– Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations" below.

TANC Tesla–Midway Transmission Service. TANC and certain TANC Members have arranged for Pacific Gas & Electric Company ("PG&E") to provide TANC and its members with 300 MW of firm bi-directional transmission capacity on its transmission system between its Midway Substation near

Buttonwillow, California, and its Tesla Substation near Tracy, California, near the southern physical terminus of the COTP (the “Tesla–Midway Transmission Service”) under an agreement known as the South of Tesla Principles. Lodi’s share of this Tesla–Midway Transmission Service is 6.21 MW. Lodi has utilized its full allocation of Tesla–Midway Transmission Service for firm and non-firm power transactions in the past. See “CITY OF SANTA CLARA – Transmission Resources – *TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project*” for a further description of the COTP and the TANC Agreement.

Renewable Resources

General; RPS Compliance. Lodi expects to procure, either on its own or through NCPA, a renewable power resource portfolio that satisfies applicable State requirements, the main provisions of which are currently contained in the California Renewable Energy Resources Act (“SBX1-2”) enacted in 2011, the Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015 (“SB 350”) and the 100 Percent Clean Energy Act of 2018 (“SB 100”). See “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Lodi’s power mix in calendar years 2020 and 2019 consisted of 27.4% and 30.5% of eligible renewable resources, respectively. Pursuant to SBX1-2, during Compliance Period 1 (January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2013), an average of 20% of the electric system’s retail sales were required to be procured from eligible renewable energy resources. Lodi exceeded the RPS target under SBX1-2 for Compliance Period 1, with an average of approximately 21.7% of Lodi’s energy portfolio supplied from renewable resources over such period. During Compliance Period 2 (January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2016) under SBX1-2, the electric system was required to procure electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources representing a total equal to 20% of 2014 retail sales, 20% of 2015 retail sales and 25% of 2016 retail sales. Lodi exceeded the RPS target for Compliance Period 2, with approximately 21.1% of the City’s energy portfolio supplied from renewable resources in calendar year 2014, approximately 21% of Lodi’s energy portfolio supplied from eligible renewable resources in calendar 2015, and approximately 24% of Lodi’s energy portfolio supplied from eligible renewable resources in calendar year 2016. During Compliance Period 3 (January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2020) under SBX1-2, the electric system was required to procure electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources representing a total equal to 27% of 2017 retail sales, 29% of 2018 retail sales, 31% of 2019 retail sales, and 33% of 2020 retail sales. Lodi also exceeded the RPS target for Compliance Period 3, with approximately 31.1% of the City’s energy portfolio supplied from eligible renewable resources in calendar year 2017, approximately 34.6% in 2018, approximately 30.5% in 2019 and approximately 27.4% of Lodi’s energy portfolio supplied from eligible renewable resources in calendar year 2020. With its existing power resources, including participation in recently operational renewable energy projects (described below), and historic carryover, Lodi anticipates meeting its Renewable Portfolio Standard (“RPS”) requirements through 2024.

In addition to geothermal and small hydroelectric resources through NCPA, Lodi’s current renewable power resources include additional solar and hydroelectric resources, which are described below.

Astoria 2 Solar. The Astoria 2 Solar Project, which reached commercial operation on December 9, 2016, is a 75 MW photovoltaic plant developed by Recurrent Energy, located in the southeastern portion of Kern County. Lodi entered into a power purchase agreement with Recurrent Energy for a 13.3333%, or 10 MW, share of the output of the Astoria 2 Solar Project, which is enough energy to meet approximately 7% of Lodi’s retail load. The contract term for the Astoria 2 Solar Project is 20 years. Energy from this project qualifies as Portfolio Content Category 1 energy under RPS. Combined with existing generation resources and historic carryover, this project will enable Lodi to meet its RPS obligations through 2024.

The cost of power from the Astoria 2 Solar Project is fixed at \$63/MWh for the 20-year life of the project. The price is only paid for energy actually delivered. Lodi does not have any ownership interest in the project and will not incur any capital expenditures related to the project.

Antelope Expansion Solar. The Antelope Expansion Phase 1 Solar Facility (“Antelope Expansion Project”), is a 51 MW photovoltaic plant being developed by Antelope Expansion 1B, LLC, located in the City of Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California. The Antelope Expansion Project is expected to reach commercial operation by April 2022. NCPA, on behalf of Lodi and other NCPA members, entered into a power purchase agreement with Antelope Expansion 1B, LLC for a 33.78%, or 17 MW, share of the output of the Antelope Expansion Project. Lodi has a 58.82%, or 10 MW, project participation percentage share of the Antelope Expansion Project. The contract term for the Antelope Expansion Project is 20 years. Energy from this project will qualify as Portfolio Content Category 1 energy for RPS compliance purposes. The output produced from the project will contribute to Lodi’s compliance with RPS obligations in the current and future compliance periods.

The cost of power from the Antelope Expansion Project is fixed at \$39.00/MWh for the 20-year life of the project. The price is only paid for energy actually delivered. Lodi does not currently have any ownership interest in the project, and as such will not incur any capital expenditures related to the project.

South Feather River Hydroelectric. The South Feather Power Project (the “SFPP”) is a 121.5 MW hydroelectric project, consisting of four powerhouses located in Butte and Yuba counties, and is owned and operated by South Feather Water and Power Agency (“SFWPA”). On December 6, 2021, NCPA, on behalf of Lodi and other NCPA members, entered into a power purchase agreement with SFWPA to purchase all project output produced by the SFPP. Lodi has an 8.23%, or 10 MW, project participation percentage share of the project. The contract term consists of an initial 10 year term, with an option to extend the contract for a full 20 year term. Energy generated from powerhouses with a capacity less than 30 MW will qualify as Portfolio Content Category 1 energy for RPS compliance purposes. Approximately 20% of the output produced from the project will contribute to Lodi’s compliance with RPS obligations beyond the 2022 compliance period. Combined with existing generation resources and historic carryover, this project will enable Lodi to meet its RPS obligations through mid-2025.

The cost of power from the SFWPA Project is fixed at \$35.00/MWh for the energy Base Output of 191,192 MWh annually. During each full contract year, the cost of the energy Variable Output that exceeds the energy Base Output is fixed at \$33.98/MWh. The Resource Adequacy (“RA”) capacity is paid based on its qualified monthly Net Qualifying Capacity (NQC), and the monthly RA capacity value is paid at a fixed rate of \$6.25 per kW-month. Lodi does not currently have any ownership interest in the project, and as such will not incur any capital expenditures related to the project.

Future Power Supply Resources

Based upon its current forecasted sales growth, resource mix and market prices, Lodi expects its annual balance-of-month, day-ahead, and hour-ahead purchases will on average be less than 25% of total energy requirements over the next two years. Lodi’s interest in multiple NCPA generation projects provides substantial capacity toward covering Lodi’s net short position in the event that market prices rise above the respective unit’s cost of production. Lodi has developed medium-term hedging strategies to reduce volatility associated with market purchases and the seasonal nature of its loads and resources. In addition, due to the long lead time in acquiring certain resources, including renewable resources, Lodi, through NCPA, is pursuing, and will continue to consider, additional projects that may be included in its future resource mix in coordination with NCPA and other NCPA members.

Energy Efficiency and Conservation

Since 1998, Lodi has implemented a public benefits program as required by State law, a component of which is demand-side management (commonly referred to as energy efficiency and conservation). Under this program, Lodi offers customers the opportunity to invest in energy efficiency products through rebates and information to help make the best choices for home and business. For the home, instant savings can be achieved for heating and cooling appliances, induction cooktops and ranges, web-enabled thermostats, energy efficient windows, weatherization and more. For business and industrial settings, Lodi provides an array of common rebates for LED lighting, refrigeration, HVAC, heat pumps, and commercial food service equipment. Customized energy efficiency solutions which begin with site visits and a detailed analysis of how electric power is used by business and how it can be managed is also available. Customized solutions can be identified throughout many business sectors ranging from food processing to healthcare, and from manufacturing to warehousing.

Lodi also continues to provide energy education for residential and non-residential customers, including on-site energy audits, and hosts a number of programs to promote energy education and customer outreach. As part of its education and customer outreach efforts, Lodi provides a school-based energy efficiency education program, offers free energy efficiency measures through its direct install program and occasionally sponsors STEM focused events. Lodi provides low-income and disadvantaged persons and families with emergency energy assistance credits on utility bills with limitations, and utility bill discounts which are based on an income-eligibility process.

Lodi utility customers continue to be positively impacted by one or more of Lodi's public benefits programs, either in the form of a direct utility rebate or via one of its outreach and educational programs.

Interconnections, Transmission and Distribution Facilities

Lodi's electric system is interconnected with the system of PG&E via three 60 kV lines. Lodi owns facilities for the distribution of electric power within the city limits of Lodi, which includes approximately 14 miles of 60 kV power lines, approximately 256 miles of 12 kV distribution lines (approximately 54% of which are underground) and four substations. During calendar year 2021, Lodi's system index of average duration of interruption (SAIDI) was 20.5 minutes per customer.

Wildfire Risks

Lodi does not own or operate any transmission assets, and the service area of the Lodi electric system is not located in a designated wildfire area. In connection with the operation of its facilities and equipment, Lodi currently has in place a number of safety and emergency response measures. Lodi conducts a visual inspection of its distribution system each year. Lodi also performs ongoing vegetation management activities, including both preventive measures to control vegetation growth and actions to address reports of potentially hazardous conditions. Through its SCADA operations and control system, Lodi has the ability to remotely operate equipment on its system as needed. Lodi maintains an Electric Emergency Plan to establish response protocols in the event of an emergency, including fire. The Electric Emergency Plan is reviewed and updated annually. On November 20, 2019, the Lodi City Council approved Lodi's Wildfire Mitigation Plan. Pursuant to the requirements of California Senate Bill 901 and Assembly Bill 1054, Lodi has also completed its third party independent evaluation. The Lodi City Council most recently approved Lodi's annual update to its Wildfire Mitigation Plan on December 1, 2021.

See also "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks*" in the front part of this Official Statement.

COVID-19

The spread of the novel strain of coronavirus (and variants thereof) and the disease it causes (now known as “COVID-19”) has had significant negative impacts throughout the world, including in California. In 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic, and states of emergency have been declared by the United States, the State and numerous counties throughout the State. The purpose behind these declarations was to coordinate and formalize emergency actions across federal, state and local governmental agencies, and to proactively prepare for a wider spread of the virus.

On March 19, 2020, in an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 ordering individuals living in the State to stay home or at their place of residence except for specified exceptions, including exceptions for certain sectors of the workforce that were classified as providing essential services and products, which allowed businesses and workers in such sectors to continue to operate on-site operations while Executive Order N-33-20 was effective. On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued two executive orders, which became effective on June 15, 2021, which had the effect of rescinding a majority of the COVID-19-related restrictions and providing a timeline for gradually lifting certain of the other restrictions that were not fully rescinded on June 15, 2021.

During the pandemic, Lodi has experienced a decline in electricity demand by the commercial sector while electricity usage by the residential sector increased, as might be expected with many retail establishments being closed and people staying home. Lodi also experienced an increase in demand on the industrial side with one of its largest customers continuing to expand and build upon its manufacturing of medical testing protocols. See “Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand.”

Historically, Lodi’s annual write-offs for uncollectible accounts have been less than 1% of gross billings of the Electric System. Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, write-offs for uncollectible accounts has increased to approximately 3% of gross billings for Fiscal Year 2020-21. To help mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19 and the related governmental regulations on its customers, Lodi implemented a payment deferral program for all customers of Lodi utilities, which included the suspension of the disconnection of services by City utilities for non-payment of utility bills for a period beginning in March 2020 and extending through May 2022. Customers were not charged late fees and were not shut off for non-payment during this period. Additionally, each customer received a locally funded utility bill credit in May 2020, the amount of which varied based on customer class.

Lodi was allocated approximately \$1 million under the California Department of Community Services and Development California Arrearage Payment Program (“CAPP”), to aid the accounts that have fallen behind during the period of May 4, 2020 through June 15, 2021, which in turn is expected by Lodi to lower the uncollectible revenue amount. In addition, \$1.5 million in funds was allocated from the American Rescue Plan Act which were used if a customer demonstrated that they earned less in 2020 than 2019. CAPP funds will pay the entirety of electric charges for active residential accounts, and will provide recovery of approximately 60% of outstanding electric charges for closed accounts.

With widespread vaccination currently underway in the United States and many countries worldwide, governmental-imposed stay-at-home orders and restrictions on operations of schools and businesses implemented to respond to and control the outbreak have been eased or eliminated. However, restrictions may be re-imposed in various jurisdictions from time to time as local conditions warrant. Lodi cannot predict whether any reinstatement or expansion of stay-at-home orders and travel or other restrictions will occur or when a full resumption of all economic activity will be achieved. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of Lodi or the Electric System is unknown and there can be no assurances that COVID-19 will not materially adversely impact the financial condition of Lodi or the Electric System in the future. There are many variables that will continue to contribute to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery therefrom, including the length of time

social distancing measures are in place, the effectiveness of State and federal government relief programs and the timing for containment and treatment, new coronavirus strains, vaccinations efforts and vaccine hesitancy. Lodi cannot predict the extent or duration of such impacts.

Rates and Charges

Lodi has the exclusive jurisdiction to set electric rates within its service area. These rates are not subject to review by any State or federal agency.

Lodi's fiscal year 2020-21 average rate per kWh for residential service was 19.2 cents. Lodi's fiscal year 2020-21 average rate for commercial and industrial service was 15.4 cents per kWh. Lodi's fiscal year 2021-22 average rate per kWh for residential service is projected to be 19.6 cents. Lodi's fiscal year 2021-22 average rate for commercial and industrial service is projected to be 16.3 cents per kWh.

The following table presents a recent history of Lodi's rate increases since 2013. The last base rate increase took effect July 1, 2017.

CITY OF LODI ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT RATE CHANGES

<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
January 2022	Update to Economic Development rates
December 2021	NEW LED Dusk to Dawn rate tariff
December 2018	Update to Economic Development rates
July 2018	Revision of Power Factor charge for non-residential customers
December 2017	Elimination of Solar Surcharge
September 2017	NEW Energy Purchase rate tariff (NEM 2.0)
July 2017	Average 2% increase across all rate classes Electric Vehicle rate restructure replacing minimum charge with customer charge and aligning energy charges with residential rates; City rate restructure replacing minimum charge with customer charge
November 2016	Residential rate restructure replacing minimum charge with customer charge and reduction to 3 energy tiers; Mobile home park rate restructure replacing minimum charge with customer charge, reducing pad discount and reduction to 3 energy tiers
September 2015	Extended Economic Development rates
January 2015	Average 5% increase across all rate classes
July 2013	Established Electric Vehicle and Industrial Equipment Charging Rates

Source: City of Lodi.

The Lodi City Council reviews electric system rates periodically and makes adjustments as necessary. All customers pay rates in accordance with the standard rate tariffs published in the Lodi Municipal Code.

Lodi implemented an Energy Cost Adjustment ("ECA") in August 2007. The purpose of the ECA is to recover market power costs due to the fluctuations in power market conditions and energy sales. The ECA is reviewed monthly and is either increased or decreased as market conditions and energy sales change. The historic, average ECA is listed below.

CITY OF LODI
AVERAGE ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT
For Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21

Fiscal Year	ECA (\$/kWh)
2016-17	0.0056
2017-18	0.0123
2018-19	0.0103
2019-20	0.0190
2020-21	0.0143

Largest Customers

The ten largest customers of Lodi's electric system in terms of kWh sales, as of June 30, 2021, accounted for 25% of total kWh sales and 19% of revenues. While the City of Lodi as a customer is the largest customer of the electric utility in terms of total kWh sales (4.5%) and total revenues (3.1%), the second largest customer accounted for 3.8% of total kWh sales and 2.6% of total revenues.

Customers, Sales, Revenues and Demand

The number of customers, kWh sales, revenues derived from sales by classification of service and peak demand during the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21, are listed below.

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CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
CUSTOMERS, SALES, REVENUES AND DEMAND⁽¹⁾

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of Customers:					
Residential	22,870	23,145	23,480	23,673	24,139
Commercial	3,071	3,075	3,104	3,139	3,148
Industrial	41	41	41	32	32
Other	170	169	173	163	166
Total	26,152	26,430	26,798	27,007	27,485
Kilowatt Hour (kWh)					
Sales:					
Residential	146,192,111	155,539,509	147,116,802	157,421,444	169,807,599
Commercial	149,882,241	144,244,913	148,133,314	145,157,686	143,702,611
Industrial	118,900,040	115,066,917	104,931,881	103,855,769	114,249,333
Other	10,436,182	10,306,535	10,384,817	10,568,612	11,324,178
Total	425,410,574	425,157,874	410,566,814	417,003,511	439,083,721
Revenues from Sale of Energy ⁽²⁾					
Residential	\$26,021,916	\$27,967,919	\$27,702,390	\$30,390,732	\$32,664,848
Commercial	24,432,075	25,105,915	25,081,515	26,070,270	25,308,745
Industrial	13,852,860	14,877,597	13,908,500	14,356,871	14,810,368
Other	1,540,730	1,295,279	1,268,949	1,363,743	1,413,273
Total	\$65,847,581	\$69,246,709	\$67,961,354	\$72,181,616	\$74,197,234
Peak Demand (MW)	128.7	130.9	117.9	125.9	132.5

⁽¹⁾ Columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

⁽²⁾ Excludes revenues from California Energy Commission Tax.

Sources: City of Lodi Customer Information System reports.

Service Area

Population. Lodi is located in the San Joaquin Valley, adjacent to State Highway 99, between the City of Stockton, 10 miles to the south, and the City of Sacramento, 35 miles to the north. The service area of Lodi's electric system is coterminous with the city boundaries. The local economy is diverse among residential, agricultural, commercial and industrial sectors.

The following chart indicates the growth in the population of the City of Lodi, the County of San Joaquin and the State of California since 1970.

**CITY OF LODI, COUNTY OF SAN JOAQUIN,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA POPULATION ESTIMATES
(1970–2010 as of April 1; 2011–2021 as of January 1)**

Year	City of Lodi	County of San Joaquin	State of California
1970	28,691	291,073	19,971,069
1980	35,221	347,342	23,667,764
1990	51,874	480,628	29,760,021
2000	56,999	563,598	33,871,653
2010	62,134	685,306	37,253,956
2011	62,591	692,211	37,561,624
2012	63,068	699,127	37,924,661
2013	63,459	704,615	38,269,864
2014	63,623	711,119	38,556,731
2015	64,376	722,580	38,865,532
2016	64,952	733,728	39,103,587
2017	65,606	744,843	39,352,398
2018	66,389	752,985	39,519,535
2019	67,430	764,373	39,605,361
2020	68,011	773,505	39,648,938
2021	68,751	783,534	39,466,855

Source: 1970-2010, as of April 1, based on historical U.S. Census population data compiled by the California State Department of Finance. 2011-2021, as of January 1, State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, with 2010 Census Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2021.

Employment. Lodi is a worldwide agricultural shipping center for the San Joaquin Valley. The surrounding prime agricultural land is a major producer of wine grapes.

The City's employment base is diverse with industry that includes agribusiness, biotechnology, distribution, food and beverage product manufacturing, general service, government, health care, heavy manufacturing, and wine-based tourism and lodging.

The largest employers in Lodi as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

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CITY OF LODI LARGEST EMPLOYERS⁽¹⁾

Employer	Number of Employees
Lodi Unified School District	1,389
Pacific Coast Producers	1,298
Adventist Health Lodi Memorial ⁽²⁾	1,204
Blue Shield of California	1,042
Walmart Supercenter	439
City of Lodi	415
Rich Products fka Cottage Bakery	276
Costco Wholesale	265
Frank C Alegre Trucking Inc.	210
Farmers & Merchant Bank	191

- ⁽¹⁾ The City employs Muni Services to survey employment data from local businesses on a voluntary basis. The City is aware that not all businesses responded to this survey. According to confirmation received from Cepheid in January 2022, the City is aware that Cepheid currently has approximately 750 employees at its Lodi locations with nearly 1,000 projected by the end of 2022.
- ⁽²⁾ Count includes full-time, part-time, temporary and seasonal employees.

Source: MuniServices, LLC / *an Avenu Insights & Analytics Company*
Results based on direct correspondence with city and local businesses.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding employment in the City of Lodi, the County of San Joaquin and the State from 2016 through 2020.

CITY OF LODI UNEMPLOYMENT RATES 2016 TO 2020⁽¹⁾

Year	City of Lodi	County of San Joaquin	State of California
2016	8.0%	8.1%	5.5%
2017	6.7	7.0	4.8
2018	5.9	6.1	4.3
2019	5.7	5.9	4.2
2020	8.0	8.1	10.1

- ⁽¹⁾ Unemployment rates not seasonally adjusted, average annual rates.

Source: State of California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places, Annual Averages – Revised.

Assessed Valuation. A five-year history of assessed valuations in Lodi is as follows:

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CITY OF LODI
ASSESSED VALUATIONS
For Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Land	Improvements	Personal Property	Total	Less Exemptions	Net Assessed Value
2016-17	\$1,711,208	\$3,854,604	\$294,457	\$5,860,269	\$334,485	\$5,525,784
2017-18	1,812,408	4,042,264	317,727	6,172,399	339,542	5,832,857
2018-19	1,873,216	4,286,480	275,440	6,435,136	345,178	6,089,958
2019-20	1,971,712	4,614,260	229,720	6,815,692	338,170	6,477,522
2020-21	2,077,223	4,894,256	224,670	7,196,149	353,561	6,842,588

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office.

Forecast of Capital Expenditures

Lodi's five-year capital projection for electric facilities contemplates potential capital expenditures for substation upgrades, streetlight improvements, ongoing overhead and underground maintenance, and related system reliability projects. As reflected in the five-year capital improvement program forecast prepared in connection with the City of Lodi fiscal year 2021-22 budget, which was approved by the City Council on June 2, 2021 and is adjusted from time to time based on priorities and spending, capital expenditures for the electric utility system over the next five years (not including the project described in the next paragraph) are estimated to cost approximately \$21 million. Lodi anticipates funding such capital costs from rate revenues and special development fees.

In addition to such capital expenditures as described above, approved in March 2018 by the CAISO, the Northern San Joaquin 230 kV Transmission Project will help address the area's reliability and capacity needs. The project includes connecting PG&E's existing Brighton-Bellota 230 kV Transmission Line into PG&E's Lockeford Substation and building a new 230 kV double circuit transmission line from PG&E's Lockeford Substation to a new PG&E 230 kV switching station in Lodi. Lodi's 230/60kV Substation Project consists of two 230/60kV transformers along with site improvements, facilities and equipment required for the interconnection to PG&E's new 230 kV switching station and to Lodi's existing 60/12kV Industrial Substation. PG&E has indicated that the expected commercial operation date of the Northern San Joaquin 230 kV Transmission Project is in the fourth quarter of 2027. The cost to Lodi is currently estimated to be approximately \$30 million, which Lodi expects to be funded by electric system revenue debt financing. The project is anticipated to realize a cost savings of approximately \$6 million annually by eliminating the low voltage transmission access charge.

Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations

As of January 31, 2022, Lodi had outstanding \$35.3 million principal amount of obligations payable from net revenues of Lodi's electric utility system. These obligations are subordinate to the payments required to be made with respect to the Lodi's obligations to NCPA and TANC described below. In addition, Lodi has an outstanding loan with F&M Bank in the amount of \$229,405 associated with an LED Streetlight Improvement Project. The annual loan payments are paid from Greenhouse Gas Free Allowance proceeds. Lodi has no variable rate or auction rate direct debt.

As previously discussed, Lodi participates in certain joint powers agencies, including NCPA and TANC, which have issued indebtedness to finance the costs of certain projects on behalf of the respective project participants. Obligations of Lodi under its agreements with respect to TANC and NCPA constitute operating expenses of Lodi. Such agreements are on a "take-or-pay" basis, which requires payments to be

made whether or not projects are completed or operable, or whether output from such projects is suspended, interrupted or terminated. Certain of these agreements contain “step up” provisions obligating Lodi to pay a share of the obligations of a defaulting participant. Lodi’s participation and share of debt service obligation (without giving effect to any “step up” provisions) for each of such joint powers agency projects in which it participates are shown in the following table.

CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
OUTSTANDING DEBT OF JOINT POWERS AGENCIES
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)
(As of January 31, 2022)

	Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾	Lodi’s Participation⁽²⁾	Lodi’s Share of Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾
NCPA			
Geothermal Project Three	\$ 10.8	10.28%	\$ 1.1
Hydroelectric Project	223.3	10.37 ⁽³⁾	23.8 ⁽³⁾
Capital Facilities Project	13.8	39.50	5.5
Lodi Energy Center, Issue One	206.9	17.03	35.2
TANC			
South of Tesla	2.5	2.07 ⁽⁴⁾	0.1 ⁽⁴⁾
TOTAL	\$457.3		\$65.7

⁽¹⁾ Source: NCPA. Outstanding debt does not include unamortized premium/discount.

⁽²⁾ Participation obligation is subject to increase upon default of another participant. Such increase shall not exceed, without the written consent of a non-defaulting participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of such non-defaulting participant’s original participation.

⁽³⁾ Lodi’s actual payments represent approximately 10.64% of outstanding debt service as a result of credit to non-participating members with respect to portion of debt obligation.

⁽⁴⁾ Obligation shown represents portion of TANC COTP debt allocated to Tesla-Midway Transmission Service. Excludes Lodi’s 1.92% participation share of TANC COTP entitlement which has been assigned to other TANC members. Lodi remains contractually obligated for its share to the extent not paid by the assignees. See “– Joint Powers Agency Resources – *TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project.*”

Lodi estimates its payment obligations for debt service on its joint powers agency debt obligations aggregated approximately \$8.8 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and will aggregate approximately \$8.9 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. It should be noted that these amounts do not include any COTP amount as Lodi’s share of the debt was laid off effective July 1, 2014. A portion of the joint powers agency debt obligations are variable rate debt, liquidity support for which is provided through liquidity arrangements with banks. Unreimbursed draws under liquidity arrangements supporting joint powers agency variable rate debt obligations bear interest at a maximum rate substantially in excess of the current interest rates on such obligations. Moreover, in certain circumstances, the failure to reimburse draws on the liquidity agreements may result in the acceleration of scheduled payment of the principal of such variable rate joint powers agency obligations. To the extent a joint powers agency has entered into interest rate swap agreements for the purposes of substantially fixing the interest cost with respect to variable rate joint powers agency obligations, there is no guarantee that the floating rate payable to such joint powers agency pursuant to such interest rate swap agreements will match the variable interest rate on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which the respective interest rate swap agreement relates at all times or at any time. Under certain circumstances, the swap provider may be obligated to make payments to the joint powers agency under their respective interest rate swap agreement that is less than the interest due on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which such interest rate swap agreement relates. In such event, such insufficiency will be payable from the

obligated joint powers agency members (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Lodi). In addition, under certain circumstances, each of the swap agreements is subject to early termination, in which event the joint powers agency could be obligated to make a termination payment to the applicable swap provider (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Lodi). The only currently outstanding interest rate swap agreement related to Lodi's variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations is the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap which is expected to be terminated in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds. See "PLAN OF REFUNDING" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Employees

Labor Relations. As of June 30, 2021, 51 full-time City of Lodi positions were authorized specifically to the electric utility department. Contract/temporary employees are hired as necessary. Substantially all of the non-management Lodi personnel assigned to the electric utility department are represented by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Union 1245 ("IBEW"). The City's current contract with IBEW expires on December 31, 2024.

Pension Plans. Retirement benefits to City of Lodi employees, including those assigned to the electric utility department, are provided through the City of Lodi's participation in the California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS"), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Lodi's defined benefit pension plans, the Miscellaneous Plan and the Safety Plan of the Lodi, provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries for all Lodi employees. Benefit provisions under the plans are established by State statute and local government resolution. No employees assigned to electric utility department participate in the Safety Plan.

Active Miscellaneous Plan members hired prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.00% of their annual covered salary and those hired on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Lodi's employer contribution rate is determined annually by the actuary effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contribution amounts are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Lodi is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. In early 2019, the City finalized a contract amendment with CalPERS for all bargaining units except IBEW. For Miscellaneous Plan members, all non-IBEW employees are contributing between 1% and 3% of salary towards the City's employer cost. As part of the subsequently approved contract between IBEW and the City, IBEW contributes 2% of salary towards the City's employer cost as part of the cost sharing agreement already in place. The 2% contribution has been implemented on a tier basis with 1% cost sharing starting July 2020 and 1% in January 2021. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rates are established, and may be amended, by CalPERS.

California Assembly Bill 340, the Public Employee's Pension Reform Act ("PEPRA"), implemented new benefit formulas and final compensation periods, as well as new contribution requirements for new employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who meet the definition of a new member under PEPRA. As of January 31, 2022, there are 26 PEPRA members in the electric utility and 22

classic members. As more PEPRAs members are hired in the future, the annual normal cost of the pension plan should be reduced. Because the unfunded accrued liability of the plan is tied to current shortfalls in the pension system it is not directly impacted by the hiring of PEPRAs members.

The table below sets forth Lodi's electric utility department's allocated share of Lodi's required contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the past five fiscal years. The amount budgeted for the electric utility department's allocated share of Lodi's estimated required contributions to such plan for Fiscal Year 2021-22 is \$1,236,560.

City of Lodi Miscellaneous Plan			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Electric Utility Department Allocated Share	Total City Required Contribution Amount	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 958,028	\$3,880,495	21.80%
2018	1,097,633	4,208,873	23.42
2019 ⁽¹⁾	1,281,978	4,907,206	25.83
2020 ⁽¹⁾	1,512,010	4,879,985	26.73
2021 ⁽¹⁾	1,249,190	5,323,688	27.51

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal years 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21, Lodi made additional discretionary payment contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan exceeding its actuarially determined required contributions. Total contributions for the Miscellaneous Plan made by Lodi for such fiscal years were as follows: For fiscal year 2018-19, \$5,002,406 (representing 25.83% of covered payroll), for fiscal year 2019-20, \$5,496,434 (representing 30.10% of covered payroll); and for fiscal year 2020-21 \$9,611,114 (representing 49.66% of covered payroll).

Source: City of Lodi.

Lodi's required contributions to CalPERS fluctuate each year and, as noted, include a normal cost component and a component equal to an amortized amount of the unfunded liability. Many assumptions are used to estimate the ultimate liability of pensions and the contributions that will be required to meet those obligations. The CalPERS Board of Administration has adjusted and may in the future further adjust certain assumptions used in the CalPERS actuarial valuations, which adjustments may increase Lodi's required contributions to CalPERS in future years. Accordingly, Lodi cannot provide any assurances that Lodi's required contributions to CalPERS in future years will not significantly increase (or otherwise vary) from any past or current projected levels of contributions. The assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liabilities may be found in Lodi's most recent audited financial statements which are available on Lodi's website at <http://www.lodi.gov>.

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration voted to lower the pension plan's assumed rate of return for purposes of its actuarial valuations from 7.5% to 7.0% by 2020 (which reduction has been phased in over the period from fiscal year 2017-18 to 2019-20). The impact of each reduction in the rate of return will be phased in over five years, with the full impact realized in the 2024-25 fiscal year. CalPERS has estimated that with a reduction in the rate of return to 7.0%, most employers could expect a 1% to 3% increase in the percentage of payroll contribution for the normal cost for miscellaneous plans. In addition, CalPERS has estimated that employers could expect gradual increases in their unfunded accrued liability payment, reaching an approximate increase in such payment (relative to the unfunded accrued liability payments projected in the June 30, 2015 valuation report) of 30% to 40% by fiscal year 2024-25 for miscellaneous plans. As a result, required contributions of employers, including Lodi, toward unfunded accrued liabilities, and as a percentage of payroll for normal costs, are expected to increase.

The announcement on July 12, 2021 that CalPERS achieved a preliminary investment return of 21.3% for the period from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 caused the CalPERS Board of Administration to lower CalPERS' discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8% on November 15, 2021 in accordance with a risk

mitigation policy that was adopted in 2015, which calls for the discount rate to be lowered if returns exceed the then-current discount rate by two or more percentage points. Lowering the discount rate generally means that employers which contract with CalPERS to administer their pension plans will see increases in their normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities.

The City of Lodi anticipates total pension costs approximately doubling by fiscal year 2024-25 as compared to fiscal year 2017-18. To address the issue, the City has adopted a Pension Stabilization Policy (“PSP”) and created a Pension Stabilization Fund (“PSF”). As of December 31, 2021, \$21,245,657.13 was set aside in the PSF, an Internal Revenue Service Section 115(c) trust fund established for the purposes of paying future pension liabilities. The PSP requires 100% of General Fund reserves in excess of the 16% General Fund reserve target be deposited into the PSF, and all other funds invest a proportional share based on the budgeted pension obligations in that fiscal year. The PSP remains in effect until the funded status of the Lodi’s two pension plans for Miscellaneous and Safety employees are at a combined 80% funded status when considering the Market Value of Assets at CalPERS and in the PSF. As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial report (the most recent available report), the funded status for the Miscellaneous Plan was 68.2%, the funded status for the Safety plan was 58.3% and the funded status for the combined plans was 63.2%. As of December 31, 2021, the combined funded status when considering the PSF assets increases to 68.1%. Based on fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 combined normal cost and UAL pension payments, the electric utility is responsible for approximately 11.2% of the total pension liability for the Lodi.

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, Lodi adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) Statement No. 68 (“GASB No. 68”), affecting the reporting of pension liabilities for accounting purposes. Under GASB 68, Lodi is required to report the Net Pension Liability (*i.e.*, the difference between the Total Pension Liability and the Pension Plan’s Net Position or market value of assets) in its financial statements.

The table below summarizes certain information relating to the Net Pension Liability of the Miscellaneous Plan as of June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020 (as reported in Lodi’s audited financial statements as of the succeeding fiscal year). The electric utility department’s allocable share of Lodi’s net pension liability was not separately determined.

City of Lodi Miscellaneous Plan			
Measurement Date ⁽¹⁾ (June 30)	Net Pension Liability	Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2016	\$50,988,449	70.65%	292.64%
2017	58,225,070	69.44	324.01
2018	58,379,934	70.37	307.33
2019	60,469,988	70.36	331.20
2020	63,329,327	69.81	327.20

⁽¹⁾ Measured using prior fiscal year annual actuarial valuation rolled forward to measurement date using standard update procedures.

Source: City of Lodi.

As of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the total pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan for the City of Lodi was \$209,775,815 and the plan fiduciary net position was \$146,446,488, resulting in a city-wide Miscellaneous Plan net pension liability of \$63,329,327. In the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation utilized for measuring the pension liability as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial valuation assumptions used for determining pension

liabilities included (a) a 7.25% investment rate of return (net of pension plan investment expenses); (b) an inflation rate of 2.63% per year; and (c) a discount rate of 7.15%.

Retiree Health Benefits. Lodi also provides medical benefits to eligible city employees, including those assigned to Lodi’s electric utility department, who retire from Lodi, through the City of Lodi Other Post Employment Benefit Plan (the “OPEB Plan”), through the CalPERS healthcare programs. Lodi’s electric utility department only has miscellaneous employees participating in Lodi’s plan.

Lodi contributes the minimum provided under California Government Code Section 22825 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act. In general, retirees must contribute any premium amount in excess of Lodi’s contribution. However, a closed group of certain active employees and retirees receive additional postemployment benefits. Certain employees hired prior to certain dates (depending on the employee bargaining unit) not later than December 6, 1995 are allowed to convert their accumulated sick leave into postemployment medical benefits as long as they have 10 or more years of service with Lodi.

Lodi’s contributions to the OPEB Plan are generally based on pay-as-you-go financing. In fiscal year 2016-17, the Lodi City Council authorized the City Manager to deposit an additional \$1,000,000 with CalPERS in an OPEB trust fund to pre-fund future benefit payments (the “OPEB Trust Fund”). In fiscal year 2020-21, a Pension Stabilization Funding Policy was approved that required funds in excess of the required reserve balance in the city’s locally held benefit fund be deposited into the OPEB trust fund. As of December 31, 2021, the OPEB trust fund balance was \$2,486,210.22.

Effective beginning in fiscal year 2017-18, Lodi follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (“GASB No. 75”) affecting the reporting of OPEB liabilities for accounting purposes. GASB No. 75 establishes standards for employers with other postemployment liabilities for recognizing and measuring net OPEB liabilities, along with deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to the other postemployment liability. GASB No. 75 does not establish requirements for funding.

The table below sets forth certain information regarding the electric utility department’s allocated share of Lodi’s OPEB contributions for the fiscal years 2017-18 through 2020-21. The amount budgeted for Lodi electric utility department’s share of OPEB Plan contributions for fiscal year 2021-22 is \$241,600.

City of Lodi OPEB Plan		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	OPEB Contribution	Electric Utility Allocated Share of City Contribution
2018	\$2,015,770	\$261,630
2019	1,988,880	259,590
2020	1,869,590	234,880
2021	1,836,120	227,970

Source: City of Lodi.

Pursuant to GASB No. 75, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, Lodi reported a net OPEB liability of \$24,358,432 (reflecting a total OPEB liability of \$26,361,543 and a fiduciary net position of \$2,003,111 for the OPEB Plan). The net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll was 71.09%. The OPEB Plan Net Position as a percentage of Lodi’s total OPEB liability was 7.60%. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by a June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, based on actuarial methods and assumptions. The actuarial assumptions include: (a) a 6.00% investment rate of return; (b) payroll growth

of 2.75%; (c) a 2.50% inflation rate; (d) an annual health care cost trend rate of 6.4% initially, reducing in decrements to 4.00%; and (e) a discount rate of 3.56%.

Additional information regarding the City of Lodi's retirement plans and other post-employment benefits can be found in the City's annual comprehensive financial reports, which may be obtained at <http://www.lodi.gov>.

Insurance

Lodi's boiler and machinery operations (including those parts of the electric system) are insured by the Alliant Property Insurance Program (APIP) which is a group purchase property program through the Lloyd's of London marketplace and Hallmark Financial Services for up to \$100 million in coverage. Lodi (including the electric system), is self-insured for general liability losses for up to \$500,000 and has pooled excess coverage through the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority for up to \$40 million per occurrence. Effective July 1, 2022, Lodi's self-insured retention will increase to \$750,000. Lodi (including the electric system) is self-insured for workers' compensation losses for up to \$250,000 and has excess coverage through the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority for statutory coverage.

Litigation

There is no action, suit or proceeding known to be pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining Lodi in the execution or delivery or performance of, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of any proceedings of Lodi taken with respect to, the Third Phase Agreement.

There is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of Lodi, threatened, questioning the existence of Lodi, or the title of the officers of Lodi to their respective offices. There is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of Lodi, threatened, questioning or affecting in any material respect the financial condition of Lodi's electric system.

Present lawsuits and other claims against Lodi's electric system are incidental to the ordinary course of operations of the electric system and are largely covered by Lodi's self-insurance program. In the opinion of Lodi's management and the Lodi City Attorney, such claims and litigation will not have a materially adverse effect upon the financial position of Lodi.

Lodi's Operations Since Industry Restructuring

Since the deregulation of the California energy markets, Lodi has implemented revenue enhancements, cost containment measures and changes in operating procedures to help mitigate financial risks associated with changes in market power costs. See "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings" in the front part of this Official Statement. These actions include:

- Energy Cost Recovery. Implemented an ECA for all customers. This rate action guarantees coverage of bulk power purchase costs. See "– Rates and Charges" above.
- Risk Management Program. Lodi established an Energy Risk Management Policy, most recently updated by the City's Risk Oversight Committee in August 2021. Consistent with the policy Lodi has established guidelines which provide a time and price triggered tier approach to closing open positions as long as five years into the future. The table below illustrates this approach:

Month	Covered Position As % of Forecasted Load					
0 designates current month	>60 th	60 th	50 th -Median	25 th	10 th	<10 th
1-3	80-90%	85-95%	95%	95%	95%	100%
3+	80-90%	85-95%	85-95%	95%	95%	100%
6+	70-80%	75-85%	80-90%	85-95%	95%	100%
9+	60-70%	65-75%	70-80%	75-85%	85-95%	90%
12+ months	60-70%	65-75%	70-80%	75-85%	85-95%	90%

The above guidelines were updated in 2019 to expand hedging efforts when forecasted prices are historically low to mitigate future price risk/volatility.

The Energy Risk Management Policy applies to all aspects of Lodi's wholesale procurement and sales activities, long-term contracting associated with energy supplies, and associated financing related to generation, transmission, transportation, storage, Renewable Energy Credits (RECs), Greenhouse Gas (GHG) offsets, Resource Adequacy (RA) capacity, ancillary services and participation in Joint Powers Agencies (JPAs).

Significant Accounting Policies

Lodi's most recent ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was audited by The Pun Group, Walnut Creek, California, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and contains opinions that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the various funds maintained by Lodi. The reports include certain notes to the financial statements which may not be fully described below. Such notes constitute an integral part of the audited financial statements. Copies of these reports are available on request from the City of Lodi, Finance Department, 310 West Elm Street, Lodi, California 95240 or at <http://www.lodi.gov>. Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein. Funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The electric system is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (i) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises (where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges) or (ii) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

The accounting policies of Lodi conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments.

Condensed Operating Results and Selected Balance Sheet Information

The following table sets forth summaries of operating results and selected balance sheet information of Lodi's electric utility for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21. The information for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021 was prepared by Lodi on the basis of its audited financial statements for such years. However, the figures shown are calculated in accordance with the documents pursuant to which Lodi's outstanding electric system revenue obligations were issued, which may or may not be on the same basis as GAAP, and as such, do not match the line item designations in Lodi's audited financial statements.

CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
SUMMARY OF OPERATING RESULTS AND SELECTED
BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION⁽¹⁾
(\$ in 000s)

	Fiscal Year ended June 30,				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Rate Revenue	\$64,114	\$65,054	\$63,776	\$64,795	\$68,193
ECA Revenue	1,734	4,192	4,186	7,386	6,004
Other Revenue	1,967	3,475	4,155	6,460	3,711
Total Operating Revenues	67,815	72,721	72,117	78,641	77,908
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Purchased Power ⁽²⁾	35,650	39,519	37,043	40,863	41,501
Non-Power Costs ⁽³⁾	16,609	16,422	14,289	18,404	16,601
Total Operating Expenses	52,259	55,941	51,332	59,267	58,102
NET REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE:	15,556	16,780	20,785	19,374	19,806
Debt Service – 2018 Bonds	--	--	1,497 ⁽⁵⁾	3,748	4,189
Debt Service – 2008 A Bonds	5,288	5,298	0	0	0
Remaining After Debt Service	10,268	11,482	19,288	15,626	15,617
OTHER REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Greenhouse gas allowance	2,370	559	94	--	312
Impact Fees	--	138	245	265	568
PERS Stabilization Contribution	--	(603)	(204)	(244)	--
Payments in Lieu of Taxes ⁽⁴⁾	(7,131)	(7,159)	(7,197)	(7,274)	(7,375)
Net Cash Flow Before Capital Expenditure	\$ 5,507	\$ 4,417	\$ 12,226	\$ 8,373	\$ 9,122
SELECTED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION:					
Net Plant in Service	\$ 7,957	\$ 7,808	\$ 7,495	\$ 7,181	\$ 6,861
Land and Construction Work in Progress	\$ 764	\$ 764	\$ 764	\$ 764	\$ 764
Long-Term Debt	\$58,669	\$48,291	\$48,291	\$46,220	\$43,274
Debt Service Coverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	2.94	3.17	13.88 ⁽⁵⁾	5.17	4.73

(1) Figures shown are calculated in accordance with the documents pursuant to which Lodi's outstanding electric system revenue obligations were issued, which may or may not be on the same basis as GAAP. See "-- Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations."

(2) Purchased Power includes joint powers agency payment obligations.

(3) Non-power costs include costs of services provided by other departments and does not include depreciation or amortization expense.

(4) Payments in-lieu of taxes are made by the Electric System to the City's general fund. The City's in-lieu payment is based upon a base transfer amount established by the City Council in 2007 adjusted annually by the number of electric customers served.

(5) Debt service was reduced in fiscal year 2018-19 as a result of the refunding of outstanding electric system obligations effected by the referenced 2018 Bonds. Scheduled debt on Lodi's currently outstanding direct electric system obligations is approximately \$3.7 million service in fiscal year 2019-20 and approximately \$4.0 million annually thereafter.

Source: City of Lodi.

CITY OF PALO ALTO

Introduction

The City of Palo Alto (“Palo Alto”) is a charter city of the State of California. Pursuant to the California Constitution, Palo Alto’s City Charter, and its municipal code, Palo Alto has the power to furnish electric utility service to its inhabitants. In connection therewith, Palo Alto has the powers of eminent domain, to contract, to construct works, to fix rates and charges for commodities or services furnished and to incur indebtedness.

Palo Alto provides electric and other utility services through its department of utilities (the “Department of Utilities”). The legal responsibilities and power of the Department of Utilities, including the establishment of rates and charges, are exercised through the seven member Palo Alto City Council. The members of the City Council are elected citywide for staggered four-year terms. The Palo Alto Department of Utilities is under the direction of the General Manager of Utilities who is accountable to the City Manager and who is appointed by the City Manager with the approval of the City Council.

Since 1900, Palo Alto has provided all electric service within the City of Palo Alto. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, Palo Alto served 29,850 customers, had total sales of approximately 814 million kWh and a peak demand of 159 MW.

To provide electric service within its service area, Palo Alto owns and operates an electric system which includes power supply resources and transmission and distribution facilities. Palo Alto also purchases power and transmission services from others and participates in pooling and other utility type arrangements. In addition, Palo Alto provides gas utility and other normal city services to its inhabitants such as police and fire protection and water and sewer service.

In 2011, the California Legislature passed Senate Bill X1-2 (“SBX1-2”), the “California Renewable Energy Resources Act.” SBX1-2 requires local publicly owned utilities to adopt and implement a renewable energy resource procurement plan to achieve specified targets for serving their retail energy loads from eligible renewable energy resources.

In March 2011, the Palo Alto City Council approved the updated Long-Term Electric Acquisition Plan (“LEAP”) Objectives, Strategies and Implementation Plan. LEAP provides high level policy direction for the pursuit of energy efficiency, demand resources, renewable energy, local generation and transmission resources. LEAP also sets direction for the management of hydroelectric resources and market exposure uncertainty. LEAP was updated in March and April 2012 to include revisions related to Palo Alto’s energy storage targets and Renewable Portfolio Standard (“RPS”).

In 2013, the Palo Alto City Council approved a Carbon Neutral Electric Resource Plan (the “Carbon Neutral Plan”), which defined carbon neutrality for Palo Alto’s electric portfolio, demonstrated a transparent and verifiable protocol to measure carbon content and established a goal to achieve carbon neutrality by the end of 2013. As a result, Palo Alto has neutralized all greenhouse gas emissions associated with the City’s electric portfolio since 2013, putting the City of Palo Alto on track to achieve its Sustainability and Climate Action Plan greenhouse gas emission reduction goal of 80% emissions reduction from 1990 levels by 2030. See “– Future Power Supply Resources – *Carbon Neutral Plan*” below.

In 2015, the California Legislature passed Senate Bill 350 (“SB 350”), the “Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015.” SB 350 increased California’s renewable electricity procurement goal from 33% by 2020 to 50% by 2030 based on RPS-eligible resources. SB 350 also requires Palo Alto to develop and submit an Integrated Resource Plan for the electric utility every four years, with the first

required to be adopted by the Palo Alto City Council by January 1, 2019. In 2018, the California Legislature passed Senate Bill 100 (“SB 100”), the “100 Percent Clean Energy Act of 2018.” SB 100 accelerates the State’s RPS target as established by SB 350 from 50% by 2030 to 60% by 2030 and sets a goal of 100% “clean energy” by the year 2045. See also “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings” in the front part of this Official Statement for more information on SB 350 and SB 100.

In 2017, Palo Alto kicked-off a process to develop its Electric Integrated Resource Plan (“EIRP”) for the 2019 to 2030 planning horizon. The EIRP updates LEAP and maps out Palo Alto’s long-term plan for achieving its electric energy, capacity and reliability needs through the use of distributed energy resources (“DER”), such as energy efficiency and solar photovoltaics, and carbon neutral supply resources. The EIRP was approved by the Palo Alto City Council in December 2018 and submitted to the California Energy Commission (the “CEC”) in April 2019. This document serves as the City’s Integrated Resource Plan for the purpose of meeting California’s integrated resource planning compliance requirements for local publicly owned utilities under SB 350.

Palo Alto has a comprehensive Energy Risk Management Program governing electric and natural gas transactions. The program consists of the Palo Alto City Council approved policies, and operational guidelines approved by Palo Alto City’s Risk Oversight and Coordination Committee. The Energy Risk Management Program segregates commodity purchase and sale functions related to the front, middle and back offices.

Only the revenues of the Palo Alto electric utility will be available to pay amounts owed by Palo Alto under the Third Phase Agreement.

The main offices of the City of Palo Alto Department of Utilities are located at 250 Hamilton Avenue, 3rd Floor, Palo Alto, California 94301 (650) 329-2161. For more information about Palo Alto and its Department of Utilities, contact Dean Batchelor, General Manager of Utilities, at the above address and telephone number. A copy of the most recent annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Palo Alto (the “Annual Report”) is available on Palo Alto’s website at <http://www.cityofpaloalto.org> and on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system at <http://emma.msrb.org/>. The Annual Report is incorporated herein by this reference. However, the information presented on such website or referenced therein other than the Annual Report is not part of this Official Statement and is not incorporated by reference herein.

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Power Supply Resources

The following table sets forth information concerning Palo Alto's power supply resources and the energy supplied by each during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

**CITY OF PALOALTO
DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES
POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021**

Source	Capacity Available (MW)	Actual Energy (GWh)	Percent of Total Energy
Purchased Power:			
Solar	130	311	38%
Wind	21	120	15
Landfill Gas Energy	14	104	13
Western (Hydro)	182	246	30
NCPA			
Hydroelectric Project	58	49	6
Geothermal Project ⁽¹⁾	--	--	--
Net Forward Market Sales/Purchases ⁽²⁾	60	(30)	(4)
Net Spot Market Sales/Purchases	--	27	3
Total	N/A ⁽³⁾	827	100%

⁽¹⁾ Capacity and energy sold to Turlock Irrigation District. See "-- Joint Powers Agency Resources -- NCPA" below.

⁽²⁾ See "-- Purchased Power -- Other Power Purchases" below.

⁽³⁾ Capacity availability varies by season and is not necessarily additive at any given time.

Source: City of Palo Alto.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, Palo Alto's average cost of power delivered to the Palo Alto electric system was approximately 10.0 cents per kWh.

Purchased Power

Western. Palo Alto receives a substantial portion of its supply of power from the Central Valley Project ("CVP") pursuant to a contract with the Western Area Power Administration ("Western").

In October 2000, Palo Alto signed a 20-year agreement with Western (the "Western Base Resource Contract") for the continued purchase of hydroelectricity from the CVP. Service under such Western Base Resource Contract began on January 1, 2005 and continues through 2024, with Palo Alto receiving an 11.620% "slice of the system" allocation from Western. On January 1, 2015, Palo Alto's allocation increased to 12.309%. The power marketed by Western to Palo Alto is provided on a take-or-pay basis where Western's annual costs are allocated to preference customers based on their CVP participation percentage. Western then allocates the annual take-or-pay charges to the preference customers based on a monthly percentage that is designed to reflect the anticipated seasonal energy deliveries. Palo Alto is obligated to its preference customer share of the costs associated with operating the CVP facilities. Palo Alto's energy allocation under the current Western Base Resource Contract starting in January 2005 is approximately 365 GWh/year in an average hydrological year. Palo Alto's annual cost obligation under the Western Base Resource Contract is approximately \$14 million per year, resulting in an average cost of

approximately \$38 per MWh in an average hydrological year. In February 2021, Palo Alto approved a new 30-year Western Base Resource Contract, with a 12.063% allocation, that will begin on January 1, 2025.

Wind Energy Contracts. Palo Alto currently has one long-term contract for the output of wind electricity generation. Under a contract with Avangrid Renewables (formerly Iberdrola Renewables and PPM Energy, Inc.) (“Avangrid”), for power from the High Winds I project (owned by NextEra Energy Resources, LLC (formerly FPL Energy, LLC)) in Solano County, Palo Alto is allocated available capacity of 20 MW and acquired a fixed unit price on expected generation of 43 GWh/year. The term of the High Winds I contract ends in 2028.

Landfill Gas Energy Contracts. Palo Alto currently has five long-term contracts for the output of landfill gas electricity generation under separate contracts with Ameresco, Inc. Under the first contract with Ameresco Santa Cruz Energy, L.L.C., for power from the Santa Cruz project (at a landfill owned by County of Santa Cruz) in Watsonville, California, Palo Alto is allocated available capacity of 1.5 MW and acquired an initial fixed per-unit price with 1.5% annual increases on expected generation of 9.0 GWh/year. The Santa Cruz project began commercial operation in February 2006 and its contract term ends in 2026. Under a second contract with Ameresco Half Moon Bay, L.L.C., for power from the Ox Mountain project (at a landfill owned by Republic Services, Inc.) in Half Moon Bay, California, Palo Alto is allocated available capacity of 5.1 MW and acquired an initial fixed per-unit price with 1.5% annual increases on expected generation of 42.5 GWh/year. The Ox Mountain project began commercial operation in April 2009 and its contract term ends in 2029. Under a third contract with Ameresco Keller Canyon, L.L.C., for power from the Keller Canyon project (at a landfill owned by Republic Services) in Pittsburg, California, Palo Alto is allocated available capacity of 1.5 MW and acquired an initial fixed per-unit price with 1.5% annual increases on expected generation of 13.8 GWh/year. The Keller Canyon project began commercial operation in August 2009 and its contract term ends in 2029. Under a fourth contract with Ameresco Johnson Canyon, L.L.C., for power from the Johnson Canyon project (at a landfill owned by Salinas Valley Solid Waste Authority) in Gonzales, California, Palo Alto is allocated available capacity of 1.4 MW and acquired an initial fixed per-unit price with 1.5% annual increases on expected generation of 9.2 GWh/year. The Johnson Canyon project began commercial operation in May 2013 and its contract term ends in 2033. Under a fifth contract with Ameresco San Joaquin, L.L.C., for power from the San Joaquin project (at a landfill owned by San Joaquin County) in Linden, California, Palo Alto is allocated available capacity of 4.3 MW and acquired an initial fixed per-unit price with 1.5% annual increases on expected generation of 27.5 GWh/year. The San Joaquin project began commercial operation in April 2014 and its contract term ends in 2034.

Palo Alto expects to receive a total of 102 GWh/year from these five landfill gas projects, representing approximately 11% of Palo Alto’s load. Each of the foregoing landfill gas energy contracts is unit contingent.

Solar Energy Contracts. Palo Alto currently has six long-term contracts for the output of solar electricity generation under separate contracts with three different parent companies. The first three contracts are with the AES Corporation (AES): the 26.656 MW Hayworth Solar project in Kern County, and the 40 MW Elevation Solar C and 20 MW Western Antelope Blue Sky Ranch B projects in Los Angeles County. These three contracts all feature fixed per-unit prices and produce expected generation of 52 GWh/year, 101 GWh/year, and 50.5 GWh/year, respectively. The terms of such contracts all end in 2041. Palo Alto also has two solar energy contracts with Boralex: the 20 MW Frontier Solar project in Stanislaus County, and the 20 MW EE Kettleman Land project in Kings County. Both of these contracts feature fixed per-unit prices and produce expected generation of 52.5 GWh/year and 53.5 GWh/year, respectively. The term of the Frontier Solar contract ends in 2046, while that of the EE Kettleman Land contract ends in 2040. Finally, Palo Alto has a contract with Clearway Energy for a 26 MW share of the 192 MW Rosamond Central project in Kern County that began operating in January 2021. This contract, for a fixed per-unit

price, has a 25-year contract term, and will begin delivering about 75 GWh/year to Palo Alto starting in January 2023.

Palo Alto expects to receive a total of 340 GWh/year from the five operating solar energy projects, representing approximately 39% of Palo Alto's load. When the sixth solar energy project's contract term begins in 2023, Palo Alto expects to receive 385 GWh/year from these projects, representing 45% of Palo Alto's load. Each of the foregoing solar energy contracts is unit contingent.

Other Power Purchases. Palo Alto has nine active Master Agreements with BP Energy, Shell Energy North America, Powerex Corp, Cargill Power Markets, Exelon Generation, Avangrid, NextEra Energy Marketing, Turlock Irrigation District ("TID"), and PacifiCorp to facilitate competitive forward market purchases to meet Palo Alto's loads in the short- to medium-term. As of June 30, 2021, Palo Alto had outstanding electricity purchase commitments for the period July 2021 to June 2022 totaling 31 GWh, and sales commitments for this period totaling 67 GWh. These market-based purchases and sales are made within the parameters of Palo Alto's Energy Risk Management Program.

In fiscal year 2020-21, gross market-based purchases provided approximately 24% of Palo Alto's energy needs, while gross market-based sales equaled 21% of Palo Alto's energy needs. The volume of market purchases and sales however is highly dependent on hydrologic conditions and long-term commitments to renewable resource-based supplies. During normal hydrologic conditions, gross market purchases are expected to meet approximately 18% of energy needs, while gross market sales are expected to amount to approximately 28% of energy needs. All purchase transactions and sales-incidental-to-purchases are designed to meet native load. NCPA serves as Palo Alto's scheduling and billing agent for all transactions, and acts as the interface with the California Independent System Operator ("CAISO") under the Second Amended and Restated Metered Subsystem Aggregation Agreement (the "MSSA"). See "NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY – NCPA Power Pool" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Joint Powers Agency Resources

NCPA. Except for a small 4.5 MW generator within the City of Palo Alto, Palo Alto does not independently own any generation assets. In addition to purchasing power from other sources, Palo Alto is a participant in certain NCPA projects. Palo Alto has purchased from NCPA a 22.920% entitlement share in the NCPA Hydroelectric Project and a 6.158% entitlement share in the NCPA Geothermal Project. In 1984, Palo Alto permanently assigned its share of the Geothermal Project to TID on a take-or-pay basis for the life of the plant, since Palo Alto's need for base load generation at the time the sale was made was limited. Palo Alto remains, however, secondarily liable for payment of project costs not paid by TID. For each of these NCPA projects in which Palo Alto participates, Palo Alto is obligated to pay, on an unconditional take-or-pay basis, as an operating expense of the Palo Alto electric system, its entitlement share of the debt service on NCPA bonds issued for the project, as well as its share of the operation and maintenance expenses of the project. See also "– Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations" below.

For a description of such NCPA resources, see "THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT" and "OTHER NCPA PROJECTS" in the front part of this Official Statement.

TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project. Palo Alto is also a member of the Transmission Agency of Northern California ("TANC") and has a participation share of 4.00% (net of layoffs) of TANC's entitlement to transfer capability (approximately 50 MW) of the California-Oregon Transmission Project ("COTP") and is responsible for 4.032% of TANC's COTP operating and maintenance expenses and 4.00% of TANC's aggregate debt service. As a result of low utilization on Palo Alto's part of the transmission capacity and therefore low value relative to costs, in addition to a focus on acquiring in-state renewable resources, in August 2008 Palo Alto effected a long-term assignment of its full share and obligations in

COTP to Sacramento Municipal Utility District (“SMUD”), TID and Modesto Irrigation District (“MID”). The long-term assignment is for 15 years with an option to renew for five years. In March 2016, TANC restructured the long-term debt associated with COTP extending the debt through the end of 2039. Palo Alto’s layoff recipients, SMUD, TID and MID, through an amendment to the assignment agreement, agreed to extend the term of the payments under the assignment agreement to continue to pay Palo Alto’s portion of the COTP debt during the term of the COTP bonds. For a further description of the TANC COTP project, see “CITY OF ALAMEDA – Transmission Resources – *TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project*.”

Distributed Energy Resources

Distributed energy resources include generation, storage, demand response, and energy efficiency on the distribution system which can change the shape and timing of energy use. Palo Alto has undertaken a comprehensive process to plan to maximize the value of distributed energy resources and is reviewing a coordinated Distributed Energy Resources Plan. In addition, Palo Alto’s Electric and Gas Public Benefits and Water Efficiency Programs include programs related to efficiency, renewable energy, low-income discounts, and research, development and demonstration (RD&D) of emerging technologies. Due to increasing supply costs, significant new regulatory requirements, and Palo Alto’s desire to promote environmental stewardship, Palo Alto has placed an increased emphasis on energy and water efficiency. Palo Alto continues to pursue cost-effective energy efficiency as a priority in reducing customer bills. Both the EIRP and Palo Alto’s Ten-Year Electric Energy Efficiency Goals (2018-2027) affirm that cost-effective energy efficiency remains Palo Alto’s highest priority energy resource, given that energy efficiency typically displaces relatively expensive electricity generation, lowers energy bills for customers, and contributes to economic development and job creation. The Gas Utility Long-Term Plan (“GULP”) also includes energy efficiency as an important contributor to the energy plan.

Energy Efficiency Savings Goals and Achievements. California Assembly Bill 2021 (“AB 2021”) required all local publicly-owned utilities to identify all potentially achievable cost-effective electric efficiency savings and to establish annual targets for energy efficiency (“EE”) savings over ten years, with the first set of EE targets to be reported to the CEC on or before June 1, 2007, and updated every three years thereafter. California Assembly Bill 2227 passed in 2012 amended this target, setting the schedule to every four years. Palo Alto adopted its first Ten-Year Energy Efficiency Portfolio Plan in April 2007, which included annual electric and gas efficiency targets between 2008 and 2017, with a ten-year cumulative savings goal of 3.5% of the forecasted energy use. In accordance with California law, the electric efficiency targets were updated in 2010, with the ten-year cumulative savings goal doubling to 7.2% between 2011 and 2020. Since then, increasingly stringent statewide building code and appliance standards have resulted in substantial energy savings. However, these “codes and standards” energy savings cannot be counted toward meeting the utility’s EE goals. The ten-year electric efficiency targets were updated again in 2012, with the ten-year cumulative electric efficiency savings being revised downward to 4.8% between 2014 and 2023.

In 2015, SB 350 mandated the State to double statewide energy efficiency savings in electricity and natural gas end uses by 2030, with cost-effective utility energy efficiency programs as one component. In May 2021, City Council adopted the current set of Ten-Year Electric Efficiency Goals, updating the ten-year cumulative electric efficiency savings target to 4.4% between 2022 and 2031. For fiscal year 2019-20, the electric utility achieved electric savings of 0.27% of load through its customer efficiency programs. Cumulative electric efficiency savings since 2006 are approximately 8% of the fiscal year 2020-21 electric usage.

In parallel to the development of Ten-Year Electric Efficiency Goals, Palo Alto adopted its first set of gas efficiency targets in 2007 to reduce gas consumption by 3.5% between 2008 and 2017. In 2010, the gas efficiency targets were updated to reduce use by 5.5% between 2011 and 2020. Similar to the electric

side, gas efficiency potential has declined due to recent changes to California's appliance standards and building codes. The ten-year electric efficiency targets were updated again in 2012, with the ten-year cumulative gas efficiency savings being revised downwards to 2.85% between 2014 and 2023. In March 2017, the Palo Alto City Council adopted its current set of Ten-Year Gas Efficiency Goals, updating the ten-year cumulative gas efficiency savings target to 5.1% between 2018 and 2027. For fiscal year 2019-20, the gas utility achieved gas efficiency savings of 0.23% of total gas sales. Cumulative gas efficiency savings since 2006 is about 4.7% of the fiscal year 2020-21 gas usage.

Local Solar Plan. In April 2014, the Palo Alto City Council passed the Local Solar Plan, which set the city-wide goal of meeting 4% of Palo Alto's energy needs from local solar by 2023 and identified a number of strategies to facilitate achieving that goal. These strategies include the development of several solar programs to encourage installation of roof-top solar, such as the existing incentives of the feed-in tariff program and the PV Partners solar rebate program (described below). As of June 2021, all solar installations within the City of Palo Alto generate approximately 2.7% of Palo Alto's annual electricity (from 15.7 MW of installed local solar capacity).

Customer-side Renewable Generation Programs. The following is a description of Palo Alto's customer-side renewable generation programs:

PV Partners: The PV Partners Program encourages photovoltaic or solar electric ("PV") installations on Palo Alto homes and businesses by providing a rebate based on the capacity, measured in watts, of newly installed PV systems. The PV Partners Program continues to be one of the most successful in the State. Rebate funds were fully reserved in April 2016. The effect of the PV Partners program is illustrated by the cumulative total of PV installations under the program. As of June 30, 2021, there were 1,081 PV installations with the total capacity of 10.18 MW (6.4% of Palo Alto's system peak load) that were installed under the PV Partners Program.

Net-Energy Metering Successor Program: Prior to January 1, 2018 residential and commercial customers in Palo Alto who installed approved PV systems were able to sign up for the Palo Alto Net Energy Metering ("NEM") program. Palo Alto reached the NEM cap of 10.8 MW in January 2018 and Palo Alto is now offering a NEM Successor Program instead. The NEM Successor process is integrated with the permitting process, and customers receive a credit for electricity exported to the grid based on Palo Alto's avoided costs.

Palo Alto CLEAN (Clean Local Energy Accessible Now): This feed-in tariff program (referred to as "Palo Alto CLEAN") purchases electricity generated by renewable energy resources located in Palo Alto's service territory and interconnected on the utility-side of the electric meter. The electricity is purchased by Palo Alto for credit to its RPS. The program was launched in 2012 and has been modified over the past few years. On February 3, 2014, the Palo Alto City Council approved a total program capacity of 3 MW at a price of 16.5 cents per kilowatt hour (kWh) fixed for 20 years. On May 8, 2017, the Palo Alto City Council approved minor changes to Palo Alto CLEAN such that the program no longer has a total participation cap for either solar or non-solar eligible renewable energy resources. Palo Alto is currently offering to purchase the output of eligible renewable electric generation systems located in Palo Alto at the following prices:

- For solar energy resources: 16.5 cents per kilowatt hour ("¢/kWh") for a 15-, 20- or 25-year contract term until the subscribed capacity reaches 3 MW; thereafter, the price will drop to 8.8¢/kWh for a 15-year contract term, 8.9¢/kWh for a 20-year contract term, or 9.1¢/kWh for a 25-year contract term; and
- For non-solar eligible renewable energy resources: 8.3¢/kWh for a 15-year contract term, 8.4¢/kWh for a 20-year contract term, or 8.5¢/kWh for a 25-year contract term.

There is no minimum or maximum project size, but the program is best suited for commercial property owners with available roof-tops or parking lots. Palo Alto's Public Works Department recently solicited proposals to install solar PV systems and electric vehicle chargers at four City-owned parking structures. All four City-owned parking garage solar PV systems became operational as of March 2018. As of January 2022, there are a total of six solar PV systems participating in the Palo Alto CLEAN program, including the four aforementioned systems on City-owned parking garages. These six projects account for 2.84 MW of the 3 MW of capacity available at the 16.5¢/kWh contract rate and were all online by June 2019, with contract terms ranging from 14 to 25 years.

Future Power Supply Resources

Carbon Neutral Plan. In March 2013, the Palo Alto City Council approved its Carbon Neutral Plan committing Palo Alto to using carbon neutral electric resources beginning in calendar year 2013. The plan also provides that such resource portfolio adjustments should not result in a rate increase of more than 0.15¢/kWh (equivalent to about \$1.00/month for an average residential bill).

Palo Alto's current renewable energy resource policy targets a 50% resource portfolio share by 2030. The policy also provides that such resource portfolio adjustments should not result in a rate increase of more than 0.5¢/kWh (equivalent to about \$3.35/month for an average residential bill). Palo Alto also permits its commercial customers to voluntarily participate in a green power program whereby participating customers can elect to pay a premium through their electric rates to purchase renewable energy certificates through Palo Alto for all or a portion of their energy needs.

In accordance with LEAP and the Carbon Neutral Plan, Palo Alto has entered into a number of electricity purchase contracts to meet its resource requirements as described above. As of December 31, 2021, Palo Alto had procured approximately 105% of its total projected electricity needs for fiscal year 2021-22 (assuming the projected hydroelectric production).

Palo Alto satisfied the RPS target under SBX1-2 for Compliance Period 1 (from 2011 through 2013), with an average of approximately 21.3% of Palo Alto's energy portfolio supplied from renewable resources over such period. Palo Alto has also satisfied the RPS target for Compliance Period 2 (from 2014 through 2016), meeting the compliance requirement of 20% of retail sales in 2014 and 2015, and 25% of retail sales in 2016. Palo Alto satisfied the RPS target under SBX1-2 for Compliance Period 3 (from 2017 through 2020), meeting or exceeding a total equal to 27% of retail sales in 2017, 29% of retail sales in 2018, 31% of retail sales in 2019 and 33% of retail sales in 2020 supplied from renewable resources. As of January 2022, Palo Alto has sufficient hydroelectric and renewable generation contracts to provide enough energy to supply its entire load (assuming average hydrologic conditions). See also "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings" in the front part of this Official Statement for more information on SBX1-2.

Going forward, Palo Alto expects to meet its energy needs through energy efficiency and other distributed energy resources, existing hydroelectric generation and renewable resources and additional renewable generation contracts which are expected to begin delivering energy to Palo Alto in 2023. Palo Alto will continue to procure energy supplies to meet Palo Alto's short and medium-term energy needs through market purchases with Palo Alto's pre-selected suppliers.

Interconnections, Transmission and Distribution Facilities

Palo Alto's electric system is directly interconnected with the system of Pacific Gas and Electric Company ("PG&E") by a single 115 kV delivery point at Palo Alto's Colorado substation. Palo Alto receives transmission services under the MSSA between NCPA and the CAISO. See also "CERTAIN

FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – PG&E Bankruptcy Proceeding” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Palo Alto’s distribution system consists of the 115 kV to 60 kV delivery point, two 60 kV switching stations, 9 distribution substations, approximately 12 miles of 60 kV sub transmission lines, and approximately 469 miles of 12 kV and 4 kV distribution lines including 223 miles of overhead lines and 245 miles of underground lines.

The service area of the Palo Alto electric system is coterminous with the municipal boundaries of the City of Palo Alto. A portion of the area within the City limits, west of Highway 280 and known as the “Foothills” area, is in a State-designated high fire threat area. On August 20, 2018, pursuant to the requirements of California Senate Bill 1028, the Palo Alto City Council made a wildfire risk determination with respect to the Foothills area. The Palo Alto electric utility has in place a number of mitigation measures aimed at reducing the risk of a wildfire occurrence being caused by its overhead electrical lines and equipment, which were approved by the City Council in connection with its wildfire risk determination. These measures include: periodic inspection of overhead electric facilities, ongoing vegetation clearance and management activities, and the elimination of the automatic restoration function in the Foothills to require that power to a tripped line is only restored after manual inspection and confirmation that it may be operated safely. Separately, the City of Palo Alto has maintained a Foothills Fire Mitigation Plan since 2009; such plan was most recently updated in 2016. Pursuant to the requirements of California Senate Bill 901 (“SB 901”), the Palo Alto electric utility prepared its own wildfire mitigation plan. Palo Alto most recently presented its wildfire mitigation plan and the independent evaluator’s assessment to the City Council on January 21, 2020, and to its Utilities Advisory Commission on June 6, 2021. See “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks*” in the front part of this Official Statement.

COVID-19

The spread of the novel strain of coronavirus (and variants thereof) and the disease it causes (now known as “COVID-19”) has had significant negative impacts throughout the world, including in California. In 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic, and states of emergency have been declared by the United States, the State and numerous counties throughout the State. The purpose behind these declarations was to coordinate and formalize emergency actions across federal, state and local governmental agencies, and to proactively prepare for a wider spread of the virus.

On March 19, 2020, in an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 ordering individuals living in the State to stay home or at their place of residence except for specified exceptions, including exceptions for certain sectors of the workforce that were classified as providing essential services and products, which allowed businesses and workers in such sectors to continue to operate on-site operations while Executive Order N-33-20 was effective. On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued two executive orders, which became effective on June 15, 2021, which had the effect of rescinding a majority of the COVID-19-related restrictions and providing a timeline for gradually lifting certain of the other restrictions that were not fully rescinded on June 15, 2021.

During the pandemic, Palo Alto has experienced a decline in electricity demand by the commercial sector while electricity usage by the residential sector increased, as might be expected with many retail establishments being closed and people staying home. See “Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand.”

Historically, the annual write-offs for uncollectible accounts have been less than 0.01% of gross billings of the Palo Alto electric system. Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, write-offs for uncollectible accounts has increased to approximately 0.04% of gross billings for fiscal year 2020-21. To

help mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19 and the related governmental regulations on its customers, Palo Alto implemented a payment deferral program for all customers of Palo Alto utilities, which included the suspension of the disconnection of services and dunning by City utilities for non-payment of utility bills for a period beginning in March 2020 and extending through June 2022.

Palo Alto was allocated approximately \$0.736 million under the California Department of Community Services and Development California Arrearage Payment Program (“CAPP”), to aid the accounts that have fallen behind during the period of May 4, 2020 through June 15, 2021, which in turn is expected by Palo Alto to lower the uncollectible revenue amount. Palo Alto received the funding in January 2022.

With widespread vaccination currently underway in the United States and many countries worldwide, governmental-imposed stay-at-home orders and restrictions on operations of schools and businesses implemented to respond to and control the outbreak have been eased or eliminated. However, restrictions may be re-imposed in various jurisdictions from time to time as local conditions warrant. Palo Alto cannot predict whether any reinstatement or expansion of stay-at-home orders and travel or other restrictions will occur or when a full resumption of all economic activity will be achieved. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of Palo Alto is unknown and there can be no assurances that COVID-19 will not materially adversely impact the financial condition of Palo Alto or the electric system in the future. There are many variables that will continue to contribute to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery therefrom, including the length of time social distancing measures are in place, the effectiveness of State and federal government relief programs and the timing for containment and treatment, new coronavirus strains, vaccinations efforts and vaccine hesitancy. Palo Alto cannot predict the extent or duration of such impacts.

Rates and Charges

The Palo Alto City Council is authorized by the Palo Alto Municipal Code to set fees and charges, pay for and supply all electric energy and power to be furnished to customers according to such schedules, resolutions, rules and regulations as are adopted by the City Council. These rates are not subject to review by any State or federal agency. In addition, the City Charter provides for the maintenance of a separate fund for each utility into which is deposited receipts from the operations of such utilities and from which are payable the utility’s costs and expenses, including operating and maintenance, debt service, capital expenditures, funding of reserves, and general fund transfers.

Palo Alto’s fiscal year 2020-21 average rates per kWh for all service was 15.9 cents. Palo Alto’s fiscal year 2020-21 average rates for commercial and industrial service was 15.8 cents per kWh. Palo Alto’s fiscal year 2020-21 average rate per kWh for residential service was 16.4 cents.

The following table presents a history of Palo Alto’s electric utility rate increases since 2017.

CITY OF PALO ALTO DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES RATE CHANGES

Date	Percent Change
July 1, 2021	0.00%
July 1, 2020	0.00
July 1, 2019	8.00
July 1, 2018	6.00
July 1, 2017	14.0

Source: City of Palo Alto.

Palo Alto spends approximately 2.85% of gross electric revenues on the public benefit programs it originally developed in response to California Assembly Bill 1890, which was adopted in 1996 (“AB 1890”). In addition to funding available through the public benefits program, Palo Alto funds additional efficiency and renewable energy programs through the electric utility’s supply resource acquisition budget.

Low-Income Programs

The following is a description of Palo Alto’s low-income assistance programs:

- ***Residential Energy Assistance Program (REAP)***. This program provides qualifying low-income residents with free energy efficiency measures and access to the Rate Assistance Program (RAP) rate discount. For qualifying customers, a Home Assessment, an application to the RAP, and an on-site customer evaluation for weatherization and energy efficiency measure installation, including insulation and lighting, is provided. Customers may have refrigerators and/or furnaces replaced if the need is found.
- ***Rate Assistance Program (RAP)***. This program provides a 25% discount for electric and gas charges for qualified customers. Applicants can qualify based on medical or financial need.
- ***Project PLEDGE***. This program provides a one-time contribution of up to \$750 applied to the utilities bill of qualifying residential customers. Eligibility criteria includes recent emergency events for employment and health. Administered by the Department of Utilities, this program is funded by voluntary customer contributions.

Largest Customers

The ten largest customers of Palo Alto’s electric utility system, based upon energy usage for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 accounted for approximately 38.1% of total kWh sales and approximately 33.9% of total electric revenues. The largest account consumed 9.4% of Palo Alto’s total kWh sales and contributed 8.1% of total revenues and the smallest of the ten largest accounts accounted for 2.0% of total kWh sales and 1.9% of revenues.

Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand

The average number of customers, kWh sales, revenues derived from sales by classification of service and peak demand during the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21, are set forth below.

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**CITY OF PALO ALTO
DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES
CUSTOMERS, SALES, REVENUES⁽¹⁾ AND DEMAND⁽²⁾
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,**

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of Customers:					
Residential	25,642	25,502	25,675	25,326	25,074
Commercial	3,753	3,788	3,703	3,665	3,599
Industrial	85	79	72	68	62
Other	136	144	141	143	143
Total	29,616	29,513	29,591	29,202	28,878
Kilowatt-Hour Sales (in thousands):					
Residential	148,986	150,064	150,602	154,510	165,103
Commercial	580,832	578,218	568,751	551,244	501,635
Industrial	157,502	141,387	133,791	123,237	122,155
Other	30,368	29,780	29,258	25,681	24,992
Total	917,687	899,449	882,403	854,672	813,885
Revenues from Sale of Energy:					
Residential	\$ 20,269	\$ 22,764	\$23,613	\$25,466	\$26,719
Commercial	73,471	82,299	85,332	89,063	81,235
Industrial	17,164	17,901	18,177	18,272	17,347
Other	3,780	4,264	4,404	4,286	4,167
Total	\$114,684	\$127,228	\$131,526	\$137,087	\$129,468
Peak Demand (MW)	171	182	180	176	159

⁽¹⁾ Revenues are exclusive of wholesale sales.

⁽²⁾ Columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

Source: City of Palo Alto.

Service Area

Population. The service area of Palo Alto's electric system is coterminous with Palo Alto's city boundaries. Shown below is certain population data for Palo Alto, the County of Santa Clara and the State of California.

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**CITY OF PALO ALTO, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA POPULATION
(1970-2010 as of April 1; 2011-2021 as of January 1)**

Year	City of Palo Alto	County of Santa Clara	State of California
1970	56,040	1,065,313	19,971,069
1980	55,225	1,295,071	23,667,764
1990	55,900	1,497,577	29,760,021
2000	58,598	1,682,585	33,871,653
2010	64,403	1,781,642	37,253,956
2011	65,290	1,806,087	37,561,624
2012	66,202	1,834,926	37,924,661
2013	67,051	1,863,975	38,269,864
2014	67,403	1,887,079	38,556,731
2015	67,816	1,911,670	38,865,532
2016	68,393	1,928,438	39,103,587
2017	68,679	1,937,008	39,352,398
2018	68,482	1,943,579	39,519,535
2019	68,272	1,944,733	39,605,361
2020	68,145	1,945,166	39,648,938
2021	67,657	1,934,171	39,466,855

Sources: 1970-2010, as of April 1, based on historical U.S. Census population data compiled by the California State Department of Finance. 2011-2021, as of January 1, State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, with 2010 Census Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2019.

Employment. The main businesses in Palo Alto are manufacturing and industrial, but Palo Alto is also home to significant health care and education providers. There are numerous manufacturing plants producing electronic components, communications equipment, computer systems and similar products, and general items such as pharmaceutical and aerospace systems.

The ten largest employers in Palo Alto as of June 30, 2021 are shown in the following table.

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**CITY OF PALO ALTO
LARGEST EMPLOYERS**

Employer	Business	Number of Employees
Stanford Health Care	Health Care Delivery	5,500
Hewlett Packard Company	Computer Hardware and Software	5,000
Stanford University ⁽¹⁾	Education	4,060
Veteran's Affairs Palo Alto Health Care System	Health Care Delivery	3,900
Stanford Children's Health/Lucile Packard	Health-Care Delivery	3,500
Children's Health		
VMware Inc.	Software	3,500
SAP Labs Inc.	Software	3,500
Varian Medical Systems	Medical Devices and Software	3,300
Tesla Inc.	Technology	2,650
Palo Alto Medical Foundation	Health Care Delivery	2,200

⁽¹⁾ Stanford University number of employees was provided by the Stanford Office of Planning and includes only employees located in Palo Alto.

Source: City of Palo Alto.

The San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area, as defined by the State Employment Development Department, includes all cities within San Benito and Santa Clara Counties. According to the California Employment Development Department, the County of Santa Clara's unemployment rate was 4.0% for the year 2020.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding employment in the City of Palo Alto for the fiscal year 2016-2017 through 2020-2021.

**CITY OF PALO ALTO
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES 2017 TO 2021**

Fiscal Year	Unemployment Rate
2016-17	2.4%
2017-18	2.5
2018-19	2.1
2019-20	5.7
2020-21	3.2

Source: State Department of Employment Development as reflected in City of Palo Alto Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Assessed Valuation. The five-year history of assessed valuations in Palo Alto is as follows.

**CITY OF PALO ALTO
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATIONS
(Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21)**

2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
\$31,954,381	\$34,434,739	\$36,801,413	\$39,285,460	\$42,353,926

Source: County of Santa Clara's Assessor's Office.

Transportation. Palo Alto is served by freeways, interstate and state highways, bus service and trucking lines. Passenger rail transportation is provided by the Amtrak on a north/south commuter track. Air transportation is available at San Francisco International Airport, located approximately 25 miles to the north, and the San Jose International Airport which is approximately 15 miles from downtown Palo Alto.

Educational Facilities. Public education is provided in Palo Alto from kindergarten through high school. Palo Alto is also the location of Stanford University.

Forecast of Capital Expenditures

Palo Alto's five-year capital plan for electric distribution facilities contemplates capital expenditures in the following years and amounts:

**CITY OF PALO ALTO
DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES
ESTIMATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
\$31,726	\$25,166	\$21,700	\$10,345	\$10,750

Source: City of Palo Alto.

The capital expenditures are for infrastructure replacement and new customer connections; Palo Alto anticipates funding the majority of such costs from current year revenues. Since the 1960's Palo Alto has followed a policy of funding its capital improvements primarily from revenues rather than debt financing. \$17 million of the five year capital expenditure total is allocated to the Smart Grid Technology project from 2022 through 2024. The Smart Grid project will be funded by the Electric Special Project Reserves.

Palo Alto does not currently plan to make further investment in new large-scale generation. Most of Palo Alto's anticipated energy deficits are expected to be met with renewable power purchase agreements, long-term and short-term market purchases, and customer site distributed generation. Palo Alto is in the initial phases of studying a transmission upgrade project.

Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations

In October 2007, Palo Alto issued \$1.5 million of 2007 Electric Utility Clean Renewable Energy Tax Credit Bonds ("CREBs") to finance Palo Alto's photovoltaic solar panel project. The bonds do not bear interest and are scheduled to be fully paid by December 2021. In lieu of receiving the periodic interest payments, bondholders are allowed annual federal income tax credits in an amount equal to a credit rate for such CREBs multiplied by the outstanding principal amount of the CREBs owned by the bondholders. As of June 30, 2021, the remaining outstanding principal balance of the CREBs was \$100,000. Palo Alto has no outstanding revenue bonds or other direct debt payable from net revenues of the electric system.

As previously discussed, Palo Alto participates in two joint powers agencies, including NCPA and TANC. Obligations of Palo Alto under its agreements with respect to NCPA and TANC constitute operating expenses of the Palo Alto electric system payable prior to any of the payments required to be made on Palo Alto's utilities' revenue bonds or other obligations. Agreements with the joint powers agencies in which Palo Alto participates are on a "take-or-pay" basis, which requires payments to be made whether or not projects are completed or operable, and whether output from such projects is suspended, interrupted or

terminated. These agreements contain “step-up” provisions obligating Palo Alto to pay a share of the obligations of a defaulting participant. Palo Alto’s participation and share of debt service obligation (without giving effect to any “step-up” provisions) for each of the joint powers agency projects in which it participates are shown in the following table.

**CITY OF PALO ALTO
DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES
OUTSTANDING DEBT OF JOINT POWERS AGENCIES
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)
(As of January 31, 2022)**

	Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾	Palo Alto Participation⁽²⁾	Palo Alto Share of Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	\$ 10.8	0.00% ⁽³⁾	\$0.7 ⁽³⁾
Hydroelectric Project	223.3	22.92 ⁽⁴⁾	52.5 ⁽⁴⁾
TANC			
COTP	169.9	0.00 ⁽⁵⁾	6.8 ⁽⁵⁾
TOTAL	\$404.0		\$60.0

(1) Principal only. Does not include obligation for payment of interest on such debt.

(2) Participation based on actual debt service obligation. Participation obligation is subject to increase upon default of another project participant. Such increase shall not exceed, without written consent of a non-defaulting participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of such non-defaulting participant’s original participation.

(3) Participation share of 6.16% was permanently assigned to TID in October 1984. Palo Alto remains contractually liable for its share. See “– Power Supply Resources – Joint Powers Agency Resources – *NCPA*” above.

(4) Palo Alto’s actual payments represent approximately 23.5% of outstanding debt service as a result of credit to non-participating members with respect to portion of debt obligation.

(5) Participation share of 4.00% was assigned to SMUD, TID and MID in August 2008. Palo Alto remains contractually obligated for its share. See “– Power Supply Resources – Joint Powers Agency Resources – *TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project*” above.

Source: City of Palo Alto.

A portion of the joint powers agency debt obligations are variable rate debt, liquidity support for which is provided through liquidity arrangements with banks. Unreimbursed draws under liquidity arrangements supporting joint powers agency variable rate debt obligations bear interest at a maximum rate substantially in excess of the current interest rates on such obligations. Moreover, in certain circumstances, the failure to reimburse draws on the liquidity agreements may result in the acceleration of scheduled payment of the principal of such variable rate joint powers agency obligations. To the extent a joint powers agency has entered into interest rate swap agreements for the purposes of substantially fixing the interest cost with respect to variable rate joint powers agency obligations, there is no guarantee that the floating rate payable to such joint powers agency pursuant to such interest rate swap agreements will match the variable interest rate on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which the respective interest rate swap agreement relates at all times or at any time. Under certain circumstances, the swap provider may be obligated to make payments to the joint powers agency under their respective interest rate swap agreement that is less than the interest due on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which such interest rate swap agreement relates. In such event, such insufficiency will be payable from the obligated joint powers agency members (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Palo Alto). In addition, under certain circumstances, each of the swap agreements is subject to early termination, in which event the joint powers agency could be obligated to make a termination payment to the applicable swap provider (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency

could be due from Palo Alto). The only currently outstanding interest rate swap agreement related to Palo Alto's variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations is the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap which is expected to be terminated in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds. See "PLAN OF REFUNDING" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Employees

Labor Relations. As of February 1, 2022, 111 full-time equivalent ("FTE") staff were assigned to the electric system of the Palo Alto Department of Utilities. All full-time employees, excluding the Utility Director and Chief Operating Officer, are represented by the Utilities Management and Professional Association of Palo Alto ("UMPAPA") and Service Employees' International Union ("SEIU") Local 521. Matters pertaining to wages, benefits and working conditions are governed by a memorandum of understanding between the City of Palo Alto and SEIU. In December 2018, the City Council approved the first memorandum of understanding with UMPAPA that expired on June 30, 2019. The City Council subsequently approved an updated memorandum of understanding with UMPAPA that expires on June 30, 2022. The memorandum of understanding with SEIU expired on December 31, 2021. Until a successor contract is negotiated, the terms of the expired contract will continue to govern. Palo Alto's wage and fringe benefits are generally comparable to those offered by other local public agencies.

Pension Plans. Retirement benefits to City of Palo Alto employees, including those assigned to electric system, are provided through the Palo Alto's participation in the California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS"), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Palo Alto's defined benefit pension plans, the Miscellaneous Plan and the Safety Plan of the Palo Alto, provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries for substantially all permanent Palo Alto employees. Benefit provisions under the plans are established by State statute and local government resolution. No employees assigned to the electric system participate in the Safety Plan.

Pension costs are funded by bi-weekly contributions to CalPERS by Palo Alto and contributions from employees. Active Miscellaneous Plan members hired prior to July 17, 2010 are required to contribute 8.00% of their annual covered salary, those member hired on or after July 17, 2010 are required to contribute 7.00% and those hired on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 6.25% of their annual covered salary. The member contribution can be paid by the employee or by Palo Alto on the employee's behalf in accordance with applicable labor agreements. The required member contributions are currently paid by the employees. Palo Alto's employer contribution rate is determined annually by the actuary effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contribution amounts are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Palo Alto is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rates are established, and may be amended, by CalPERS.

In April 2017, Palo Alto established an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 irrevocable trust with the Public Agency Retirement Services ("PARS"). The Palo Alto City Council approved an initial deposit of \$2.1 million in general fund proceeds into the general fund subaccount of Palo Alto's PARS Trust Account. The PARS Trust Account allows more control and flexibility in investment allocations compared to Palo Alto's portfolio which is restricted by State regulations to fixed income instructions. As of

December 31, 2021, Palo Alto reported the account balance of \$37.7 million as restricted cash in general benefits, an internal service fund.

The table below sets forth the electric system's allocated share of Palo Alto's required contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21. The amount budgeted for the electric system's allocated share of Palo Alto's estimated required contributions to such plan for fiscal year 2021-22 is \$5,783,964.

City of Palo Alto Miscellaneous Plan (dollars in thousands)			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Electric System Allocated Share	Total City Required Contribution Amount	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$2,961	\$20,638	26.59%
2018	4,496	23,342	28.95
2019	N/A	25,423	30.79
2020	N/A	28,889	35.66
2021	N/A	32,782	37.60

Source: City of Palo Alto.

Palo Alto's required contributions to CalPERS fluctuate each year and include a normal cost component and a component equal to an amortized amount of the unfunded liability. Many assumptions are used to estimate the ultimate liability of pensions and the contributions that will be required to meet those obligations. The CalPERS Board of Administration has adjusted and may in the future further adjust certain assumptions used in the CalPERS actuarial valuations, which adjustments may increase Palo Alto's required contributions to CalPERS in future years. Accordingly, Palo Alto cannot provide any assurances that Palo Alto's required contributions to CalPERS in future years will not significantly increase (or otherwise vary) from any past or current projected levels of contributions. The assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liabilities may be found in Palo Alto's most recent audited financial statements which are available on Palo Alto's website at <http://www.cityofpaloalto.org>.

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration voted to lower the pension plan's assumed rate of return for purposes of its actuarial valuations from 7.5% to 7.0% by 2020 (which reduction has been phased in over the period from fiscal year 2017-18 to 2019-20). The impact of each reduction in the rate of return will be phased in over five years, with the full impact realized in the 2024-25 fiscal year. CalPERS has estimated that with a reduction in the rate of return to 7.0%, most employers could expect a 1% to 3% increase in the percentage of payroll contribution for the normal cost for miscellaneous plans. In addition, CalPERS has estimated that employers could expect gradual increases in their unfunded accrued liability payment, reaching an approximate increase in such payment (relative to the unfunded accrued liability payments projected in the June 30, 2015 valuation report) of 30% to 40% by fiscal year 2024-25 for miscellaneous plans. As a result, required contributions of employers, including Palo Alto, toward unfunded accrued liabilities, and as a percentage of payroll for normal costs, are expected to increase.

The announcement on July 12, 2021 that CalPERS achieved a preliminary investment return of 21.3% for the period from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 caused the CalPERS Board of Administration to lower CalPERS' discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8% on November 15, 2021 in accordance with a risk mitigation policy that was adopted in 2015, which calls for the discount rate to be lowered if returns exceed the then-current discount rate by two or more percentage points. Lowering the discount rate generally means that employers which contract with CalPERS to administer their pension plans will see increases in their normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities.

Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, Palo Alto adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) Statement No. 68 (“GASB No. 68”), affecting the reporting of pension liabilities for accounting purposes. Under GASB No. 68, Palo Alto is required to report the Net Pension Liability (*i.e.*, the difference between the Total Pension Liability and the Pension Plan’s Net Position or market value of assets) in its financial statements.

The table below summarizes certain information relating to the Net Pension Liability of the Miscellaneous Plan as of June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020, as reported in Palo Alto’s audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The electric system’s allocable share of Palo Alto’s net pension liability was not separately determined.

City of Palo Alto Miscellaneous Plan (dollars in thousands)			
Measurement Date ⁽¹⁾ (June 30)	Net Pension Liability	Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2016	\$244,237	65.79%	331.29%
2017	267,805	65.70	345.08
2018	264,661	67.38	328.23
2019	275,164	67.59	333.24
2020	290,272	67.18	358.29

⁽¹⁾ Measured using prior fiscal year annual actuarial valuation rolled forward to measurement date using standard update procedures.

Source: City of Palo Alto.

As of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the total pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan for the City of Palo Alto was \$849,004 and the plan fiduciary net position was \$594,063, resulting in a city-wide Miscellaneous Plan net pension liability of \$290,272. In the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation utilized for measuring the pension liability as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial valuation assumptions used for determining pension liabilities included (a) a 7.15% discount rate; (b) projected salary increases that vary based on age and type of service; and (c) an inflation rate of 2.50% per year.

Retiree Health Benefits. Palo Alto participates in the California Public Employees Medical and Health Care Act to provide certain health care benefits for retired employees, including employees of the electric system (the “OPEB Plan”). In fiscal year 2007-08, Palo Alto elected to participate in an irrevocable trust (the “Trust Fund”) to provide a funding mechanism for its OPEB liability. The Trust Fund, California Employers’ Retirees Benefit Trust, is administered by CalPERS and managed by a separately appointed board, which is not under control of the City Council. Palo Alto’s policy is to prefund these OPEB benefits by accumulating assets in the Trust Fund pursuant to City Council Resolution. The OPEB Plan annual contributions to the Trust Fund are based on actuarial valuations. Under the OPEB Plan, employees who retire directly from the City of Palo Alto are eligible for benefits if they retire on or after age 50 with 5 years of service and are receiving a monthly pension from CalPERS.

Effective for fiscal year 2017-18, Palo Alto follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (“GASB No. 75”) affecting the reporting of OPEB liabilities for accounting purposes. GASB No. 75 establishes standards for employers with other postemployment liabilities for recognizing and measuring net OPEB liabilities, along with deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to the other postemployment liability. GASB No. 75 does not affect funding requirements.

The table below sets forth certain information regarding the electric system's allocated share of Palo Alto's annual contributions to the OPEB Plan trust for the four fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021, and the relation of Palo Alto's contributions to the actuarially determined contribution amount for such fiscal year. The amount budgeted for the electric system's share of OPEB Plan contributions for fiscal year 2021-22 is \$1,558,060.

City of Palo Alto OPEB Plan (dollars in thousands)				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contribution Funded by Electric System	Total City Contribution	Actuarially Determined Contribution Amount	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) to Actuarially Determined Contribution
2018	\$560	\$21,349	\$16,938	\$(4,411)
2019	N/A	15,997	15,997	--
2020	N/A	16,475	16,482	7
2021	___N/A	14,592	14,566	(26)

Source: City of Palo Alto.

Pursuant to GASB No. 75, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, Palo Alto reported a net OPEB liability of approximately \$124,798,000 (reflecting a total OPEB liability of \$251,293,000 and a plan fiduciary net position of \$126,495,000 for the OPEB Plan). The net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll was 99.30%. The OPEB Plan Net Position as a percentage of Palo Alto's total OPEB liability was 50.34%. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, based on actuarial methods and assumptions. The actuarial assumptions used include: (a) a 6.75% discount rate; (b) a 2.75% inflation rate; (c) payroll growth of 3.00%; (d) a 6.75% investment rate of return; and (e) post-retirement benefit cost increases of 6.30% for 2021, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later for Medicare plan premiums, and 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later for Non-Medicare premiums.

Additional information regarding the City of Palo Alto's retirement plans and other post-employment benefits can be found in Palo Alto's annual comprehensive financial reports, which may be obtained at <http://www.cityofpaloalto.org>.

Insurance

Palo Alto is self-insured up to \$1 million and is a member of the Authority for California Cities Excess Liability ("ACCEL") risk pool. ACCEL is a joint powers authority that includes 13 members from medium-sized cities self-funding for catastrophic losses. Palo Alto shares risk within this pool up to \$4 million and through the pool, purchases commercial excess insurance limits up to \$200 million. In addition, Palo Alto maintains property insurance including loss or damage to Palo Alto electric system property.

Litigation

There is no action, suit or proceeding known to be pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining Palo Alto in the execution or delivery of, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of any proceedings of Palo Alto taken with respect to, the Third Phase Agreement.

There is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of Palo Alto, threatened, questioning the existence of Palo Alto, or the title of the officers of Palo Alto to their respective offices. As of the date of

this Official Statement, there is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of Palo Alto, threatened, questioning or affecting in any material respect the financial condition of Palo Alto's electric utility system.

As described below, litigation has been filed challenging the Palo Alto utilities' transfers to the General Fund:

Green v. City of Palo Alto. Through annual equity transfers, Palo Alto transfers a portion of the earnings of its gas and electric utilities to its General Fund each year, pursuant to a voter-approved charter provision authorizing it to do so. In October 2016, plaintiff Miriam Green ("Green") filed a class action lawsuit against Palo Alto challenging Palo Alto's equity transfers and electric rates, under Proposition 26. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, these transfers amounted to \$20.5 million (\$13.6 million electric and \$6.9 million gas) and in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the transfers amounted to \$20.1 million (\$13.1 million electric and \$7.0 million gas). In this respect, Palo Alto is similar to other municipal power utilities (and four municipal gas utilities in California), which make annual general fund transfers on various theories.

On January 2, 2020, the Santa Clara Superior Court found the City's electric rates did not violate Proposition 26; a complete victory for the City on the electric side of the case. The court found that because the City had sufficient non-rate revenue to fund the electric-to-general fund transfer, the City's electric rates for the time period covered by the lawsuit did not exceed the reasonable cost of providing electric service, and therefore did not constitute a tax requiring voter approval.

The trial court also found that the City's gas rates for the relevant period *were* taxes, since the City lacked sufficient non-rate revenue to cover the gas to general fund transfer. On September 20, 2021, the City Council voted to appeal the trial court's decision on the City's gas rates, and Green cross appealed. Since then, the parties have engaged in preliminary settlement discussions and have opted to pursue mediation. Mediation is set for April 13, 2022.

Lawsuits and other claims filed against Palo Alto as it relates to its Department of Utilities' electric system and operations arise in the ordinary course and scope of Palo Alto's municipal utility business and are largely covered by Palo Alto's self-insurance program. In the opinion of Palo Alto's management and attorneys, these lawsuits and other claims will not have a material adverse effect upon Palo Alto's electric system and operations.

Palo Alto's Operations Since Industry Restructuring

Electric System Policies. In March 1997, the City Council of Palo Alto approved three electric utility policies relating to customer choice, stranded cost recovery and marketing beyond Palo Alto borders. Palo Alto undertook a number of actions in order to implement those policies. Direct access (discussed below) was offered to large commercial and industrial customers; however, none of them exercised the option. Given the lack of interest in the community for direct access in combination with the instability of energy markets in 2001 and CPUC actions relating to direct access, direct access was suspended by the City Council effective August 1, 2001. There are no plans to re-implement direct access at this time.

AB 1890, adopted in 1996, provided for the deregulation of California's electric industry effective January 1, 1998. A key element of deregulation was the provision for "direct access", which would allow electric customers to choose their electric commodity supplier. Palo Alto, along with other California utilities, was faced with the prospect of losing customers and load to direct access and having made significant investments in generation assets purchased or built to serve these customers. In response to such risk, PG&E and certain other investor- and municipally-owned utilities established stranded cost surcharges to collect funds from ratepayers to cover the amount that these uneconomic assets were projected to cost above their market value in the future (*i.e.*, "stranded cost").

Electric Special Project Reserve (formerly the Calaveras Reserve). In 1983, the City Council established the Calaveras Reserve in the Electric Fund to help defray a portion of the annual debt service costs associated with the NCPA Calaveras Hydroelectric Project, which was put in service at that time. As originally established, the Calaveras Reserve policy did not provide for a target balance and depletion of the reserve was anticipated by 2002.

In 1996, the City Council changed the purpose of the Calaveras Reserve and authorized collections from electric ratepayers to cover stranded cost. In addition, the City Council approved a new policy linking the reserve balance to an amount sufficient to cover other potential stranded costs. The assets identified as stranded at that time included the Seattle City Light Exchange contract (terminated in May 2018), the Calaveras Hydroelectric Project and the COTP.

In 1997, the City Council revised the reserve target level to cover above-market, or “stranded,” costs to \$93 million by December 31, 2001 to be collected from a stranded cost surcharge imposed on electric rates. When the Calaveras Reserve balance reached \$71 million in 1999, stranded costs were deemed fully collected. At that time, Council authorized the cessation of the collection of the stranded cost surcharge and established the Calaveras Reserve Target and Guidelines with a schedule to drawdown the funds and manage electric rates through transfers from the Calaveras Reserve to the Electric Supply Rate Stabilization Reserve (E-SRSR) through the end of fiscal year 2032-33, when the Calaveras Reserve would be exhausted.

In 2001, the California electric industry faced an energy crisis triggering wholesale power price spikes and rolling blackouts throughout the State. The crisis was blamed on poor deregulation market design and market manipulation by energy suppliers. As a result, direct access was suspended in California for the investor-owned utilities (although it was subsequently phased in for non-residential end-use customers of the investor-owned utilities pursuant to Senate Bill 695, adopted in 2009) and subsequently, Palo Alto suspended its direct access program. Further, as a result of changing market conditions and the assignment of certain electric assets, the estimate of the City’s stranded cost is lower now than when stranded cost collections stopped in 1999. Since then, electric market prices have increased significantly, reducing the stranded cost associated with the Calaveras Hydroelectric Project.

On June 15, 2009, the City Council adopted new guidelines to manage the Calaveras Reserve which required an annual calculation of short-term stranded costs during the annual budget process for the upcoming budget year(s) and set the minimum transfer from the Calaveras Reserve to the Electric Supply Operating Budget equal to this amount. The revised guidelines also called for an annual calculation of long-term stranded cost and identification of any excess funds in the Calaveras Reserve available to fund projects to the benefit of electric ratepayers.

On November 1, 2011, the City Council renamed the Calaveras Reserve as the Electric Special Project Reserve (“ESP”) and approved a new policy direction and guidelines for use of funds. On May 18, 2015, the City Council updated the guidelines to extend the deadlines to commit funds and close the ESP Reserve, as follows:

- The purpose of the ESP Reserve is to fund projects that benefit electric ratepayers;
- ESP Reserve funds are to be used for projects of significant impact;
- Projects proposed for funding must demonstrate a need and/or value to electric ratepayers. The projects must have verifiable value and not be speculative, or risky in nature;
- Projects proposed for funding must be substantial in size, requiring funding of at least \$1 million;
- Set a goal to commit funds by end of fiscal year 2016-17; and

- Any uncommitted funds remaining at the end of fiscal year 2021-22 will be transferred to the Electric Supply Operation Reserve and the ESP Reserve will be closed.

As of December 2021, the ESP Reserve funds have not been fully committed; however, staff is evaluating suitable large projects such as advanced metering infrastructure which could increase utility resiliency. The approximate balance of the ESP Reserve as of June 30 for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21 is set forth below:

	2016-17	2017-18⁽¹⁾	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Balance	\$51,838,000	\$41,665,000	\$41,700,000	\$46,700,000	\$46,700,000

Source: City of Palo Alto Audited Financial Statements for fiscal years 2013-14 through 2017-18.

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2017-18, the Palo Alto City Council approved a \$10 million loan from the ESP Reserve to keep the Electric Distribution Operations Reserve above the minimum reserve guidelines. The loan is expected to be repaid to the ESP Reserve within five years. See “–Operations Reserve” below.

Rate Stabilization Reserve. In June 1998, the City Council approved staff’s recommendation to unbundle the Electric and Gas Rate Stabilization Reserves (“RSR”). The RSR was originally created to cover a number of unforeseen contingencies, including the need to supplement rates which cover distribution expenses, and commodity supply costs. The City Council has approved a set of guidelines for the RSR based on a forecast of contingencies to be covered. In December 2003 and again in January 2007, the City Council updated the reserve guidelines taking into account, among other aspects, the increased cost volatility due to the electric portfolio cost exposure to hydroelectric production uncertainties that arose in 2005 with the then-new Western Base Resource Contract. In June 2014, the City Council approved updated Reserves Management Practices, and existing reserves were separated for more specific purposes. The RSR is now are used to manage the trajectory of future rate increases, with the Operations Reserve being used to manage normal variations in the costs of providing electric service and as a reserve for contingencies. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of RSR was \$51.3 million.

Operations Reserve. In June 2014, the City Council approved updated Reserves Management Practices. New Electric Supply Fund and Electric Distribution Fund Operations Reserves were created, and are used to manage normal variations in the costs of providing electric service and as a reserve for contingencies. The City Council approved a set of guidelines for the minimum and maximum level of reserves to be held, as well as policies should reserves fall outside of those ranges. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the Supply Operations and Distribution Operations Reserves were \$19.9 and \$10.0 million, respectively. Both the Supply Operations and Distribution Operations Reserves were above the guidelines for the minimum level.

Hydro Stabilization Reserve. In accordance with the City’s updated Reserves Management Practices approved in June 2014, supply cost savings and surplus energy sales revenue associated with higher than average generation from hydroelectric resources may be added to the Electric Supply Fund’s Hydro Stabilization Reserve by action of the City Council and held to offset higher commodity supply costs during years of lower than average generation. Withdrawal of funds from the Hydro Stabilization Reserve requires action by the City Council. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the Hydro Stabilization Reserve was \$15.4 million.

Public Benefits Reserve. In June 1998, the City Council of Palo Alto approved the Public Benefits Reserve to be created for the purpose of establishing a separate reserve from the Electric Fund. The revenue collected for the Public Benefit programs that are not spent are deposited into this reserve for future use. The balance of the Public Benefits Reserve at June 30, 2021 was \$3.0.

Unbundled Electric Rates. In June 1997, Palo Alto became the first electric utility in California to unbundle its electric rates on customers’ bills. Palo Alto’s unbundled electric rates were initially comprised

of the following four components: (i) a power supply charge, (ii) a distribution charge, (iii) a transition cost recovery charge and (iv) a public benefits charge. On July 1, 1999, the transition cost recovery charge was discontinued. The distribution charge and public benefits charge are non-bypassable charges and therefore are paid to Palo Alto by the customer, regardless of energy supplier.

Significant Accounting Policies

Palo Alto's most recent Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 has been audited by Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP, Walnut Creek, California, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and contains opinions that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the various funds maintained by Palo Alto. The reports include certain notes to the financial statements which are not described below. Such notes constitute an integral part of the audited financial statements. Copies of these reports are available on request from the Administrative Services Department, City of Palo Alto, 250 Hamilton Avenue, Palo Alto, California 94301 and are available on-line at <https://www.cityofpaloalto.org/gov/depts/asd/reporting.asp>. Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein. Funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The Palo Alto electric system is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (i) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises (where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges) or (ii) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Condensed Operating Results and Selected Balance Sheet Information

The following table sets forth summaries of income and selected balance sheet information of Palo Alto's electric funds for the five fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21. The information for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021 was prepared by Palo Alto on the basis of its audited financial statements for such years.

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**CITY OF PALO ALTO
DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES
ELECTRIC AND FIBER OPTICS FUNDS
CONDENSED OPERATING RESULTS AND SELECTED
BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION⁽¹⁾
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)**

	Fiscal Year ended June 30,				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Summary of Income:					
Operating Revenues	\$137,543	\$ 154,142	\$ 163,514	\$ 169,389	\$ 162,240
Operating Expenses ⁽²⁾	<u>(119,568)</u>	<u>(136,902)</u>	<u>(130,881)</u>	<u>(136,717)</u>	<u>(148,850)</u>
Operating Income	17,975	17,240	32,633	36,672	13,390
Other Income ⁽³⁾	(9,224)	(8,477)	(3,430)	(2,631)	(6,819)
Loss on Disposal of					
Fixed Assets	(116)	(26)	(103)	(87)	(70)
Transfers in	2,679	3,465	3,335	2,582	2,582
Transfers out ⁽⁴⁾	<u>(12,543)</u>	<u>(13,448)</u>	<u>(13,470)</u>	<u>(13,906)</u>	<u>(13,945)</u>
Net Income	\$ (1,229)	\$ (1,246)	\$ 18,965	\$ 18,630	\$ (4,862)
Selected Balance Sheet					
Information:					
Net Property Plant and					
Equipment	\$190,930	\$193,313	\$ 200,749	\$ 205,613	\$ 209,851
Unrestricted	<u>76,643</u>	<u>58,286</u>	<u>69,815</u>	<u>83,581</u>	<u>74,481</u>
Total Net Assets	\$ 267,573	\$ 251,599	\$ 270,564	\$ 289,914	\$ 284,332

⁽¹⁾ A schedule reflecting the breakdown of the financial results for each of Palo Alto's proprietary funds for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021 can be found in the Annual Report, which has been incorporated herein by reference. See "– Introduction" above.

⁽²⁾ Includes purchased power costs and payments to NCPA and TANC. Also includes depreciation in the amount (in thousands) of \$7,733 in fiscal year 2017, \$8,432 in fiscal year 2018, \$2,808 in fiscal year 2019, \$3,002 in fiscal year 2020 and \$3,127 in fiscal year 2021.

⁽³⁾ The negative "Other Income" consists of debt service Palo Alto paid on NCPA bonds and investment earnings due to recording of market value gains.

⁽⁴⁾ Composed primarily of transfers to Palo Alto general fund for costs incurred for the benefit of the Palo Alto utility system, transfers to fund retiree medical benefits and transfers to the capital projects fund.

Source: City of Palo Alto.

CITY OF ROSEVILLE

Introduction

The City of Roseville (“Roseville” or the “City”) is a charter city in the State of California. Roseville is located in Placer County, in California’s Sacramento Valley near the foothills of the Sierra Nevada mountain range, about 16 miles northeast of Sacramento and 110 miles east of San Francisco. Roseville, with a population estimated to be approximately 146,875 at January 1, 2021, is the largest city in Placer County, as well as the residential and industrial center of the county.

Roseville, through its electric system (the “Electric System”), has been providing electrical power to its residents, businesses, and Roseville’s street and traffic lighting systems since 1912. In 1956, Roseville entered into a contract with the federal Bureau of Reclamation for 54 megawatts (“MW”) (a megawatt equals 1 million watts) of electric capacity from the Central Valley Project (the “CVP”), which consists of a system of dams, reservoirs and hydroelectric power plants within central and northern California (the contract is currently administered through the Western Area Power Administration (“Western”). In the early 1970s, Roseville’s demand for electricity exceeded the Western resource allocation. To help meet this additional need, in 1968 Roseville became a charter member in NCPA. Roseville participates in several resources developed by NCPA, including its geothermal, steam-injected gas turbine, and hydroelectric projects (including the Project). In October of 2007, Roseville completed construction of a 160 MW natural gas-fired combined cycle power plant (the “Roseville Energy Park” or “REP”). REP was built as a reliable, economic alternative to bulk power purchases. REP has a base operating capacity of 120 MW with the ability to peak-fire up to 160 MW. On September 1, 2010, Roseville completed the purchase from NCPA, and assumed full title and ownership, of two of the five 24 MW simple cycle combustion turbines originally part of the NCPA Combustion Turbine Project Number One (for a total of 48 MW of capacity), which are connected to the Roseville electric distribution system (and now referred to as “Roseville Power Plant 2” or “RPP2”) to meet reserve and capacity requirements.

Roseville’s Electric System is under the supervision of the Roseville City Council. A seven-member Roseville Public Utilities Commission serves as an advisory board to the City Council on matters relating to all utilities owned and operated by the City. The City Council appoints all seven members of the Roseville Public Utilities Commission. The Electric Utility Director oversees operations of the electric utility and reports to the Assistant City Manager.

Only the revenues of the Roseville Electric System will be available to pay amounts owed by Roseville under the Third Phase Agreement.

The Roseville electric department’s main office is located at 2090 Hilltop Circle, Roseville, California 95747, (916) 797-6937. For more information about Roseville and its Electric System, contact Daniel Beans, Electric Utility Director, at the above address and telephone number. A copy of the most recent annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Roseville (the “Annual Report”) is available on Roseville’s website at <https://www.roseville.ca.us/> and on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system at <http://emma.msrb.org/>. The Annual Report is incorporated herein by this reference. However, the information presented on such website or referenced therein other than the Annual Report is not part of this Official Statement and is not incorporated by reference herein.

Service Area, Customer Base and Demand

Service Area. The Roseville Electric System serves an area of approximately 43 square miles, virtually coterminous with the City’s borders. As of June 30, 2021, the Electric System served an estimated 63,608 customers.

Customer Base. From Fiscal Year 2016-17 to Fiscal Year 2020-21, the Electric System's customer base (average annual number of customers) increased by nearly 9.0%. Residential housing units in Roseville total approximately 57,155, with additional new development underway. There are nearly 11,000 business within the City. In Fiscal Year 2020-21, 30 new construction commercial building permits were issued, representing approximately 602,963 square feet of commercial space.

Shown below is certain population data for the City of Roseville, the County of Placer and the State of California:

**CITY OF ROSEVILLE, COUNTY OF PLACER,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA POPULATION
(1970-2010 as of April 1; 2011-2021 as of January 1)**

	<u>City of Roseville</u>	<u>County of Placer</u>	<u>State of California</u>
1970	18,221	77,632	19,971,069
1980	24,347	117,247	23,667,764
1990	44,685	172,796	29,760,021
2000	79,921	248,399	33,871,653
2010	118,788	348,432	37,253,956
2011	121,290	354,247	37,561,624
2012	123,686	359,648	37,924,661
2013	126,310	363,837	38,269,864
2014	128,327	368,059	38,556,731
2015	129,730	371,234	38,865,532
2016	132,627	376,307	39,103,587
2017	135,300	383,258	39,352,398
2018	137,824	388,872	39,519,535
2019	141,097	395,345	39,605,361
2020	143,493	399,015	39,648,938
2021	146,875	404,994	39,466,855

Source: 1970-2010, as of April 1, based on historical U.S. Census population data compiled by the California State Department of Finance. 2011-2021, as of January 1, State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, with 2010 Census Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2021.

The largest employers in Roseville as of June 30, 2021 are set forth in the table on the following page:

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**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
LARGEST EMPLOYERS**

Employer	Business	Number of Employees
The Permanente Medical Group & Foundation Group	Health Care	5,200
Sutter Roseville Medical Center	Health Care	2,202
City of Roseville	Government	1,896
Roseville Joint Union High School District	Education	1,626
Adventist Health	Health Care	1,320
Union Pacific Railroad	Railroad	1,150
Roseville City School District	Education	1,133
PRIDE Industries	Employment Service	1,062
Top Golf	Entertainment	450
Hewlett-Packard	Technology	100

Source: City of Roseville Audited Comprehensive Financial Report; information from Roseville Chamber of Commerce and self-reported by employers.

Historical Customers Sales and Peak Demand. The average number of customers, electricity sales measured in megawatt hours (“MWh”) and in revenues, and peak demand during the past five Fiscal Years, is listed below.

**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
ELECTRIC SYSTEM
CUSTOMERS, SALES, REVENUES AND PEAK DEMAND ⁽¹⁾**

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of Customers: ⁽²⁾					
Residential	51,638	52,789	53,868	54,687	56,549
Commercial	6,759	6,812	6,884	6,975	7,059
Total	58,397	59,601	60,752	61,662	63,608
MWh Sales					
Residential	439,598	454,795	441,823	458,207	502,808
Commercial	737,843	728,497	705,575	666,157	656,237
Total MWh Sales	1,177,441	1,183,292	1,147,398	1,124,364	1,159,045
Revenues (\$ in 000s):					
Residential	\$ 68,543	\$ 70,803	\$ 69,551	\$ 71,499	\$78,475
Commercial	93,011	91,495	89,727	84,190	84,172
Total Revenues from Sale of Energy	\$161,554	\$162,298	\$159,278	\$155,689	162,647
Peak Demand (MW)	355	354	340	334	341

⁽¹⁾ Revenues listed are as billed. For realized revenues, see the table under “Historical Revenues, Expenses and Debt Service Coverage” below.

⁽²⁾ Customer counts reported as fiscal year average annual values.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: City of Roseville.

Ten Largest Customers

As of June 30, 2021, the ten largest customers of Roseville’s Electric System by usage accounted for an estimated 22% of total kWh sales and 18% of total Electric System revenues. The largest customer accounted for an estimated 6.5% of total kWh sales and 5% of total Electric System revenues. The smallest

of the ten largest customers accounted for an estimated 0.6% of total kWh sales and 0.5% of total Electric System revenues.

Sources of Power Supply

General

Roseville has a diverse portfolio of resources that includes large hydroelectric, geothermal, natural gas, system power contracts, and additional contracts for renewable energy. In addition, Roseville purchases its incremental needs through open market purchases. Roseville owns and operates the Roseville Energy Park and the two units constructed under NCPA Combustion Turbine Project Number One (subsequently renamed Roseville Power Plant 2) connected to the Roseville electric distribution system. Roseville has a long-term contract with Western for a share of the CVP net generation and entitlements to the output of several NCPA projects, including the Project.

The table on the following page provides an estimated summary of Roseville's sources of power supply for Fiscal Year 2020-21.

CITY OF ROSEVILLE ELECTRIC SYSTEM SOURCES OF POWER SUPPLY Fiscal Year 2020-21

Source	Type	Capacity Available (MW) ⁽¹⁾	Actual Energy (GWh) ⁽²⁾	% of Total
Generation:				
Roseville Energy Park	Natural Gas	155	383	32%
Roseville Power Plant 2	Natural Gas	48	3	0
Purchased Power:				
Western	Hydro	56	97	8
NCPA				
Geothermal Project	Geothermal	8	60	5
Hydroelectric Project	Hydro	30	25	2
Steam Injected Gas Turbine ⁽³⁾	Natural Gas	18	17	1
Market Purchases:		79		
Renewable Purchases	Various	N/A	156	13
Non-Renewable Purchases	Various	N/A	461	38
TOTAL *		394	1,202	100%
Peak Demand (MW)		341		
Capacity Reserve Percent ⁽⁴⁾		14%		

(1) Capacity in MW and available for system peak August 18, 2020.

(2) One gigawatt hour (GWh) equals 1 million kilowatt hours (kWh).

(3) Referred to as Unit One or the Capital Facilities Project in the front part of this Official Statement.

(4) Capacity includes resources and contracts for long-term and seasonable purchases. Capacity reserve planning target is 15% of the forecasted peak. Actual peak exceeded forecasted peak (333 MW).

* Numbers may not total due to rounding.

Source: City of Roseville

Roseville Energy Park

Roseville Energy Park (“REP”), is a 120 MW base load combined cycle, natural gas fueled power plant with duct firing capability up to 160 MW. The REP is located in the City of Roseville and is directly connected to Roseville’s distribution system. REP is comprised of two Siemens SGT 800 combustion turbine units and a Siemens STG 900 steam turbine. The plant has been in commercial operation since October 2007 and is owned and operated by Roseville.

Roseville Power Plant 2

The Roseville Power Plant 2 consists of two 24 MW simple cycle combustion turbines (“CT1” and “CT2”), for a total of 48 MW of capacity. These units were previously part of the NCPA Combustion Turbine Project Number One in which Roseville was a participant. See “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS – Combustion Turbine Project Number One” in the front part of this Official Statement. On September 1, 2010, Roseville took ownership of the two units which provide peaking capacity and reserves for Roseville.

Western Area Power Administration

Roseville has various long-term contracts with Western that provide energy, interconnection, and transmission services. Roseville has a 4.85333% share of the net output of the CVP, which provides varying amounts of capacity and energy depending upon hydrologic conditions. The output is reduced by Western’s project use, first preference customer allocations, environmental, and control area obligations. Roseville is directly connected to Western’s transmission system and acquires reserves under contract that include regulation and frequency response and operational reserves. The current term of the power supply contract extends through December 31, 2024. Roseville and Western have negotiated a new contract that begins January 1, 2025. The new 2025 Base Resource contract will include all the same services. The new 2025 Base Resource contract has a 30-year term with options for Roseville to exit every five years. It is anticipated Roseville will lose approximately 2% of its current share under the new 2025 Base Resource contract, making the new allocation 4.75627% in 2025.

Joint Powers Agency Resources

NCPA. In addition to generating and purchasing power from other sources, Roseville is a participant in a number of NCPA projects. Roseville has a 12.00% entitlement share in the NCPA Hydroelectric Project, a 36.50% entitlement share in the NCPA Capital Facilities Project (also referred to as the Unit One or the Combustion Turbine Project Number Two), and a 7.88% entitlement share in the NCPA Geothermal Project. For a description of such resources, see “THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT” and “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS” in the front part of this Official Statement. For each of these generation projects in which Roseville participates, Roseville is obligated to pay on an unconditional take-or-pay basis, as an operating expense of its electric system, its entitlement share of the debt service on NCPA bonds issued for the project as well as its share of the operation and maintenance expenses of the project. See also “– Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations” below.

In order to meet certain obligations required of NCPA to secure transmission and other support services for the NCPA Geothermal Project, NCPA and its transmission project participants (including Roseville) undertook the “Geysers Transmission Project,” which includes (a) an ownership interest in PG&E’s 230 kilovolt (“kV;” 1 kilovolt equals 1,000 volts) line from Castle Rock Junction in Sonoma County to the Lakeville Substation, (b) additional firm transmission rights in this line, and (c) a Central Dispatch Center (see “Dispatch and Scheduling” below). Roseville is entitled to a 14.18% share of the Geysers Transmission Project transfer capability, and is responsible for 14.18% of the costs of such project. For a description of the Geysers Transmission Project, see “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Renewable Purchases

With the passage of California Senate Bill X1-2, the California Renewable Energy Resources Act (“SBX1-2”), California Senate Bill 350, the Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015 (“SB350”), and California Senate Bill 100, the 100 Percent Clean Energy Act of 2018 (“SB 100”), Roseville must comply with the State’s renewable energy targets to achieve renewable energy procurement of 33% by 2020, 50% by 2025, and 60% by 2030. Roseville has an additional incentive to enter into long-term contracts, as certain contracts at least ten years in duration have the ability to carry forward renewable energy credits to be used to meet future compliance periods. Starting in 2020, 65% of RPS procurement must be derived from long-term contracts of 10 or more years. Roseville satisfied the RPS target for Compliance Period 1 (from 2011 through 2013), with approximately 20% renewable energy procured, as well as Compliance Period 2 (from 2014 through 2016), with approximately 25% renewable energy procured. Roseville also satisfied the RPS target for Compliance Period 3 (2017-2020), reaching the 33% target for serving its retail energy load from renewable energy resources by 2020. Roseville’s current RPS contracts are forecasted to fulfill compliance requirements under current law through 2024, including contracts with Silicon Valley Power, Powerex Corporation, Avangrid Renewables, Lost Hills Solar and Blackwell Solar, as well as grandfathered resources including geothermal and small hydroelectric projects. See also “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *California Renewables Portfolio Standard*” in the front part of this Official Statement for more information on SBX1-2, SB 350 and SB 100.

Open Market Term Purchase and Sale Agreements

Roseville enters into various fixed-price purchase or sale contracts on the open market at various times to meet its power supply requirements and hedge its portfolio costs consistent with its risk management policies. Purchases include transactions to hedge natural gas and electricity, physically or financially, over various tenors authorized in Roseville’s Trading Authority Policy. Electricity and gas products are generally purchased or sold on a seasonal or annual basis, to comply with Roseville’s Energy Hedge Policy (described below). Roseville transacts through a competitive bid process with a number of counterparties in line with its Credit Risk Policy. See “– Power Supply Risk Management” below.

Future Power Supply Resources

In addition to the above supply sources, Roseville expects that it will obtain additional resources from market purchases or investment in generation facilities, either independently, through NCPA or through other agencies. In accordance with current State law, Roseville expects that future energy purchases will increasingly be made from renewable energy sources. See “– Energy Efficiency and Conservation” below. See also “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Power Supply Risk Management

The Electric System’s risk management strategies and procedures are monitored by a risk oversight committee (“ROC”) established by Roseville. The ROC meets on a regular basis and includes two members of the City Council, two members of the Roseville Public Utilities Commission, the City Manager, the Assistant City Manager, the Chief Financial Officer, the City Attorney, and the Electric Utility Director. The ROC oversees Roseville’s risk management procedures relating to the Electric System and ensures that Electric System’s risk profile is within the parameters set forth in the risk management policies.

Roseville’s risk management activities for the Electric System are reviewed and monitored routinely by Roseville’s risk management committee (“RMC”). The RMC meets quarterly and is comprised of one delegate from the Finance Department, one delegate from the City Attorney’s office, the Electric

Utility Director, and three Assistant Electric Utility Directors. The RMC discusses risk mitigation strategies, impacts of various strategies on Roseville’s strategic goals for the Electric System and makes recommendations to the ROC, or City Council, as appropriate.

All energy purchases are made in accordance to Roseville’s energy risk policies. The Energy Hedge Policy is designed to reduce energy rate volatility and to maintain rates within reasonable tolerances. The Energy Hedge Policy establishes financial and volumetric hedge limits to mitigate market price exposure. Specifically, the policy requires the following fixed price energy contracts to be procured in advance on a rolling three-year horizon, as a percentage of overall energy supply forecast:

Rolling Year	Minimum Hedged Supply	Maximum Hedged Supply
1	90%	110%
2	70%	100%
3	45%	80%

The policy requires that Roseville purchase forward electric contracts and/or forward gas contracts to fulfill its long-term hedged supply requirement. In the event of decreases in expected sales levels, the policy may require that Roseville sell forward electric gas and/or electric contracts. Authorized electric and gas transactions are defined in Roseville’s Energy Trading Authority Policy, and executed within its Energy Credit Risk Policy. For the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2023, Roseville has fixed the price of approximately [9.75] million MMBtu of natural gas and over [929] GWh of electricity. *{to be updated}* These financial contracts are divided among BP Energy, Conoco Philips, J Aron and Company, Macquarie Energy, EDF Trading North America, and Shell Trading Risk Management.

Fuel Supply; Natural Gas Prepayment

Natural gas is the primary fuel of Roseville’s REP and RPP2. See “– Sources of Power Supply.” The REP at its optimal output can require delivery of up to 22,000 MMBtu of natural gas per day, with current average daily requirements of approximately 6,500 MMBtu. In early 2007, Roseville undertook a prepaid gas procurement arrangement through the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority, pursuant to which such Authority entered into a 20-year pre-paid natural gas supply contract with Merrill Lynch Commodities Inc. (“MLCI”) for the supply of natural gas to Roseville. The natural gas Roseville is obligated to purchase under the pre-paid gas supply agreement with the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority provides all of Roseville’s current gas requirements for the REP. The natural gas supply contract provides Roseville with seasonally adjusted fixed monthly quantities of gas at a discounted monthly index price. To hedge Roseville’s natural gas price exposure, Roseville forecasts its expected monthly natural gas requirements and enters into forward natural gas contracts consistent with its risk management policies as noted above.

The fuel supply for Roseville’s gas-fired generation facilities is delivered to Roseville through PG&E’s natural gas pipeline system.

Regional Transmission Facilities

Western Network Integrated Transmission Service Agreement (“NITS”). Roseville’s electric system interconnects with the transmission system of Western. The Western transmission system is part of the Balancing Authority of Northern California (“BANC”) balancing authority area and interconnects with the CAISO Controlled Grid. Roseville imports all of its requirements not met by the Roseville Energy Park and the Roseville Power Plant 2 over the Western transmission system. Roseville contracts for transmission service to meet its load under a NITS contract that expires on December 31, 2024. This contract provides for imports of electricity from various delivery points to provide delivery into Roseville’s electric system.

Roseville pays a proportionate share of Western's cost for operating and maintaining the system, which is currently \$3.2 million per year. Western has indicated that in July 2024 they will begin negotiations on the NITS renewal, with the new contract to be effective on January 1, 2025.

Balancing Authority of Northern California. BANC is a joint powers authority consisting of Roseville, the Sacramento Municipal Utility District ("SMUD"), the Modesto Irrigation District, the City of Redding, the Trinity Public Utility District, and the City of Shasta Lake. A balancing authority performs a balancing function in which customer usage and resources are matched on a moment-by-moment basis. In addition, a balancing authority operates the transmission system, monitoring power lines to ensure they are operated within the reliable limits of the system in addition to coordinating the operation with neighboring balancing authorities. SMUD acts as the balancing authority operator for BANC under contract. With a peak electricity demand of around 5,000 MW, BANC is the third largest balancing authority in California, serving approximately 763,000 retail customers, and includes more than 1,700 miles of high voltage transmission lines. Roseville represents approximately 7% of the total BANC member load.

On April 3, 2019, SMUD, the largest BANC member, began its participation in the CAISO Energy Imbalance Market ("EIM"), a real-time wholesale power trading market that operates in parts of eight western states, including Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, and Arizona. In addition to modest economic benefits, participation in the EIM is expected to increase BANC members' ability to integrate the renewable energy needed to meet California's environmental goals, provide additional sources of real-time supply to augment reliability resources, allow participants to demonstrate support for regional markets, and retain transaction access to a robust pool of resources. Roseville entered into an agreement with BANC to participate in the EIM and began participating on March 25, 2021.

California Independent System Operator Controlled Grid. The CAISO provides a market for Roseville to purchase its incremental energy needs, and in which to sell the output of its entitlements in NCPA's generating units, and contract purchases. Under current CAISO operating protocols, Roseville pays per MWh charges for uses of the transmission system for exports from CAISO.

TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project ("COTP"). Roseville is a member of the Transmission Agency of Northern California ("TANC") and has executed an agreement (the "TANC Agreement") for a participation percentage of TANC's entitlement of COTP transfer capability. Pursuant to the TANC Agreement, Roseville has a participation share of 2.313% of TANC's entitlement to transfer capability of the COTP (approximately 29.35 MW) and is responsible for 2.313% of TANC's COTP operating and maintenance expenses and 2.295% of TANC's aggregate debt service on a take-or-pay basis. Roseville's share of annual debt service continues to the year 2039 and is approximately \$850,000 per year. See also "CITY OF ALAMEDA – Transmission Resources – *TANC California-Oregon Transmission Project*" for a further description of the COTP and the TANC Agreement.

TANC Tesla-Midway Transmission Service. The southern physical terminus of the COTP is near PG&E's Tesla Substation in the San Francisco Bay Area. The COTP is connected to Western's Tracy and Olinda Substations. TANC has arranged for PG&E to provide TANC and its members with 300 MW of firm bi-directional transmission capacity in its transmission system between its Tesla Substation and the Midway Substation (the "Tesla-Midway Service") under an agreement known as the South of Tesla Principles. Roseville's share of the Tesla-Midway Transmission Service is 5 MW. This service has not proven valuable to the City and the City has laid off its rights to this services to other TANC members through 2024.

Roseville Distribution System

Roseville owns and operates the electrical distribution system serving retail customers within the City of Roseville boundaries. The distribution system is connected to the Western transmission system at

two connection points, the 230-kV Berry Street Receiving Station and the 230-kV Fiddymont Station. The distribution system consists of over 144 miles of overhead lines, over 786 miles of underground lines, 59 fiber circuit miles, and 18 substations. Roseville performs continued maintenance on its distribution system to sustain service reliability.

Dispatch and Scheduling

Roseville contracts with ACES Power Marketing (“ACES”) to provide scheduling services and has discontinued its participation in the NCPA Power Pool. NCPA continues to dispatch the NCPA power plants to meet the schedules of energy delivery prepared and submitted by ACES on Roseville’s behalf. NCPA provides dispatch service from its Central Dispatch Center located at its headquarters in Roseville.

Energy Efficiency and Conservation

In 1996, California Assembly Bill 1890 (“AB 1890”), the California electric utility deregulation law, required the establishment of public benefit programs for investor-owned and public power utilities through 2001. In 2006, Assembly Bill 2021 further required power utilities to set yearly goals for the actual amount of energy efficiency savings (in kWh) to be procured. These requirements have been further codified as part of the California Public Utilities Code. The California Public Utilities Code does not set an expiration/sunset date on these requirements for public power utilities. Roseville funds these programs at a minimum of 2.85% of budgeted yearly revenues (approximately \$4.5 million in Fiscal Year 2021-22).

Roseville has developed a full portfolio of public benefits programs for the Electric System since 1996, addressing the following areas of concentration required by State law: energy efficiency programs, renewable energy production, demand reduction, advanced electric technology demonstration, research and development, and low income assistance programs. Residential and commercial energy efficiency offerings focus primarily on summer period consumption reduction and include programs for both existing facilities and new construction.

Under California Assembly Bill 2021, Roseville is required to develop ten-year plans for energy efficiency goals and report on these goals to the California Energy Commission (“CEC”) with updates every four years. The CEC has the obligation to develop energy efficiency goals for the entire State, after consultation with utilities and others. The Roseville Electric System participates in the State effort, and the Roseville City Council approved the ten-year energy efficiency goals most recently in March 2017. The Roseville Electric System participated in the 2020 Statewide public utility energy efficiency potential study and in March 2021 submitted revised ten-year efficiency goals for approval by the City Council.

California Senate Bill 1037, signed into law in September 2005, established several important policies regarding energy efficiency. Among the many provisions of the law is a Statewide commitment to cost-effective and feasible energy efficiency, with the expectation that all utilities consider energy efficiency before investing in any other resources to meet growing demand. Roseville is required to report annually to its customers and to the CEC, its investment in energy efficiency and demand reduction programs. Roseville continues its commitment to energy efficiency and is in compliance with these requirements.

For a more detailed discussion of certain California legislation in recent years relating to the electric energy market, see “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Employees

General. As of July 1, 2021, 194 City of Roseville authorized positions were assigned specifically to the Electric Department. Meter reading, customer billing and collections were moved to the Electric Department beginning in Fiscal Year 2021-22.

Most of the non-management City personnel working at the Electric System are represented by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (“IBEW”). The current IBEW contract will expire on April 30, 2022. The City of Roseville and IBEW intend to begin negotiations on a new contract in advance of the current contract expiration. There have been no strikes or other work stoppages at the City, including at the Electric System.

Pension Plans. Substantially all permanent Roseville employees, including those employees assigned to the Electric System, are eligible to participate in pension plans offered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (“CalPERS”), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State. CalPERS issues a separate annual comprehensive financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

CalPERS is a contributory plan deriving funds from employee contributions as well as from employer contributions and earnings from investments. Employees of the Electric System participate in the CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan, and the Electric System pays a percentage of Roseville’s Miscellaneous Plan expenses based on the number of employees. Active Miscellaneous Plan members hired prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 8.00% of their annual covered salary and those hired on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 6.25% of their annual covered salary. The member contribution can be paid by the employee or by Roseville on the employee’s behalf in accordance with applicable labor agreements. The required member contributions are currently paid by the employees. Roseville’s employer contribution rate is determined annually by the actuary effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contribution amounts are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Roseville is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined amount and the contribution rate of employees. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rates are established, and may be amended, by CalPERS.

The table below sets forth Electric System’s allocated share of Roseville’s required contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the past five Fiscal Years. The Electric System’s estimated allocated share of Roseville’s budgeted contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022 is \$7,868,584.

City of Roseville Miscellaneous Plan			
Fiscal Year	Electric System Allocated Share of Contributions	Total City Contribution Amount	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2016-17	\$4,699,119	\$19,896,723	26.54%
2017-18	4,463,913	18,499,075	23.96
2018-19	5,112,952	20,601,494	23.88
2019-20	5,888,148	23,130,931	28.76
2020-21	7,058,610	27,226,777	31.48

Source: City of Roseville.

Roseville's required contributions to CalPERS fluctuate each year and include a normal cost component and a component equal to an amortized amount of the unfunded liability. Many assumptions are used to estimate the ultimate liability of pensions and the contributions that will be required to meet those obligations. The CalPERS Board of Administration has adjusted and may in the future further adjust certain assumptions used in the CalPERS actuarial valuations, which adjustments may increase Roseville's required contributions to CalPERS in future years.

On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration lowered the discount rate from 7.5% to 7.0% using a three year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actual valuations, and beginning with Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS changed the employer contributions toward the plan's unfunded liability as dollar amounts instead of prior method of a contribution rate. The announcement on July 12, 2021 that CalPERS achieved a preliminary investment return of 21.3% for the period from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 caused the CalPERS Board of Administration to lower CalPERS' discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8% on November 15, 2021 in accordance with a risk mitigation policy that was adopted in 2015, which calls for the discount rate to be lowered if returns exceed the then-current discount rate by two or more percentage points. Lowering the discount rate generally means that employers which contract with CalPERS to administer their pension plans will see increases in their normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities. The CalPERS Board of Administration may in the future further adjust certain assumptions used in the CalPERS actuarial valuations, which adjustments may increase Roseville's required contributions to CalPERS in future years. Accordingly, Roseville cannot provide any assurances that Roseville's required contributions to CalPERS in future years will not significantly increase (or otherwise vary) from any past or current projected levels of contributions.

Effective for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015, Roseville adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68 ("GASB No. 68"), affecting the reporting of pension liabilities for accounting purposes. Under GASB No. 68, Roseville is required to report the Net Pension Liability (*i.e.*, the difference between the Total Pension Liability and the Pension Plan's Net Position or market value of assets) in its financial statements.

The table below summarizes certain information relating to the Net Pension Liability of the Miscellaneous Plan as of June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020 (as reported in Roseville's audited financial statements as of the succeeding fiscal year). The Electric System's allocable share of Roseville's net pension liability was not separately determined.

City of Roseville Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement Date⁽¹⁾ (June 30)	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll
2016	\$565,400,677	\$361,251,067	\$204,149,610	63.89%	275.38%
2017	632,299,916	403,695,744	228,604,172	63.85	305.94
2018	667,324,796	435,184,425	232,140,371	65.21	291.57
2019	708,947,152	461,423,549	247,523,603	65.09	311.23
2020	746,608,126	481,927,863	264,680,263	64.55	329.13

⁽¹⁾ Measured using prior fiscal year annual actuarial valuation rolled forward to measurement date using standard update procedures.

Source: City of Roseville.

In the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation utilized for measuring the pension liability as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial valuation assumptions used for determining total pension liabilities included (a) a 7.15% investment rate of return (net of pension plan investment and administrative expense); (b) projected salary increases that range from 3.3% to 14.2% annually; (c) an inflation component of 2.50% per year; (d) payroll growth of 3.0%; and (e) a discount rate of 7.15%.

Retiree Health Benefits. Roseville also provides post-employment medical benefits (“OPEB benefits”) to substantially all retirees, including those assigned to the Electric System, under the City of Roseville Retiree Healthcare Plan, a sole employer defined healthcare plan administered by the Trust Investment Review Committee. Roseville is responsible for establishing and amending the funding policy of the plan. Roseville manages the plan by investing assets in a Retiree Health Plan Trust (the “OPEB Trust”), established pursuant to a Trust Agreement, and managed by the OPEB’s Trust Administrator, PFM Asset Management LLC. As of June 30, 2021, there were 1,343 participants receiving OPEB benefits under the plan.

The contribution requirements of plan members and Roseville are established and may be amended by the Roseville City Council. The City Council establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate.

Effective beginning in Fiscal Year 2017-18, Roseville follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (“GASB No. 75”) affecting the reporting of OPEB liabilities for accounting purposes. GASB No. 75 establishes standards for employers with other postemployment liabilities for recognizing and measuring net OPEB liabilities, along with deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to the other postemployment liability. GASB No. 75 does not affect funding requirements.

The table below sets forth certain information regarding the Electric System’s allocated share of Roseville’s annual contributions to the OPEB Plan for the four Fiscal Years 2017-18 through 2020-21, including the relation of Roseville’s contributions to the actuarially determined contribution amount for such fiscal year. The Electric System’s estimated allocated share of Roseville’s budgeted contributions to the OPEB Plan for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022 is \$2,300,000.

City of Roseville OPEB Plan

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contribution Funded by Electric System	Total City Contribution	Actuarially Determined Contribution Amount	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) to Actuarially Determined Contribution
2018 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,016,000	\$ 14,213,000	\$ 15,132,000	\$ 919,000
2019	2,079,000	15,226,000	15,342,000	116,000
2020	2,224,000	13,739,000	16,485,000	(2,746,000)
2021	2,286,000	14,026,000	15,353,152	(1,327,152)

⁽¹⁾ First fiscal year of implementation of GASB No. 75.

Source: City of Roseville.

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability was \$242,704,968 and the OPEB Plan fiduciary net position was \$143,077,125, resulting in a net OPEB liability of \$99,627,843 as of June 30, 2021. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability was 58.95%. The net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll was 86.22%. In the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation utilized in determining the OPEB liability, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used with a 24-year fixed amortization period and level percentage of pay. The actuarial valuation assumptions used include (a) a 6.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expense); (b) projected salary increases of 3% annually; (c) an inflation component of 2.75% per year; and (d) a healthcare trend 7.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2076 for non-medicare participants, and 6.5% in 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 for medicare participants.

Additional information regarding the City of Roseville's retirement plans and other post-employment benefits can be found in Roseville's annual comprehensive financial reports, which may be obtained at www.roseville.ca.us.

Insurance

Roseville is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority ("CJPRMA"), which covers general liability claims, property, and boiler and machinery losses. Once Roseville's deductible is met, CJPRMA becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit. General liability claims are covered up to \$40,000,000 with a self-insured retention of \$500,000 per claim. For Fiscal Year 2020-21, Roseville's premium was \$1,008,371. CJPRMA has purchased commercial insurance against property damage and boiler and machinery claims. Property damage is covered up to \$400,000,000 with a self-insured retention of \$500,000 per claim. Boiler and Machinery damage is covered up to \$21,250,000 with a self-insured retention of \$5,000. For Fiscal Year 2020-21, the annual premium cost for both was \$528,646.

Additionally, Roseville maintains insurance coverage for liabilities arising from the Roseville Energy Park property. The policy has a self-insured retention of \$250,000 per claim up to a \$200,000,000 limit. For the policy term of October 13, 2020 through October 13, 2021, Roseville's premium is \$658,399. Roseville has also purchased fiduciary insurance specifically to cover the OPEB Trust; see "Employees – Other Post-Employment Health Benefits" above. The self-insured retention was \$25,000 per claim up to a \$3,000,000 limit. For the policy term of January 15, 2020 through January 15, 2021, Roseville's premium was \$35,419.

Roseville is a member of the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority ("LAWCX"), which covers workers' compensation claims up to \$5,000,000 and provides additional coverage up to statutory limit. Roseville has a self-insured retention of up to \$500,000 per claim. For Fiscal Year 2020-21, Roseville's premium cost was \$1,220,000.

Wildfire Mitigation Measures

Roseville does not independently own any transmission lines, and its owned or co-owned transmission or distribution facilities have not been the cause of any recent wildfires experienced in California. The municipal boundaries of the City of Roseville, the primary geographical area in which the Roseville Electric System's overhead electrical lines and equipment are located, is not currently within a California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC") designated fire-threat area nor a United States Forest Service/California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (Cal Fire) designated high hazard zone. In 2018, Roseville staff determined, in consultation with the City of Roseville Fire Department, and based upon historical data, local experience and reference to the CPUC's High Fire Threat District Maps, that there were no portions of the geographical area in which the utility's overhead electrical lines and equipment are located that posed a significant risk of wildfire resulting from those electrical lines and equipment. As a precautionary measure, Roseville has developed and implemented a utility preparedness plan to address wildland fire sensitive areas and other possible utility emergency events. Elements of the 2018 utility preparedness plan include bolstered inspection practices for overhead electrical assets within the designated city wildland fire sensitive areas, ongoing vegetation management activities, and established protocols and procedures for operations for emergency preparedness and response. Roseville prepared a wildfire mitigation plan in accordance with the requirements of SB 901. On December 4, 2019, the report of the independent evaluator was presented and accepted by the Roseville City Council as required by SB 901. The Roseville City Council most recently approved its 2022 wildfire mitigation plan and accepted the report of the independent evaluator on December 15, 2021. See also "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks" in the front part of this Official Statement.

COVID-19

The spread of the novel strain of coronavirus (and variants thereof) and the disease it causes (now known as "COVID-19") has had significant negative impacts throughout the world, including in California. In 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic, and states of emergency have been declared by the United States, the State and numerous counties throughout the State. The purpose behind these declarations was to coordinate and formalize emergency actions across federal, state and local governmental agencies, and to proactively prepare for a wider spread of the virus.

On March 19, 2020, in an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 ordering individuals living in the State to stay home or at their place of residence except for specified exceptions, including exceptions for certain sectors of the workforce that were classified as providing essential services and products, which allowed businesses and workers in such sectors to continue to operate on-site operations while Executive Order N-33-20 was effective. On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued two executive orders, which became effective on June 15, 2021, which had the effect of rescinding a majority of the COVID-19-related restrictions and providing a timeline for gradually lifting certain of the other restrictions that were not fully rescinded on June 15, 2021.

During the pandemic, Roseville initially experienced a decline in electricity demand by small to medium sized commercial customers, while electricity usage by residential customers increased, as might be expected with many retail establishments being closed and people staying home. The pandemic customer load and revenue impacts to Roseville were largely limited to Fiscal Year 2019-20. Roseville experienced an overall increase in load in Fiscal Year 2020-21, driven by stronger than expected residential customer

use and warmer temperatures. For information regarding Roseville's load requirements over the past five Fiscal Years, see "– Power Supply Resources." For information regarding the types of businesses comprising the Electric System's largest customers, see "– Major Customers." See also "Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand."

Historically, the annual write-offs for uncollectible accounts have been less than 0.20% of gross billings of the Electric System.. To help mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19 and the related governmental regulations on its customers, Roseville implemented a payment deferral program for all customers of Roseville utilities, which included the suspension of the disconnection of services by City utilities for non-payment of utility bills for a period beginning in March 2020 and extending through June 2021.

Roseville was allocated approximately \$0.5 million under the California Department of Community Services and Development California Arrearage Payment Program ("CAPP"), to aid the accounts that have fallen behind during the period of May 4, 2020 through June 15, 2021, which in turn is expected by Roseville to lower its uncollectible revenue amount. Roseville received the funding in January 2022. Collectively, the resumption of utility service disconnections and applying the CAPP funds reduced the past due bills exceeding sixty-one days to less than \$0.6 million, returning to near pre-pandemic levels.

With widespread vaccination currently underway in the United States and many countries worldwide, governmental-imposed stay-at-home orders and restrictions on operations of schools and businesses implemented to respond to and control the outbreak have been eased or eliminated. However, restrictions may be re-imposed in various jurisdictions from time to time as local conditions warrant. Roseville cannot predict whether any reinstatement or expansion of stay-at-home orders and travel or other restrictions will occur or when a full resumption of all economic activity will be achieved. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of Roseville or the Electric System is unknown and there can be no assurances that COVID-19 will not materially adversely impact the financial condition of Roseville or the Electric System in the future. There are many variables that will continue to contribute to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery therefrom, including the length of time social distancing measures are in place, the effectiveness of State and federal government relief programs and the timing for containment and treatment, new coronavirus strains, vaccinations efforts and vaccine hesitancy. Roseville cannot predict the extent or duration of such impacts.

Projected Capital Improvements

Roseville's currently anticipated capital improvements for the Electric System encompasses both improvements to Roseville's electricity distribution system and rehabilitation projects for assets that can no longer provide the necessary service. As shown in the Capital Improvement Summary below, Roseville has planned Electric System capital spending of approximately \$101.5 million over the five Fiscal Years 2021-22 through 2025-26, of which \$22.3 million is included in the approved Fiscal Year 2021-22 budget. Funds for the additional \$79.2 million will be requested when necessary.

**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
ELECTRIC SYSTEM
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SUMMARY**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Capital Improvement Projects
2021-22	\$22,313,520
2022-23	24,012,932
2023-24	20,938,000
2024-25	16,109,000
2025-26	<u>18,146,000</u>
Total:	\$101,519,452

Source: City of Roseville.

Roseville currently expects to fund the capital expenditures primarily with revenues collected from rates and developer fees. Developer fees are estimated to fund \$33.1 million of the \$101.5 million of the planned capital improvement projects over Fiscal Years 2021-22 through 2025-26.

Electric Rates

Rate Setting Procedure. Under the City Charter and State law, Roseville has the exclusive jurisdiction to set electric rates within its service area by ordinance, which requires a majority vote of the City Council. These rates are not currently subject to review by the CPUC or any State or federal agency. The City Council reviews Electric System rates periodically and makes adjustments as necessary.

The City Council is also authorized by the City Charter to set charges, pay for and supply all electric power to be furnished to customers according to such schedules, tariffs, rules and regulations as are adopted by the City Council. The City Charter provides that the City Council will have the power to charge equitable rates for the electric services furnished and for building up the electric properties so as to conserve their value and increase their capacity as needed by Roseville. In addition, the City Charter provides for the maintenance of the electric funds for the Electric System into which is deposited receipts from the operations of the Electric System and from which the costs and expenses of the Electric System are payable.

Service Charges and Demand Charge. Roseville's monthly residential electric rates currently include a \$28.00 basic service charge, the Renewable Energy Surcharge of \$0.0056 per kWh, the Greenhouse Gas Surcharge of \$0.0002 per kWh, plus \$0.0959 per kWh consumed up to 500 kWh, and \$0.1442 per kWh for consumption in excess of 500 kWh. Residential customers meeting certain criteria can apply for special residential rates such as an Electric Rate Assistance Program and Medical Support Rate Reduction.

For small and medium business customers, the monthly basic service charge ranges from \$41.00 to \$65.00, the Renewable Energy Surcharge of \$0.0056 per kWh, the Greenhouse Gas Surcharge of \$0.0002 per kWh, plus \$0.0995 to \$0.1258 per kWh consumed. Medium business customers are also subject to a demand charge of \$6.16 per kW per month.

For large business customers, the monthly basic service charge is \$541.00, the Renewable Energy Surcharge of \$0.0056 per kWh, the Greenhouse Gas Surcharge of \$0.0002 per kWh; and depending on the season, day and hour, time of use energy charges vary from \$0.0699 to \$0.1444 per kWh. Large business customers are also subject to a seasonal demand charge of \$6.60 per kW per month in winter and \$11.57 per kW per month in summer.

For very large business customers, the monthly basic service charge is \$616.00, the Renewable Energy Surcharge of \$0.0056 per kWh, the Greenhouse Gas Surcharge of \$0.0002 per kWh; and depending on the season, day and hour, time of use energy charges vary from \$0.0691 to \$0.1432 per kWh. Very large business customers are also subject to a seasonal demand charge of \$6.71 per kW per month in winter and \$11.51 per kW per month in summer.

A hydroelectric adjustment formula was adopted by the City Council in March 2009, to reflect deviations of precipitation from average conditions that significantly change hydroelectric production. This surcharge may change annually, based on annual hydroelectric conditions, up to a maximum of 5% of total electric charges. As a result of lower than average precipitation, a surcharge of 3.60% is effective from September 2021 through June 2022.

Recent History of Electric Rate Adjustments. From Fiscal Year 2017-18 through 2021-22, Roseville’s retail electric rates have increased an average of approximately 0.40% annually. The following table sets forth Roseville’s recent rate change history and the effective date.

**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
RATE ADJUSTMENTS
Fiscal Years 2017-18 through 2021-22**

Date	Percent Change (Average)
January 1, 2022	2.00% ⁽¹⁾
January 1, 2021	0.00
January 1, 2020	0.00
January 1, 2019	0.00
January 1, 2018	0.00

⁽¹⁾ Medium commercial customer rates increased 1.50%. All other customer groups increased 2.00%.
Source: City of Roseville.

Rate Stabilization Fund

On May 8, 1996, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 96-148, which provides for, among other policies, the establishment of a rate stabilization fund (the “RSF” or “Rate Stabilization Fund”), in order to remain competitive under the then occurring industry-wide restructuring of the electric industry. Such policies also provide for the recovery of capital costs of Roseville’s electric generating assets. On March 18, 2009, the City Council reviewed the financial policy that defines the range of the Rate Stabilization Fund balance, reducing the minimum balance from 60% to 40% and a maximum 90% of operating expenses. This action was taken in conjunction with the implementation of a hydroelectric rate adjustment mechanism that adjusts electric rates up to 5% without further City Council action when hydroelectric conditions increase or decrease electric operating expenses. See also “– Electric Rates.” The Rate Stabilization Fund has a balance of \$68 million as of June 30, 2021. Roseville estimates that under current revenue estimates, the Rate Stabilization Fund is expected to be sufficient to pay for currently anticipated contingencies related to power supply costs.

Indebtedness; Joint Powers Agency Obligations

Roseville Electric System Revenue Certificates and Bonds. As of January 31, 2022, Roseville had outstanding approximately \$153,480,000 principal amount of certificates of participation and refunding revenue bonds (the “Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds”) that were executed and delivered

to finance and refinance improvements to the Electric System. The Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds are payable from certain payments to be made by Roseville under an installment purchase contract (the “Installment Purchase Contract”), the payments under which are payable from and secured by the Net Revenues of the Electric System (“Net Revenues” are defined generally as revenues of the Electric System less the maintenance and operation costs of the Electric System during any 12-month period). These obligations are subordinate to the payments required to be made with respect to Roseville’s obligations to NCPA and TANC described below.

Roseville’s Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds are summarized in the table below.

CITY OF ROSEVILLE
OUTSTANDING ELECTRIC SYSTEM INDEBTEDNESS
(as of January 31, 2022)

Name of Issue	Principal Amount Outstanding
Roseville Electric Utility System Revenue Certificates	
Series 2004 Certificates	\$ 5,000
Series 2012 Refunding Certificates	54,000,000
Roseville Finance Authority	
Electric Utility System Bonds	
Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2013	6,290,000
Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A	56,210,000
Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 2017B	2,525,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2020	34,450,000
Total	\$153,480,000

Source: City of Roseville.

Roseville’s Series 2012 Refunding Certificates reflected in the table above are variable rate obligations which were purchased by U.S. Bank National Association (the “Bank”) in a direct purchase transaction. Such variable rate obligations bear interest at a per annum rate determined monthly based upon a spread to a percentage of the one-month London InterBank Offering Rate (“LIBOR”) and are subject to mandatory tender for purchase on the scheduled mandatory tender date of May 1, 2023, or, if directed by the Bank upon the occurrence and continuance of an event of default under the related continuing covenant agreement, seven calendar days after receipt of such direction. On or before the scheduled mandatory purchase date, Roseville may request the Bank to purchase such variable rate obligations in another index rate period or another interest rate mode, or Roseville may seek to remarket such variable rate obligations to another bank or in the public debt markets. Prior to the issuance of such variable rate obligations, Roseville entered into certain interest rate swap agreements. The notional amount of the remaining outstanding interest rate swap was \$54,000,000 as of June 30, 2021. Pursuant to the terms of the currently outstanding interest rate swap agreement, the floating rate interest payments that Roseville is obligated to make with respect to the variable rate Series 2012 Refunding Certificates were converted into substantially fixed rate payments. In general, the terms of the interest rate swap agreement provides that on a same-day net payment basis, Roseville will pay a fixed interest rate determined based upon the notional amount of the interest rate swap and in return the swap counterparty will pay a variable rate of interest on a like notional amount. The City’s obligation to make any net regularly scheduled payments due to the swap counterparty under the interest rate swap agreement is payable on parity with the Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds and is subordinate to the payments required to be made with respect to Roseville’s joint powers agency obligations described under “– *Joint Powers Agency Obligations*” below

(including under the Third Phase Agreement). Under certain circumstances, the interest rate swap agreement is subject to termination and Roseville may be required to make a substantial termination payment to the counterparty thereunder. Any termination payments due from Roseville under the interest rate swap agreement upon early termination thereof are payable on a basis that is junior and subordinate to the payment of Roseville's Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds.

Joint Powers Agency Obligations. As previously discussed, Roseville participates in certain joint powers agencies, including NCPA and TANC. The obligations of Roseville under its agreements with NCPA and TANC constitute operating expenses of the Electric System payable on a senior basis to any of the payments required to be made on Roseville's Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds. The agreements with NCPA and TANC are on a "take-or-pay" basis, which requires payments to be made whether or not projects are operable, or whether output from such projects is suspended, interrupted or terminated. These agreements contain "step up" provisions obligating Roseville to pay a share of the obligations of a defaulting participant and granting Roseville a corresponding increased entitlement to electricity (generally, Roseville's "step-up" obligation is limited to 25% of Roseville's scheduled payments on such obligations). Roseville's participation and share of debt service obligation (without giving effect to any "step-up" provisions) for each of the joint powers agency projects in which it participates are shown in the following table.

**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
ELECTRIC SYSTEM
OUTSTANDING DEBT OF JOINT POWERS AGENCIES⁽¹⁾
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)
(As of January 31, 2022)**

	Outstanding Debt⁽²⁾	Roseville Participation⁽³⁾	Roseville Share of Outstanding Debt⁽²⁾
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	\$ 10.8	7.88%	\$ 0.9
Hydroelectric Project	223.3	12.00 ⁽⁴⁾	22.1
Capital Facilities Project	13.8	36.50	5.0
TANC			
COTP	169.9	2.32	3.9
TOTAL *	\$417.8		\$31.9

(1) Excludes Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority. See "Natural Gas Prepayment" above.

(2) Principal only. Does not include obligation for payment of interest on such debt.

(3) Participation based on actual debt service obligation. Participation obligation is subject to increase upon default of another project participant. Such increase shall not exceed, without written consent of a non-defaulting participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of such non-defaulting participant's original participation.

(4) Roseville's actual payments represent approximately 9.9% of outstanding debt service as a result of credit received by it as a non-participating member with respect to portion of debt obligation.

Note: Numbers may not total due to rounding.

Source: City of Roseville.

A portion of the joint powers agency debt obligations are variable rate bonds, liquidity support for which is provided through liquidity arrangements with banks. Unreimbursed draws under liquidity arrangements supporting joint powers agency variable rate debt obligations bear interest at a maximum rate substantially in excess of the current interest rates on such obligations. Moreover, in certain circumstances, the failure to reimburse draws on the liquidity agreements may result in the acceleration of scheduled payment of the principal of such variable rate joint powers agency obligations. To the extent a joint powers

agency has entered into interest rate swap agreements for the purposes of substantially fixing the interest cost with respect to variable rate joint powers agency obligations, there is no guarantee that the floating rate payable to such joint powers agency pursuant to such interest rate swap agreements will match the variable interest rate on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which the respective interest rate swap agreement relates at all times or at any time. Under certain circumstances, the swap providers may be obligated to make payments to the applicable joint powers agency under their respective interest rate swap agreement that is less than the interest due on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which such interest rate swap agreement relates. In such event, such insufficiency will be payable as a debt service obligation from the obligated joint powers agency members (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Roseville). In addition, under certain circumstances, each of the swap agreements is subject to early termination, in which event the joint powers agency could be obligated to make a substantial payment to the applicable swap provider (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Roseville). The only currently outstanding interest rate swap agreement related to Roseville's variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations is the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap which is expected to be terminated in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds. See "PLAN OF REFUNDING" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Litigation

There is no action, suit or proceeding known to be pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining Roseville in the execution or delivery or performance of, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of any proceedings of Roseville taken with respect to, the Third Phase Agreement.

There is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of Roseville, threatened, questioning the existence of Roseville, or the title of the officers of Roseville to their respective offices. There is no litigation pending, or to the knowledge of Roseville, threatened, questioning or affecting in any material respect the financial condition of Roseville's Electric System.

Present lawsuits and other claims against Roseville's Electric System are incidental to the ordinary course of operations of the Electric System and are largely covered by Roseville's self-insurance program. In the opinion of Roseville's management and the Roseville City Attorney, such claims and litigation will not have a materially adverse effect upon the financial position of Roseville.

Financial Information

Significant Accounting Policies. Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein. Funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The Electric System is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (i) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises (where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges) or (ii) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

The Electric Fund uses the accrual method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Investments are stated at cost. Inventories are valued at weighted average method. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Audited Financial Statements. Roseville's most recent Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year 2020-21 was audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, Sacramento, California, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The audited financial statements contain opinions that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the various funds maintained by Roseville. The reports include certain notes to the financial statements which are not fully described below. Such notes constitute an integral part of the audited financial statements. Copies of these reports are available on Roseville's website, www.roseville.ca.us.

Historical Revenues, Expenses and Debt Service Coverage

The following table presents a summary of the revenues, expenses, and debt service coverage for Roseville's Electric Fund for Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21 on a historical basis. The information is derived from Roseville's audited financial statements for Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21. This table is based on historic operating results of the Electric System, but is presented on a cash basis consistent with the definitions of revenues and maintenance and operation costs as defined in the Installment Purchase Contract relating to Roseville's Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds, and as such, does not match the audited financial statements of the Electric System. The table also includes a five-year history of balances in the Rate Stabilization Fund, and calculates debt service coverage both with and without taking into account the Rate Stabilization Fund balance.

The table below as it is presented is not available in Roseville's audited financial statements for the Electric System; it has been designed to reflect revenues and coverage in a manner which meets GAAP standards and is reflective of the definitions of revenues and maintenance and operation costs as defined in the Installment Purchase Contract relating to Roseville's Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds. The figures shown in the table for Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21 are accounted for in Roseville's audited financial statements for such years but the presentation in the audited financial statements may not necessarily correlate to the line item designations in the table.

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**CITY OF ROSEVILLE
ELECTRIC FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES
Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21
(Dollars in Thousands)**

	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2017-18</u>	<u>2018-19</u>	<u>2019-20</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$161,515	\$162,501	\$158,667	\$157,695	\$165,995
Other	<u>4,169</u>	<u>5,735</u>	<u>9,380⁽⁶⁾</u>	<u>4,852</u>	<u>1,782</u>
Total Revenues	\$165,684	\$168,236	\$168,047	\$162,548	\$167,777
Operating Expenses					
Power Supply ⁽¹⁾	\$ 81,204	\$ 77,090	\$ 68,810 ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 69,107	\$ 68,497
Non-Power Costs ⁽²⁾	36,771	37,470	37,085	45,878	54,842
Indirect Costs and Transfers ⁽³⁾	<u>8,297</u>	<u>3,146</u>	<u>3,582</u>	<u>1,967</u>	<u>2,975</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$126,272</u>	<u>\$117,706</u>	<u>\$109,477</u>	<u>\$116,952</u>	<u>\$126,314</u>
Net Revenue	\$ 39,412	\$ 50,530	\$ 58,570	\$ 45,596	\$ 41,643
Debt Service	\$ 15,950	\$ 16,672	\$ 15,773	\$ 14,943	\$ 14,096
Adjusted Net Revenue					
Net Revenue	\$ 39,412	\$ 50,530	\$ 55,570	\$ 45,596	\$ 41,643
Interest Revenue (excluding unrealized gain/loss)	<u>\$ 1,887</u>	<u>\$ 2,497</u>	<u>\$ 4,986</u>	<u>\$ 3,871</u>	<u>\$ 2,538</u>
Adjusted Net Revenue	<u>\$ 41,299</u>	<u>\$ 53,027</u>	<u>\$ 63,556</u>	<u>\$49,467</u>	<u>\$ 44,181</u>
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	2.61	3.11	4.03	3.31	3.13
Rate Stabilization Fund Balance ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 58,943	\$ 58,811	\$ 65,671	\$68,024	\$67,988
Transfers from/(to) Rate Stabilization Fund	0	0	(5,000)	0	0
Debt Service Coverage ratio, including Rate Stabilization Fund ⁽⁵⁾	6.28	6.71	8.19	7.86	7.96

⁽¹⁾ Includes joint powers agency payment obligations.

⁽²⁾ Includes distribution operations and administration expenses, including the Electric System's share of CalPERS costs.

⁽³⁾ In Fiscal Year 2016-17, includes operating payments to the City General Fund as reimbursement for the Electric System's share of certain overhead expenses such as information technology, meter reading, traffic signals, payroll, human resources, facility lease payments, utility exploration center operations, retired employees' health costs, OPEB costs, citywide rehabilitation costs, etc. As of Fiscal Year 2017-18, most of such costs were moved to Non-Power costs with retired employees' health costs, OPEB costs, and citywide rehabilitation costs remaining on this line. The increase to Non-Power costs was offset by other operational savings.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents available resources as of June 30.

⁽⁵⁾ Pursuant to the Installment Purchase Contract relating to Roseville's Outstanding Electric System Certificates and Bonds, funds on deposit in the Rate Stabilization Fund may be included in Adjusted Annual Revenues for purposes of determining compliance with the Rate Covenant. See "Rate Setting – Rate Stabilization Fund."

⁽⁶⁾ Increase in "Other" Revenues in Fiscal Year 2018-19 is attributable to approximately \$1.5 million in mutual aid reimbursement, \$1.0 million in low carbon fuel ("LCFS") credits, and \$0.5 in proceeds from cap-and-trade auction proceeds.

⁽⁷⁾ Decrease in "Power Supply" Operating Expenses for Fiscal Year 2018-19 is attributable to a change in accounting for wholesale revenues and expenses such that beginning in Fiscal Year 2018-19 net wholesale revenues and expenses are no longer accounted for in Power Supply expenses; wholesale revenues are reflected in Other Revenues.

Source: City of Roseville.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA

Introduction

The City of Santa Clara (“Santa Clara”) is a charter city located in the State of California (the “State”). Pursuant to its charter, Santa Clara has the power to furnish electric utility service within its service area. In connection therewith, Santa Clara has the powers of eminent domain, to contract, to construct works, to fix rates and charges for commodities or services it provides and to incur indebtedness.

Santa Clara provides electric utility service through its electric utility department. Santa Clara offers its electricity and energy services through the trademarked name of “Silicon Valley Power.” In addition, Santa Clara provides other city services to its inhabitants, including police and fire protection, and water and sewer service.

The legal responsibilities and powers of Santa Clara, including the establishment of rates and charges for electric service, are exercised by the seven-member Santa Clara City Council. The Santa Clara City Council is made up of the Mayor, elected at large, and six council members. The members of the Santa Clara City Council have historically been elected city-wide for staggered four year terms under the provisions of the City Charter. However on July 23, 2018, the Santa Clara County Superior Court issued a statement of decision in the case, *LaDonna Yumori Kaku et al. v. City of Santa Clara*, ordering the City to implement by-district elections for its six council members. Following the court decision, the two Council seats that were up for election in the November 6, 2018 election were elected by district election. Santa Clara lost the appeal of the trial court decision in December 2020 and is implementing the six district election process.

The Santa Clara electric utility department is under the direction of the Chief Electric Utility Officer who, together with certain other senior managers of the electric utility department, is appointed by and reports to the Santa Clara City Manager.

To provide electric service within its service area, Santa Clara owns and operates an electric system which includes generation, transmission and distribution facilities. Santa Clara also purchases power and transmission services from other providers and participates in other utility type arrangements.

Since 1896, Santa Clara has provided all electric service within an area coterminous with the City of Santa Clara’s boundaries. As of January 1, 2021, Santa Clara had an estimated population of 130,746. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara served an average of 59,191 customer accounts per month, had total sales of approximately 3,853 GWh and a peak demand of 593.1 MW. In the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, approximately 92.5% of Santa Clara’s energy sales were made to commercial and industrial customers.

Only revenues of the Santa Clara electric utility department will be available to pay amounts owed by Santa Clara under the Third Phase Agreement.

The Santa Clara electric utility department’s main office is located at Santa Clara City Hall, 1500 Warburton Avenue, Santa Clara, California 95050, (408) 615-6600. A copy of the most recent audited financial statements of the Santa Clara Electric Utility Enterprise Fund (the “Annual Report”) may be obtained from Manuel Pineda, Chief Electric Utility Officer, at the above address and telephone number, and is also available on Santa Clara’s website at www.siliconvalleypower.com and on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system at <http://emma.msrb.org/>. The Annual Report is incorporated herein by this reference. However, the information presented on such website or referenced therein other than the Annual Report is not part of this Official Statement, is not incorporated by reference herein and should not be relied upon in making an investment decision with respect to the 2022 Bonds.

Power Supply Resources

The following table sets forth information concerning Santa Clara's power supply resources and the energy supplied by each during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021.

**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES
(For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021)**

Source	Capacity Available (MW)	Recorded Energy (GWh)	Percent of Total Energy
City-Owned Generating Facilities ⁽¹⁾			
Cogeneration	7.0	50.0	1.3%
Stony Creek Hydro System	11.6	5.3	0.1
Gianera Generating Station	49.5	9.0	0.2
Grizzly Project	17.7	0.0	0.0
Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant	147.8	789.6	20.0
Jenny Strand Solar Park	0.1	0.2	0.0
Purchased Power: ⁽²⁾			
Western Area Power Administration ⁽³⁾	136.0	202.6	5.1
Manzana Wind	50.0	143.4	3.6
G2 (Landfill)	1.5	13.0	0.3
Ameresco (Landfill)	0.8	2.2	0.1
Ameresco FWD (Landfill)	4.2	32.5	0.8
Ameresco VASCO (Landfill)	4.3	34.3	0.9
TriDam-Beardsley	11.5	28.0	0.7
TriDam-Donnells	72.0	137.8	3.5
TriDam-Tulloch	25.9	103.6	2.6
TriDam-Sandbar	16.2	32.3	0.8
Rio Bravo	14.0	11.3	0.3
Rosamond (Recurrent Solar)	20.0	59.4	1.5
Central 40 Solar	40.0	53.8	1.4
Friant 1	25.0	24.1	0.6
Quinten Luallen (Friant 2)	7.3	28.4	0.7
Santa Clara Tioga Canopy	0.4	0.5	0.0
Joint Power Agencies ⁽²⁾			
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	55.7	337.4	8.5
Combustion Turbine Project	31.0	6.1	0.2
Lodi Energy Center Project	77.9	319.9	8.1
Hydroelectric Project	93.6	70.6	1.8
M-S-R PPA			
Big Horn I Wind Energy	105.0	297.8	7.5
Big Horn II Wind Energy	17.0	46.5	1.2
Market Purchases	0.0	1,116.9	28.2
Total ⁽⁶⁾	1,043.1	3,956.5	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ Rated or name-plate capacities.

⁽²⁾ Capacity available represents entitlements, firm allocations and contract amounts.

⁽³⁾ Santa Clara purchased varying amounts of capacity from Western Area Power Administration during the year.

⁽⁴⁾ Columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Generating Facilities

Cogeneration. Santa Clara owns and operates a cogeneration plant which began operation in 1981. The cogeneration plant provides steam for sale to a paperboard plant within Santa Clara and delivers power to Santa Clara's electric distribution system. Santa Clara upgraded this plant to obtain a name-plate rating of 7.0 MW, effective July 1995. Fuel for the cogeneration plant (natural gas) is generally acquired under term contracts at prices fixed for the contract term. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, the cogeneration plant generated 50.0 GWh of energy.

Stony Creek Hydroelectric System. Santa Clara owns and operates three hydroelectric plants consisting of (i) a 4.9 MW hydroelectric generating plant located at the United States Bureau of Reclamation Stony Gorge Dam near Willows, California, which was completed in 1985, (ii) a 6.2 MW hydroelectric generating plant located at the United States Army Corps of Engineers' Black Butte Dam near Orland, California, which was completed in late 1988, and (iii) a 0.53 MW hydroelectric generating plant located at the Orland Unit Water Users' Association High Line Canal/South Side Canal drop near the Black Butte dam, which was completed in late 1988. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, the Stony Creek hydroelectric plants generated 5.3 GWh of energy.

Gianera Generating Station. Santa Clara owns and operates a nominal 49.5 MW dual fuel (natural gas and fuel-oil) combustion turbine generating plant consisting of two 24.75 MW units, which were completed in 1986 and 1987, respectively. This generation station is used to help meet Santa Clara's peak load and resource adequacy requirements. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, the Gianera Generating Station generated 9.0 GWh of energy.

PG&E Grizzly Project. Pursuant to a 1990 settlement agreement with Pacific Gas and Electric Company ("PG&E"), Santa Clara agreed to finance and own 100% of a 20 MW hydroelectric facility (the "Grizzly Project") located on Grizzly Creek above the North Fork of the Feather River in Plumas County, California. The Grizzly Project operates in combination with the hydroelectric facilities of PG&E's Bucks Creek project. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, Santa Clara became a joint licensee in PG&E's Bucks Creek project. PG&E and Santa Clara are currently engaged in the process for re-licensing the project pursuant to FERC's integrated relicensing project. The construction of the Grizzly Project was financed (and refinanced) through the issuance by Santa Clara of electric system revenue bonds. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, PG&E constructed and operates the Grizzly Project, which was placed into operation in November 1993.

Until the date Santa Clara's ownership of the Grizzly Project is terminated (as described below), Santa Clara will own and receive all energy generated by the Grizzly Project, less transmission losses, as described in the settlement agreement, which reflects a contract capacity amount of 17.66 MW.

The Grizzly Project facilities include a tunnel intake structure, surge tank, steel penstock, powerhouse, turbine, transmission line (nominally rated at 115 kV) for interconnection with PG&E's transmission system, and certain additional switchyard equipment and related facilities. Annual energy generation of the Grizzly Project is estimated at 43.4 GWh in an average water year and 26.1 GWh in dry years. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, the Grizzly Project generated 0.0 GWh of energy, which was due to the damage caused by the 2018 Camp Fire to the Caribou Palermo 115KV line that Grizzly is connected to. This transmission line is not expected to be re-connected until the end of 2023.

Pursuant to the settlement agreement, Santa Clara's interest in the Grizzly Project may revert to PG&E under certain limited circumstances. In the event of such reversion, Santa Clara will be reimbursed by PG&E for the fair market value of the project or be reimbursed for costs advanced by Santa Clara as provided in the settlement agreement. The earliest possible reverter date under the settlement agreement is November 18, 2027.

Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant. Santa Clara constructed and placed into commercial operation on March 22, 2005, a 122 MW nominal/147.8 MW peak, natural gas-fired, combined cycle power plant known as the “Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant” (initially designated by the Santa Clara City Council as the Pico Power Plant). The Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant is located in an industrial area of Santa Clara, on the site of Santa Clara’s Kifer Receiving Station. The Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant includes its own switchyard, and connects to an existing 115 kV transmission line that currently crosses the plant site. Natural gas for the Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant is delivered through an approximately two mile gas pipeline from the local transmission main of PG&E. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, the Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant generated 789.6 GWh of energy. Santa Clara has long-term agreements with EDF Trading North America and M-S-R Energy Authority (“M-S-R EA”) in place for a significant portion of the plant’s fuel requirements, and actively manages the quantity and price risks associated with fuel supply quantities not under long-term agreement. See “– Fuel Supply” below. Fully baseloaded, the Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant could generate approximately 1,000 GWh of energy per year. However, Santa Clara substitutes market purchases when it is economical to do so.

Jenny Strand Solar Park. Santa Clara originally entered into an agreement with MiaSole, a California corporation, on December 6, 2011 for the purpose of having MiaSole donate one thousand (1,000) solar modules to Santa Clara at no cost to Santa Clara. On February 1, 2015, the original party “MiaSole” transferred ownership to MiaSole Hi-Tech Corp. MiaSole Hi-Tech Corp provided 1,121 solar modules to Santa Clara, at no cost to Santa Clara, to further Santa Clara’s ability to provide renewable power. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 0.2 GWh of energy from the solar modules.

Joint Powers Agency Resources

NCPA Geothermal Project. Santa Clara has purchased from NCPA, pursuant to power sales contracts, 54.65% and 34.13% entitlement shares, respectively, in the capacity of NCPA’s Geothermal Project Plant 1 and Plant 2, and is obligated to pay 44.39% of the debt service and operating costs associated with such plants and steam field. The Geothermal Project power sales contracts are “take-or-pay” power sales contracts which require payments to be made whether or not the project is operable. Santa Clara’s payments to NCPA under such power sales contracts, including debt service on NCPA’s Geothermal Project revenue bonds, constitute an operating expense of Santa Clara’s electric system. Each participant in NCPA’s Geothermal Project is responsible under its power sales contracts for paying its capacity share of all of NCPA’s costs of the Geothermal Project, including debt service on the NCPA Geothermal Project revenue bonds, and subject to a “step-up” obligation of up to 25% upon the unremedied default of another NCPA Geothermal Project participant. Santa Clara is currently taking delivery of its share of the capacity and associated energy from the Geothermal Project. Santa Clara’s share of the current California Independent System Operator Corporation (“CAISO”) maximum rated capacity of the project is 71.7 MW. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 337.4 GWh of electric energy from the Geothermal Project. Current expectations are that the output from the plant will decrease gradually over time. These anticipated decreases are not material to Santa Clara’s supply and can be replaced by additional short-term purchases, additional generation or reduced wholesale sales. For a further description of such resource, see “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS – Geothermal Project” in the front part of this Official Statement.

NCPA Combustion Turbine Project No. 1. Santa Clara has purchased a 25% entitlement share in NCPA’s Combustion Turbine Project pursuant to a power sales contract with NCPA, which was amended to reflect that Santa Clara’s 25% share comes specifically from the two Alameda plants and the one Lodi plant. Santa Clara uses this entitlement for resource adequacy purposes and to meet peak load requirements. Santa Clara delivers this entitlement to its electric system in accordance with CAISO tariffs. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 6.1 GWh of electric energy from

the Combustion Turbine Project. For a further description of such resource, see “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS – Combustion Turbine Project Number One” in the front part of this Official Statement.

NCPA Hydroelectric Project. Pursuant to a power sales contract (the “Third Phase Agreement” as referred to in the front part of this Official Statement), Santa Clara has purchased from NCPA a 37.02% entitlement share in NCPA’s Hydroelectric Project (including a 1.16% entitlement share laid off to Santa Clara from the cities of Biggs and Gridley). The Hydroelectric Project power sales contract is a “take-or-pay” power sales contract which requires payments to be made whether or not the project is operable. Santa Clara’s payment to NCPA under such power sales contract, including debt service on NCPA’s Hydroelectric Project revenue bonds, constitute an operating expense of Santa Clara’s electric system. Each participant in NCPA’s Hydroelectric Project is responsible under its power sales contract for paying its entitlement share in the Hydroelectric Project of all of NCPA’s costs of the Hydroelectric Project, including debt service on the NCPA Hydroelectric Project revenue bonds as well as a “step-up” of up to 25% in the event of the unremedied default of another project participant. Santa Clara is using its Hydroelectric Project entitlement to serve peak load and to provide capacity to support non-firm purchases of energy at market prices. Santa Clara receives this entitlement to its system by using transmission service available under its Metered Subsystem Agreement (“MSS Agreement”) with the CAISO. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 70.6 GWh of electric energy from the NCPA Hydroelectric Project. For a further description of such resource, see “THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT” in the front part of this Official Statement.

NCPA Lodi Energy Center. Pursuant to a power sales agreement (the “LEC Power Sales Agreement”), Santa Clara has purchased from NCPA a 25.75% generation entitlement share of the capacity and energy of the Lodi Energy Center on an unconditional take-or-pay basis, and is obligated to pay 25.75% of NCPA’s Lodi Energy Center operating and maintenance expenses and 46.16% of the debt service for the Lodi Energy Center Revenue Bonds, Issue One. Santa Clara’s obligations to make payments to NCPA under the LEC Power Sales Agreement are not dependent upon the operation of the Lodi Energy Center and are not subject to reduction. Upon an unremedied default by one Indenture Group A Participant (being all of the LEC Project Participants (as defined in the front part of this Official Statement) other than Modesto Irrigation District (“MID”) and the California Department of Water Resources (“CDWR”)) in making a payment required under the LEC Power Sales Agreement, the non-defaulting Indenture Group A Participants are required (except as lay-offs are made pursuant to the LEC Power Sales Agreement) to increase pro-rata their participation percentage by the amount of the defaulting Indenture Group A Participant’s entitlement share, provided that no such increase can result in a greater than 35% increase in the participation percentage of the non-defaulting Indenture Group A Participants. Santa Clara receives this entitlement to its system by using transmission service available under its MSS Agreement with the CAISO. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 319.9 GWh of electric energy from the Lodi Energy Center. For a further description of such resource, see “OTHER NCPA PROJECTS – Lodi Energy Center Project” in the front part of this Official Statement.

M-S-R PPA Purchased Power – Big Horn Project. Santa Clara, along with MID and the City of Redding (“Redding”), is a member of a California joint powers agency known as the M-S-R Public Power Agency (“M-S-R PPA”). In 2005, M-S-R PPA entered into a series of power purchase agreements with Avangrid Renewables LLC (formerly Iberdrola Renewables, Inc.) (“Avangrid”), certain of which agreements have been assigned to Avangrid’s subsidiary, Big Horn I, LLC, for the purchase of energy from the Big Horn I wind energy project (the “Big Horn I Project”) located near the town of Bickleton, in Klickitat County, Washington. The 199.5 MW project consists of 133 1.5 MW GE wind turbines. Santa Clara receives 52.5% of the power purchased by M-S-R PPA from the Big Horn I Project. Santa Clara’s share equates to approximately a 105 MW share of the output at a cost comparable to combined cycle gas-fuel generation. Power deliveries commenced on October 1, 2006 and will continue through

September 30, 2026. Through an amendment of the original agreements M-S-R PPA has an obligation to continue to take the same output through September 30, 2031, or if the Big Horn Project is repowered M-S-R PPA will have a right of first offer to negotiate a long-term power purchase for such repowered project. The project interconnects with the high voltage transmission grid through an 11-mile transmission line at Bonneville Power Administration's ("BPA") Spring Creek Substation. Through the shaping and firming agreement between M-S-R and Avangrid, Avangrid receives Big Horn energy, as generated, and delivers such energy to M-S-R at the California-Oregon border pursuant to firm pre-established delivery schedules. Santa Clara uses a portion of its transfer capability of the COTP to provide for transmission of the output from the Big Horn I Project from the California-Oregon border. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 297.8 GWh of energy from the Big Horn I Project.

The Big Horn Project is operated within the BPA balancing authority area. On October 1, 2009, BPA began imposing a wind integration charge for the purpose of recovering its costs to provide within-hour generation balancing services for wind generators. The wind integration charge is currently embodied in BPA's variable energy resource balancing service and the currently applicable wind integration charge is set at \$1.22/kW-month. M-S-R PPA has entered into a series of amendments of the power purchase agreements with Avangrid whereby M-S-R PPA has agreed to pay, subject to certain caps and limitations, the first \$1.20/kW-month of any wind integration charge imposed by BPA, Avangrid has agreed to pay the next \$1.20/kW-month, and M-S-R PPA and Avangrid will equally split any wind integration charge exceeding \$2.40 per/kW-month. Through a collaborative effort between Avangrid and M-S-R PPA, the Big Horn I Project has obtained California Renewable Portfolio Standard ("RPS") certification as an "Eligible" renewable resource by the California Energy Commission (the "CEC"). The Big Horn I Project has been registered with the Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System by Avangrid with BPA acting as the Qualified Reporting Entity. The RECs are transferred from Avangrid, the originator, to M-S-R PPA and finally to the members of M-S-R PPA, for either retirement or wholesale sales by such members.

M-S-R PPA subsequently negotiated a 25-year agreement with Avangrid for the purchase of the output from a 50 MW expansion of the Big Horn I Project, the Big Horn II Project. Santa Clara began receiving deliveries from the Big Horn II Project in November 2010. M-S-R PPA will pay the required wind integration charge and pay the cost of necessary transmission to BPA to deliver the output from the facility to a northern California market trading hub. Santa Clara receives 35% of the output from this project, or approximately 17.0 MW of project capacity. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 46.5 GWh of energy from the Big Horn II Project.

M-S-R PPA – San Juan Retained Obligations. Santa Clara's resources acquired through M-S-R PPA previously included an entitlement to a portion of the output of M-S-R PPA's prior ownership interest in Unit No. 4 of the San Juan Generating Station (the "M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest"), a coal-fired steam electric generating unit located in San Juan County, New Mexico, which was constructed and is operated by Public Service Company of New Mexico ("PNM"). San Juan Unit No. 4 is one of four generating units that together make up the San Juan Generation Station. M-S-R PPA divested its ownership interest in San Juan Unit No. 4 in December 2017 but Santa Clara retains cost responsibility for its share of certain environmental and decommissioning obligations of M-S-R PPA in connection with this resource, which are described in more detail below.

M-S-R PPA purchased the 28.8% (approximately 146 MW) M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest on December 31, 1983. M-S-R PPA financed the acquisition of its M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest, and certain costs of related transmission arrangements, through the issuance of San Juan Project revenue bonds, of which \$26.4 million principal amount was outstanding as of January 31, 2022. M-S-R PPA began dispatching power from the San Juan Ownership Interest in May 1995. Santa Clara purchased from M-S-R PPA, on a take-or-pay basis, a 35% entitlement share (approximately 51.1 MW of capacity and associated energy) in the M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest pursuant to a power sales

agreement (the “M-S-R PPA Agreement”), among M-S-R PPA and its members. Santa Clara utilized its entitlement share of capacity and associated energy from the M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest from May 1995 through December 2017 either in its own system or for lay-offs or other transactions with third parties.

In July 2015, the M-S-R PPA Commission approved a number of agreements (the “San Juan Restructuring Agreements”) between and among the San Juan Generation Station owners (the “San Juan Participants”) to provide for the interests of M-S-R PPA and certain other San Juan Participants (the “Exiting Participants”) in the San Juan Generation Station to be transferred to the remaining San Juan Participants effective December 31, 2017. In addition to the ownership divestiture, the San Juan Restructuring Agreements provide for, among other things, the allocation of ongoing responsibility for decommissioning costs, mine reclamation costs and any environmental remediation obligations among the Exiting Participants and the remaining San Juan Participants, and the establishment and funding of mine reclamation and plant decommissioning trust funds. The San Juan Restructuring Agreements became effective on January 31, 2016 and the divestiture of M-S-R PPA’s interests in San Juan Unit No. 4 was completed on December 31, 2017.

Pursuant to the San Juan Restructuring Agreements, M-S-R PPA and the other Exiting Participants retain certain liabilities for a share of the costs of San Juan Generation Station decommissioning and pre-exit date mine reclamation costs. Under the San Juan Restructuring Agreements, M-S-R PPA was required to maintain a balance of approximately \$15.9 million in the mine reclamation trust funds as of December 31, 2020 to fund its currently expected share of ongoing and final reclamation costs, which requirement has been met by a year-end balance of approximately \$17.2 million. In addition, under the San Juan Restructuring Agreements, M-S-R PPA will be required to maintain a balance of approximately \$2.3 million in the decommissioning trust fund as of December 31, 2022 to fund its currently expected share of the initial work for known asset removal and remediation activities in connection with decommissioning of the San Juan Generation Station. Funds currently on deposit in the decommissioning trust fund of approximately \$2.2 million plus interest earnings thereon, are expected to be sufficient to provide for such required balance. However, M-S-R PPA’s final total proportionate share of San Juan Generation Station decommissioning and mine reclamation costs cannot yet be determined and will depend on a number of factors, including, among other things, the date the San Juan Generation Station is ultimately retired from service. Additional deposits to the trust funds may be required in the future if trust earnings are below expectations or if determined necessary by future decommissioning and reclamation costs study updates or applicable requirements (including, for example, if greenfield or brownfield restoration is determined to be required after final cessation of plant operations, which would significantly increase costs of remediation and restoration) and no assurance can be given that additional contributions will not be required from the M-S-R PPA members, including Santa Clara, to fund such amounts due.

Pursuant to the M-S-R PPA Agreement, Santa Clara is unconditionally obligated thereunder to pay its entitlement share of all of M-S-R PPA’s costs associated with the M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest, including debt service on M-S-R PPA’s San Juan Project revenue bonds which were issued to finance the acquisition of the M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest and any remaining liabilities for decommissioning and mine reclamation of the plant associated with the M-S-R PPA San Juan Unit No. 4 Interest. Santa Clara’s payments to M-S-R PPA under the M-S-R PPA Agreement constitute an operating expense of Santa Clara’s electric system. Santa Clara’s obligations to make payments under the M-S-R PPA Agreement are not dependent upon the operation of the San Juan Unit No. 4 and are not subject to reduction. Pursuant to the M-S-R PPA Agreement, upon failure of any M-S-R PPA member to make any payment thereunder which failure constitutes a default under the M-S-R PPA Agreement, the participation percentage of each non-defaulting member automatically shall be increased for the remaining term of the M-S-R PPA Agreement in proportion to its participation percentage; provided,

however, that the sum of such increase for any non-defaulting member shall not exceed 25% of its original participation percentage.

In light of the divestiture of its active ownership interest in San Juan Unit No. 4, the majority of M-S-R PPA activities are currently related to renewables (including the Big Horn I and Big Horn II wind projects described above). Coordinating, regulatory, and compliance services costs are shared as follows: MID – 40%; Santa Clara – 40%; and Redding – 20%. Renewable administrative services, electric product, delivery and environmental attribute rights benefits and costs will be shared in accordance with contracted participation ratios.

See also “Indebtedness – Joint Powers Agency Obligations” below for information regarding Santa Clara’s obligations in connection with bonds issued by the joint powers agencies in which it participates.

Purchased Power

Western Purchased Power. On December 14, 2000, Santa Clara signed a 20-year agreement with Western Area Power Administration (“Western”) for the continued purchase of low-cost hydroelectricity generated from the Central Valley Project (“CVP”), replacing a prior agreement which expired December 31, 2004. The CVP, for which Western serves as marketing agency, is a series of federal hydroelectric facilities in Northern California operated by the United States Bureau of Reclamation. Service under the successor agreement began on January 1, 2005 and continues through December 31, 2024, with Santa Clara receiving a 9.06592% “slice of the system” allocation from Western. Effective April 1, 2015, Western reallocated shares and Santa Clara’s base resource allocation increased to 9.60341%, which shall remain in effect until either superseded by another Exhibit A revision or termination of the agreement. The power marketed by Western to Santa Clara is provided on a take-or-pay basis where Western’s annual costs are allocated to preference customers based on their CVP participation percentage. Western then allocates the annual take-or-pay charges to the preference customers based on a monthly percentage that is designed to reflect the anticipated seasonal energy deliveries. Santa Clara is obligated to its preference customer share of the costs associated with operating the CVP facilities. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 202.6 GWh of energy from Western. On April 9, 2021, Santa Clara executed a 30-year agreement with Western for the continued purchase of hydroelectricity from the CVP, the term of which agreement begins on January 1, 2025 and continues through December 31, 2054 (unless earlier terminated). The agreement is similar to Santa Clara’s existing contract with Western, but Santa Clara’s base resource allocation decreases to 9.41134% beginning in 2025. In addition, in 2040, the Western customers’ allocation of CVP will be reduced by 2% to allow for new Western customers. Under the new agreement, Santa Clara may reduce the CVP quantity or terminate the agreement when a new rate schedule is adopted or extended (at least every five years).

Manzana Wind. On February 14, 2012, Santa Clara entered into a 20-year power purchase agreement for 50 MW of the output from Avangrid’s Manzana Wind Power Project in Kern County, California, which began power deliveries in December 2012. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received approximately 143.4 GWh of energy from the Manzana Wind Power Project.

G-2 Energy LLC – Wheatland Landfill. On June 19, 2007, Santa Clara entered into a power purchase agreement for energy from a 1.6 MW landfill gas facility, G2, near Wheatland, California. Santa Clara began taking delivery of energy from the G2 project in January 2009. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 13.0 GWh of energy from the G2 project.

Ameresco. On February 12, 2008, Santa Clara entered into a 20-year purchase power agreement with Ameresco for landfill gas generated electricity from the closed municipal landfill located in the city

limits of Santa Clara, which includes three microturbines, and is estimated to generate approximately 4,700 MWh per year during the first ten years of the contract and approximately 3,100 MWh per year during the final ten years of the contract. On May 25, 2010, Santa Clara entered into a second 20-year power purchase agreement with Ameresco for landfill gas generated electricity for 4.6 MW (and potentially up to 9.2 MW) from the Forward landfill in Manteca, California. This project became operational in February 2014. On August 17, 2010, Santa Clara entered into a third 20-year power purchase agreement with Ameresco for landfill gas generated electricity for up to 5 MW from the Vasco Road landfill near Livermore, California. The Vasco Road landfill project became operational in February 2014. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received approximately 2.2 GWh of energy from the initial Ameresco landfill project, and 32.5 GWh and 34.3 GWh for the Ameresco Forward landfill and Ameresco Vasco Road landfill projects, respectively.

Tri-Dam. In October 2013, Santa Clara entered into a power purchase agreement with the Tri-Dam Project and the Tri-Dam Power Authority to purchase the output from four hydroelectric power plants located on the Middle Fork of the Stanislaus River in Tuolumne County: the 72.0 MW Donnell's Powerhouse, the 25.9 MW Tulloch Powerhouse, the 11.5 MW Beardsley Powerhouse, and the 16.2 MW Sandbar Powerhouse. Power deliveries from Donnell's, Tulloch, and Beardsley commenced on January 1, 2014. Power deliveries from Sandbar commenced on January 1, 2017. The agreement is scheduled to terminate on December 31, 2023. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 28.0 GWh from Beardsley, 137.8 GWh from Donnell's, 103.6 GWh from Tulloch, and 32.3 GWh from Sandbar under this agreement.

Rio Bravo. In August 2019, Santa Clara entered into a power purchase agreement with the Olcese Water District to purchase the output from Rio Bravo, a 14 MW hydroelectric power plant located in Kern County. The agreement commenced on September 1, 2019 and is scheduled to terminate on August 31, 2024. The agreement may be extended for an additional five-year term upon mutual written consent. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 11.3 GWh of energy from the Rio Bravo hydroelectric project.

Recurrent. On July 14, 2011, Santa Clara entered into a 25-year power purchase agreement for the entire output from the RE Rosamond One LLC project, a 20.0 net MW solar photovoltaic-powered project in Kern County, California, which became operational in December 2013. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 59.4 GWh of energy from Recurrent.

Central 40 Solar. On July 17, 2017, Santa Clara has entered into a 20-year power purchase and sale agreement with Samsung, contracted as Central 40, LLC, to develop, own and operate a 40 MW solar PV project located in Stanislaus County. The project became operational in February 2021. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 53.8 GWh of energy from the Central 40 solar project.

Friant Power Authority, Facility 1. Santa Clara has executed a power purchase agreement to purchase up to 68,000 MWh per year of electricity over the term of the agreement, from January 1, 2016 to August 31, 2032. Facility 1 consists of three existing run-of-river hydroelectric generating plants: the River Outlet (2 MW), the Friant-Kern (15 MW), and the Madera (8 MW). For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 24.1 GWh of energy from the Friant Power Authority, Facility 1.

Friant Power Authority, Facility 2. Santa Clara has executed a power purchase agreement to purchase the Net Electrical Output from Facility 2, a run-of-the river hydroelectric generating plant, Quinten Luallen Power Plant (7 MW), from July 10, 2012 to December 31, 2032. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 28.4 GWh of energy from the Friant Power Authority, Facility 2.

Santa Clara Tioga Canopy. On February 2, 2012, Santa Clara entered into a 20-year power purchase agreement with Tioga Solar Santa Clara, LLC. The project is located on Santa Clara's multi-level parking structure on Tasman Drive in the City of Santa Clara. The nameplate capacity of the project is 389.76 kW. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara received 0.5 GWh of energy from the solar canopy.

Aquamarine Westside Solar. On April 29, 2021, Santa Clara entered into a power purchase and sale agreement with Aquamarine Westside, LLC for three years. Pursuant to the agreement, Santa Clara has purchased 75 MW (a 30% share) of the total solar PV project, which is located in Kings County, California. The project became operational in September 2021. This agreement was not part of Santa Clara's portfolio for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021.

South Feather River Hydroelectric. On December 6, 2021, Santa Clara entered into a power purchase agreement (via a "third phase agreement" with NCPA), pursuant to which Santa Clara has purchased a 64.2% project participation share in the output of the South Feather Power Project. The project consists of four hydroelectric power plants: the 37.5 MW Forbestown Powerhouse, the 11 MW Kelly Ridge Powerhouse, the 13 MW Sly Creek Powerhouse and the 60 MW Woodleaf Powerhouse. The four plants that make up the South Feather Power Project are located across Butte, Plumas and Yuba counties on the South Fork of the Feather River and Slate Creek. Based on the average historical generation from the project, Santa Clara's project participation share of the generation output is expected to be approximately 245 GWh annually. On December 19, 2021, Santa Clara began receiving delivery of the project output. The term of the agreement ends on December 31, 2031. The term of the agreement shall automatically extend for an additional 10 years unless the seller provides written notice of termination to not automatically extend the term. This agreement was not part of Santa Clara's portfolio for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021.

Camp Far West Hydroelectric. Santa Clara is currently in the process of entering into a power purchase agreement (via a "third phase agreement" with NCPA), pursuant to which Santa Clara will purchase the generation output of the Camp Far West Hydroelectric Facility for a 20-year term. The Camp Far West Hydroelectric facility has a capacity of 6.8 MW and is owned and operated by the South Sutter Water District. The facility generates energy on a run-of-river basis associated with the release of water for environmental and irrigation purposes. Santa Clara will receive 100% of the generation output which is approximately 23,659 MWh based on forecasts of average hydrological conditions annually. The generation output will vary annually based on water availability. While the Third Phase Agreement has been approved in its final form, the agreement is still pending execution; therefore the Camp Far West Hydro project was not part of Santa Clara's portfolio for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021.

Future Power Supply Resources

Santa Clara commenced a re-power project with S-Power in 2016 at an existing Altamont Wind Project site owned by the City of Santa Clara. Rooney Ranch Wind LLC (originally Rooney Ranch LLC), a privately owned company created by S-Power ("Rooney Ranch"). Rooney Ranch entered into a ground lease agreement with Santa Clara to construct, own and operate a 19 MW capacity wind generation facility. Santa Clara also entered into a power purchase agreement with Rooney Ranch for the purchase of the output from the facility. Concurrent with the Rooney Ranch project agreements, Santa Clara also entered into a power purchase agreement with Sand Hill A (13 MW) and Sand Hill B (17.5 MW), which are also owned by S-Power, to purchase wind generation output from a separate wind generation re-power project located on adjacent land. In total, the re-power projects are expected to provide 49.5 MW of capacity. The projects were originally scheduled to be commercially operating by December 31, 2020 under a 25-year agreement. However, due to delays in permitting, the power purchase agreements were amended in 2021 with a new expected commercial operation date of December 31, 2022. The Rooney

Ranch power purchase agreement is expected to be further amended to change the milestone dates due to additional delays.

Due to Santa Clara's projected retail demand growth driven primarily from the industrial sector and secondarily from the commercial sector, and to replace existing renewable energy contracts that will expire in the future, Santa Clara is actively exploring new renewable energy projects for procurement. Santa Clara is scoping renewable energy projects in the near term to also make use of the investment tax credit and production tax credit eligibility. Santa Clara is beginning to explore options for the procurement of energy storage and is undergoing economic analysis to investigate the potential for cost-effective investments in energy storage.

Fuel Supply

Natural gas is the primary fuel and the primary variable operating cost of Santa Clara's cogeneration plants, Gianera Generating Station and Donald Von Raesfeld Power Plant. See "– Power Supply Resources – Generating Facilities" above. These plants can require delivery of up to 49,000 million British Thermal Units ("MMBtu") of natural gas per day, with current average daily requirements of 37,300 MMBtu per day. This fuel supply is delivered to Santa Clara through PG&E's natural gas pipeline system. Santa Clara has developed a comprehensive natural gas program to both manage supply and price volatility. This includes the procurement of a supply of natural gas at a discount from the monthly index price pursuant to a gas prepayment arrangement (described below), several long-term fixed price futures contracts for 15,000 MMBtu per day from 2022 to 2025, and a long-term fixed price contract for 5,000 MMBtu per day from 2022 to 2026. Excluding the M-S-R EA Gas Supply Agreement (described below) which is not a fixed rate contract, approximately 54% of gas needed for Santa Clara-owned generation is hedged for Fiscal Year 2021-22, and 56% of gas needed for Santa Clara-owned generation is hedged in Fiscal Year 2022-23 (based in each case on the projected gas-fired production for Santa Clara-owned generation facilities during such period).

M-S-R Energy Authority–Gas Prepay. The M-S-R PPA members have formed a joint power agency known as M-S-R EA. In 2009, Santa Clara participated in the M-S-R EA Gas Prepay Project. The M-S-R EA Gas Prepay Project provides, through a Gas Supply Agreement between M-S-R EA and Santa Clara, for a secure and long-term supply of natural gas of 7,500 MMBtu daily (or 2,730,500 MMBtu annually) through December 31, 2012, and 12,500 MMBtu daily (or 4,562,500 MMBtu annually) thereafter until September 30, 2039. The Gas Supply Agreement provides this supply at a discounted price below the monthly market index price (the PG&E Citygate index) over the 30-year term. M-S-R EA entered into a prepaid gas purchase agreement with Citigroup Energy, Inc. ("CEI") to provide this gas supply, and issued \$500.2 million of its Gas Project Revenue Bonds to finance the prepayment for Santa Clara, of which \$494.8 million were outstanding as of January 31, 2022. Under the terms of the Gas Supply Agreement, M-S-R EA will bill Santa Clara for actual quantities of natural gas delivered each month on a "take-and-pay" basis. Moreover, any default by CEI or the other participants in M-S-R EA's Gas Prepay Project, MID and Redding, is non-recourse to Santa Clara.

Transmission Resources

TANC California–Oregon Transmission Project. Santa Clara, together with fourteen other Northern California cities and districts and one rural electric cooperative, is a member, or associate member, of a California joint powers agency known as the Transmission Agency of Northern California ("TANC"). TANC, together with Redding, Western, two California water districts and PG&E (collectively, the "COTP Participants") own the California–Oregon Transmission Project ("COTP"), a 340-mile long, 1,600 MW, 500-kV AC transmission project between southern Oregon and central California. The COTP was placed in service on March 24, 1993, at an original cost of approximately \$430 million. TANC financed its interest in the COTP through the issuance of California-Oregon

Transmission Project Revenue Bonds, of which approximately \$169.9 million principal amount of revenue bonds was outstanding as of January 31, 2022. See “– Indebtedness.”

In April 2008, TANC purchased the COTP transmission assets (approximately 121 MW) of Vernon Light & Power of the city of Vernon, California (“Vernon”), one of the original owners of the COTP. Santa Clara participated in the acquisition of an increased share of transfer capability of the COTP in connection with the acquisition from Vernon by TANC. TANC utilized a combination of cash and the issuance of commercial paper (which was subsequently refunded with taxable fixed-rate bonds) to fund the acquisition of Vernon’s COTP transmission assets (the “Vernon acquisition debt”). Santa Clara, as well as the other acquiring TANC members, began scheduling the acquired COTP transmission transfer capability on April 8, 2008.

Pursuant to Project Agreement No. 3 for the COTP (the “TANC Agreement”), TANC has agreed to provide to Santa Clara and 12 other members of TANC (the “TANC Member-Participants”) a participation percentage of TANC’s entitlement of COTP transfer capability. In return, each TANC Member-Participant has severally agreed to pay TANC a corresponding percentage of TANC’s share of the COTP construction costs, including debt service on TANC’s outstanding revenue bonds and other obligations issued by TANC to finance its ownership share of the COTP. A TANC Member-Participant’s obligations to make payments to TANC are not dependent upon the operation of the COTP and are not subject to reduction. Upon an unremedied default by one TANC Member-Participant in making a payment required under the TANC Agreement, the non-defaulting TANC Member-Participants are required to increase pro-rata their participation percentage by the amount of the defaulting TANC Member-Participant’s entitlement share, provided that no such increase can result in a greater than 25% increase in the participation percentage of the non-defaulting TANC Member-Participants.

Pursuant to the TANC Agreement, Santa Clara’s participation percentage was 20.4745% of TANC’s share of COTP transfer capability (approximately 278 MW net of third party layoffs of TANC). Effective July 1, 2014, Santa Clara laid-off 147 MWs of this entitlement to MID, Turlock Irrigation District and Sacramento Municipal Utility District (“SMUD”) under a 25-year agreement. During the term of this agreement, the parties taking on the entitlement will assume responsibility for all associated debt service, operations and maintenance costs and all administrative and general costs. As a result of the layoff agreement, Santa Clara is currently responsible for paying approximately 10.01% of the operating and maintenance expenses of the COTP and approximately 9.81% of TANC’s COTP debt service. Santa Clara remains contractually obligated for its full participation share. Santa Clara’s payments to TANC under the TANC Agreement, including debt service on TANC’s revenue bonds, constitute an operating expense of Santa Clara’s electric system.

To utilize the full transfer capability of the COTP and the Intertie (described below) on a firm basis between the Pacific Northwest and California, it is necessary to coordinate the operation of all three transmission lines. The Pacific AC Intertie (the “Intertie”) is a two line system which, like the COTP, connects California utilities with those in the Pacific Northwest. The Intertie lines are owned by PG&E, PacifiCorp and Western and are operated by the CAISO. Rate schedules are on file with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (“FERC”) to accomplish this coordination. The three-line system comprised of the COTP and the Intertie is collectively referred to as the California-Oregon Intertie (“COI”).

As the 340-mile COTP transmission line runs from Kamath County in Southern Oregon to the Tesla Substation located south of the City of Tracy in San Joaquin County, in central California, approximately 34% of the transmission line runs through the “elevated” Tier 2 fire risk zone and 1% runs through the “extreme” Tier 3 fire risk zone as identified on the CPUC’s Fire Threat Map. TANC employs a fire risk management plan to mitigate its wildfire risk exposure that includes semi-annual aerial inspections; a series of annual ground inspections; a rigorous vegetation management program; as well as

limiting crops and vegetation height in orchard areas. The COTP is constructed entirely of steel lattice towers or single pole steel structures which includes a 200 foot right-of-way for the majority of the COTP that is kept clear of trees and large vegetation. The COTP Member-Participants formed a wildfire committee to address ongoing compliance with recently enacted laws, strengthen existing practices, and monitor relevant legislative and regulatory activities. TANC has submitted its wildfire mitigation plan for the COTP to the California Wildfire Safety Advisory Board as required by California Senate Bill 901 (“SB 901”). See “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks” in the front part of this Official Statement.

Santa Clara is using a portion of its share of the project transfer capability of the COTP to provide transmission of energy generated from the Big Horn Projects (described under “– Power Supply Resources – Purchased Power”) and turning over Santa Clara’s share of project transfer capability of the COTP to the CAISO in exchange for Congestion Revenue Rights and Congestion Revenue Rights revenues.

TANC Tesla–Midway Transmission Service. The southern physical terminus of the COTP is near PG&E’s Tesla Substation near Tracy, California. The COTP is connected to Western’s Tracy and Olinda Substations. PG&E provides TANC and certain of the TANC members with 300 MW of firm, bi-directional transmission service on its transmission system from its Midway Substation near Buttonwillow, California (the “Tesla-Midway Service”) to those members under a long-term agreement known as the South of Tesla Principles. Santa Clara’s share of Tesla–Midway Transmission Service is 81 MW. Santa Clara utilizes its share of the TANC Tesla–Midway Transmission Service to provide access to power supplies located in the southwest.

Geysers Transmission Project. Santa Clara is a participant in a double circuit 230 kV transmission line between Castle Rock Junction and PG&E’s Lakeville substation with a combined rated capacity of 1,206 MW. There are four participants in this project (PG&E, with a 931 MW interest; CDWR, with a 165 MW interest; NCPA, with a 50 MW interest; and Santa Clara, with a 60 MW interest). Through a long-term layoff agreement with CDWR, Santa Clara has the ability to use an additional 31 MW of this transmission facilities’ capacity for the life of the asset. CDWR has recently filed notice to terminate its participation in the project, but has yet to reach agreement with Santa Clara how to terminate their long-term layoff agreement.

Interconnections and Distribution Facilities

Santa Clara’s service area is surrounded by a portion of PG&E’s service area and the two systems are interconnected at two City-owned 115 kV receiving stations – Northern Receiving Station (“NRS”) and Kifer Receiving Station (“KRS”), each located within the city limits. In addition, Santa Clara has a 230 kV interconnection with PG&E at PG&E’s Los Esteros Substation (“LES”) in the city of San Jose. Power received at LES is transmitted by Santa Clara approximately six miles to NRS. Santa Clara owns facilities for the distribution of electric power within its city limits (approximately 18.4 square miles), which includes approximately 31 miles of 60 kV power lines, approximately 560 miles of 12 kV distribution lines (approximately 67% of which are underground), and 29 stations. Santa Clara’s electric system experiences approximately 1.3 hours of outage time per customer in 2021. This compares favorably with other utilities in California with reliability factors ranging from 1.0 to 2.5 hours outage per customer per year.

Historically, PG&E provided interconnection, partial power and other support services to Santa Clara under an interconnection agreement. Beginning March 31, 1998, the operation of the transmission facilities owned by California’s investor-owned utilities, including PG&E, was undertaken by the CAISO. In July 2002, FERC approved a series of agreements between Santa Clara, PG&E, the CAISO and NCPA

(which acts as scheduling coordinator for Santa Clara), including Santa Clara's MSS Agreement with the CAISO, to replace Santa Clara's interconnection agreement with PG&E and to allow Santa Clara to operate within the CAISO control area.

To the extent Santa Clara requires transmission/ancillary/power services beyond those contained in other remaining existing contracts or from Santa Clara's own generating resources, Santa Clara will procure such transmission/ancillary/power services from the CAISO or via the CAISO's markets.

Santa Clara is unable to predict how future industry changes, especially those concerning resource adequacy requirements, renewable fuels, greenhouse gas limitations and new transmission facilities to serve potential renewable energy projects, will affect future costs for the purchase of services under its interconnection, scheduling and CAISO agreements.

Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency

A significant portion of the energy received by Santa Clara's electric customers is generated from renewable energy resources. Santa Clara's power mix in calendar year 2020 consisted of 32% eligible renewable resources. When large hydroelectric resources are included, Santa Clara's power mix consisted of 48% renewable and large hydroelectric power. On December 6, 2011, the Santa Clara City Council adopted revisions to Santa Clara's Environmental Stewardship and Renewable Portfolio Standard Policy Statement, and adopted a new RPS Enforcement Program, to conform to the standards and timetable set forth in California Senate Bill X1-2, signed by the Governor on April 12, 2011. Santa Clara satisfied the RPS target for Compliance Period 1 (from 2011 through 2013), with an average of approximately 20% of Santa Clara's energy portfolio supplied from renewable resources over such period, which has been verified and approved by the State of California. Santa Clara has satisfied the RPS target for Compliance Period 2 (from 2014 through 2016), meeting the compliance requirement of 20% of retail sales in 2014 and 2015, and 25% of retail sales in 2016. Santa Clara has also satisfied the RPS target for Compliance Period 3 (from 2017 through 2020), meeting the compliance requirement of 27% of retail sales in 2017, 29% of retail sales in 2018, 31% of retail sales in 2019, and 33% of retail sales in 2020. California Senate Bill 350 requires that the amount of electricity generated each year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to at least 50% of total retail sales by December 31, 2030. In addition, Santa Clara is preparing to meet the accelerated eligible renewable energy compliance requirement of 60% of retail sales by December 31, 2030 in accordance with California Senate Bill 100. See "CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – *California Renewables Portfolio Standard*" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Santa Clara's energy efficiency programs are separated into residential and business programs, with the majority of funding toward its largest customer segment - the business sector. Total Public Benefits Charge funds are about \$12 million per year. Residential programs include rate assistance for low-income customers, energy efficiency rebates (for example, clothes dryers, heat pump water heaters, and variable speed pool pumps), energy audits, and programs for schools and libraries. Business programs include energy audits, installation management for small companies, rebates for a wide variety of equipment (for example, lighting, air conditioning systems, chillers, motors, new construction, food service equipment and customized installations, etc.), and design and construction assistance.

Wholesale Energy

For a number of years, Santa Clara has used its energy and transmission resources together with its power scheduling capabilities to buy and sell energy in the western North American market. As deregulation unfolded, a greater need to manage resources on a day-to-day basis evolved, resulting in a more comprehensive approach to trading operations at Santa Clara. The principal reason for wholesale trading is to optimize the value of the utility's assets and cost-effectively serve its retail load. For the

Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2020 and 2021, net trading revenues (wholesale power and fuel sales revenues less wholesale power and fuel purchase costs) were approximately \$(5.1) million, and \$10 million, respectively. The results in the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021 are primarily related to the expiration at the end of 2020 of a high priced long-term natural gas contract and long-term natural gas futures contracts Santa Clara entered into in early 2020 to hedge its long-term fuel costs. These fixed-priced futures purchase contracts were settled/sold at Intercontinental Exchange (Ice) at higher than the contract prices. See also “– Fuel Supply.”

Risk Management

On December 5, 2006, the Santa Clara City Council approved an amended Risk Management Policy to provide policy guidance with respect to its wholesale power activities. Pursuant to the Policy, Santa Clara has established a Risk Oversight Committee (composed of the City Manager, the Director of Finance, the Chief Electric Utility Officer and the Santa Clara City Attorney) and a Risk Management Committee, to oversee all proposed power purchase agreements, whether for retail or wholesale purposes. Pursuant to the Policy, Santa Clara has also established regulations approved by the Risk Oversight Committee to govern the various functions of its trading operations. The Policy and Regulations are intended to: (a) provide a common risk management infrastructure to facilitate management control and reporting; (b) create a procedure to evaluate the creditworthiness of the counterparties, and to monitor and manage the aggregate credit exposure; (c) establish a corporate culture exemplifying best practices in risk management; (d) create a mechanism to identify market-related opportunities within Santa Clara’s overall exposure balance or “book” and opportunities to internalize related transactions; and (e) develop an effective, streamlined ability to timely commit to transactions. The Regulations establish guidelines for, among other things, acceptable counterparty creditworthiness standards and requirements for limits on credit exposure to any individual counterparty. Most of the purchase and sale transactions entered into by the power trading operation are for 92 days or less.

Wildfire Mitigation Measures

Santa Clara owns a limited number of remote transmission assets, including, but not limited to, wires, poles, and other needed equipment to safely maintain and deliver power generated from generation assets located outside the city limits. Pursuant to the requirements of California Senate Bill 1028, the Santa Clara City Council made a wildfire risk determination at its October 9, 2018 City Council meeting and directed the electric utility to create a wildfire mitigation plan. The initial Silicon Valley Power Wildfire Mitigation Plan was adopted by City Council on June 25, 2019. Current wildfire mitigation practices include periodic inspection and maintenance, vegetation management and re-energization procedures in the event of a line trip. The California Wildfire Safety Advisory Board (“WSAB”) issued the Guidance Advisory Opinion for the 2021 Wildfire Mitigation Plans of Electric Publicly Owned Utilities and Cooperatives (“2021 WSAB Guidance Advisory Opinion”) on December 15, 2020. Santa Clara provided its 2021 informational response to the WSAB for each of the recommendations included in the 2021 WSAB Guidance Advisory Opinion which was presented to the Santa Clara City Council on June 8, 2021. Santa Clara updates its wildfire mitigation plan on an annual basis, with comprehensive review required every three years. See also “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – State Legislation and Regulatory Proceedings – Legislation Relating to Wildfires; Related Risks” in the front part of this Official Statement.

COVID-19

The spread of the novel strain of coronavirus (and variants thereof) and the disease it causes (now known as “COVID-19”) has had significant negative impacts throughout the world, including in California. In 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 outbreak to be a pandemic, and states of emergency have been declared by the United States, the State and numerous counties

throughout the State. The purpose behind these declarations was to coordinate and formalize emergency actions across federal, state and local governmental agencies, and to proactively prepare for a wider spread of the virus.

On March 19, 2020, in an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 ordering individuals living in the State to stay home or at their place of residence except for specified exceptions, including exceptions for certain sectors of the workforce that were classified as providing essential services and products, which allowed businesses and workers in such sectors to continue to operate on-site operations while Executive Order N-33-20 was effective. On June 11, 2021, Governor Newsom issued two executive orders, which became effective on June 15, 2021, which had the effect of rescinding a majority of the COVID-19-related restrictions and providing a timeline for gradually lifting certain of the other restrictions that were not fully rescinded on June 15, 2021.

During the pandemic, Santa Clara has experienced a decline in electricity demand by the commercial sector while electricity usage by the residential sector increased, as might be expected with many retail establishments being closed and people staying home. An overall increase in energy consumption of approximately 181 GWh experienced by Santa Clara in Fiscal Year 2020-21 was driven by Santa Clara's large industrial sector customers, many of which are data center and semiconductor related businesses. For information regarding Santa Clara's load requirements over the past five Fiscal Years, see "– Power Supply Resources." For information regarding the types of businesses comprising the Electric System's largest customers, see "– Major Customers." See also "Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand."

Historically, Santa Clara's annual write-offs for uncollectible accounts have been less than 0.01% of gross billings of the Electric System. Since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, write-offs for uncollectible accounts has increased to approximately 0.02% of gross billings for Fiscal Year 2020-21. To help mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19 and the related governmental regulations on its customers, Santa Clara implemented a payment deferral program for all customers of Santa Clara utilities, which included the suspension of the disconnection of services by City utilities for non-payment of utility bills since March 13, 2020, and the date that disconnections may resume has not been established. In addition to the suspension of late payment penalties, numerous programs have been implemented for payment assistance. These programs include Long-Term Rate Assistance, Payment Arrangements, Help Your Neighbor Program, and a one-time \$30 Energy Efficiency credit to all residential accounts.

Santa Clara was allocated approximately \$1.3 million under the California Department of Community Services and Development California's Arrearage Payment Program ("CAPP"), to aid the accounts that have fallen behind during the period of May 4, 2020 through June 15, 2021. Santa Clara is expected to receive the funding in February 2022.

With widespread vaccination currently underway in the United States and many countries worldwide, governmental-imposed stay-at-home orders and restrictions on operations of schools and businesses implemented to respond to and control the outbreak have been eased or eliminated. However, restrictions may be re-imposed in various jurisdictions from time to time as local conditions warrant. Santa Clara cannot predict whether any reinstatement or expansion of stay-at-home orders and travel or other restrictions will occur or when a full resumption of all economic activity will be achieved. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of Santa Clara or the Electric System is unknown and there can be no assurances that COVID-19 will not materially adversely impact the financial condition of Santa Clara or the Electric System in the future. There are many variables that will continue to contribute to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the recovery therefrom, including the length of time social distancing measures are in place, the effectiveness of State and federal government relief programs and the timing for containment and treatment, new coronavirus strains,

vaccinations efforts and vaccine hesitancy. Santa Clara cannot predict the extent or duration of such impacts.

Rates and Charges

The Santa Clara City Council is authorized by the City Code of the City of Santa Clara to set charges, pay for and supply all electric energy and power to be furnished to customers according to such schedules, tariffs, rules and regulations as adopted by the City Council. The authority of Santa Clara to impose and collect rates and charges for electric power and energy is not presently subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of the California Public Utilities Commission (“CPUC”) or any other regulatory authority.

The following table summarizes a history of Santa Clara’s electric rate increases over the last five years.

**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
HISTORY OF ELECTRIC RATE CHANGES**

Date	Percent Change
January 1, 2022	3.0%
February 1, 2021	3.0
January 1, 2020	3.0
January 1, 2019	2.0
January 1, 2018	0.0

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Santa Clara has a monthly billing system set up for all its electric accounts. Charges for electric service are typically included in a customer’s Municipal Utilities Regular Bill with other utility charges for the same time period. Bills are due and payable upon receipt of billing and generally become delinquent if not paid within 21 days thereafter. Late charges begin to accrue the day following the past due date. Electric service may be discontinued for nonpayment of any undisputed bill, following issuance by Santa Clara to the customer of a Shut-Off Notice Bill (typically the next bill sent to the customer following the past due bill) and a 48-Hour Notice of Service Discontinuance. Service will be restored only upon payment, in cash or certified funds, of all amounts then due and payable, including required deposits, utility service charges, and other related charges as permitted in the schedule of fees established and adopted by resolution of the Santa Clara City Council. See “– COVID-19” for information regarding certain payment deferral and customer payment assistance programs implemented by the City during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Major Customers

The ten largest customers of Santa Clara’s electric utility department, in terms of kWh sales for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, which are listed below, accounted for 62.1% of total kWh sales and 55.7% of retail revenues. The largest customer accounted for 23.2% of total kWh sales and 22.8% of total retail revenues, while the smallest customer of the largest ten customers accounted for 2.4% of total kWh sales and 2.5% of total retail revenues. Santa Clara is heavily dependent upon its industrial customers, which comprise approximately 90.2% of its load and 88.5% of its revenues (in the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021). For reference, Santa Clara’s industrial category includes all customers using more than

8,000 kWh per month. For many years, Santa Clara has been home to a number of the world's best known "high tech" firms involved in the design and production of computers and software. In the past few years, some of these firms have shifted production away from Santa Clara; however, this shift has been more than offset by the development of numerous data centers established to serve the data needs of corporate offices and of internet-related businesses.

To help retain its industrial customers, and thus assure the stability of Santa Clara's electric sales and revenue, Santa Clara has historically entered into multi-year electric service agreements with a number of its larger customers. Santa Clara has adopted flexible, standardized rate tariffs to replace these individually negotiated electric service agreements to facilitate transparency and efficiency. The new rate tariffs took effect on January 1, 2019 and have been implemented for all contract customers as their electric service agreements expired. These standardized rate tariffs have resulted in similar rate impacts for customers who meet specific criteria.

**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
MAJOR CUSTOMERS**

Customer	Business
Air Products	Industrial Gas and Chemicals
Coresite Coronado Stender LLC	Data Centers
Cyxtera Data Centers Inc.	Data Centers
Digital Realty Trust LP	Data Centers
Intel Corporation	Semiconductors
Nvidia Corporation	Computer-Software Developers
Oracle America Inc.	Database Software Products
Owens Corning Sales LLC	Manufacturing
Quality Technology Services	Data Centers
Vantage Data Centers LLC	Data Centers

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Customers, Energy Sales, Revenues and Demand

The average number of customer accounts, kWh sales and revenues derived from sales, by classification of service, and peak demand during the past five Fiscal Years, are listed below.

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**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
CUSTOMERS, SALES, REVENUES AND DEMAND
(Fiscal Year Ended June 30)**

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Average Monthly Number of Customers Accounts:					
Residential.....	46,305	46,807	47,590	49,049	50,346
Commercial.....	6,231	6,156	6,522	6,681	6,762
Industrial	1,652	1,666	1,828	1,822	1,739
Other	549	569	551	446	344
Total.....	54,737	55,198	56,491	57,998	59,191
Kilowatt-hour Sales (000):					
Residential.....	228,505	229,957	230,901	240,247	268,601
Commercial.....	95,050	92,869	89,873	88,362	87,235
Industrial	3,133,903	3,236,317	3,241,566	3,327,560	3,478,492
Other	18,042	18,922	18,431	17,925	18,353
Total.....	3,475,500	3,578,065	3,580,771	3,674,094	3,852,680
Charges from Sale of Energy (000) ⁽¹⁾ :					
Residential.....	\$ 27,635	\$ 28,333	\$ 28,761	\$ 30,059	\$ 33,566
Commercial.....	15,868	15,678	15,319	15,473	15,587
Industrial	352,973	370,696	370,740	387,486	396,968
Other	2,448	2,565	4,559	4,106	2,021
Total ⁽²⁾	\$398,924	\$417,272	\$419,379	\$437,124	\$448,143
Peak Demand (MW)	568.1	586.6	587.8	579.3	593.1

⁽¹⁾ Differs from Operating Revenues in Financial Operating Results and Balance Sheet information due to:
(i) timing differences in accruals and billings; and (ii) exclusion of non-consumption based revenues.

⁽²⁾ Includes public benefits charge and grid management charge revenues.

Source: City of Santa Clara

Service Area

Population. The service area of the Santa Clara electric utility is coterminous with Santa Clara's boundaries. Santa Clara is located at the southern end of the San Francisco Bay. Encompassing a total area of approximately 18.4 square miles within northern Santa Clara County, Santa Clara is situated in the heart of "Silicon Valley." Shown below is certain population data for Santa Clara, the County of Santa Clara and the State of California.

POPULATION

	City of Santa Clara	County of Santa Clara	State of California
1970.....	86,118	1,065,313	19,971,069
1980.....	87,700	1,295,071	23,667,764
1990.....	93,613	1,497,577	29,760,021
2000.....	102,361	1,682,585	33,871,653
2010.....	116,468	1,781,642	37,253,956
2011.....	118,794	1,806,087	37,561,624
2012.....	119,988	1,834,926	37,924,661
2013.....	121,459	1,863,975	38,269,864
2014.....	122,141	1,887,079	38,556,731
2015.....	122,442	1,911,670	38,865,532
2016.....	124,060	1,928,438	39,103,587
2017.....	123,975	1,937,008	39,352,398
2018.....	126,374	1,943,579	39,519,535
2019.....	125,908	1,944,733	39,605,361
2020.....	127,301	1,945,166	39,648,938
2021.....	130,746	1,934,171	39,466,855

Source: 1970-2010, as of April 1, based on historical U.S. Census population data compiled by the California State Department of Finance. 2011-2021, as of January 1, State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, with 2010 Census Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2021.

Employment. The main businesses in Santa Clara are manufacturing and industrial. There are numerous companies that manufacture electronic components, communications equipment, computer systems, electronic games and similar products, and general items such as fiberglass, paper and chemicals. As shown in the following table, these firms are among the largest employers in Santa Clara as of June 30, 2021.

CITY OF SANTA CLARA TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS

Employer	Business	Number of Employees
Applied Materials, Inc.	Nano Technology Mfg Services	8,500
Intel Corporation	Semiconductor Devices (Mfg.)	7,801
Advanced Micro Devices Inc.	Semiconductor Devices (Mfg.)	3,000
California's Great America	Amusement Park	2,500
Nvidia	Software	2,500
Dell	Computers	2,088
Santa Clara University	Higher Education	2,000
City of Santa Clara	Local Government	1,783
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals	Healthcare	1,459
Macy's	Retail	1,200

Source: City of Santa Clara Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for Fiscal Year 2021.

Due to the nature of local industry, with its heavy emphasis on electronics, aerospace and research, Santa Clara has attracted many professional people and industrial workers possessing skills well above the average.

The San Jose Labor Market, as defined by the State Employment Development Department, includes all cities within Santa Clara County. According to the California Employment Development Department, the County of Santa Clara's unemployment rate was 5.9% for the year 2020. The following table sets forth certain information regarding employment in the City of Santa Clara from 2016 through 2020.

**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT
2016 TO 2020⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾**

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Civilian Labor Force	68,800	69,600	71,200	71,800	69,800
Employment	66,400	67,400	69,400	70,200	65,600
Unemployment	2,500	2,100	1,800	1,600	4,100
Unemployment Rate	3.6%	3.1%	2.8%	2.3%	5.9%

⁽¹⁾ Annual averages; not seasonally adjusted. Data may not add due to rounding. Unemployment rates calculated using unrounded data. Most recent full year information available.

⁽²⁾ Reflects March 2019 benchmark.

Source: State of California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places, Annual Averages – Revised.

Transportation. Santa Clara is served by the Bayshore Freeway (U.S. Highway 101), which runs southeast from San Francisco to Los Angeles and is the major freeway connecting San Francisco and San Jose; Interstate 880, which runs north/south connecting San Jose and Oakland and becomes State Highway 17 (south of Interstate 280) and continues into Santa Cruz with access to Monterey; and Interstate 280, which runs north/south to San Francisco and State Highway 82. These freeways link Santa Clara to all parts of northern California.

Air transportation is available at both the San Francisco International Airport, approximately 40 miles to the north, and the San Jose International Airport, two miles from downtown Santa Clara. Rail service is provided by Union Pacific Railroad, on a north/south track linking San Jose and San Francisco, and CalTrain commuter service to Gilroy and San Francisco. The Guadalupe Corridor Light Rail has 20 completed miles of track from the Santa Clara Convention Center to the San Jose Convention Center, stretching to South San Jose, Mountain View and Milpitas.

The Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority operates several lines within the City of Santa Clara with connections to major cities in the San Francisco Bay area. Interstate bus service is available via Greyhound Bus and Peerless. Most major trucking firms serve Santa Clara in addition to numerous local carriers.

Educational Facilities. The Santa Clara Unified School District provides public schooling from kindergarten through high school in most of the City of Santa Clara. Small geographical areas in the southern city limits are served by the Campbell Union Elementary School District and the Cupertino Union Elementary School District.

Santa Clara is also the home of the oldest institution of higher education in the West, Santa Clara University. Santa Clara residents are also in close proximity to San Jose State University, Stanford University and Mission College, as well as other units of the Community College System.

Capital Requirements

Santa Clara expects net capital requirements for the current and next four Fiscal Years (2021-22 through 2025-26) to total approximately \$245.9 million. Such improvements include distribution system improvements and replacements, including several new distribution substations and significant upgrades to its internal bulk distribution loops and distribution feeders. These distribution facilities are needed to meet increased capacity requirements of new and existing customers and are expected to be financed through a combination of load development fees, direct customer contributions, funds from Santa Clara's available cash reserves (described under "– Cash Reserves") and electric revenues. Santa Clara does not currently expect to issue new debt to finance its capital requirements.

Indebtedness

Santa Clara Electric Revenue Bonds. As of January 31, 2022, Santa Clara had outstanding senior lien electric revenue bonds ("Senior Electric Revenue Bonds") in the aggregate principal amount of \$39.870 million, payable from net revenues of the electric system. Such outstanding Senior Electric Revenue Bonds are comprised of \$4.545 million aggregate principal amount of Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 A and \$35.325 million aggregate principal amount of Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 A.

In addition to the outstanding Senior Electric Revenue Bonds, Santa Clara has entered into three loan agreements (collectively, the "Loan Agreements") with Bank of America, N.A. ("BANA"), each providing for a direct loan from BANA to Santa Clara. Santa Clara's obligation to make repayment to BANA of each of the loans is evidenced by a subordinate electric revenue bond (collectively, the "Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds") of Santa Clara, payable from net revenues of the electric system on a basis junior and subordinate to the payment of Santa Clara's outstanding Senior Electric Revenue Bonds. As of January 31, 2022, Santa Clara had outstanding \$99.140 million aggregate principal amount of such Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds. Certain terms of the Loan Agreements and related Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds of Santa Clara are further described below.

Santa Clara entered into a Loan Agreement (2020-1), dated as of April 1, 2020 (the "2020-1 Loan Agreement") with BANA, and in connection therewith issued and delivered to BANA its \$52.985 million principal amount of Subordinated Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-1 (the "Subordinate 2020-1 Bonds"), all of which were outstanding as of January 31, 2022. The Subordinate 2020-1 Bonds mature on July 1, 2032 (subject to prior redemption), with the aggregate principal amount thereof payable in installments on July 1 of each of the years 2028 through 2032. The Subordinate 2020-1 Bonds currently bear interest at the tax-exempt rate of 1.36% per annum.

Santa Clara entered into a Loan Agreement (2020-2), dated as of April 1, 2020 (the "2020-2 Loan Agreement") with BANA, and in connection therewith issued and delivered to BANA its \$34.315 million principal amount of Subordinated Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-2 (the "Subordinate 2020-2 Bonds"), all of which were outstanding as of January 31, 2022. The Subordinate 2020-2 Bonds mature on July 1, 2028 (subject to prior redemption), with the aggregate principal amount thereof payable in installments on July 1 of each of the years 2023 through 2028. The Subordinate 2020-2 Bonds currently bear interest at a taxable rate of 1.31% per annum. Pursuant to the 2020-2 Loan Agreement, the interest rate on the 2020-2 Subordinate Bonds may be converted to the tax-exempt rate of 1.02% per annum on any business day during the period that begins on October 3, 2022 (or, if earlier, the first day (if any) on which the Subordinate 2020-2 Bonds may be converted to a tax-exempt obligation as a result of

an amendment to section 149(d) of the Code), and ends on January 1, 2023, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent under the 2020-2 Loan Agreement, including, but not limited to, (a) Santa Clara shall have delivered to BANA an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that, as of the conversion date, interest on the Subordinate 2020-2 Bond is excludable from the gross income of the holder thereof for federal income tax purposes; and (b) Santa Clara and BANA shall have executed and delivered a Conversion Agreement substantially in the form attached to the 2020-2 Loan Agreement.

Santa Clara entered into a Loan Agreement (2020-3), dated as of April 1, 2020 (the “2020-3 Loan Agreement”) with BANA, and in connection therewith issued and delivered to BANA its \$16.720 million principal amount of Subordinated Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020-3 (the “Subordinate 2020-3 Bonds”), of which \$11.840 million principal amount was outstanding as of January 31, 2022. The Subordinate 2020-3 Bonds mature on July 1, 2024 (subject to prior redemption), with the aggregate principal amount thereof payable in installments on July 1 of each of the years 2020 through 2024. The Subordinate 2020-3 Bonds bear interest at the tax-exempt rate of 0.58% per annum.

Under each of the Loan Agreements, upon a failure by Santa Clara to pay principal or interest of any of the related Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds, a failure by Santa Clara to perform or observe its covenants, a default in other specified indebtedness or obligations of Santa Clara, certain acts of bankruptcy or insolvency, or other specified events of default (including if S&P shall have assigned a credit rating below “BBB–,” or if any of Fitch, S&P or Moody’s shall have downgraded its credit rating on Santa Clara’s Senior Electric Revenue Bonds or parity debt to below “BBB” or “Baa2”), BANA has the right to accelerate (immediately in the case of certain bankruptcy or insolvency events or upon the acceleration of other specified indebtedness or obligations, or, depending on the event, not earlier than seven days after the occurrence, or for certain events, not earlier than 180 days’ after the occurrence and only after at least 60 days’ notice) and declare Santa Clara’s obligation to repay the related Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds and all other obligations of the City to BANA under the respective Loan Agreement then due and payable.

For the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021, Santa Clara’s annual debt service on the outstanding Senior Electric Revenue Bonds and the Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds totaled approximately \$13.4 million. Assuming no future debt issuances, the annual debt service on such outstanding Senior Electric Revenue Bonds and Subordinate Electric Revenue Bonds is expected to increase to a high of \$17.6 million in Fiscal Year 2023-24, declining to a low of approximately \$12.2 million in Fiscal Year 2028-29.

Joint Powers Agency Obligations. As previously discussed, Santa Clara participates in several joint powers agencies, including TANC, NCPA, M-S-R PPA and M-S-R EA, which have issued indebtedness to finance the costs of certain projects on behalf of their respective project participants. Obligations of Santa Clara under its agreements with respect to TANC, NCPA and M-S-R PPA constitute operating expenses of Santa Clara’s electric system payable prior to any of the payments required to be made on Santa Clara’s Electric Revenue Bonds described above. Agreements with TANC, NCPA and M-S-R PPA are on a “take-or-pay” basis, which requires payments to be made whether or not projects are completed or operable, or whether output from such projects is suspended, interrupted or terminated. Certain of these agreements contain “step-up” provisions obligating Santa Clara to pay a share of the obligations of a defaulting participant. As described herein, Santa Clara also participates in M-S-R EA and has certain payment obligation in connection therewith which constitute operating expenses of Santa Clara’s electric system. However, Santa Clara’s payment obligation to M-S-R EA is with respect to actual quantity of natural gas delivered each month on a take-and-pay (rather than take-or-pay) basis. Responsibility for bond repayment is non-recourse to Santa Clara. See “– Fuel Supply—*M-S-R Energy Authority—Gas Prepay*” above.

Santa Clara's participation and share of debt service obligation (without giving effect to any "step-up" provisions) for the TANC, NCPA and M-S-R PPA projects in which it participates are shown in the following table.

**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
OUTSTANDING DEBT OF JOINT POWERS AGENCIES
(as of January 31, 2022)
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)**

	Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾	Santa Clara Participation⁽²⁾	Santa Clara Share of Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾
M-S-R PPA			
San Juan Unit No. 4	\$ 26.43	35.00%	\$ 9.25
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	10.82	44.39	4.80
Calaveras Hydroelectric Project	223.25 ⁽³⁾	37.02 ⁽⁴⁾	82.65
Lodi Energy Center, Issue One	206.89	46.16	95.50
TANC			
COTP	169.95	9.65 ⁽⁵⁾	16.40
TOTAL⁽⁶⁾	\$637.34		\$208.60

(1) Principal only. Does not include obligation for payment of interest on such debt. Excludes M-S-R EA as described above.

(2) Participation based on actual debt service obligation. Participation obligation is subject to increase (in an amount up to a specified accumulated maximum above the original participation) upon default of another Participant.

(3) Includes approximately \$85.2 million of hedged variable rate bonds, [which are expected to be refunded by the 2022 Bonds].

(4) Includes 1.16% additional share purchased from other NCPA participants. In addition, Santa Clara's actual payments represent approximately 37.90% of outstanding debt service as a result of credit to non-participating members with respect to a portion of the debt obligation.

(5) Excludes 10.4705% of Santa Clara's original 20.4745% participation share for which, as described herein, Santa Clara has entered into an agreement to layoff to other TANC Member-Participants for a term of 25 years. Santa Clara remains contractually obligated for its full participation share. Santa Clara's actual debt service obligation differs slightly from this percentage due to varying shares of certain series of TANC bonds relating to each TANC member-participant's taxable portion and each TANC member-participant's participation or non-participation in acquisition of assets from Vernon.

(6) Columns may not add to totals due to independent rounding.

Source: City of Santa Clara Electric Utility Department.

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara's payment obligations under its agreements with the joint powers agencies aggregated approximately \$33.3 million. Santa Clara's obligations to the joint powers agencies is expected to range between \$7.1 million and \$33.4 million through Fiscal Year 2039-40. This projection assumes that layoff agreements affecting expected obligations to be paid by Santa Clara remain effective for their full term and are performed by the parties thereto, that there are no future debt issuances, and that swap counterparties on interest rate hedges continue to perform (all of Santa Clara's variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations are hedged). Santa Clara manages the total amount of variable rate debt exposure for its electric utility (including both direct and joint powers agency debt), and, by policy, has targeted up to approximately 25% as the appropriate variable rate exposure. Unreimbursed draws under liquidity arrangements supporting joint powers agency variable rate debt obligations bear interest at a maximum rate substantially in excess of the current interest rates on such variable rate debt obligations. Moreover, in certain circumstances, the failure to reimburse draws on the liquidity agreements may result in the acceleration of scheduled payment of the principal of such variable rate joint powers agency obligations. To the extent a joint powers agency has entered into interest rate swap agreements for the purposes of substantially fixing the interest cost with respect to variable rate

joint powers agency obligations, there is no guarantee that the floating rate payable to such joint powers agency pursuant to such interest rate swap agreements will match the variable interest rate on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which the respective interest rate swap agreement relates at all times or at any time. Under certain circumstances, the swap providers may be obligated to make payments to the joint powers agency under their respective interest rate swap agreement that is less than the interest due on the associated variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations to which such interest rate swap agreement relates. In such event, such insufficiency will be payable from the obligated joint powers agency members (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Santa Clara). In addition, under certain circumstances, each of the swap agreements is subject to early termination, in which event the joint powers agency could be obligated to make a termination payment to the applicable swap provider (a corresponding amount of which proportionate to its debt service obligations to such joint powers agency could be due from Santa Clara). The only currently outstanding interest rate swap agreement related to Santa Clara's variable rate joint powers agency debt obligations is the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap which is expected to be terminated in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Bonds. See "PLAN OF REFUNDING" in the front part of this Official Statement.

Transfers to the General Fund

The Santa Clara City Charter provides that up to 5% of gross revenues (not including revenues from wholesale transactions) from the electric utility is paid to the Santa Clara General Fund each year as a contribution in lieu of taxes. Pursuant to the Charter, such amounts are to be made from the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund after the payment of debt service on Santa Clara's Electric Revenue Bonds.

The following table sets out the transfers from the electric utility to the Santa Clara General Fund for the last five Fiscal Years.

**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
TRANSFERS TO THE GENERAL FUND
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)**

Fiscal Year	Transfer Amount
2016-17	\$21,117
2017-18	21,986
2018-19	21,304
2019-20	22,710
2020-21	24,548

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Employees

General. As of January 1, 2022, Santa Clara had approximately 205 budgeted employees for its electric utility department. All of these Electric Utility department employees are represented either by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers ("IBEW") or one of the other City employees' associations, in matters pertaining to wages, benefits and working conditions. The labor agreements with IBEW and with the Engineers of the City of Santa Clara expired in December 2021, and new agreements are currently under negotiation. Until the successor agreements are executed, the terms of the expired agreements will continue to govern. The current labor agreements with the City of Santa Clara Employees Association (the primary bargaining units for employees of the electric utility department) and the miscellaneous unclassified management employees will expire in December 2023 and December 2024,

respectively. There have been no strikes or other union work stoppages at Santa Clara, including its electric utility department.

Pension Plans. Santa Clara’s permanent employees, including those in the electric utility department, are covered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (“CalPERS”), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State. CalPERS issues a separate annual comprehensive financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Santa Clara’s defined benefit pension plans, the Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan, provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries for city employees. All permanent (full-time and part-time) and eligible “as-needed” hourly Santa Clara employees are required to participate in CalPERS. No employees assigned to the electric utility department participate in the Safety Plan.

The cost of the Miscellaneous Plan is funded through bi-weekly contributions from employees and from employer contributions by Santa Clara. The member employees’ contribution rates are set by State statute and only change with significant contract amendments. The member contribution can be paid by the employee or by Santa Clara on the employee’s behalf in accordance with applicable labor agreements. In accordance with applicable state law, the contribution rate for all public employers is determined annually by the actuary and is effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contribution amounts are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Santa Clara is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members, using the actuarial basis recommended by CalPERS actuaries and actuarial consultants and adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The employer contribution rates are established, and may be amended, by CalPERS.

The electric utility department is allocated its portion of Santa Clara’s required contributions for the Miscellaneous Plan. This allocation is based on eligible employee wages.

The table below sets forth the electric utility department’s allocated share of Santa Clara’s required contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan for the five Fiscal Years 2016-17 through 2020-21. The amount budgeted for the electric utility department’s allocated share of Santa Clara’s estimated required contributions to such plan for Fiscal Year 2021-22 is \$11,000,000.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Miscellaneous Plan		
	Electric Utility Department Allocated Share	Total City Required Contribution Amount	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 7,558,410	\$21,613,984	30.32%
2018	8,832,102	25,256,224	33.45
2019	8,258,503	23,615,964	28.84
2020	9,365,958	28,987,800	32.42
2021	10,027,454	31,035,143	34.75

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Santa Clara's required contributions to CalPERS fluctuate each year and include a normal cost component and a component equal to an amortized amount of the unfunded liability. Many assumptions are used to estimate the ultimate liability of pensions and the contributions that will be required to meet those obligations, and these assumptions and contribution requirement are subject to changes implemented by CalPERS Board of Administration. On December 21, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration lowered the discount rate from 7.5% to 7.0% using a three year phase-in beginning with the June 30, 2016 actual valuations, and beginning with Fiscal Year 2017-18 CalPERS changed the employer contributions toward the plan's unfunded liability as dollar amounts instead of prior method of a contribution rate. The announcement on July 12, 2021 that CalPERS achieved a preliminary investment return of 21.3% for the period from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 caused the CalPERS Board of Administration to lower CalPERS' discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8% on November 15, 2021 in accordance with a risk mitigation policy that was adopted in 2015, which calls for the discount rate to be lowered if returns exceed the then-current discount rate by two or more percentage points. Lowering the discount rate generally means that employers which contract with CalPERS to administer their pension plans will see increases in their normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities. The CalPERS Board of Administration may in the future further adjust certain assumptions used in the CalPERS actuarial valuations, which adjustments may increase Santa Clara's required contributions to CalPERS in future years. Accordingly, Santa Clara cannot provide any assurances that Santa Clara's required contributions to CalPERS in future years will not significantly increase (or otherwise vary) from any past or current projected levels of contributions.

Effective for Fiscal Year 2014-15, Santa Clara adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68 ("GASB No. 68"), affecting the reporting of pension liabilities for accounting purposes. Under GASB No. 68, Santa Clara is required to report the Net Pension Liability (*i.e.*, the difference between the Total Pension Liability and the Pension Plan's Net Position or market value of assets) in its financial statements.

The table below summarizes certain information relating to the electric utility department's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of Santa Clara's Miscellaneous Plan for the measurement periods ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020 (as reported in Santa Clara's audited financial statements as of the succeeding fiscal year). The electric utility department's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the electric utility department's long-term share of contributions to the Miscellaneous Plan relative to the projected contributions of all funds of Santa Clara.

**City of Santa Clara Electric Utility Department
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Miscellaneous Plan**

Measurement Date⁽¹⁾ (June 30)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability⁽²⁾	Electric Utility Enterprise Fund Share of the Net Pension Liability⁽²⁾	Share of Net Position as a % of Share of Total Pension Liability	Share of Net Pension Liability as a % of Its Covered Payroll
2016	34.97%	\$84,615,916	62.18%	390.63%
2017	34.97	92,735,319	62.02	372.00
2018	34.97	94,238,259	62.97	356.86
2019	32.31	92,007,139	62.72	347.81
2020	32.31	98,396,395	61.90	340.61

⁽¹⁾ Measured using prior fiscal year annual actuarial valuation rolled forward to measurement date using standard update procedures.

⁽²⁾ Reflects the electric utility department's share of City's Miscellaneous Plan Net Pension Liability of \$241,967,166, \$265,185,350, \$269,483,153, \$284,763,675 and \$304,538,518 as of June 30, 2016, June 30, 2017, June 30, 2018, June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 measurement date, respectively.

Source: City of Santa Clara.

As of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the city-wide Total Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous Plan was \$799,410,972 and the Plan Fiduciary Net Position was \$494,872,454, resulting in a city-wide Miscellaneous Plan Net Pension Liability of \$304,538,518. In the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation utilized for measuring the pension liability as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial valuation assumptions used for determining pension liabilities included (a) a 7.15% investment rate of return (net of pension plan investment and administrative expense); (b) projected salary increases that vary based on age and type of service; (c) an inflation component of 2.50% per year; (d) payroll growth of 2.75%; and (e) a discount rate of 7.15%.

Public Agencies Post-Employment Benefits Trust Program. In Fiscal Year 2016-17, the Santa Clara City Council approved a resolution creating the Public Agencies Post-Employment Benefits Trust Program (the “Program”) to allow Santa Clara to pre-fund its pension obligation. The Program was established within the meaning of Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, and is a tax-exempt trust under the relevant statutory provisions of the State. The Program provides Santa Clara with an alternative to depositing additional funds with CalPERS and provides for greater Santa Clara control over assets and portfolio management, while allowing Santa Clara to set aside additional funds towards future CalPERS costs. The Program is administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (“PARS”). As of June 30, 2021, the market value of Santa Clara’s contributions to the Program (city-wide) was \$33,143,723, including the electric utility department’s portion of \$6,808,996.

Retiree Health Benefits. Santa Clara’s single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (“OPEB”) Plan Trust Fund, which was established by the Santa Clara City Council in Fiscal Year 2007-08 in accordance with GAAP, provides reimbursements to retirees for qualified healthcare expenses. Employees, including those assigned to the electric utility department, who have retired from Santa Clara with at least ten years of service and meet certain criterion based upon retirement date, household income in the most recent calendar year and age are entitled to reimbursements for qualified expenses. Annual maximum reimbursement amounts differ depending on when an employee retired from Santa Clara service. In Fiscal Year 2007-08, Santa Clara established an irrevocable exclusive agent multiple-employer defined benefit trust which is administered by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The trust is used to accumulate and invest assets necessary to reimburse retirees.

The OPEB Plan trust annual contributions are based on actuarial valuations. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Santa Clara City Council.

Effective for Fiscal Year 2017-18, Santa Clara follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (“GASB No. 75”) affecting the reporting of OPEB liabilities for accounting purposes. GASB No. 75 establishes standards for employers with other postemployment liabilities for recognizing and measuring net OPEB liabilities, along with deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to the other postemployment liability. GASB No. 75 does not establish requirements for funding.

The table below sets forth certain information regarding the electric utility department’s allocated share of Santa Clara’s annual contributions to the OPEB Plan trust for the for the four Fiscal Years 2017-18 through 2020-21, including the relation of such contributions to the actuarially determined contribution amount for such fiscal year. The amount budgeted for the electric utility department’s share of OPEB Plan contributions for Fiscal Year 2021-22 is \$634,943.

City of Santa Clara OPEB Plan
(dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contribution Funded by Electric Utility Enterprise Fund	Actuarially Determined Contribution Amount by Electric Utility Enterprise Fund	Electric Utility Contribution Deficiency (Excess) to Actuarially Determined Contribution
2018 ⁽¹⁾	\$2,203	\$1,911	\$(292)
2019	1,876	1,856	(20)
2020	1,518	1,512	(6)
2021	1,465	1,559	94

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total City Contribution	Total City Actuarially Determined Contribution Amount	Total City Contribution Deficiency (Excess) to Actuarially Determined Contribution
2018	\$6,300	\$5,466	\$(834)
2019	5,366	5,306	(60)
2002	4,696	4,681	(15)
2021 ⁽²⁾	4,535	4,826	291

⁽¹⁾ First fiscal year of implementation of GASB No. 75 for the electric utility enterprise fund.

⁽²⁾ For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the City's cash contribution was \$3,361,417 in payment to the trust, \$14,498 in administrative expenses paid outside of the trust, and the estimated implied subsidy was \$1,159,257, for total contributions of \$4,535,172.

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Pursuant to GASB No. 75, for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, Santa Clara reported a net OPEB liability of \$11,860,957 for the Electric Utility Enterprise Fund's proportionate share (32.31%) of the City of Santa Clara's net OPEB liability of \$36,710,000 (reflecting a total OPEB liability of \$65,586,000 and a fiduciary net position of \$28,876,000 for the OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan Net Position as a percentage of Santa Clara's total OPEB liability was 44.00%. The net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll was 22.4%. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by a June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard actuarial methods, based on actuarial methods and assumptions. In the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the actuarial assumptions used in determining the total OPEB liability include (a) a 4.75% discount rate at June 30, 2021; (b) a 5.25% investment rate of return at June 30, 2020; (c) aggregate projected salary increases of 3.0% annually; (d) an inflation component of 2.75% per year; and (e) a healthcare cost trend of 7.0% for 2022, scaling down to 4.0% in year 2076 for Non-Medicare participants, 6.1% for 2022, scaling down to 4.0% in year 2076 for Medicare (Non-Kaiser) participants, and 5.0% for 2022, scaling down to 4.0% in year 2076 for Medicare (Kaiser) participants.

Additional information regarding the City of Santa Clara's retirement plans and other post-employment benefits can be found in the City of Santa Clara annual comprehensive financial report for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2021, which may be obtained at <http://santaclaraca.gov>.

Cash Reserves

Santa Clara maintains cash reserves for a number of reasons, including operating cash requirements, construction cash requirements, dealing with the cost impacts of dry hydroelectric conditions, gas and electric market volatility, and allowing Santa Clara the flexibility to increase rates on

a scheduled basis. Santa Clara established a Cost Reduction Fund to manage the cost impacts of dry year hydroelectric conditions and gas and electric market volatility, as well as the scheduling of rate increases. As of December 31, 2010, the balance of the Cost Reduction Fund was transferred to the Rate Stabilization Fund (as a subaccount therein) described below.

Santa Clara has maintained a Rate Stabilization Fund (the “Rate Stabilization Fund”). Amounts in the Rate Stabilization Fund are available to pay costs of the electric utility subject to certain terms and conditions. As of June 30, 2021, approximately \$157.7 million was on deposit in the electric utility’s Rate Stabilization Fund, including approximately \$112.8 million on deposit in the Cost Reduction Account therein. In addition, as of June 30, 2021, the electric utility had unrestricted operating cash reserves of approximately \$151.8 million, and \$125.4 million of restricted cash reserves designated for construction purposes and approximately \$6.8 million of restricted cash reserves designated for pension liability and subsequently deposited at Public Agency Retirement Services. Thus, as of June 30, 2021, Santa Clara’s electric system had restricted and unrestricted cash reserves totaling approximately \$441.7 million.

Collectively, these reserves are designed to help insulate Santa Clara from market volatility. In addition, the indenture under which Santa Clara’s Senior Electric Revenue Bonds were issued permits the use of certain unrestricted cash balances and reserves to satisfy Santa Clara’s rate covenants with its bond holders. During the past five fiscal years, Santa Clara has not made transfers related to operating expenses from the Rate Stabilization Fund. For Fiscal Years 2016-17 and 2020-21, Santa Clara made deposits into the Rate Stabilization Fund in the amounts of \$34.0 million and \$33.8 million, respectively, as set forth below.

Fiscal Year	Transfer from Rate Stabilization Fund to Adjusted Net Revenues	Deposit to Rate Stabilization Fund
2016-17	--	\$34,000,000
2017-18	--	--
2018-19	--	--
2019-20	--	--
2020-21	--	\$33,789,186

Santa Clara has determined that it is appropriate to use a portion of its unrestricted cash balances and reserves to stabilize or subsidize its electric rates in the near term and to increase rates when appropriate. Santa Clara maintains a minimum target balance of \$120 million for the Rate Stabilization Fund. See “– Condensed Operating Results and Selected Balance Sheet Information” and “– Rates and Charges” herein.

Insurance

The insurable property and facilities of the electric utility are covered under Santa Clara’s general insurance policies. Santa Clara maintains property damage coverage through the Alliant Property Insurance Program (“APIP”), which has a plan limit of \$800 million. Santa Clara maintains boiler and machinery property coverage for its power plants through APIP of \$100 million per occurrence, with a \$2,500 deductible per occurrence, with certain exceptions. Santa Clara does not carry earthquake insurance on the property and facilities of the electric utility except for a dedicated earthquake coverage of up to \$20 million for the Grizzly Power Plant. Santa Clara maintains a dedicated flood limit shared by the power plants with limits of \$27.5 million and \$7.5 million for locations in Flood Zones A & V. Santa Clara is self-insured for up to \$3 million for general liability claims. Inclusive of the self-insurance, Santa Clara has \$25 million in liability coverage with CSAC Excess Insurance Authority. In addition, Santa Clara is also self-insured up to \$750,000 per claim for workers’ compensation claims with excess

coverage up to the State of California statutory limit with employer's liability coverage of \$5 million per claim (inclusive of Santa Clara's retention) through CSAC Excess Insurance Authority. All self-insurance programs are administered jointly by Santa Clara personnel and outside contractors.

Litigation

General. There is no action, suit or proceeding known to be pending or threatened, restraining or enjoining Santa Clara in the execution or delivery of, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of any proceedings of Santa Clara taken with respect to Third Phase Agreement. At any given time, Santa Clara is party to or affected by various claims, disputes and litigation, including proceedings before FERC and other matters, that arise in the course of the electric system's activities and operations.

Present lawsuits and other claims against Santa Clara's electric utility are incidental to the ordinary course of operations of the electric utility and are covered by Santa Clara's liability coverage, including its self-insurance program. In the opinion of Santa Clara's management and, with respect to such litigation, the Santa Clara City Attorney, such claims and litigation will not have a materially adverse effect upon Santa Clara's ability to make payments under Third Phase Agreement.

Other Matters. In addition, from time-to-time, there are ongoing proceedings that involve projects in which Santa Clara has an interest and which comprise a portion of the current resource portfolio of Santa Clara's electric system. Although Santa Clara is generally not a party to such litigation, the outcome of such proceedings may impact the costs and operations of the affected project. Santa Clara is not aware of any such presently ongoing proceedings that, if determined adversely, would be expected to materially adversely affect the financial position or operations of its electric utility.

Condensed Operating Results and Selected Balance Sheet Information

The following table sets forth net income and selected balance sheet information of Santa Clara's electric utility for the five Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2021. The information for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021 was prepared by Santa Clara on the basis of its audited financial statements for such years.

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**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL OPERATING RESULTS⁽¹⁾
(\$ in 000s)**

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Summary of Income					
Operating Revenues ⁽²⁾	\$444,023	\$453,869	\$452,570	\$483,048	\$509,663
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries, Wages and Benefits	32,016	38,633	43,111	40,376	46,483
Materials, Supplies and Services ⁽³⁾	341,536	369,739	334,447	384,784	376,753
Mandated Program Disbursement ⁽⁴⁾	--	--	--	--	5,821
Depreciation	19,820	20,143	20,365	20,562	21,360
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$393,372</u>	<u>\$428,515</u>	<u>\$397,923</u>	<u>\$445,722</u>	<u>\$450,417</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 50,651	\$ 25,354	\$ 54,647	\$ 37,326	\$ 59,246
Other Income ⁽⁴⁾	11,868	15,321	31,231	36,658	17,179
Interest Expense	(8,697)	(8,103)	(11,723)	(6,859)	(3,744)
Gain (Loss) on Retirement of Fixed Assets	4,830	--	--	--	--
Equity (Loss) in Joint Power Agencies ⁽⁵⁾	<u>4,345</u>	<u>7,828</u>	<u>(10,159)</u>	<u>3,662</u>	<u>1,678</u>
Net Income Before Operating Transfers and Extraordinary Items	<u>\$ 62,997</u>	<u>\$ 40,400</u>	<u>\$ 63,996</u>	<u>\$ 70,787</u>	<u>\$ 74,359</u>
Selected Balance Sheet Information (as of June 30)					
Rate Stabilization Fund ⁽⁶⁾	\$120,959	\$120,709	\$123,947	\$123,947	\$157,736
Cash Designated for Construction	74,613	98,821	112,643	132,340	125,363
Cash Designated for Pension Liability	3,500	--	4,330	5,166	6,809
Operating Cash	<u>83,325</u>	<u>99,237</u>	<u>117,611</u>	<u>126,464</u>	<u>151,778</u>
Total Pooled & Cash Investments	<u>\$282,397</u>	<u>\$318,767</u>	<u>\$358,531</u>	<u>\$387,917</u>	<u>\$441,686</u>

(1) Columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

(2) See “– Rates and Charges” above. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2020-21, Operating Revenues includes public benefit charge revenues, wholesale trading revenues and renewable energy credits as components of retail related revenue. Prior years’ numbers shown above have been differ from those previously presented in order to conform with the presentation of Fiscal Year 2020-21.

(3) Includes purchased power payments and payments to joint power agencies. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2020-21, also includes additional costs of wholesale resources purchases. Prior years’ numbers shown above have been differ from those previously presented in order to conform with the presentation of Fiscal Year 2020-21. Also includes payment of a portion of gross revenues to Santa Clara’s General Fund as contribution in lieu of taxes which payment is subordinate to the payment of other operating expenses and debt service. Per the Santa Clara City Charter, up to 5% of gross revenues (not including revenues from wholesale transactions) from the electric utility is paid to Santa Clara’s General Fund each year.

(4) Beginning in Fiscal Year 2020-21, Other Income includes interest income, rents, and other non-recurring miscellaneous income. Prior years’ numbers shown above have been differ from those previously presented in order to conform with the presentation of Fiscal Year 2020-21. Unrealized gains were included in Fiscal Year 2018-19 (\$7.395 million) and 2019-20 (\$8.352 million). Unrealized losses were included in Fiscal Years 2016-17 (\$2.723 million), 2017-18 (\$2.635 million) and 2020-21 (\$4,791 million).

(5) In Fiscal Year 2020-21, Equity gain in Joint Power Agencies was mainly due to equity share of loss of NCPA of (\$30 thousand) and equity share of gain of TANC of \$1.7 million.

(6) Includes Cost Reduction Subaccount. As of December 31, 2010, the Cost Reduction Fund was transferred to the Rate Stabilization Fund (as a subaccount therein).

Source: City of Santa Clara.

Rate Covenant Compliance Under Electric Revenue Bond Indenture

The electric revenue bond indenture pursuant to which Santa Clara's Senior Electric Revenue Bonds are issued requires Santa Clara to produce electric utility revenues in each year such that Adjusted Net Revenues (as defined in the electric revenue bond indenture) will be sufficient to pay debt service on all Senior Electric Revenue Bonds and parity debt for such Fiscal Year. The electric revenue bond indenture permits amounts in the Rate Stabilization Fund to be used to satisfy the rate covenant. Santa Clara has elected to use such unrestricted funds for such purpose as described in "– Cash Reserves" above.

Santa Clara has satisfied its rate covenant in each year as shown below. In addition to operating expenses and debt service, the electric utility has other obligations which it is required to satisfy. Such obligations include payments in lieu of taxes as well as capital expenditures not otherwise financed with bond proceeds, which obligations are, in accordance with the Santa Clara City Charter, payable subordinate to the payment of debt service on the Electric Revenue Bonds and parity debt. Capital expenditures not financed with bond proceeds are funded from a variety of sources, including reserves, developer contributions and electric system revenues. See "– Cash Reserves."

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**CITY OF SANTA CLARA
RATE COVENANT COMPLIANCE UNDER
ELECTRIC REVENUE BOND INDENTURE⁽¹⁾
(\$ in 000s)**

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,				
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Debt Service Coverage:					
Adjusted Revenues ⁽²⁾	\$353,328	\$383,662	\$414,975	\$445,142	\$501,414
Adjusted Operating Expenses ⁽³⁾	315,340	346,825	331,141	368,162	407,627
Adjusted Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	\$ 37,988	\$ 36,837	\$ 83,834	\$ 76,980	\$ 93,787
Debt Service on Senior Electric Revenue Bonds ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 15,612	\$ 14,204	\$ 19,963	\$ 14,178	\$ 11,064
Debt Service on Subordinate Electric Revenue Bond	798	4,108	4,106	4,625	2,727
Total Debt Service ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 16,410	\$ 18,312	\$24,069	\$ 18,803	\$ 13,791
Adjusted Revenues in Excess of Debt Service Requirements	\$ 21,578	\$ 18,524	\$ 59,765	\$ 58,177	\$ 79,996
Debt Service Coverage Ratio - Senior Electric Revenue Bonds	2.43	2.59	4.20	5.43	8.48
Debt Service Coverage Ratio – Senior and Subordinate Bonds	2.31	2.01	3.48	4.09	6.80

⁽¹⁾ Numbers may not add due to rounding.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted Revenue includes operating revenues and non-operating revenues, other income (excluding unrealized gains or losses and developer contributions), net wholesale transactions and renewable energy credits, and excludes any gain on retirement of fixed assets, and equity in joint powers agency projects accounted for on the equity method of accounting. Also includes Rate Stabilization Fund transfers related to operating expenses. In Fiscal Year 2016-17, a deposit was made into the Rate Stabilization Fund in the amount \$34.0 million. See “– Rates and Charges” and “– Cash Reserves.”

⁽³⁾ Adjusted Operating Expenses include operating expenses (including joint powers agency obligation payments) and other expenses, less depreciation and amortization expense and contribution-in-lieu to the General Fund. Adjusted Operating Expenses do not include any loss on retirement of fixed assets or any loss on joint powers agency projects accounted for on an equity method of accounting basis.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes net swap payments and letter of credit fees relating to variable rate electric revenue bonds (which variable rate electric revenue bonds were redeemed in December 2018).

⁽⁵⁾ Excludes joint powers agency obligations, the costs of which are a component of adjusted operating expenses. See footnote (3).

Source: City of Santa Clara.

APPENDIX B

NCPA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

The combined financial statements of Northern California Power Agency and Associated Power Corporations as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 have been audited by Baker Tilly US, LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report. Baker Tilly US, LLP has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included therein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in such report. Baker Tilly US, LLP has also not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

APPENDIX C

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The information in this Appendix C regarding DTC and its book-entry system has been obtained from DTC's website, for use in securities offering documents, and NCPA takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof or for the absence of material changes in such information after the date hereof.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the 2022 Bonds. The 2022 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities, registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of each Series of the 2022 Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Direct and Indirect Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the 2022 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2022 Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each 2022 Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2022 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2022 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2022 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2022 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of 2022 Bonds with DTC and their

registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2022 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of 2022 Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the 2022 Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults and proposed amendments to the 2022 Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of 2022 Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the 2022 Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of the notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the 2022 Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2022 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to NCPA as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2022 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payments of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the 2022 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from NCPA or the Trustee, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, nor its nominee, the Trustee, or NCPA, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of NCPA or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the 2022 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to NCPA or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, 2022 Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

NCPA may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, 2022 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

APPENDIX D

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Indenture. This summary is not to be considered a full statement of the terms of the Indenture and accordingly is qualified by reference thereto and is subject to the full text thereof. Capitalized terms not defined in this summary or elsewhere in the Official Statement have the respective meanings set forth in the Indenture.

Certain Definitions

“Accountant’s Certificate” means a certificate signed by an independent certified public accountant of recognized national standing, or a firm of independent certified public accountants of recognized national standing, selected by NCPA.

“Account” or “Accounts” means as the case may be, any or all accounts in any or all of the Funds established under the Indenture.

“Accrued Aggregate Debt Service” means, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to the sum of the amounts of accrued Debt Service with respect to all Series, calculating the accrued Debt Service with respect to each Series at an amount equal to the sum of (i) interest on the Bonds of such Series accrued and unpaid and to accrue to the end of the then current calendar month, and (ii) Principal Installments due and unpaid and that portion of the Principal Installment for such Series next due which would have accrued (if deemed to accrue in the manner set forth in the definition of Debt Service) to the end of such calendar month.

“Act” means the provisions relating to the joint exercise of powers found in Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code of California, as amended and supplemented and shall also include the provisions of any other law applicable to NCPA by virtue of being a public entity pursuant to said Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 including, without limitation, Article 10 and Articles 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of said Government Code, as each thereof may be amended and supplemented.

“Additional Bonds” means all Bonds, whether issued in one or more Series, authenticated and delivered on original issuance pursuant to Section 203 of the Original Indenture and any Bonds thereafter authenticated and delivered in lieu of or in substitution for such Bonds.

“Adjustable Rate Bond” means, as of any date of determination, any Bond not bearing interest from such date to the maturity thereof at a specified, fixed rate; provided, however, that each Adjustable Rate Bond shall also be an Option Bond with a Purchase Date on the Business Day next succeeding the termination of each Adjustment Period for such Bond.

“Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service” means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to any period, the sum of the amounts of Adjusted Debt Service during such period for all Series of Bonds, other than Lender Bonds; provided, however, that in computing such Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service, each Series of Adjustable Rate Bonds shall be deemed to bear the Assumed Interest Rate applicable thereto.

“Adjusted Debt Service” means, with respect to any Series of Bonds, as of any date of calculation and with respect to any period, the Debt Service for such Series of Bonds for such period which would result if the Principal Installment for such Series due on the final maturity date of such Series were adjusted over the period specified pursuant to the next sentence so that the Bonds of such Series would have Substantially Equal Debt Service for each Fiscal Year of such period and that such Principal Installment would be fully paid at the end of such period, assuming timely payment of all principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on the Bonds of such Series in accordance with such adjustments and computing the interest component of Debt Service on the basis of the true interest cost actually incurred on such Series of Bonds (determined by the true, actuarial method of calculation which consists of calculating true interest cost from the actual delivery date of such Series of Bonds as opposed to calculating it from the date of such Series of Bonds). Such adjustment shall be made over a period which shall begin with the final maturity date of such Series and end on such date or a date which shall be specified in the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Series of Bonds, which date shall be not later than the earlier to occur of

(i) 40 years after the date of such Bonds or (ii) the termination date of the Third Phase Agreement. For purposes of computing such true interest cost for any Series of Bonds containing Adjustable Rate Bonds each such Adjustable Rate Bond shall be deemed to bear the Assumed Interest Rate applicable thereto.

“Adjustment Period” means a semiannual period, an annual period, a two-year Period or a three-year period as the case may be; and to the extent authorized by the Indenture, Adjustment Period also means a period of time beginning and ending at daily, weekly, monthly or quarterly intervals.

“Agreement of Attornment” means the Agreement of Attornment, dated March 22, 1985, by and among NCPA, the Calaveras County Water District and Sierra Constructors, as the same may be amended and supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms and terms of the Indenture.

“Aggregate Debt Service” for any period means, as of any date of calculation, the sum of the amounts of Debt Service for such period with respect to all Series; provided, however, that for purposes of estimating Aggregate Debt Service for any future period, any Option Bonds Outstanding during such period will be assumed to mature on the stated maturity date thereof.

“Annual Budget” means the annual budget, as amended or supplemented, adopted or in effect for a particular Fiscal Year as provided in the Indenture.

“Assumed Interest Rate” means with respect to any Adjustable Rate Bond, the maximum rate of interest which such Adjustable Rate Bond may bear at any time; except that, with respect to a Lender Bond, Assumed Interest Rate shall mean the rate such Lender Bond is bearing as of the date of determination.

“Authorized NCPA Representative” means the General Manager, the Treasurer-Controller, the Assistant Treasurer or the Assistant Secretary of NCPA or any officer or employee of NCPA authorized to perform the specific acts or duties to be performed by resolution duly adopted by NCPA.

“Bond” or “Bonds” means any bond or bonds authenticated and delivered under and pursuant to the Indenture.

“Bond Counsel” means an attorney or firm of attorneys of recognized national standing in the field of law relating to municipal bonds selected by NCPA and satisfactory to the Trustee; provided that, if the Trustee fails to find such Bond Counsel satisfactory, it will deliver to NCPA a statement of its reasons for such failure.

“Bondholder” or “Holder of Bonds” means any person who is registered owner of any Bond or Bonds.

“Bond Registrar” means the Trustee or any other bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or national banking association appointed by NCPA to perform the duties of Bond Registrar enumerated in the Indenture.

“Business Day” means any day of the year on which banks in New York, New York are not required or authorized to remain closed and on which the Trustee, the Paying Agent and the New York Stock Exchange are open.

“Capital Improvements” means all renewals or replacements of or repairs, additions, improvements, modifications or betterments chargeable to the capital account of the Project, which are (i) consistent with Prudent Utility Practice and determined necessary by the Commission to keep the Project in good operating condition or to prevent a loss of revenue therefrom, (ii) required by any governmental agency having jurisdiction over the Project, or (iii) required by the Indenture; provided, however, that Capital Improvements shall not include any additional generating units in addition to the number of generating units presently included in the Project.

“Commission” means the Commission of NCPA, as constituted from time to time, or if said Commission is abolished, such other entity or entities succeeding to the principal functions thereof or to whom the power and duties granted or imposed by the Indenture will be given by law

“Construction Contract” means the original Agreement for Turnkey Construction of North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project, dated as of March 15, 1985, by and between Calaveras County Water District and Sierra Constructors, as amended and supplemented.

“Consulting Engineer” means any qualified and recognized nationally known engineer or engineering firm as determined by NCPA.

“Cost of Acquisition and Construction” means to the extent permitted by the Act, all costs and expenses of planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, installing and financing the Project, placing the Project in operation, disposal of the Project, decommissioning of the Project and obtaining governmental approvals, certificates, permits and licenses with respect thereto previously or later paid or incurred by NCPA.

“Date of Firm Operation” means, with respect to the Initial Facilities, the initial date after completion of all facilities included in the Initial Facilities when the generating unit at the Collierville Power Plant of the Initial Facilities is capable of producing and delivering capacity and energy in commercial operation, as will be determined by the Commission in accordance with Prudent Utility Practice.

“Debt Service” means for any period and with respect to any Series, an amount equal to the sum of (i) interest accruing during such period on Bonds of such Series, except to the extent that such interest is to be paid from deposits into the Debt Service Account in the Debt Service Fund made from Bond proceeds or the investment earnings thereon and (ii) that portion of each Principal Installment for such Series which would accrue during such period if such Principal Installment were deemed to accrue daily in equal amounts from the next preceding Principal Installment due date for such Series (or, if there shall be no such preceding Principal Installment due date, from a date one year preceding the due date of such Principal Installment or from the date of issuance of the Bonds of such Series, whichever date is later). Such interest and Principal Installments for such Series shall be calculated on the assumption that (i) no Bonds (except for Option Bonds actually tendered for purchase prior to the stated maturity date thereof) or such Series Outstanding at the date of calculation will cease to be Outstanding except by reason of the payment of each Principal Installment on the due date thereof and (ii) the purchase price of Option Bonds tendered for purchase before the stated maturity thereof shall be deemed to accrue on the date such Option Bonds are required to be purchased to such tender.

“Debt Service Reserve Requirement” means, as of any date of calculation, and with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Account (which does not secure the 2022 Bonds), an amount equal to the greatest amount of Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service for the Participating Bonds for the then current or any future Fiscal Year and, with respect to a Series Debt Service Reserve Account, the amount, if any, specified as such with respect to such Series Debt Service Reserve Account pursuant to the Indenture.

“Depository” means any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States, or any national banking association selected by NCPA, which is willing and able to accept the office on reasonable and customary terms, authorized by law to act in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture and approved in writing by the Trustee as a depository of moneys and securities held under the provisions of the Indenture, and may include the Trustee; provided that, if the Trustee fails to approve, it shall deliver to NCPA a statement of its reasons for such failure.

“Eligible Moneys” means for any payment with respect to any other Series of Bonds, unless otherwise provided by the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Series, any moneys held by the Trustee and available for such payment pursuant to the Indenture, including the proceeds from the investment thereof except for moneys drawn under a Letter of Credit.

“Escrow Bonds” means any Option Bond purchased on the tender of the Holder thereof and held by or on behalf of NCPA.

“FERC” means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and any successors thereto.

“FERC License” means the license issued by FERC to Calaveras County Water District on February 8, 1982 for Project No. 2409, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“Fiduciary” or “Fiduciaries” means the Trustee, the Paying Agents, the Depositaries, or any or all of them, as may be appropriate.

“Fiscal Year” means the twelve-month period commencing at 12:01 a.m. on July 1 of each year and ending at the time immediately preceding 12:01 a.m. on the following July 1.

“Fund” or “Funds” means as the case may be, each or all of the funds established in the Indenture.

“Future Bonds” means all Bonds issued after the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust became effective, *i.e.*, July 1, 1998.

“Indenture” means the Indenture of Trust dated as of March 1, 1985, as from time to time amended or supplemented by Supplemental Indentures in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

“Initial Facilities” means those facilities included in or required by the FERC License and all associated facilities, rights, land and interest in land, properties, studies, reports, equipment, transmission facilities and improvements appurtenant thereto and necessary or convenient therewith including without limitation any payments to other parties such as contributions in and of construction in connection with the transmission of the output of the facilities included in the definition of the “Project” under the Power Purchase Contract.

“Interest Payment Date” means, with respect to each Series of Bonds, the dates during each year on which interest on such Series of Bonds is scheduled to be paid as specified in, or determined in accordance with, the Indenture or Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Series of Bonds.

“Investment Securities” means and includes any of the following securities, if and to the extent the same are at the time legal for investment of NCPA’s funds:

- (i) Direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America, including obligations issued or held in book entry form on the books of the Department of the Treasury of the United States and including a receipt, certificate or any other evidence of an ownership interest in the aforementioned obligations, or in specified portions thereof (which may consist of specified portions of interest thereon) and also including advance refunded tax-exempt bonds secured by the aforementioned obligations;

- (ii) Bonds, debentures, notes, participation certificates or other evidences of indebtedness issued, or the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed, by the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank System, the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the United States Postal Service or any other agency or instrumentality of or corporation wholly owned by the United States of America;

- (iii) New Housing Authority Bonds or Project Notes issued by public agencies or municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions to be paid by the United States of America or any agency thereof;

- (iv) Direct and general obligations, to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the issuer is pledged, of any State of the United States or any political subdivision thereof which at the time of investment is rated by any nationally recognized bond rating agency and assigned by such agency a rating which denotes a security with investment characteristics at least equal to the investment characteristics of a security presently rated by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor’s Corporation as “A” or better;

- (v) Bank time deposits evidenced by certificates of deposit, and banker’s acceptances, issued by any bank, trust company or national banking association insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; provided either that the aggregate of such bank time deposits and bankers’ acceptances issued by any bank, trust company or banking association does not exceed at any one time ten per centum (10%) of the aggregate of the capital stock, surplus and undivided profits of such bank, trust company or banking

association and that such capital stock, surplus and undivided profits shall not be less than Twenty-Five Million Dollars (\$25,000,000), or that such deposits are fully and continuously secured by a valid and perfected security interest in obligations described in paragraph (i), (ii) or (iii) of this definition; and

(vi) Repurchase agreements with any bank, trust company or national banking association insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or with any government bond dealer recognized as a primary dealer by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which agreements are fully and continuously secured by a valid and perfected security interest in obligations described in paragraph (i), (ii) or (iii) of this definition.

“Lender Bonds” means any Bonds which: (i) are issued pursuant to the requirements of a lending or credit facility or agreement and (ii) will be held by a bank, trust company or similar financial institution, domestic or foreign.

“NCPA Operating Expenses” means (i) costs incurred by NCPA pursuant to the Third Phase Agreement, (ii) any other current expenses or obligations required to be paid by NCPA under the provisions of the Project Agreements or by law, all to the extent properly allocable to the Project, or required to be incurred under or in connection with the performance of the Third Phase Agreement, (iii) the fees and expenses of the Fiduciaries, (iv) fees incurred pursuant to any lending or credit facility or agreement, including, without limitation, the Reimbursement Agreements, and (v) all other costs (including overhead) properly allocable to the Project. NCPA Operating Expenses shall not include any costs or expenses for new construction or any allowance for depreciation of the Project.

“NCPA Revenues” means (i) all revenues, income, rents and receipts derived or to be derived by NCPA from or attributable to the Project or the Power Purchase Contract or to the payment of the costs of the Project received or to be received by NCPA under the Third Phase Agreement or the Power Purchase Contract or under any other contract for the sale by NCPA of the Project or any part thereof or any contractual arrangement with respect to the use of the Project or any portion thereof or the services or capacity thereof, (ii) the proceeds of any insurance, including the proceeds of any self-insurance fund, covering business interruption loss relating to the Project, (iii) any receipts under the Construction Contract or the Agreement of Attornment, other than insurance proceeds required to be deposited in the Construction Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture, and (iv) interest received or to be received on any moneys or securities (other than in the Construction Fund) held pursuant to the Indenture and required to be paid into the Revenue Fund.

“Notes” means any bond, note or other evidence of indebtedness which is expressly made subordinate and junior in right of payment to the Bonds and which complies with the provisions of the Indenture. Any such Note will not, except as otherwise specifically provided in the Indenture, be nor be deemed to be Bonds for purposes of the Indenture.

“Opinion of Bond Counsel” means an opinion signed by Bond Counsel.

“Option Bonds” means Bonds which by their terms may be tendered by and at the option of the Holder thereof for mandatory purchase by or on behalf of NCPA prior to the stated maturity date thereof, or the maturities of which may be extended by and at the option of the Holder thereof.

“Outstanding” when used with reference to Bonds, means, as of any date, Bonds theretofore or thereupon being authenticated and delivered under the Indenture except: (i) Lender Bonds, unless as of such date the principal amount of such Lender Bonds is greater than zero; (ii) Escrow Bonds, which shall not be Outstanding for purposes of payment but shall be Outstanding for all other purposes of the Indenture; (iii) Bonds cancelled by the Trustee at or prior to such date; (iv) Bonds paid or deemed to be paid pursuant to the provisions for defeasance under the Indenture; and (v) Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the Indenture.

“Paying Agent” means, when used with reference to Bonds, any commercial bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association designated as paying agent for the Bonds of any Series, and its successor or successors hereafter appointed in the manner provided in the Indenture.

“Participating Bonds” means all Bonds Outstanding prior to the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust becoming effective (July 1, 1998) and all Future Bonds other than Future Bonds which are specified in the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Future Bonds not to be Participating Bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

“Power Purchase Contract” means the Revised Power Purchase Contract, dated as of March 1, 1985, by and between NCPA and Calaveras County Water District as the same may be amended and supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms and the terms of the Indenture.

“Principal Installment” means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to any Series of Bonds, including each Series of Lender Bonds, (i) the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds (including the purchase price of any Option Bonds tendered for purchase prior to the stated maturity thereof), of such Series due (or so tendered for purchase) on a certain future date for which no Sinking Fund Installments have been established, and (ii) the unsatisfied balance (determined as provided in subsection 3 of Section 613) of any Sinking Fund Installments due on a certain future date for Outstanding Bonds of such Series, plus the amount of the sinking fund redemption premiums, if any, which would be applicable upon redemption of such Bonds on such future date, in a principal amount equal to said unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Installments, and (iii) if such future dates coincide as to different Bonds of such Series, the sum of such principal amount of Bonds and of such unsatisfied balance of Sinking Fund Installments due on such future date plus such applicable redemption premiums, if any; provided, however, that Principal Installment shall not include any amount due with respect to any Option Bonds, as a result of such Option Bonds being tendered for purchase to the extent moneys are available to pay the purchase price thereof under a letter of credit or other banking arrangement entered into pursuant to the proceedings authorizing such Option Bonds.

“Project” means the Initial Facilities and all Capital Improvements.

“Project Agreements” means, prior to the respective termination dates thereof, the Indenture, the Third Phase Agreement, the Power Purchase Contract, the Construction Contract, the Agreement of Attornment and any other contract designated a Project Agreement by the Commission of NCPA.

“Project Participants” means those entities which, on the date hereof, are entitled to a Project Entitlement Percentage (as defined in the Third Phase Agreement) of the capacity and energy of the Project greater than zero, together in each case with their successors or assigns.

“Prudent Utility Practice” means any of the practices, methods and acts, which, in the exercise of reasonable judgment in the light of the facts (including but not limited to the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electrical utility industry prior thereto) known at the time the decision was made, would have been expected to accomplish the desired result at the lowest reasonable cost consistent with good business practices, reliability, safety and expedition, taking into account the fact that Prudent Utility Practice is not intended to be limited to the optimum practice, methods or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather to be a spectrum of possible practices, methods or acts which could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at the lowest reasonable cost consistent with reliability, safety and expedition. Prudent Utility Practice includes due regard for manufacturers’ warranties and requirements of governmental agencies of competent jurisdiction and shall apply not only to functional parts of the Project, but also to appropriate structures, landscaping, painting, signs, lighting, other facilities and public relations programs reasonably designed to promote public enjoyment, understanding and acceptance of the Project.

“Purchase Date” means, with respect to each Option Bond, the first Business Day following the termination of each Adjustment Period for such Bond.

“Purchase Price” means with respect to any Series of Option Bonds, the purchase price established therefor on the tender or upon such Option Bonds being deemed tendered, pursuant to the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Series of Option Bonds.

“Record Date” means the fifteenth day of the calendar month immediately preceding each Interest Payment Date which is on the first day of any calendar month and will mean the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding an Interest Payment Date which is on the fifteenth day of any calendar month.

“Redemption Price” means, with respect to any Bond, the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof pursuant to the terms of such Bond, the Indenture or the Supplemental Indenture authorizing the Series of Bonds of which such Bond is one.

“Refunding Bonds” means all Bonds, whether issued in one or more Series, authenticated and delivered on original issuance pursuant to Section 204, and any Bonds thereafter authenticated and delivered in lieu of or in substitution for such Bonds.

“Series” when used with reference to the Bonds, means all of the Bonds authenticated and delivered on original issuance and identified pursuant to the Indenture or the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Bonds as a separate Series of Bonds, and any Bonds thereafter authenticated and delivered in lieu of or in substitution for such Bond pursuant to the Indenture, regardless of variations in maturity, interest rate, Sinking Fund Installments, or other provisions.

“Series Debt Service Reserve Account” means each Account within the Debt Service Fund established with respect to a Series of Future Bonds which are not Participating Bonds pursuant to the Indenture.

“Sinking Fund Installment” means an amount so designated which is established pursuant to the Supplemental Indenture with respect to such Series.

“Subordinated Indebtedness” means any bond, note or other evidence of indebtedness which is expressly made subordinate and junior in right of payment to the Bonds and which complies with the applicable provisions of the Indenture. Any such Subordinated Indebtedness shall not, except as otherwise specifically provided in the Indenture, be nor be deemed to be Bonds for purposes of the Indenture.

“Substantially Equal Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service” means, with respect to any period of similar Fiscal Years for all Outstanding Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, that the greatest Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service for any Fiscal Year in such period is not in excess of one hundred and twenty-five percent of the Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service for any preceding Fiscal Year in such period.

“Substantially Equal Debt Service” means, with respect to any period of Fiscal Years for any Series of Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, that the greatest Debt Service for such Bonds for any Fiscal Year in such period is not in excess of one hundred and twenty-five percent of the smallest Debt Service for such Bonds for any Fiscal Year in such period.

“Supplemental Indenture” means any indenture supplemental to or amendatory of the Indenture, entered into by NCPA and the Trustee in accordance with the Indenture.

“Trust Estate” means (A) subject only to the provisions of the Indenture permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Indenture, (i) the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, (ii) the NCPA Revenues and (iii) all amounts on deposit in the Funds established by the Indenture, including the investments, if any, thereof, to the extent held by the Trustee; (B) all right, title and interest of NCPA in, to and under the Third Phase Agreement; (C) all right, title and interest of NCPA in, to and under the Power Purchase Contract; and (D) all right, title and interest of NCPA in, to and under the Construction Contract and the Agreement of Attornment.

Pledge Effected by the Indenture

NCPA has pledged and assigned the Trust Estate to the Trustee for the benefit of the Bondholders.

Nature of Obligation

The Indenture provides that the principal, Redemption Price, if any, and Purchase Price thereof, and interest on the Bonds shall be payable solely from the NCPA Revenues and other funds pledged by NCPA under the Indenture and shall not constitute a charge against the general credit of NCPA. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California or any public agency thereof or any member of NCPA or any Project Participant is pledged to the payment of the principal, Redemption Price, if any, and Purchase Price of, or interest on

the Bonds. NCPA has no taxing power. The Bonds do not constitute a debt, liability or obligation of the State of California or any public agency (other than NCPA) or any member of NCPA or any Project Participant. Neither the members of the Commission of NCPA nor any officer or employee of NCPA shall be individually liable for the Bonds or in respect of any undertakings by NCPA under the Indenture.

Application of NCPA Revenues

NCPA Revenues are pledged by the Indenture to payment of the principal, Redemption Price, if any, and Purchase Price of, and interest on the Bonds, subject to the provisions of the Indenture permitting application for other purposes. The Indenture establishes the following Funds and Accounts for the application of Bond proceeds and NCPA Revenues:

FUNDS	HELD BY
Revenue Fund	NCPA
Operating Reserve Fund	Trustee
Operating Fund	NCPA
Debt Service Fund*	Trustee
Debt Service Account	
Debt Service Reserve Account	
Subordinated Indebtedness Fund	Trustee
Note Fund	Trustee
Reserve and Contingency Fund	NCPA
Renewal and Replacement Account	
Reserve Account	
General Reserve Fund	NCPA
Rate Stabilization Account	
General Account	

* If provided in a Supplemental Indenture authorizing a Series of Future Bonds which are not Participating Bonds, the Debt Service Fund shall include a Series Debt Service Reserve Account for each such Series of Future Bonds as to which a debt service reserve is to be established.

All NCPA Revenues received are to be deposited promptly in the Revenue Fund upon receipt thereof. Amounts in the Revenue Fund are to be paid monthly in the following order of priority for application therefrom as follows:

(1) To the Operating Reserve Fund, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in said Fund shall equal \$100,000 or such greater or lesser amount as shall be recommended by the Consulting Engineer to be on deposit in said Fund.

(2) To the Operating Fund, a sum which, together with any amount in the Operating Fund not set aside as a general reserve for NCPA Operating Expenses or as a reserve for working capital, is equal to the total moneys appropriated for NCPA Operating Expenses in the Annual Budget for the then current month. In addition, if the Supplemental Indenture authorizing a Series of Bonds so provides, amounts from the proceeds of such Bonds may be deposited in the Operating Fund and set aside as a reserve for working capital. Amounts in the Operating Fund shall be paid out from time to time by NCPA for reasonable and necessary NCPA Operating Expenses. The Indenture provides for the application of excess amounts in the Operating Fund to make up any deficiencies in certain other funds established under the Indenture with any balance to be deposited in the General Account of the General Reserve Fund.

(3) To the Debt Service Fund (i) for credit to the General Debt Service Subaccount, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in said subaccount, plus the amounts on deposit in all the other subaccounts in the Debt Service Account to the extent available to pay Accrued Aggregate Debt Service, as of the last day of the then current month, shall equal the Accrued Aggregate Debt Service as of the last day of the then current month; (ii) for credit to the Debt Service Reserve Account, the amount, if any, required for such Account to equal the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for the Debt Service Reserve Account as

of the last day of the then current month; and (iii) for credit to each Series Debt Service Reserve Account established for Future Bonds, the amount, if any, required for each such Account to equal the applicable Debt Service Reserve Requirement for such Series Debt Service Reserve Account as of the last day of the then current month; provided that the transfers to the Debt Service Reserve Account and each Series Debt Service Reserve Account shall be made to the Debt Service Reserve Account and each Series Debt Service Reserve Account without preference or priority between such transfers made in accordance with clauses (ii) and (iii) of this subsection (a), and in the event of any insufficiency of such moneys ratably based on the amount required to be deposited in each such Account, without any discrimination or preference. The Trustee will apply amounts in the General Debt Service Subaccount in the Debt Service Account to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds. In addition, the Trustee may, and if directed by NCPA must, apply certain amounts in the Debt Service Account to the purchase or redemption of Bonds to satisfy sinking fund requirements prior to the due date of any Sinking Fund Installment. The Trustee must pay out of the Debt Service Account the amount required for the redemption of Bonds called for redemption pursuant to sinking fund requirements on any redemption date.

Amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account are to be applied on the last business day of each month to make up any deficiency in the Debt Service Account with respect to Participating Bonds. Whenever the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account, together with the amount in the Debt Service Account with respect to Participating Bonds, is sufficient to pay in full all Outstanding Participating Bonds in accordance with their terms, the funds on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account will be transferred to the Debt Service Account. So long as the amount in the Debt Service Fund available for such purpose is sufficient to pay all then Outstanding Participating Bonds in full (including principal or applicable sinking fund Redemption Price and interest thereon), no deposits shall be required to be made in the Debt Service Reserve Account. Whenever moneys on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account exceed the Debt Service Reserve Requirement with respect to such Account, the excess will be deposited in the Revenue Fund.

In the event of the refunding of Participating Bonds, the Trustee shall, upon the direction of NCPA with the advice of Bond Counsel, withdraw from the Debt Service Reserve Account any and all of the amounts on deposit therein and hold such amounts for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on such Participating Bonds; provided that such withdrawal shall not be made unless (a) immediately thereafter the Participating Bonds being refunded shall be deemed to have been paid pursuant to the Indenture, and (b) the amount remaining in the Debt Service Reserve Account after such withdrawal shall not be less than the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for the Debt Service Reserve Account.

Amounts in each Series Debt Service Reserve Account are to be applied on the last business day of each month to make up any deficiency in the Debt Service Account with respect to the Future Bonds secured by such Series Debt Service Reserve Account. Whenever the amount in a Series Debt Service Reserve Account, together with the amount in the Debt Service Account with respect to the Future Bonds secured by such Series Debt Service Reserve Account, is sufficient to pay in full all Future Bonds secured by such Series Debt Service Reserve Account then Outstanding in accordance with their terms, the funds on deposit in such Series Debt Service Reserve Account will be transferred to the Debt Service Account and applied to the payment or redemption of the Series of Future Bonds secured by such Series Debt Service Reserve Account. So long as the amount in the Debt Service Fund with respect to a Series of Future Bonds secured by a Series Debt Service Reserve Account is sufficient to pay all such Future Bonds then Outstanding in full (including principal or applicable sinking fund Redemption Price and interest thereon), no deposits shall be required to be made in such Series Debt Service Reserve Account. Whenever moneys on deposit in a Series Debt Service Reserve Account exceed the Debt Service Reserve Requirement with respect to such Account, the excess will be deposited in the Revenue Fund.

In the event of the refunding of Future Bonds secured by a Series Debt Service Reserve Account, the Trustee shall, upon the direction of NCPA with the advice of Bond Counsel, withdraw from the Series Debt Service Reserve Account securing such Future Bonds any and all of the amounts on deposit therein and hold such amounts for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest on such Future Bonds; provided that such withdrawal shall not be made unless immediately thereafter the Future Bonds being refunded shall be deemed to have been paid pursuant to the Indenture.

(4) To the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in said Fund shall equal all principal and interest on outstanding Subordinated Indebtedness accrued and unpaid and to accrue to the end of the then current calendar month. The Trustee will apply amounts in the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund to the payment of interest and reserves on Subordinated Indebtedness in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, agreement or contract relating to the issuance of such Subordinated Indebtedness. However, if at any time the amounts in the Debt Service Fund are less than the amounts required by the Indenture, and there is not on deposit in the General Reserve Fund or in the Reserve and Contingency Fund or in the Note Fund available moneys sufficient to cure such deficiency, the Trustee will transfer from the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund the amount necessary to make up such deficiency.

(5) To the Note Fund, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in said Fund shall equal all interest on outstanding Notes accrued and unpaid and to accrue to the end of the then current calendar month. The Trustee will apply amounts in the Note Fund to the payment of interest on Notes in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, agreement or contract relating to the issuance of such Notes. However, if at any time the amounts in the Debt Service Fund are less than the amounts required by the Indenture, and there is not on deposit in the General Reserve Fund or in the Reserve and Contingency Fund available moneys sufficient to cure such deficiency, the Trustee will transfer from the Note Fund the amount necessary to make up such deficiency.

(6) To the Reserve and Contingency Fund, for credit to (a) the Renewal and Replacement Account, the amount, if any, provided for deposit therein during the then current month in the current Annual Budget; and (b) the Reserve Account, the amount, if any, required so that the balance in said Account shall equal \$3,000,000 or such greater or lesser amount as shall be recommended by the Consulting Engineer to be on deposit in said Account.

Amounts in the Renewal and Replacement Account will be applied to the cost of Capital Improvements. To the extent not provided for in the then current Annual Budget or by reserves in the Operating Fund or from the proceeds of Bonds, amounts in the Reserve Account will be applied to the costs of Capital Improvements to the extent amounts in the Renewal and Replacement Account are not sufficient therefor, and to the payment of extraordinary operating and maintenance costs of the Project and contingencies.

If at any time the amounts in the Debt Service Fund are less than the amounts required by the Indenture, and there are not on deposit in the General Reserve Fund available moneys sufficient to cure such deficiency, then the Trustee will transfer from the Reserve Account and the Renewal and Replacement Account, in that order, the amount necessary to make up such deficiency.

Amounts in the Renewal and Replacement Account or the Reserve Account not required to meet any deficiencies in the Debt Service Fund or for any of the purposes for which such Accounts were established shall be transferred to the Operating Fund to the extent, if any, deemed necessary by NCPA, to make up any deficiencies therein. Any remaining excess shall be deposited into the General Account of the General Reserve Fund.

(7) To the Rate Stabilization Account of the General Reserve Fund, the amount, if any, provided for deposit therein during the then current month in the Annual Budget and, to the General Account of the General Reserve Fund, the balance, if any, in the Revenue Fund. NCPA must transfer from the General Reserve Fund: (a) to the Debt Service Fund amounts necessary to make up any deficiencies in required payments to the Debt Service Fund; and (b) to the Renewal and Replacement Account and the Reserve Account in the Reserve and Contingency Fund the amount necessary to make up any deficiencies in payments to said Accounts.

Amounts in the General Reserve Fund not required to meet any of the deficiencies described above will, upon determination of NCPA, be applied to or set aside for any one or more of the following: (a) transfer to the Revenue Fund; (b) the purchase or redemption of any Bonds, and expenses and reserves in connection therewith; (c) NCPA Operating Expenses or reserves therefor; (d) payments into any separate account or accounts established in the Construction Fund; (e) Capital Improvements or reserves therefor;

(f) payment of principal of and interest on Subordinated Indebtedness or purchase or redemption of Subordinated Indebtedness; (g) payment of principal of and interest on Notes; and (h) any other lawful purpose of NCPA related to the Project. Bonds purchased or redeemed with amounts in the General Reserve Fund may be credited to Sinking Fund Installments thereafter to become due (other than the next due).

Deposits from the Revenue Fund into the Debt Service Fund, the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund, the Note Fund, the Reserve and Contingency Fund and the General Reserve Fund are to be made as soon as practicable in each month after the deposit of NCPA Revenues into the Revenue Fund, the Operating Reserve Fund and the Operating Fund have been made for such month, but not later than the last business day of such month.

Certain Requirements of and Conditions to Issuance of Bonds

Bonds shall be authenticated by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture upon compliance with certain requirements and conditions, including the following:

(a) The Trustee shall have received an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that the Bonds of the Series being issued have been duly and validly authorized, issued and are valid and binding obligations of NCPA and as to certain other matters concerning the Indenture.

(b) The Trustee shall have received the amount, if any, necessary for deposit: (A) in the Debt Service Reserve Account so that the amount in such Account shall equal the Debt Service Reserve Requirement with respect to such Account calculated immediately after the authentication and delivery of each Series of Participating Bonds and (B) in the Series Debt Service Reserve Account, if any, established with respect to each Series of Future Bonds, so that the amount in such Account shall equal the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, if any, with respect to such Account calculated immediately after the authentication and delivery of such Series of Future Bonds;

(c) Except in the case of Lender Bonds and Refunding Bonds, NCPA shall have certified that it is not in default in the performance of its agreements under the Indenture. In the case of Refunding Bonds such certificate may state that upon the application of the proceeds of the Refunding Bonds, NCPA will not be in default in the performance of its agreements under the Indenture.

The Indenture also provides that Principal Installments will be established at the time of issuance for each Series of Bonds so as to comply with the following:

(a) Principal Installments shall commence not later than the later of (A) the first day of the eighth Fiscal Year following the end of the Fiscal Year of authentication and delivery of such Series of Bonds or (B) the first day of the fifth Fiscal Year following the end of the Fiscal Year in which NCPA estimates that the Project will reach its Date of Firm Operation, and shall terminate not later than the date on which the Third Phase Agreement terminates.

(b) Such Principal Installments shall result in either (A) Substantially Equal Debt Service for the Bonds of such Series for the Fiscal Year immediately preceding the due date of the first such Principal Installment to occur subsequent to the Date of Firm Operation of the Project and for each Fiscal Year thereafter to and including the final maturity date of such Series or (B) Substantially Equal Adjusted Aggregate Debt Service for all Outstanding Bonds, including such Series being issued, for the first Fiscal Year in which Principal Installments become due on all Series of Bonds then Outstanding, including such Series being issued, beginning however no earlier than the Fiscal Year immediately preceding the due date of the first Principal Installment to occur subsequent to the Date of Firm Operation of the Project, and for each Fiscal Year thereafter to and including the Fiscal Year immediately preceding the latest maturity of any Series of Bonds Outstanding immediately prior to the issuance of such Series being issued or the Fiscal Year immediately preceding the latest maturity of such Series being issued, whichever is earlier (using in the case of any Series of Bonds sold by competitive bidding a net effective interest rate for the Bonds of such Series as estimated by NCPA); provided that, if the first Principal Installment of any Series of Bonds shall be less than 12 months after the date of issuance thereof, it shall be assumed, for purposes of this

calculation, that interest accrued on such Series for the entire 12-month period preceding the first Principal Installment at the same rate as interest accrued for the actual portion of such period during which such Series of Bond was Outstanding.

Additional Bonds

NCPA may issue one or more series of Additional Bonds for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the Project including paying the principal of and interest on any Subordinated Indebtedness or Notes issued for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the Project upon compliance with the conditions to issuance described above.

Refunding Bonds

One or more Series of Refunding Bonds may be issued to refund any Outstanding Bonds of one or more Series or one or more maturities within a Series. Refunding Bonds shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture upon compliance with certain requirements and conditions, including the receipt by the Trustee of either (i) moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price of the refunded Bonds to be redeemed plus the amount required to pay principal of refunded Bonds not to be redeemed together with accrued interest on such Bonds to the redemption date or maturity date, as the case may be, or (ii) Investment Securities in such amounts and having such terms as required by the Indenture to pay the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and interest due on and before the redemption date or maturity date, as the case may be.

Debt Service Reserves for Future Bonds

Each Series of Future Bonds shall constitute Participating Bonds unless the Supplemental Indenture authorizing such Series of Future Bonds provides that such Series of Future Bonds shall not be Participating Bonds and, if such Series of Future Bonds is to be secured by a Series Debt Service Reserve Account, provides for the establishment of such Series Debt Service Reserve Account and establishes the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for such Account; provided, however, that each Series of Future Bonds shall constitute Participating Bonds unless at or prior to the issuance of such Series of Future Bonds the Trustee shall have received written confirmation from each rating agency then rating the Outstanding Bonds that the issuance of such Series of Future Bonds as other than Participating Bonds, in and of itself, will not result in the withdrawal or reduction in the rating of any Bonds, other than such Series of Future Bonds, to be Outstanding upon the issuance of such Series of Future Bonds.

Notice of Redemption

The Trustee shall give notice of the redemption of any Bonds to be redeemed, which notice shall specify the redemption date and the place or places where amounts due upon redemption will be payable, and, if less than all of the Bonds of any like Series and maturity are to be redeemed, the letters and numbers or other distinguishing marks of such Bonds so to be redeemed, and, in the case of Bonds to be redeemed in part only, such notice shall also specify the respective portions of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed. Such notice shall further state that on such date there shall become due and payable upon each Bond to be redeemed the Redemption Price thereof, or the Redemption Price of the specified portions of the principal thereof in the case of Bonds to be redeemed in part only, together with interest accrued to the redemption date, and that from and after such date interest thereon shall cease to accrue and be payable.

With respect to the redemption of any Bonds, the Trustee will mail a copy of such notice, not less than thirty (30) days before the redemption date, to the registered owners of any Bonds or portions of Bonds which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses, if any, appearing upon the registry books.

Receipt of such notice shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption of the Bonds and failure to receive any such notice shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of Bonds. Upon the request of NCPA, the Trustee shall also give notice of redemption to certain securities depositories and bond services as specified in the Indenture.

Interchangeability and Transfer

Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the principal corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Bond Registrar, duly executed by the Holder or his duly authorized attorney, may be exchanged for an equal aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same maturity and of other authorized denominations.

Except for Option Bonds deemed tendered but not actually tendered, Bonds shall be transferable only upon the books of NCPA, which shall be kept for such purposes at the principal corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar, by the Holder thereof in person or by his attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender thereof together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Bond Register duly executed by the Holder or his duly authorized attorney. Upon the transfer of any such Bond, other than a Lender Bond, NCPA shall issue in the name of the transferee a new Bond or Bonds of the same aggregate principal amount and Series and maturity as the surrendered Bond.

In all cases in which the privilege of exchanging Bonds or transferring Bonds is exercised, NCPA shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver Bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. For every such exchange or transfer of Bonds, NCPA or the Bond Registrar may make a charge sufficient to reimburse it for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer.

Investment of Certain Funds and Accounts

The Indenture provides that certain Funds and Accounts held thereunder may, and in the case of the Debt Service Account and the Debt Service Reserve Account in the Debt Service Fund, the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund, and the Note Fund, subject to the terms of agreements relating to the issuance of the Subordinated Indebtedness and Notes, must, be invested to the fullest extent practicable in Investment Securities; provided that certain of such Funds and Accounts can only be invested in certain types of Investment Securities. The Indenture provides that such investments will mature no later than such times as necessary to provide moneys when reasonably expected to be needed for payments from such Funds and Accounts and provides specific limitations on the terms of investments for moneys in certain Funds and Accounts.

Prior to the completion of the Initial Facilities, interest and investment earnings (net of which (a) represents a return of accrued interest paid in connection with the purchase of any investment or (b) is required to effect the amortization of any premium paid in connection with the purchase of any investment) earned on any moneys or investments in such Funds and Accounts will be paid into the Construction Fund and after such date all such interest shall be paid into the Revenue Fund; except that to the extent provided in the Supplemental Indenture authorizing a Series of Additional Bonds to pay the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of Capital Improvements, all such interest earned on any moneys or investments in the account established in the Construction Fund for such Capital Improvements shall be retained in said account.

The Trustee may deposit moneys in all Funds and Accounts held by it under the Indenture in banks or trust companies organized under the laws of any state of the United States or national banking associations ("Depositaries"). All moneys held under the Indenture by the Trustee or any Depositary must be (1) either (a) continuously and fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or (b) continuously and fully secured by lodging with the Trustee or any Federal Reserve Bank, as custodian, as collateral security, such securities as are described in clauses (i) through (iv), inclusive, of the definition of "Investment Security" having a market value (exclusive of accrued interest) not less than the amount of such moneys, or (2) held in such other manner as may then be required by applicable Federal or State of California laws and regulations and applicable state laws and regulations of the state in which the Trustee or such Depositary is located, regarding security for the deposit of trust funds; provided, however, that it shall not be necessary for the Trustee, the Depositaries or any Paying Agent to give security for the deposit of any moneys held in trust by it and set aside for the payment of principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price of, or interest on, any Bonds or to give security for any moneys which are represented by obligations or certificates of deposit purchased as an investment of such moneys.

In computing the amount in any Fund created under the Indenture, obligations purchased as an investment of moneys therein shall be valued at the amortized costs of such obligations or the market value thereof, whichever

is lower, exclusive of accrued interest except that obligations purchased as an investment of moneys in the Debt Service Reserve Account are to be valued at the amortized cost thereof.

Covenants

Encumbrances: Disposition of Properties

NCPA will not issue bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness, other than the Bonds, payable out of or secured by a pledge or assignment of the NCPA Revenues or other moneys, securities or funds held or set aside by NCPA, or the Fiduciaries under the Indenture, nor will it create, or cause to be created, any lien or charge thereon; provided, however, that nothing contained in the Indenture shall prevent NCPA from issuing, if and to the extent permitted by law, (1) evidences of indebtedness (a) payable out of moneys in the Construction Fund as part of the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the Project or (b) payable out of, or secured by a pledge and assignment of, NCPA Revenues to be derived on and after the discharge of the pledge of NCPA Revenues provided in the Indenture or (2) Subordinated Indebtedness or Notes issued in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

NCPA may, however, acquire, construct or finance through the issuance of its bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness any facilities which do not constitute a part of the Project for the purposes of the Indenture and may secure such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness by a mortgage of the facilities so financed or by a pledge of, or lien on, the revenues therefrom or any lease or other agreement with respect thereto or any revenues derived from such lease or other agreement; provided that such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness shall not be payable out of or secured by the NCPA Revenues or any Fund or Account held under the Indenture and neither the cost of such facilities nor any expenditure in connection therewith or with the financing thereof shall be payable from the NCPA Revenues or from any such Fund or Account.

NCPA will not sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of the Project or consent to the sale, lease, mortgage or other disposal of the Project other than in accordance with the Third Phase Agreement.

Rate Covenant

NCPA covenants in the Indenture that so long as any Bonds are Outstanding it will have good right and lawful power to establish charges and cause to be collected amounts with respect to the use of the Project, subject to the terms of the Third Phase Agreement. NCPA covenants in the Indenture that it will at all times establish charges and cause to be collected amounts with respect to the use of the Project, as shall be required to provide NCPA Revenues at least sufficient in each Fiscal Year, together with other available funds, for the payment of all the following:

- (a) NCPA Operating Expenses during such Fiscal Year;
- (b) An amount equal to the Aggregate Debt Service for such Fiscal Year;
- (c) The amount, if any to be paid during such Fiscal Year into the Debt Service Reserve Account and each Series Debt Service Reserve Account in the Debt Service Fund;
- (d) The amount, if any, to be paid during such Fiscal Year into the Subordinated Indebtedness Fund;
- (e) The amount, if any, to be paid during such Fiscal Year into the Note Fund;
- (f) The amount to be paid during such Fiscal Year into the Reserve and Contingency Fund for credit to the Renewal and Replacement Account and the Reserve Account therein; and
- (g) All other charges or liens whatsoever payable out of NCPA Revenues during such Fiscal Year.

In estimating Aggregate Debt Service on any Adjustable Rate Bonds for purposes of the preceding paragraph, NCPA shall be entitled to assume that such Adjustable Rate Bonds will bear such interest rate or rates as NCPA shall determine; provided, however, that the interest rate or rates assumed shall not be less than the interest rate borne by such Adjustable Rate Bonds at the time of determination of Aggregate Debt Service.

NCPA will not furnish or supply or cause to be furnished or supplied any use or service of the Project free of charge to any person, firm or corporation, public or private, and NCPA will, consistent with the Project Agreements and upon the direction of the Trustee, enforce the payment of any and all accounts owing to NCPA by reason of the Project by discontinuing such use or service, or by filing suit therefor, as soon as practicable 30 days after any such accounts are due, or by both such discontinuance and by filing suit.

Covenants with Respect to Third Phase Agreement and Project Agreements

NCPA covenants that it will receive and deposit in the Revenue Fund all amounts payable to it under the Third Phase Agreement or otherwise payable to it pursuant to any contract for use of the Project or any part thereof. NCPA will enforce the provisions of the Third Phase Agreement and duly perform its covenants and agreements thereunder, and will not agree to or permit any rescission of or amendment to, or otherwise take any action under or in connection with, the Third Phase Agreement which would reduce the payments required thereunder or which would in any manner materially impair or materially adversely affect the rights or security of Bondholders under the Indenture; provided, however, NCPA is specifically authorized to make certain amendments relating to billing procedures and the sale price of surplus power and energy under the Third Phase Agreement and is also not prohibited from making any other amendments to the Third Phase Agreement.

Subject to the terms of the Indenture, NCPA will enforce or cause to be enforced the provisions of the Project Agreements to which it is a party and duly perform its covenants and agreements thereunder. NCPA will not consent or agree to or permit any rescission of or amendment to or otherwise take any action under or in connection with the Project Agreements which will in any manner materially impair or materially adversely affect the rights of NCPA thereunder or the rights or security of the Bondholders under the Indenture.

Annual Budget

NCPA will file with the Trustee an Annual Budget prepared in accordance with the Third Phase Agreement for each Fiscal Year. The Annual Budget will set forth the estimated NCPA Revenues and NCPA Operating Expenses of the Project by month for such Fiscal Year and shall include monthly appropriations for the estimated amount to be deposited in each month of such Fiscal Year in the Revenue Fund, including provision for any general reserve for NCPA Operating Expenses and the amount to be deposited in the Renewal and Replacement Account, the Reserve Account in the Reserve and Contingency Fund, the Rate Stabilization Account in the General Reserve Fund and the requirements, if any, for the amounts estimated to be expended from each Fund and Account. NCPA shall review quarterly its estimates set forth in the Annual Budget and in the event such estimates do not substantially correspond with the actual NCPA Revenues, NCPA Operating Expenses or other requirements, NCPA shall adopt an amended Annual Budget for the remainder of such Fiscal Year. NCPA is also required to adopt such an amended Annual Budget if there are at any time during the year extraordinary receipts or payments of unusual costs. NCPA may also at any time in accordance with the provisions of the Third Phase Agreement, adopt an amended Annual Budget for the remainder of the then current Fiscal Year.

Insurance

NCPA will at all times after commencement of construction of the Project, insure the Project or cause the Project to be insured against such causes customarily insured against and in such amounts as are usually obtained. NCPA will also use its best efforts to maintain or cause to be maintained any additional or other insurance which NCPA deems necessary or advisable to protect its interests and those of the Bondholders. If any useful portion of the Project is damaged or destroyed, NCPA shall, as expeditiously as possible, continuously and diligently enforce its right to cause to be prosecuted the reconstruction or replacement thereof. The proceeds of any insurance, including the proceeds of any self-insurance fund, paid on account of damage or destruction (other than any business interruption loss insurance) shall be held by the Trustee and applied, to the extent necessary, to pay the costs of reconstruction or replacement. The proceeds of any business interruption loss insurance shall be paid into the Revenue Fund unless otherwise required by the Third Phase Agreement.

Accounts and Reports

NCPA will keep or cause to be kept proper and separate books of records and accounts relating to the Project and each Fund and Account established by the Indenture and relating to the costs and charges under the Third Phase Agreement. Such books, together with the Third Phase Agreement and all other books and papers of NCPA relating to the Project, will at all times be subject to the inspection of the Trustee and the Holders of an aggregate of not less than 5% in principal amount of Bonds then Outstanding.

NCPA will file annually with the Trustee an annual report for each Fiscal Year, accompanied by an Accountant's Certificate, relating to the Project, including a statement of assets and liabilities as of the end of such Fiscal Year, a statement of NCPA Revenues and NCPA Operating Expenses and a statement as to the existence of any default under the provisions of the Indenture.

NCPA will notify the Trustee forthwith of any Event of Default or default in the performance by NCPA of a provision of the Indenture. NCPA will file annually with the Trustee a certificate of an Authorized NCPA Representative stating whether, to the best of the signer's knowledge and belief, NCPA has complied with its covenants and obligations in the Indenture and whether there is then existing an Event of Default or other event which would become an Event of Default upon the lapse of time or the giving of notice, or both, and if any such default or Event of Default so exists, specifying the same and the nature and the status thereof.

The reports, statements and other documents required to be furnished to the Trustee pursuant to any provisions of the Indenture will be available for inspection of Bondholders at the office of the Trustee and will be mailed to each Bondholder who files a written request therefor with the Trustee. The Trustee may charge each Bondholder requesting such reports, statements or other documents a reasonable fee to cover reproduction, handling and postage.

Extension of Payment of Bonds

NCPA covenants in the Indenture that it will not extend or assent to the extension of the maturity of any of the Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, or claims for interest. If the maturity of any of the Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, or claims for interest is extended, such Bonds or claims for interest shall not be entitled, in the case of any default under the Indenture, to the benefit of the Indenture or any payment out of NCPA Revenues, Funds or the moneys held by the Trustee or by any Paying Agent or any Depositary, except moneys held in trust for payment of (i) the principal of all Bonds Outstanding the maturity of which has not been extended, (ii) the portion of accrued interest on the Bonds which is not represented by such extended claims for interest and (iii) the accrued interest on the Lender Bonds. Nothing herein shall be deemed to limit the right of NCPA to issue Option Bonds or Refunding Bonds and neither such issuance nor the exercise by the Holder of any Option Bond of any of the rights appertaining to such Option Bond shall be deemed to constitute an extension of maturity of Bonds.

Amendments and Supplemental Indentures

Any of the provisions of the Indenture may be amended by NCPA by a Supplemental Indenture upon the consent of the Holders of at least sixty percent in principal amount in each case of (1) all Bonds then Outstanding and (2) if less than all of the several Series of Outstanding Bonds are affected, the Bonds of each affected Series; excluding, in each case, from such consent, and from the Outstanding Bonds, the Bonds of any specified Series and maturity if such amendment by its terms will not take effect so long as any of such Bonds remain Outstanding. Any such amendment may not permit a change in the terms of any Sinking Fund Installment or the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of or interest on any Outstanding Bond or make any reduction in principal, Redemption Price, Purchase Price or interest rate without the consent of each affected Holder, or reduce the percentages of consents required for a further amendment.

NCPA may enter into (without the consent of any Holders of the Bonds or the Trustee), a Supplemental Indenture to close the Indenture against, or impose additional limitations upon, the issuance of Bonds or other evidences of indebtedness; to authorize Bonds of a Series; to add to the restrictions to be observed by NCPA contained in the Indenture; to add to the covenants of NCPA contained in the Indenture; to confirm any lien or pledge under the Indenture; to authorize the establishment of a fund or funds for self-insurance; to authorize Subordinated Indebtedness or Notes; and to modify any of the provisions of the Indenture in any other respect if

(i) no Bonds will be Outstanding at such time or (ii) such modification shall be, and be expressed to be, effective only after all Bonds then Outstanding cease to be Outstanding and all Bonds authenticated and delivered after the adoption of such Supplemental Indenture specifically refer to such Supplemental Indenture in the text of such Bonds.

NCPA and the Trustee may also enter into a Supplemental Indenture (without the consent of any Holders of the Bonds required) which, upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy thereof and the filing with NCPA of an instrument in writing made by the Trustee consenting thereto, shall be fully effective in accordance with its terms, to cure any ambiguity, supply any omission, or cure or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the Indenture or to insert such provisions clarifying matters or questions arising under the Indenture as are necessary or desirable and are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture.

Trustee; Payment Agents

The Trustee may at any time resign on 60 days' notice to NCPA. Such resignation will take effect on the date specified in such notice, or, if a successor Trustee has been appointed, such resignation will take effect immediately upon the appointment of such successor. The Trustee may at any time be removed by the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding. Successor Trustees may be appointed by the Holders of a majority in principal amount of Bonds then Outstanding, and failing such an appointment NCPA shall appoint a successor to hold office until the Bondholders act. The Trustee and each successor Trustee, if any, must be a bank, trust company, or national banking association doing business and having its principal office in New York, New York or Chicago, Illinois or Los Angeles, California or San Francisco, California and having capital stock and surplus aggregating at least \$50,000,000, or having all of its obligations guaranteed by a bank or trust company organized under the laws of the United States with a capital stock and surplus or net worth of \$50,000,000, if there be such an entity willing and able to accept the appointment on reasonable and customary terms. The Indenture requires the appointment by NCPA of one or more Paying Agents (which may include the Trustee).

Pursuant to the Indenture, the Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing of all Events of Default which may have occurred, undertakes to perform only such duties as are specifically set forth in the Indenture. If an Event of Default has occurred and has not been cured, the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by the Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent man would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his own affairs. Subject to the above, neither the Trustee nor any Paying Agent shall be liable in connection with the performance of its duties under the Indenture except for its own negligence, misconduct or default.

NCPA will cause to be paid to the Trustee and any Paying Agent or Depositary reasonable compensation for all services rendered under the Indenture and all reasonable expenses, charges, counsel fees and other disbursements, incurred in the performance of its duties under the Indenture. Each Trustee, Paying Agent or Depositary has a lien on any and all funds held by it under the Indenture securing its rights to compensation except that the proceeds of Drawings under the Letters of Credit or any funds taken into account in calculating the amount drawn under a Letter of Credit are not available for such purpose. NCPA also agrees to indemnify and save each Trustee, Paying Agent or Depositary harmless against any liabilities which it may incur in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties under the Indenture and which are not due to its negligence, misconduct or default.

Defeasance

The pledge of the Trust Estate under the Indenture and all covenants, agreements and other obligations of NCPA to the Bondholders under the Indenture will cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied whenever all Bonds have been paid in full. Bonds or interest installments will be deemed to have been paid for the purpose of the defeasance referred to above in this paragraph if on the maturity or redemption date thereof Eligible Moneys have been set aside and held in trust by the Paying Agents for such payment. Bonds, other than Lender Bonds, will be deemed to have been so paid prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof whenever the following conditions are met: (1) there have been deposited with the Trustee either Eligible Moneys in an amount which will be sufficient, or Investment Securities described in clause (i) of the definition thereof purchased with Eligible Moneys the principal of and the interest on which when due, will provide moneys which, together with the Eligible Moneys deposited, will be sufficient, to pay when due principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, and

interest due and to become due on such Bonds, (2) in the case of Bonds to be redeemed prior to maturity, NCPA has given to the Trustee irrevocable instructions to mail the notice of redemption therefor, and (3) NCPA has given to the Trustee irrevocable instructions to (i) mail, as soon as practicable, notice to the Holders of such Bonds that the above deposit has been made with the Trustee and that such Bonds are deemed to be paid and stating the maturity or redemption date upon which moneys are to be available to pay principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, on such Bonds and (ii) publish a similar notice.

For purposes of determining whether Adjustable Rate Bonds shall be deemed to have been paid prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof, as the case may be, by the deposit of moneys, or Investment Securities and moneys, if any, in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the interest to come due on such Adjustable Rate Bonds on or prior to the maturity date or redemption date thereof, as the case may be, shall be calculated at the Assumed Interest Rate; provided, however, that if on any date, as a result of such Adjustable Rate Bonds having borne interest at less than the Assumed Interest Rate for any period, the total amount of moneys and Investment Securities on deposit with the Trustee for the payment of interest on such Adjustable Rate Bonds is in excess of the total amount which would have been required to be deposited with the Trustee on such date in respect of such Adjustable Rate Bonds in order to satisfy the preceding paragraph, the Trustee shall, if requested by NCPA, pay the amount of such excess to NCPA free and clear of any trust, lien, pledge or assignment securing the Bonds or otherwise existing under the Indenture.

Option Bonds shall be deemed to have been paid in accordance with the Indenture only if there shall have been deposited with the Trustee moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient to pay when due the maximum amount of principal or Redemption Price, if any, and interest on such Bonds which could become payable to the Holders of such Bonds upon the exercise of any options provided to the Holders of such Bonds; provided, however, that if, at the time a deposit is made with the Trustee as described above, the options originally exercisable by the Holder of an Option Bond are no longer exercisable, such Bond shall not be considered an Option Bond for purposes of this paragraph. If any portion of the moneys deposited with the Trustee for the payment of the principal of and Redemption Price, if any, and interest on Option Bonds is not required for such purpose the Trustee shall, if requested by NCPA, pay the amount of such excess to NCPA free and clear of any trust, lien, pledge or assignment securing said Bonds or otherwise existing under the Indenture.

Events of Default and Remedies

Events of Default specified in the Indenture include (i) failure to pay principal or Redemption Price of any Bond when due; (ii) failure to pay any interest installment on any Bond or the unsatisfied balance of any Sinking Fund Installment thereon when due; (iii) failure to pay the Purchase Price of any Option Bond at the time required by the Indenture and such default shall continue for 10 days; (iv) notice from the Banks' Agent of an "event of default" under certain Reimbursement Agreements (none of which is in effect); (v) if there is default by NCPA for 120 days after written notice thereof from the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 10% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding in the observance or performance of any other covenants, agreements or conditions contained in the Indenture or in the Bonds; (vi) NCPA shall apply for or consent to the appointment of a receiver or admit in writing its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due; and (vii) a proceeding shall be instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction under any law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or relief of debtors and the same shall result in an entry of an order for relief or continue undismissed or pending unstayed for a period of 60 days. Upon the happening of any such Event of Default described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (v), (vi) or (vii) above, the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding may declare the principal of and accrued interest on all Bonds then Outstanding due and payable (subject to a rescission of such declaration upon the curing of such default before the Bonds have matured).

Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default which has not been remedied, NCPA will, if demanded by the Trustee, (1) account, as a trustee of an express trust, for all NCPA Revenues and other moneys, securities and funds pledged or held under the Indenture and (2) cause to be paid over to the Trustee (a) forthwith, all moneys, securities and funds then held by NCPA in any Fund under the Indenture and (b) as received, all NCPA Revenues. The Trustee will apply all moneys, securities, funds and NCPA Revenues received during the continuance of any Event of Default in the following order: (1) to payment of the reasonable and proper charges, expenses and liabilities of the Trustee, the Depositaries and Paying Agents, (2) to the payment of NCPA Operating Expenses, and (3) to the payment of interest on and principal or Redemption Price of the Bonds without preference or priority of interest over principal or Redemption Price or of principal or Redemption Price over interest, unless the principal of all Bonds has

not been declared due and payable, in which case first to the payment of interest on and second to the payment of principal or Redemption Price of those Bonds which have become due and payable in order of their due dates, and in the amount available for such payment thereof, ratably, according to the amounts of interest or principal or Redemption Price, respectively, due on such date. In addition, the Trustee will have the right to apply in an appropriate proceeding for appointment of a receiver of the Project.

If an Event of Default has occurred and has not been remedied, the Trustee may, and on request of the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of Bonds Outstanding must, proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondholders under the Indenture forthwith by a suit or suits in equity or at law, whether for the specific performance of any covenant in the Indenture or in aid of the execution of any power granted in the Indenture or any remedy granted under the Act, or for an accounting against NCPA as if NCPA were the trustee of an express trust, or in the enforcement of any other legal or equitable right as the Trustee deems most effectual to enforce any of its rights or to perform any of its duties under the Indenture. The Trustee may, and upon the request of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding and upon being furnished with reasonable security and indemnity must, institute and prosecute proper actions to prevent any impairment of the security under the Indenture or to preserve or protect the interests of the Trustee and of the Bondholders.

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, NCPA shall give notice to each Project Participant that such Project Participant shall make the payments due by it under the Third Phase Agreement directly to the Trustee.

Except as otherwise provided in the last sentence of this paragraph and except for the rights specifically conferred on the Banks and the Banks' Agent pursuant to the Indenture, no Bondholder will have any right to institute any suit, action or proceeding for the enforcement of any provision of the Indenture or the execution of any trust under the Indenture or for any remedy under the Indenture, unless (1) such Bondholder previously has given the Trustee written notice of an Event of Default, (2) the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding have filed a written request with the Trustee and have afforded the Trustee a reasonable opportunity to exercise its powers and institute such suit, action or proceeding, (3) there has been offered to the Trustee adequate security and indemnity against its costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred and (4) the Trustee has refused to comply with such request within 60 days after receipt by it of such notice, request and offer of indemnity. The Indenture provides that nothing therein or in the Bonds affects or impairs NCPA's obligation to pay the Bonds and interest thereon due or the right of any Bondholder to enforce such payment of his Bonds.

The Banks' Agent or the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of Bonds then Outstanding may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee, subject to the Trustee's right to decline to follow such direction upon advice of counsel as to the unlawfulness thereof or upon its good faith determination that such action would involve the Trustee in personal liability or would be unjustly prejudicial to Bondholders not parties to such direction.

Notice of Default

The Trustee shall promptly mail written notice of the occurrence of any Event of Default to each Holder of Bonds at his address, if any, appearing on the registry books of NCPA.

Unclaimed Moneys

Any moneys held by the Trustee, a Paying Agent or Depositary in trust for the payment and discharge of any of the Bonds which remain unclaimed for six years after the date when such Bonds have become due and payable, either at maturity or by call for redemption (unless such moneys were not held at the time of such maturity or call for redemption, and then which remain unclaimed for six years after the date of deposit of such moneys with the Trustee, Paying Agent or Depositary), shall, at the written request of NCPA and after meeting certain publication requirements, be repaid to NCPA, and such Trustee, Paying Agent or Depositary shall thereupon be released and discharged with respect thereto and the Bondholders shall look only to NCPA for the payment of such Bonds.

APPENDIX E

PROPOSED FORMS OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENTS

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT BY AND BETWEEN THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AND U. S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the “Disclosure Agreement”), dated April __, 2022, is executed and delivered by the Northern California Power Agency and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Dissemination Agent (the “Dissemination Agent”) in connection with the issuance by Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022A Bonds”) and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022B Bonds,” and together with the 2022A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”). The 2022 Bonds were issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, with respect to the 2022A Bonds, and by the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, with respect to the 2022B Bonds (collectively, the “Indenture”), each by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as the Trustee. NCPA and the Dissemination Agent covenant and agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by NCPA and the Dissemination Agent for the benefit of the Bondholders and Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the Rule.

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Indenture, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this Section 2, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report with respect to the 2022 Bonds provided by NCPA pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person who has or shares the power, directly or indirectly, to make investment decisions regarding ownership of any 2022 Bonds (including without limitation persons holding 2022 Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries).

“Disclosure Representative” shall mean the any of the Chair, the General Manager, the Assistant General Manager, Finance and Administrative Services/Chief Financial Officer, and the Treasurer-Controller of NCPA or his or her designee, or such other officer or employee as NCPA shall designate in writing to the Trustee from time to time.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, acting solely in its capacity as Dissemination Agent hereunder, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by NCPA and which has filed with the Trustee a written acceptance of such designation.

“EMMA System” shall mean the MSRB’s Electronic Municipal Market Access System or such other electronic system designated by the MSRB.

“Financial Obligation” shall mean a (a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument; provided that “financial obligation” shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

“Listed Event” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, or any successor thereto.

“Participating Underwriters” shall mean the original underwriters of the 2022 Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the 2022 Bonds.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“SEC” shall mean the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) With respect to the 2022 Bonds, NCPA shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year of NCPA (which presently ends on June 30), commencing with the report for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022, provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System, in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information all as prescribed by the MSRB, an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; provided, that the audited financial statements of NCPA may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date. If the fiscal year changes for NCPA, NCPA shall give notice of such change prior to the next date by which NCPA otherwise would be required to provide its Annual Report pursuant to this Section and in the manner provided for giving notices under Section 5 hereof.

(b) Not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the date specified in paragraph (a) of this Section 3 for providing the Annual Report to the MSRB, NCPA shall provide its Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent. If by such date, the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report from NCPA, the Dissemination Agent shall contact NCPA to determine if NCPA is in compliance with paragraph (a) of this Section 3.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report from NCPA by the date required in paragraph (a) of this Section 3 and, after contacting NCPA, the Dissemination Agent is unable to verify that an Annual Report has been provided to the MSRB as of the date required in paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall send a notice to the MSRB through the EMMA System in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

(d) Upon the provision by the Dissemination Agent of any Annual Report to the MSRB pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall deliver a confirmation in writing to NCPA certifying that the Annual Report has been provided to the MSRB pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement and stating the date it was provided.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. NCPA's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

- (i) A summary of the peak generating capability of the Project for the prior Fiscal Year;
- (ii) A summary of the average generating capability of the Project for the prior Fiscal Year;
- (iii) A summary of total energy generated with respect to the Project for the prior Fiscal Year; and
- (iv) The audited financial statements of NCPA for the prior Fiscal Year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental enterprises as prescribed from time to time by any regulatory body with jurisdiction over NCPA and by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If NCPA's audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 3, the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the audited financial statements, and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of NCPA or public entities related thereto, which have been submitted to the MSRB through the EMMA System or to the SEC. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB through the EMMA System. NCPA shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, upon the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the 2022 Bonds, NCPA shall give, or cause to be given by so notifying the Dissemination Agent and instructing the Dissemination Agent to give, notice of occurrence of such event not later than ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event, in each case, pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section 5, as applicable:

- (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (2) non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;

- (6) adverse tax opinions or the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of a proposed or final determination of taxability or of a Notice of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701 TEB), or other material notices or determinations by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the tax status of the 2022 Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the 2022 Bonds;
- (7) modifications to rights of the Holders of the 2022 Bonds, if material;
- (8) optional, unscheduled or contingent 2022 Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- (9) defeasances;
- (10) release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the 2022 Bonds, if material;
- (11) rating changes;
- (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of NCPA or an obligated person (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the 2022 Bonds of which NCPA has actual knowledge;
- (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving NCPA or an obligated person (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the 2022 Bonds of which NCPA has actual knowledge or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of NCPA or any such obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (15) incurrence of a Financial Obligation of NCPA with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of NCPA with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, any of which affect Holders of the 2022 Bonds, if material; or
- (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of NCPA with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For these purposes, (i) any event described in subparagraph (12) of this Section 5(a) is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in

possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person; and (ii) NCPA intends to comply with the provisions hereof for the Listed Events described in subparagraphs (15) and (16) of this Section 5(a), and the definition of “Financial Obligation” in Section 2, with reference to the Rule, any other applicable federal securities laws and the guidance provided by the Commission in its Release No. 34-83885 dated August 20, 2018 (the “2018 Release”), and any further amendments or written guidance provided by the Commission or its staff with respect to the amendments to the Rule effected by the 2018 Release.

(b) Whenever NCPA obtains knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event described in paragraph (a) of this Section 5, NCPA shall either (i) promptly notify the Dissemination Agent in writing and instruct the Dissemination Agent to report the occurrence pursuant to Section 5(c) below or (ii) shall itself file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent has been instructed by NCPA to report the occurrence of a Listed Event, the Dissemination Agent shall file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(d) Any notice required by this Section 5 to be provided to the MSRB shall be provided in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 5, notice of Listed Events described in subparagraphs (8) and (9) of Section 5(a) above need not be given under this Section 5(d) any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to Bondholders of affected 2022 Bonds pursuant to the Indenture.

SECTION 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The obligations of NCPA under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the 2022 Bonds and with respect to any 2022 Bonds upon the maturity, defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of such 2022 Bonds.

SECTION 7. Dissemination Agent. NCPA may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by NCPA pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association. NCPA shall be responsible for all fees and associated expenses of the Dissemination Agent.

SECTION 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, NCPA and the Dissemination Agent may amend this Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived; provided that such amendment or waiver, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel satisfactory to the Dissemination Agent, such amendment or waiver is permitted by the Rule.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Disclosure Agreement, NCPA shall describe such amendment in its next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by NCPA. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing

financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the manner as provided under Section 5, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent NCPA from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If NCPA chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, NCPA shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 10. Default. In the event of a failure of NCPA or the Dissemination Agent to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Trustee may (and, at the request of the Bondholders of at least 25% aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2022 Bonds and the furnishing by such Bondholders of indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against its costs and expenses, including, without limitation, fees and expenses of its attorneys, shall), or any Bondholder or Beneficial Owner of the 2022 Bonds may, take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause NCPA or the Dissemination Agent, as the case may be, to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Indenture, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of NCPA or the Dissemination Agent to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

No Bondholder or Beneficial Owner may institute any such action, suit or proceeding to compel performance unless they shall have first filed with the Dissemination Agent and NCPA satisfactory written evidence of their status as such, and a written notice of and request to cure such failure, and NCPA shall have refused to comply therewith within a reasonable time. Any such action, suit or proceeding shall be brought in federal or state courts located in the County of Sacramento, California for the benefit of all Bondholders and Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds.

SECTION 11. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Agreement, and no further duties or responsibilities shall be implied, and the Dissemination Agent's obligation to deliver the information at the times and with the contents described herein shall be limited to the extent NCPA has provided such information to the Dissemination Agent as required by this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall not have any liability under, nor duty to inquire into the terms and provisions of, any agreement or instructions, other than as outlined in this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any written notice, instruction or request furnished to it hereunder and believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Dissemination Agent shall be under no duty to inquire into or investigate the validity, accuracy or content of any such document. The Dissemination Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct was the primary cause of any loss to NCPA. The Dissemination Agent shall not incur any liability for following the instructions herein contained or expressly provided for, or written instructions given by NCPA. In the administration of this Agreement, the Dissemination Agent may execute any of its powers and perform its duties hereunder directly or through agents or attorneys and may consult with counsel, accountants and other skilled persons to be selected and retained by it. The

Dissemination Agent shall not be liable for anything done, suffered or omitted in good faith by it in accordance with the advice or opinion of any such counsel, accountants or other skilled persons. The Dissemination Agent may resign and be discharged from its duties or obligations hereunder by giving notice in writing of such resignation specifying a date when such resignation shall take effect. Any corporation or association into which the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation or association resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity shall be a party, or any corporation or association to which all or substantially all the corporate trust business of the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity may be sold or otherwise transferred, shall be the Dissemination Agent under this Agreement without further act. NCPA covenants and agrees to hold the Dissemination Agent and its directors, officers, agents and employees (collectively, the “Indemnitees”) harmless from and against any and all liabilities, losses, damages, fines, suits, actions, demands, penalties, costs and expenses, including out-of-pocket, incidental expenses, legal fees and expenses, the allocated costs and expenses of in-house counsel and legal staff and the costs and expenses of defending or preparing to defend against any claim (“Losses”) that may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against, the Indemnitees or any of them for following any instruction or other direction upon which the Dissemination Agent is authorized to rely pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. In addition to and not in limitation of the immediately preceding sentence, NCPA also covenants and agrees to indemnify and hold the Indemnitees and each of them harmless from and against any and all Losses that may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against the Indemnitees or any of them in connection with or arising out of the Dissemination Agent’s performance under this Agreement provided the Dissemination Agent has not acted with negligence or engaged in willful misconduct. Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, in no event shall the Dissemination Agent be liable for special, indirect or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including but not limited to lost profits), even if the Dissemination Agent has been advised of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action. The obligations of NCPA under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of the 2022 Bonds. The Dissemination Agent shall have no obligation to disclose information about the 2022 Bonds except as expressly provided herein. The fact that the Dissemination Agent or any affiliate thereof may have any fiduciary or banking relationship with NCPA, apart from the relationship created by the Rule, shall not be construed to mean that the Dissemination Agent has actual knowledge of any event or condition except as may be provided by written notice from NCPA. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to require the Dissemination Agent to interpret or provide an opinion concerning any information made public. If the Dissemination Agent receives a request for an interpretation or opinion, the Dissemination Agent may refer such request to NCPA for response. NCPA shall pay or reimburse the Dissemination Agent for its fees and expenses for the Dissemination Agent’s services rendered in accordance with this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty or obligation to review any information provided to it hereunder and shall not be deemed to be acting in any fiduciary capacity for NCPA, the Bondholder or any other party.

SECTION 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of NCPA, the Trustee, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriters and the Bondholders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the 2022 Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

SECTION 13. California Law. This Disclosure Agreement shall be construed and governed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

SECTION 14. Notices. All written notices to be given hereunder shall be given in person or by mail to the party entitled thereto at its address set forth below, or at such other address as such party may provide to the other parties in writing from time to time, namely:

To NCPA: Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678
Attention: General Manager
Telephone: (916) 781-3636
Fax: (916) 783-7693

To the Dissemination Agent: U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association
100 Wall Street, Suite 1600
New York, New York 10005
Attention: Corporate Trust Department
Telephone: (212) 361-4385
Fax: (212) 514-6841

NCPA and the Dissemination Agent may, by notice given hereunder, designate any further or different addresses to which subsequent notices, certificates or other communications shall be sent.

SECTION 15. Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed the Disclosure Agreement to be executed as of the date set forth above.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

By: _____
Its:

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, as Dissemination Agent**

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO REPOSITORIES OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer: Northern California Power Agency ("NCPA")

Name of Bond Issue: \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (collectively, the "2022 Bonds")

Date of Issuance: April __, 2022

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NCPA has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the 2022 Bonds as required by Section 3 of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the 2022 Bonds, dated April __, 2022, by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Dissemination Agent. [NCPA anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.]

Dated: _____

U. S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, as Dissemination Agent on
behalf of the Northern California Power Agency

cc: NCPA

**CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT
BY AND BETWEEN THE
[SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANT]
AND
U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION**

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the “Disclosure Agreement”), dated April __, 2022, is executed and delivered by the [Significant Share Project Participant] (the “Project Participant”) and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Dissemination Agent (the “Dissemination Agent”) in connection with the issuance by Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022A Bonds”) and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022B Bonds,” and together with the 2022A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”). The 2022 Bonds were issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, with respect to the 2022A Bonds, and by the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, with respect to the 2022B Bonds (collectively, the “Indenture”), each by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as the Trustee. The Project Participant and the Dissemination Agent covenant and agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by the Project Participant and the Dissemination Agent for the benefit of the Bondholders and Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the Rule.

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Indenture, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this Section 2, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report with respect to the 2022 Bonds provided by the Project Participant pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person who has or shares the power, directly or indirectly, to make investment decisions regarding ownership of any 2022 Bonds (including without limitation persons holding 2022 Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries).

“Disclosure Representative” shall mean any of the City Manager or the Director of Finance of the Project Participant, or his or her designee, or such other officer or employee as the Project Participant shall designate in writing to NCPA and the Trustee from time to time.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, acting solely in its capacity as Dissemination Agent hereunder, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Project Participant and which has filed with NCPA and the Trustee a written acceptance of such designation.

“EMMA System” shall mean the MSRB’s Electronic Municipal Market Access System or such other electronic system designated by the MSRB.

“Financial Obligation” shall mean a (a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument in each case, which “financial obligation” is payable from revenues of the Project Participant’s electric system; provided that “financial obligation” shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

“Listed Event” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, or any successor thereto.

“Participating Underwriters” shall mean the original underwriters of the 2022 Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the 2022 Bonds.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“SEC” shall mean the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) With respect to the 2022 Bonds, the Project Participant shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than 210 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Project Participant (which presently ends on June 30), commencing with the report for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022, provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System, in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information all as prescribed by the MSRB, an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; provided, that the audited financial statements of the Project Participant may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date. If the fiscal year changes for the Project Participant, the Project Participant shall give notice of such change prior to the next date by which the Project Participant otherwise would be required to provide its Annual Report pursuant to this Section and in the manner provided for giving notices under Section 5 hereof.

(b) Not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the date specified in paragraph (a) of this Section 3 for providing the Annual Report to the MSRB, the Project Participant shall provide its Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent. If by such date, the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report from the Project Participant, the Dissemination Agent shall contact the Project Participant to determine if the Project Participant is in compliance with paragraph (a) of this Section 3.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report from NCPA as of the date required in paragraph (a) of this Section 3 and, after contacting the Project Participant, the Dissemination Agent is unable to verify that an Annual Report has been provided to the MSRB as of the date required in paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall send a notice to the MSRB through the EMMA System in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

(d) Upon the provision by the Dissemination Agent of any Annual Report to the MSRB pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall deliver a confirmation in writing to the Project Participant certifying that the Annual Report has been provided to the MSRB pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement and stating the date it was provided.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Project Participant's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

(i) A summary of the operating results and selected balance sheet information for the Project Participant's electric system for the most recently completed fiscal year;

(ii) A summary of power supply resources of the Project Participant's electric system in tabular form for the most recently completed fiscal year;

(iii) A summary of customers, energy sales, revenues and peak demand of the Project Participant's electric system in tabular form for the most recently completed fiscal year; and

(iv) The audited financial statements of the Project Participant's electric utility fund for the most recently completed fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental enterprises as prescribed from time to time by any regulatory body with jurisdiction over the Project Participant and by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If the Project Participant's electric utility fund audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3(a), the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the audited financial statements, and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Project Participant or public entities related thereto, which have been submitted to the MSRB through the EMMA System or to the SEC. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB through the EMMA System. The Project Participant shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, upon the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Project Participant, the Project Participant shall give, or cause to be given by so notifying the Dissemination Agent and instructing the Dissemination Agent to give, notice of occurrence of such event not later than ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event, in each case, pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section 5, as applicable:

- (1) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Project Participant;
- (2) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Project Participant or the sale of all or substantially all of the electric system assets of the Project Participant, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;

- (3) incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Project Participant payable from revenues of the Project Participant's electric system, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Project Participant payable from revenues of the Project Participant's electric system, any of which affect Holders of the 2022 Bonds, if material; or
- (4) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Project Participant payable from revenues of the Project Participant's electric system, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For these purposes, (i) any event described in subparagraph (1) of this Section 5(a) is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the Project Participant in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Project Participant or its electric system, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Project Participant or its electric system; and (ii) the Project Participant intends to comply with the provisions hereof for the Listed Events described in subparagraphs (3) and (4) of this Section 5(a), and the definition of "Financial Obligation" in Section 2, with reference to the Rule, any other applicable federal securities laws and the guidance provided by the Commission in its Release No. 34-83885 dated August 20, 2018 (the "2018 Release"), and any further amendments or written guidance provided by the Commission or its staff with respect to the amendments to the Rule effected by the 2018 Release.

(b) Whenever the Project Participant obtains knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event described in paragraph (a) of this Section 5, the Project Participant shall either (i) promptly notify the Dissemination Agent in writing and instruct the Dissemination Agent to report the occurrence pursuant to Section 5(c) below or (ii) shall itself file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent has been instructed by the Project Participant to report the occurrence of a Listed Event, the Dissemination Agent shall file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(d) Any notice required by this Section 5 to be provided to the MSRB shall be provided in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB.

SECTION 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The obligations of the Project Participant under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the 2022 Bonds and with respect to any 2022 Bonds upon the maturity, defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of such 2022 Bonds.

SECTION 7. Dissemination Agent. The Project Participant may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor

Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the Project Participant pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association. The Project Participant shall be responsible for all fees and associated expenses of the Dissemination Agent.

SECTION 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Project Participant and the Dissemination Agent may amend this Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived; provided that such amendment or waiver, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel satisfactory to the Dissemination Agent, such amendment or waiver is permitted by the Rule.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Project Participant shall describe such amendment in its next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Project Participant. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the manner as provided under Section 5, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Project Participant from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If the Project Participant chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, the Project Participant shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 10. Default. In the event of a failure of the Project Participant or the Dissemination Agent to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Trustee may (and, at the request of the Bondholders of at least 25% aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2022 Bonds and the furnishing by such Bondholders of indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against its costs and expenses, including, without limitation, fees and expenses of its attorneys, shall), or any Bondholder or Beneficial Owner of the 2022 Bonds may, take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Project Participant or the Dissemination Agent, as the case may be, to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Indenture, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Project Participant or the Dissemination Agent to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

No Bondholder or Beneficial Owner may institute any such action, suit or proceeding to compel performance unless they shall have first filed with the Dissemination Agent and the Project Participant satisfactory written evidence of their status as such, and a written notice of and request to cure such failure, and the Project Participant shall have refused to comply therewith within a reasonable time. Any such action, suit or proceeding shall be brought in federal or state courts located in the County of Sacramento, California for the benefit of all Bondholders and Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds.

SECTION 11. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Agreement, and no further duties or responsibilities shall be implied, and the Dissemination Agent's obligation to deliver the information at the times and with the contents described herein shall be limited to the extent the Project Participant has provided such information to the Dissemination Agent as required by this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall not have any liability under, nor duty to inquire into the terms and provisions of, any agreement or instructions, other than as outlined in this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any written notice, instruction or request furnished to it hereunder and believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Dissemination Agent shall be under no duty to inquire into or investigate the validity, accuracy or content of any such document. The Dissemination Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct was the primary cause of any loss to the Project Participant. The Dissemination Agent shall not incur any liability for following the instructions herein contained or expressly provided for, or written instructions given by the Project Participant. In the administration of this Agreement, the Dissemination Agent may execute any of its powers and perform its duties hereunder directly or through agents or attorneys and may consult with counsel, accountants and other skilled persons to be selected and retained by it. The Dissemination Agent shall not be liable for anything done, suffered or omitted in good faith by it in accordance with the advice or opinion of any such counsel, accountants or other skilled persons. The Dissemination Agent may resign and be discharged from its duties or obligations hereunder by giving notice in writing of such resignation specifying a date when such resignation shall take effect. Any corporation or association into which the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation or association resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity shall be a party, or any corporation or association to which all or substantially all the corporate trust business of the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity may be sold or otherwise transferred, shall be the Dissemination Agent under this Agreement without further act. The Project Participant covenants and agrees to hold the Dissemination Agent and its directors, officers, agents and employees (collectively, the "Indemnitees") harmless from and against any and all liabilities, losses, damages, fines, suits, actions, demands, penalties, costs and expenses, including out-of-pocket, incidental expenses, legal fees and expenses, the allocated costs and expenses of in-house counsel and legal staff and the costs and expenses of defending or preparing to defend against any claim ("Losses") that may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against, the Indemnitees or any of them for following any instruction or other direction upon which the Dissemination Agent is authorized to rely pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. In addition to and not in limitation of the immediately preceding sentence, the Project Participant also covenants and agrees to indemnify and hold the Indemnitees and each of them harmless from and against any and all Losses that may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against the Indemnitees or any of them in connection with or arising out of the Dissemination Agent's performance under this Agreement provided the Dissemination Agent has not acted with negligence or engaged in willful misconduct. Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, in no event shall the Dissemination Agent be liable for special, indirect or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including but not limited to lost profits), even if the Dissemination Agent has been advised of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action. The obligations of the Project Participant under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of the 2022 Bonds. The Dissemination Agent shall have no obligation to disclose information about the 2022 Bonds except as expressly provided herein. The fact that the Dissemination Agent or any affiliate thereof may have any fiduciary or banking relationship with the Project Participant, apart from the relationship created by the Rule, shall not be construed to mean that the Dissemination Agent has actual knowledge of any event or condition except as may be provided by written notice from the Project Participant. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to require the Dissemination Agent to interpret or provide an opinion concerning any information made public. If the Dissemination Agent receives a request for an

interpretation or opinion, the Dissemination Agent may refer such request to the Project Participant for response. The Project Participant shall pay or reimburse the Dissemination Agent for its fees and expenses for the Dissemination Agent's services rendered in accordance with this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty or obligation to review any information provided to it hereunder and shall not be deemed to be acting in any fiduciary capacity for the Project Participant, the Bondholder or any other party.

SECTION 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Project Participant, the Trustee, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriters and the Bondholders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the 2022 Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

SECTION 13. California Law. This Disclosure Agreement shall be construed and governed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

SECTION 14. Notices. All written notices to be given hereunder shall be given in person or by mail to the party entitled thereto at its address set forth below, or at such other address as such party may provide to the other parties in writing from time to time, namely:

To the Project Participant: [Significant Share Project Participant]

To the Dissemination Agent: U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association
100 Wall Street, Suite 1600
New York, New York 10005
Attention: Corporate Trust Department
Telephone: (212) 361-4385
Fax: (212) 514-6841

The Project Participant and the Dissemination Agent may, by notice given hereunder, designate any further or different addresses to which subsequent notices, certificates or other communications shall be sent.

SECTION 15. Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed the Disclosure Agreement to be executed as of the date set forth above.

**[SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT
PARTICIPANT]**

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, as Dissemination Agent**

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO REPOSITORIES OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer: Northern California Power Agency ("NCPA")

Name of Bond Issue: \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (collectively, the "2022 Bonds")

Name of Obligated Party: [Significant Share Project Participant] (the "Project Participant")

Date of Issuance: April __, 2022

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Project Participant has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the 2022 Bonds as required by Section 3 of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the 2022 Bonds, dated April __, 2022, by and between the Project Participant and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Dissemination Agent. [The Project Participant anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.]

Dated: _____

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, as Dissemination Agent**
on behalf of the Northern California Power Agency

cc: Project Participant

APPENDIX F

PROPOSED FORMS OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION AND SPECIAL TAX COUNSEL OPINION

PROPOSED FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION

Upon the delivery of the 2022 Bonds, Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Newport Beach, California, proposes to render its final approving opinion with respect to the 2022 Bonds in substantially the following form:

[Closing Date]

Commission
Northern California Power Agency
Roseville, California

Northern California Power Agency
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds

\$ _____
2022 Refunding Series A

\$ _____
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as bond counsel to the Northern California Power Agency (the “Agency”) in connection with the issuance of \$ _____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”) and \$ _____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”). The 2022 Bonds are being issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 4 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1, and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5, of the Government Code of the State of California (collectively, the “Bond Law”), and the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, by and between the Agency and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”), as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April 1], 2022, providing for the issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds, and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April 1], 2022, providing for the issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds (collectively, the “Indenture”). Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Indenture.

The 2022 Bonds are being issued to provide the funds necessary to refund the Agency’s outstanding Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series A and related purposes.

In our capacity as bond counsel, we have reviewed the Bond Law, the Indenture, the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, certifications of the Agency, the Trustee, the Project Participants and others, opinions of counsel to the Agency, the Trustee and to each Project Participant, and such other documents, opinions and instruments as we deemed necessary to render the opinions set forth herein.

We have assumed the genuineness of all documents and signatures presented to us (whether as originals or as copies) and the due and legal execution and delivery thereof by, and validity against, any parties other than the Agency, and, with respect to the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, the Project Participants. We have not undertaken to verify independently, and have assumed, the accuracy of

the factual matters represented, warranted or certified in the documents, and of the legal conclusions contained in the opinions referred to in the third paragraph hereof. Furthermore, we have assumed compliance with all covenants and agreements contained in the Indenture and the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement. In addition, we call attention to the fact that the rights and obligations under the 2022 Bonds, the Indenture and the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, and the enforceability thereof, may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, reorganization, debt adjustment, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium, and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, to the application of general principles of equity, including, without limitation, concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing, to the possible unavailability of specific performance or injunctive relief, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law, and to the limitations on legal remedies against governmental entities in California (including, but not limited to, rights of indemnification).

Based on and subject to the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, as of the date hereof, we are of the following opinions:

1. The 2022 Bonds constitute the valid and binding special, limited obligations of the Agency payable solely from, and secured solely by, the Trust Estate.

2. The Indenture has been duly executed and delivered by, and constitutes the valid and binding obligation of, the Agency. The Indenture creates a valid pledge of the Trust Estate to secure the payment of the principal and redemption price of, and the interest on, the Bonds, including the 2022 Bonds, to the extent set forth in the Indenture, subject to the provisions of the Indenture permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth therein.

3. The 2022 Bonds are payable solely from the funds provided in the Indenture and shall not constitute a charge against the general credit of the Agency. The 2022 Bonds are not secured by a legal or equitable pledge of, or charge or lien upon, any property of the Agency or any of its income or receipts except the Trust Estate. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California or of any political subdivision thereof, any member of the Agency or any Project Participant is pledged to the payment of the principal or redemption price of, or interest on, the 2022 Bonds. The 2022 Bonds are not a debt of the State of California, and said State or any public agency thereof (other than the Agency), any member of the Agency or any Project Participant is not liable for the payment thereof.

4. The Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Agency and the Project Participants and constitutes a valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto.

We express no opinion as to any federal, state or local tax consequences of the ownership or disposition of the 2022 Bonds or the receipt of interest thereon.

Our opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on our knowledge of facts as of the date hereof. We assume no duty to update or supplement our opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may hereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, our opinions are not a guarantee of result and represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law that we deem relevant to such opinions and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above.

No opinion is expressed herein on the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of the Official Statement or other offering material relating to the 2022 Bonds.

Respectfully submitted,

PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF SPECIAL TAX COUNSEL

Upon the delivery of the 2022 Bonds, Nixon Peabody LLP, Special Tax Counsel to NCPA, proposes to render its tax opinion with respect to the 2022 Bonds in substantially the following form:

[Closing Date]

Commission
Northern California Power Agency
Roseville, California

Northern California Power Agency
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds

\$_____

2022 Refunding Series A

\$_____

2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special tax counsel to the Northern California Power Agency (the “Agency”) in connection with the issuance of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”) and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”). The 2022 Bonds are being issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 4 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1, and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5, of the Government Code of the State of California (collectively, the “Bond Law”), and the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, by and between the Agency and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”), as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April 1], 2022, providing for the issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds, and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April 1], 2022, providing for the issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds (collectively, the “Indenture”). Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Indenture. In rendering the opinions set forth below, we have relied upon the approving opinions of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Bond Counsel to the Agency, delivered on even date herewith, relating among other things to the validity of the 2022 Bonds.

The 2022 Bonds are being issued to provide the funds necessary to refund the Agency’s outstanding Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series A and related purposes.

In our capacity as special tax counsel, we have reviewed the Bond Law, the Indenture, the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, the Agency’s Tax Certificate as to Arbitrage and the Provisions of Sections 103 and 141-150 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds (the “Tax Certificate”), certifications of the Agency, the Trustee, the Project Participants and others, opinions of counsel to the Agency, the Trustee and to each Project Participant, and such other documents, opinions and instruments as we deemed necessary to render the opinions set forth herein.

We have assumed the genuineness of all documents and signatures presented to us (whether as originals or as copies) and the due and legal execution and delivery thereof by, and validity against, any parties other than the Agency, and, with respect to the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, the Project Participants. We have not undertaken to verify independently, and have assumed, the accuracy of the factual matters represented, warranted or certified in the documents, and of the legal conclusions

contained in the opinions referred to in the third paragraph hereof. Furthermore, we have assumed compliance with all covenants and agreements contained in the Indenture and the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement. Based on and subject to the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, as of the date hereof, we are of the following opinions:

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”) sets forth certain requirements which must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the 2022 Series A Bonds for interest thereon to be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Noncompliance with such requirements could cause the interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issue of the 2022 Series A Bonds. Pursuant to the Indenture and the Tax Certificate, the Agency has covenanted to comply with each applicable requirement of the Code necessary to qualify the 2022 Series A Bonds as obligations described in section 103(a) of the Code. In addition, the Agency has made certain representations and certifications in the Tax Certificate. We have not independently verified the accuracy of those certifications and representations.

Under existing law and assuming compliance with the tax covenants described herein, and the accuracy of certain representations and certifications made by the Agency described above, interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code. We are also of the opinion that such amounts are not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code.

We are also of the opinion that interest on the 2022 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes of the State of California under present law.

Except as stated in the preceding two paragraphs, we express no opinion as to any other federal, state or local tax consequences of the ownership or disposition of the 2022 Bonds. Furthermore, we express no opinion as to any federal, state or local tax law consequences with respect to the 2022 Bonds, or the interest thereon, if any action is taken with respect to the 2022 Bonds or the proceeds thereof upon the advice or approval of other counsel

Very truly yours,

APPENDIX G

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS ON THE HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT BONDS

The following table shows the combined annual debt service required for the Hydroelectric Project Bonds to be Outstanding upon delivery of the 2022 Bonds. Principal amounts set forth in the table below include sinking fund redemptions.

Year Ended (July 1)	Outstanding Hydroelectric Project Bonds Debt Service ⁽¹⁾	2022 Bonds				Aggregate Annual Debt Service
		2022 Series A Bonds		2022 Series B Bonds		
		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2022						
2023						
2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
2029						
2030						
2031						
2032						
Total						

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the [2008 Series A Bonds and] 2012 Series A Bonds which are being refunded with the proceeds of the 2022 Bonds. [Interest rate on the outstanding unhedged variable rate Hydroelectric Project Bonds is assumed to bear interest at 4.00% per annum.] *{keep if not refunded}*

⁽²⁾ Columns may not add to totals due to independent rounding.

TWENTY-SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL
INDENTURE OF TRUST

between

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

and

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
as Trustee

relating to
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

Dated as of April 1, 2022

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TWENTY-SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE OF TRUST

THIS TWENTY-SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE OF TRUST

is made and entered into as of April 1, 2022, by and between Northern California Power Agency, a joint exercise of powers agency established pursuant to the laws of the State of California (“NCPA”), and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, a national banking association, incorporated under the laws of the United States of America and authorized to accept and execute trusts of the character herein set out, with its principal corporate trust office located at 100 Wall Street, New York, New York, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”);

W I T N E S S E T H :

WHEREAS, NCPA has heretofore entered into with the Trustee an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985 (as the provisions thereof have been amended, the “Original Indenture”), as supplemented and amended by the following, each by and between NCPA and the Trustee: the First Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of December 1, 1985, the Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1986, the Fourth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of August 1, 1986, the Fifth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of December 1, 1986, the Sixth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of September 15, 1987, the Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1991, the Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 1, 1992, the Ninth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 1, 1993, the Tenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1998, the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1998, the Twelfth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2002, the Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2002, the Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2003, the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2003, the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2008, the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2008, the Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 2008, the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust dated as of July 1, 2008, the Twentieth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2010, the Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2010, the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, the Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, the Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2018, the Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2018, and the Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2019; and

WHEREAS, NCPA has heretofore issued the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds (capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given such terms in Section 103 hereof) pursuant to the Original Indenture as amended and supplemented by the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture; and

WHEREAS, NCPA has heretofore issued the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds (capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given such terms in Section 103 hereof) pursuant to the Original Indenture as amended and supplemented by the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture; and

WHEREAS, the Original Indenture authorizes NCPA and the Trustee to enter into a Supplemental Indenture to provide for the issuance of Refunding Bonds such as the 2022 Series A Bonds; and

WHEREAS, NCPA desires to issue, on the terms set forth herein, its 2022 Series A Bonds in order to provide a portion of the moneys to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds; and

WHEREAS, concurrently with the issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds, NCPA expects to issue its 2022 Series B Bonds, pursuant to the Original Indenture as amended and supplemented by a Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, in order to provide [a portion of the] moneys to [refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and] to pay certain costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds and 2022 Series B Bonds, and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, including the costs of termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap; and

WHEREAS, all acts and things have been done and performed which are necessary to make this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture a valid and binding agreement for the security of the 2022 Series A Bonds authenticated and delivered hereunder;

NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, THIS TWENTY-SEVENTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE OF TRUST WITNESSETH:

That, in consideration of the premises, the acceptance by the Trustee of the trusts hereby created and originally created by the Original Indenture, the mutual covenants herein contained and the purchase and acceptance of the 2022 Series A Bonds issued hereunder by the Holders thereof, and for other valuable consideration, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, and in order to secure the payment of the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on the Bonds according to their tenor and effect, and the performance and observance by NCPA of all the covenants and conditions herein and therein contained on its part to be performed, it is agreed by and between NCPA and the Trustee as follows:

ARTICLE I

AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

101. Supplemental Indenture of Trust. This Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust is supplemental to the Original Indenture as heretofore amended and supplemented.

102. Authority for the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust. This Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture is executed and delivered (i) pursuant to the provisions of Article 4 of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California and (ii) in accordance with Article II and Article XI of the Original Indenture.

103. Definitions; Rules of Construction.

(a) Except as provided by this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, all terms which are defined in Section 101 of the Original Indenture, Section 103 of the First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Ninth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Tenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture or Section 103 of the Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture shall have the same meanings, respectively, in this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture as such terms are given in said Section 101 of the Original Indenture, Section 103 of the First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Ninth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Tenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, and Section 103 of the Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, respectively.

(b) The following terms shall, for all purposes hereof, have the following meanings set forth below:

Authorized Denomination means with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds, \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof.

Dated Date means, with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds, _____, 2022.

Refunded Bonds means collectively, the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds.

Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A authorized by the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture which are Outstanding on the Dated Date.

Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Refunding Series A authorized by the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture which are Outstanding on the Dated Date.

Securities Depository or Depository means, with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds, the securities depository designated in Section 205 hereof and its successors and assigns or if (a) the then Securities Depository resigns from its functions as depository for the 2022 Series A Bonds, or (b) NCPA discontinues use of the Securities Depository pursuant to Section 205(d) hereof, any other securities depository which agrees to follow the procedures required to be followed by a securities depository in connection with the 2022 Series A Bonds.

Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture means the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2008, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as theretofore amended and supplemented.

Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture means the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, to be executed and delivered concurrently with this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as theretofore amended and supplemented.

Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture means the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as theretofore amended and supplemented.

Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture means this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as heretofore amended and supplemented.

2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap means that certain International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement, dated as of June 15, 2000, the related Schedule and Credit Support Annex, each dated as of June 15, 2000, and the related Confirmation (MSD00447), dated November 24, 2004, by and between NCPA and Citigroup Financial Products Inc. (formerly known as Salomon Brothers Holding Company Inc), with an outstanding notional amount of \$85,160,000.

2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Agreement means the Escrow Deposit Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2022, by and between NCPA and the Trustee relating to the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds.

2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund means the fund established in Section 2(a) of the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Agreement.

2022 Series A Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A authorized by Article II of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series A Costs of Issuance Fund means the Fund so designated established pursuant to Section 210 of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series A Rebate Fund means the Fund so designated established pursuant to Section 302 of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series A Rebate Instructions means those calculations and written directions required to be delivered to the Trustee by NCPA pursuant to Section 301 of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series A Rebate Requirement means the Rebate Requirement as defined in the 2022 Series A Tax Certificate.

2022 Series A Tax Certificate means that certain Tax Certificate as to Arbitrage and the Provisions of Sections 103 and 141-150 of the Code executed by NCPA on the date the 2022 Series A Bonds are issued and relating to the 2022 Series A Bonds.

2022 Series A 2008 Refunding Fund means the Fund so designated established pursuant to Section 209 of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series B Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B to be issued pursuant to the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture.

(c) Words of the masculine gender shall be deemed and construed to include correlative words of the feminine and neuter genders. Unless the context shall otherwise indicate, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include corporations and associations, including public bodies, as well as natural persons. Defined terms shall include any variant of the terms set forth in this Article I.

The terms “hereby,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “herein,” “hereunder,” and any similar terms, as used in this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, refer to this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

ARTICLE II

THE 2022 SERIES A BONDS

201. Principal Amount, Designation and Series. Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture as supplemented by this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and the provisions of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California, a Series of Bonds entitled to the benefit, protection and security of such provisions is hereby authorized in the aggregate principal amount of \$_____. Such

Bonds shall be designated as, and shall be distinguished from the Bonds of all other Series by the title, “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A.” Each of the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be in fully registered form in an Authorized Denomination. The 2022 Series A Bonds shall be numbered one upward in consecutive numerical order preceded by the letter “R”. The 2022 Series A Bonds shall be in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A with such variations and omissions as are necessary to reflect the particular terms of each 2022 Series A Bond.

202. Purpose. The 2022 Series A Bonds are issued for the purpose of providing a portion of the moneys to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds and to pay certain costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds.

203. Terms of the 2022 Series A Bonds. (a) The 2022 Series A Bonds shall be dated the Dated Date, and shall bear interest from the Dated Date at the respective rates, and shall mature on July 1 in the years and in the principal amounts, shown below:

Maturity July 1	Aggregate Principal Amount	Interest Rate
	\$	%

(b) Interest on each 2022 Series A Bond shall be payable at the respective per annum rates set forth in Section 203(a) hereof, on each January 1 and July 1, commencing [July 1, 2022], until payment of the principal of such 2022 Series A Bonds, computed using a year of 360 days comprised of twelve 30-day months.

204. Redemption Prices And Terms.

(a) [The 2022 Series A Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates.]

(b) The 2022 Series A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates, at the option of NCPA, in whole or in part (in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA) on any date, from: (i) insurance or condemnation proceeds and (ii) from any source of available funds if all or substantially all of the Initial Facilities are

damaged or destroyed, taken by any public entity in the exercise of its powers of eminent domain or disposed of or abandoned, at a Redemption Price equal to the principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds being redeemed plus unpaid accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium; provided that the option of NCPA to call the 2022 Series A Bonds for redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds shall expire 90 days following the receipt of such insurance or condemnation proceeds.

205. Global Form; Securities Depository.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be in the form of a global bond for the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds of each maturity, and shall be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC. Upon such registration, except as provided in subsection (c) of this Section, the 2022 Series A Bonds, may be transferred, in whole but not in part, only to a successor Securities Depository or a nominee of a successor Securities Depository selected by NCPA or to a nominee of such successor Securities Depository or its nominee.

(b) NCPA, the Trustee, the Bond Registrar and the Paying Agent shall have no responsibility or obligation with respect to:

(i) the accuracy of the records of the Securities Depository, or the Securities Depository nominee with respect to any beneficial ownership interest in the 2022 Series A Bonds;

(ii) the delivery to any beneficial owner of the 2022 Series A Bonds or any other person, other than a Holder as shown in the registration books, of any notice with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds, including any notice of redemption;

(iii) the payment to any beneficial owner of the 2022 Series A Bonds or any other person, other than a Holder as shown in the registration books, of any amount with respect to the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, the 2022 Series A Bonds;

(iv) any consent given by the Securities Depository as registered owner of the 2022 Series A Bonds; or

(v) subject to Section 504 of the Original Indenture, the selection by the Securities Depository of any beneficial owners to receive payment if 2022 Series A Bonds are redeemed in part.

Upon registration of the 2022 Series A Bonds in the name of a Securities Depository pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, so long as the certificates for the 2022 Series A Bonds are not issued pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section, NCPA, the Trustee, the Bond Registrar and the Paying Agent may treat the Securities Depository as, and deem the Securities Depository to be, the absolute owner of the 2022 Series A Bonds for all purposes whatsoever, including without limitation:

(1) the payment of principal, Redemption Price and interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds;

- (2) giving notices with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds; and
- (3) registering transfers with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds.

(c) If at any time the incumbent Securities Depository notifies NCPA that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Securities Depository with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds or if at any time the Securities Depository shall no longer be registered or in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act or other applicable statute or regulation or NCPA determines to discontinue the use of the book-entry system of the incumbent Securities Depository for the 2022 Series A Bonds, and a successor Securities Depository is not appointed by NCPA within 90 days after NCPA receives notice or becomes aware of such condition, or discontinues the use of the book-entry system for the incumbent Securities Depository, as the case may be, subsection (a) of this Section shall no longer be applicable and NCPA shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver certificates representing the 2022 Series A Bonds, as provided in the Representation Letter.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture to the contrary, so long as any 2022 Series A Bond is registered in the name of DTC, or its nominee, all payments with respect to principal, Redemption Price and interest on such 2022 Series A Bonds, and all notices with respect to such 2022 Series A Bonds, shall be made and given, respectively, as provided in the Representation Letter.

(e) While DTC is serving as Securities Depository for the 2022 Series A Bonds, in connection with any notice or other communication to be provided to the Holders of the 2022 Series A Bonds, pursuant to this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, by NCPA or the Trustee with respect to any consent or other action to be taken by the Holders of the 2022 Series A Bonds, NCPA or the Trustee, as the case may be, shall establish a record date for determining DTC participants eligible to consent or take such other action and give DTC notice of such record date not less than 15 calendar days in advance of such record date to the extent possible.

206. Place of Payment and Paying Agent. Except as otherwise provided in the Representation Letter, the principal and Redemption Price of the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be payable upon surrender thereof at the principal corporate trust office of U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, in New York, New York, as shall be designated from time to time and such banking institution is hereby appointed as Paying Agent for the 2022 Series A Bonds. By execution of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association accepts the office of Paying Agent for the 2022 Series A Bonds and agrees to perform all duties in connection herewith as provided in the Indenture. The principal and Redemption Price of all 2022 Series A Bonds shall also be payable at any other place which may be provided for such payment by the appointment of any other Paying Agent or Paying Agents as permitted by the Indenture.

207. Application of Proceeds of 2022 Series A Bonds. In accordance with Section 204 of the Original Indenture, the proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds of \$_____ (representing the \$_____ principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds, plus

original issue premium of \$_____, and less underwriters' discount of \$_____), shall be applied simultaneously with the delivery of the 2022 Series A Bonds, as follows:

(a) There shall be deposited, in immediately available funds, in the 2008 Series A Refunding Fund the sum of \$_____;

(b) There shall be deposited, in immediately available funds, in the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund the sum of \$_____; and

(c) There shall be deposited in the 2022 Series A Costs of Issuance Fund the \$_____ balance of such proceeds.

208. No 2022 Series A Debt Service Reserve Account. Pursuant to Section 202(1)(d) of the Original Indenture, the 2022 Series A Bonds are not Participating Bonds and are not secured by amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account. No Series Debt Service Reserve Account will be established in the Debt Service Fund with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds.

209. Establishment and Application of 2022 Series A 2008 Bonds Refunding Fund. The Trustee shall establish and maintain in trust a separate fund designated as the "2022 Series A 2008 Bonds Refunding Fund." Moneys deposited in said fund as provided in Section 207 shall be transferred by the Trustee to the Paying Agent in accordance with the written order of NCPA to be applied, [together with amounts deposited therein as provided in the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture,] in accordance with the written order of NCPA, to pay (or to reimburse the 2008 Series A Credit Provider for the draw made to pay) the Redemption Price of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds to be redeemed on such date.

210. Establishment and Application of 2022 Series A Costs of Issuance Fund. The Trustee shall establish and maintain in trust a separate fund designated as the "2022 Series A Costs of Issuance Fund." Moneys deposited in said fund shall be used to pay costs of issuance with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds and the expenses and obligations payable by NCPA in connection with the 2022 Series A Bonds and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds upon receipt by the Trustee of a requisition of an NCPA Authorized Representative stating the person to whom payment is to be made, the amount to be paid, the purpose for which the obligation was incurred and that such payment is a proper charge against said fund. At the end of one year from the date of initial delivery of the 2022 Series A Bonds, or upon earlier receipt of a statement of an NCPA Authorized Representative that amounts in said fund are no longer required for the payment of such costs, expenses and obligations, said fund shall be terminated and any amounts then remaining in said fund shall be transferred to the Debt Service Fund.

ARTICLE III

CERTAIN TAX MATTERS

301. Tax Covenants.

(a) NCPA covenants that it shall not take any action, or fail to take any action, if any such action or failure to take action would adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the 2022 Series A Bonds under Section 103 of the Code. NCPA shall

not directly or indirectly use or permit the use of any proceeds of the 2022 Series A Bonds in such a manner as would adversely affect the exclusion of interest on any 2022 Series A Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. NCPA shall not directly or indirectly use or permit the use of any proceeds of any 2022 Series A Bonds, or of any facilities financed thereby, or other funds of NCPA, or take or omit to take any action, that would cause any 2022 Series A Bonds to be “arbitrage bonds” within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code. To that end, NCPA shall comply with all requirements of Section 148 of the Code and all regulations of the United States Department of the Treasury issued thereunder to the extent such requirements are, at the time, in effect and applicable to the 2022 Series A Bonds. In the event that at any time NCPA is of the opinion that for purposes of this Section it is necessary to restrict or to limit the yield on the investment of any moneys held by the Trustee under the Indenture, NCPA shall so instruct the Trustee in writing, and the Trustee shall take such action as may be directed in such instructions.

(b) NCPA specifically covenants that:

(i) NCPA shall pay or cause to be paid the 2022 Series A Rebate Requirement as provided in the 2022 Series A Tax Certificate.

(ii) NCPA shall determine the amount of and cause to be deposited in the 2022 Series A Rebate Fund the 2022 Series A Rebate Requirement as provided in the 2022 Series A Tax Certificate (which is incorporated herein by reference). Subject to the provisions of this Section, moneys held in the 2022 Series A Rebate Fund are hereby pledged to secure payments to the United States of America and NCPA and the Owners of the 2022 Series A Bonds shall have no rights in or claim to such moneys. The Trustee shall invest all amounts held in the 2022 Series A Rebate Fund as directed in writing by an Authorized NCPA Representative.

Upon receipt of the 2022 Series A Rebate Instructions required to be delivered to the Trustee, the Trustee shall remit part or all of the balance held in the 2022 Series A Rebate Fund, together with any completed forms to be filed therewith prepared by NCPA and delivered with such 2022 Series A Rebate Instructions, to the United States of America to the extent so directed, including rebate due in connection with any Series of Bonds. In addition, if the 2022 Series A Rebate Instructions so direct, the Trustee shall deposit moneys into or transfer moneys out of the 2022 Series A Rebate Fund from or into such Accounts or Funds as the 2022 Series A Rebate Instructions direct.

The Trustee shall conclusively be deemed to have complied with the provisions of this Section if it follows the directions of NCPA set forth in the 2022 Series A Rebate Instructions and shall not be required to take any actions thereunder in the absence of 2022 Series A Rebate Instructions from an Authorized NCPA Representative.

(c) For purposes of this Section, capitalized terms not defined in Section 103 shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the 2022 Series A Tax Certificate.

302. Rebate Fund. If and to the extent necessary or desirable for purposes of complying with tax covenants contained in the Indenture, there shall be established a fund

designated the “2022 Series A Rebate Fund” to be held by the Trustee. Amounts on deposit in the 2022 Series A Fund shall be applied as provided in Section 301 of this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

ARTICLE IV

MISCELLANEOUS

401. Indenture to Remain in Effect. Save and except as heretofore amended and supplemented and as amended and supplemented by this Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, the Indenture shall remain in full force and effect.

402. Counterparts. This Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which, when so executed and delivered, shall be an original; but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Northern California Power Agency has caused these presents to be signed in its name and on its behalf by its General Manager and to evidence its acceptance of the trusts hereby created, the Trustee has caused these presents to be signed in its name and on its behalf by one of its authorized officers, all as of the first day of [April], 2022.

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY**

By: _____

Name: Randy S. Howard

Title: General Manger

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee**

By: _____

Authorized Officer

EXHIBIT A

FORM OF 2022 SERIES A BONDS

UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION ("DTC"), TO THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE, OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

**HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BOND,
2022 REFUNDING SERIES A**

No. R-_____ \$_____

Interest Rate	Dated Date	Maturity Date	CUSIP No.
_____%	_____, 2022	July 1, 20__	664845____

REGISTERED HOLDER: -----CEDE & CO. (TAX I.D. # 013-2555119)-----

PRINCIPAL AMOUNT: _____ MILLION _____ THOUSAND DOLLARS

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY (herein called "NCPA"), a joint exercise of powers agency established pursuant to the laws of the State of California, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received hereby promises to pay to, the registered owner specified above, or registered assigns, on the Maturity Date stated hereon, unless sooner paid as provided in the Indenture mentioned below, but solely from the funds pledged therefor, upon presentation and surrender of this bond at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee mentioned below, the principal amount specified above in any coin or currency of the United States of America which at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, and to pay interest on such principal amount, by check of the Trustee hereafter mentioned mailed to such owner at his address as shown on the bond register, or as otherwise provided in the Indenture referred to below, at the interest rate per annum (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve thirty-day months) stated hereon, payable on the first days of January and July in each year, commencing [July 1, 2022] (each an "Interest Payment Date"), until the payment of such principal sum. Such interest shall be payable from the most recent Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of authentication hereof to which interest has been paid, unless the date of authentication hereof is a January 1 or July 1 to which interest has been

paid, in which case from the date of authentication hereof, or unless the date of authentication hereof is on or prior to [June 15, 2022], in which case from the Dated Date, or unless the date of authentication hereof is between a Record Date and the next Interest Payment Date, in which case from such Interest Payment Date. The interest so payable on any Interest Payment Date will be paid to the person in whose name this bond is registered at the close of business on the fifteenth day of the calendar month immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date at his address as shown on the bond register.

This bond is one of a duly authorized issue of bonds of NCPA designated as “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds” (the “Bonds”) and of a series of Bonds designated as “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A” (the “2022 Series A Bonds”). The 2022 Series A Bonds are issued pursuant to Article 4 of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California, as amended and supplemented. The 2022 Series A Bonds have been issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$_____. The 2022 Series A Bonds are issued under, and, together with all other Bonds issued and outstanding thereunder, are equally and ratably secured by the Trust Estate and entitled to the protection given by, the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, which Indenture was duly executed and delivered by NCPA to U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, New York, New York, the successor Trustee (the term “Trustee” where used herein refers collectively to said Trustee or its successors in said Trust) (said Indenture, as amended and supplemented and as the same may be amended and supplemented, is herein called the “Indenture”).

Copies of the Indenture are on file at the office of NCPA and at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee and reference is hereby made to the Indenture and to all amendments and supplements thereto for a description of the provisions, among others, with respect to the nature and extent of the security, the rights, duties and obligations of NCPA, the Trustee and the holders of the Bonds and the terms upon which the Bonds are or may be issued and secured under the Indenture, the rights and remedies of the holders of the Bonds, the limitations on such rights and remedies and the terms and conditions upon which Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings given such terms in the Indenture.

This bond is a special, limited obligation of NCPA and the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on this bond and the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on the other Bonds, are payable solely from the funds specified in the Indenture and shall not constitute a charge against the general credit of NCPA. The Bonds, including this bond, are not secured by a legal or equitable pledge of, or lien or charge upon, any property of NCPA or any of its income or receipts except the Trust Estate pledged pursuant to the Indenture which is subject to the provisions of the Indenture permitting the application of the Trust Estate for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth therein. Neither the State of California nor any public agency (other than NCPA from the specified sources of payment) nor any member of NCPA nor any Project Participant is obligated to pay the principal of and interest on this bond. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California or any public agency thereof or any member of NCPA or any Project Participant is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on this bond. NCPA has no taxing power. The payment of the principal of or interest on this bond does not constitute a debt, liability or obligation of the State of California or any public

agency (other than the special obligation of NCPA) or any member of NCPA or any Project Participant. Neither the members of the Commission of NCPA nor any officer or employee of NCPA shall be individually liable on the principal of or interest on this bond or in respect of any undertakings by NCPA under the Indenture.

The 2022 Series A Bonds were issued for the purpose of providing a portion of the funds necessary to refund Bonds issued under the Indenture and related purposes.

As provided in the Indenture, Bonds of NCPA may be issued thereunder from time to time pursuant to Supplemental Indentures in one or more Series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as in the Indenture provided. The aggregate principal amount of Bonds which may be issued under the Indenture is not limited except as provided in the Indenture, and all Bonds issued and to be issued under the Indenture are and will be equally secured by the pledge and assignment and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Indenture. Simultaneously with the issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds, NCPA is issuing \$_____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the "2022 Series B Bonds"). At the time of issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds, there was Outstanding under the Indenture \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Bonds in addition to the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds, but excluding \$_____ aggregate principal amount of NCPA's Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of NCPA's Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Refunding Series A, which are being refunded by the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds.

The 2022 Series A Bonds are issuable in the form of fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Under the circumstances prescribed in the Indenture, the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be available only through a Securities Depository.

[The 2022 Series A Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates.]

The 2022 Series A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates, at the option of NCPA in whole or in part (in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA) on any date, from: (i) insurance or condemnation proceeds and (ii) from any source of money if all or substantially all of the Initial Facilities are damaged or destroyed, taken by any public entity in the exercise of its powers of eminent domain or disposed of or abandoned, at a Redemption Price equal to the principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds being redeemed, plus unpaid accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium; provided that the option of NCPA to call the 2022 Series A Bonds for redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds shall expire 90 days following the receipt of such insurance or condemnation proceeds.

If less than all of the 2022 Series A Bonds of a maturity are to be redeemed, the particular 2022 Series A Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected as provided in the Indenture.

The 2022 Series A Bonds are payable upon redemption at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee, as Paying Agent. Notice of redemption, setting forth the place of payment and the redemption date, shall be mailed, postage prepaid, not less than 30 days before the Redemption Date to the registered holders of any 2022 Series A Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part; provided, however, that receipt of such mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure to receive any such notice or any defect therein shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of the 2022 Series A Bonds. If notice of redemption shall have been given as aforesaid, the 2022 Series A Bonds or portions thereof specified in said notice shall become due and payable on the redemption date therein fixed, and if, on the Redemption Date, moneys for the redemption of all the 2022 Series A Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, together with unpaid interest thereon to the Redemption Date, shall be available for such payment on said date, then from and after the Redemption Date interest on such 2022 Series A Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall cease to accrue and be payable.

This bond is transferable, as provided in the Indenture, only upon the books of NCPA kept for that purpose at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee, as bond registrar, by the registered owner hereof, or by his duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this bond together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the bond registrar duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized attorney, and upon payment of the charges prescribed in the Indenture a new registered 2022 Series A Bonds or Bonds, without coupons, and for the same aggregate principal amount and maturity, shall be issued to the transferee in exchange therefor as provided in the Indenture. NCPA, the Trustee and any Paying Agent may deem and treat the person in whose name this bond is registered as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal or Redemption Price hereof and interest due hereon and for all other purposes.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms of the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture, or any indenture amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, may be modified or amended by NCPA with, in certain cases, the written consent of the holders of at least sixty percent in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding under the Indenture; and, in case less than all of the Series of Bonds would be affected thereby, with such consent of the owners of at least sixty percent in principal amount of the Bonds of each separate Series so affected then Outstanding; provided, however, that, if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like Series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of the calculation of Outstanding Bonds. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of any Sinking Fund Installment or the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the holder of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee or of any Paying Agent without its written assent thereto.

The Indenture may also be amended or supplemented without the necessity of the consent of the Holders of the Bonds for any one or more of the purposes specified in the Indenture.

The registered owner of this bond shall have no right to enforce the provisions of the Indenture or to institute action to enforce the covenants therein, or to take any action with respect to any Event of Default under the Indenture, or to institute, appear in or defend any suit or other proceedings with respect thereto, except as provided in the Indenture. In certain events, on the conditions, in the manner and with the effect set forth in the Indenture, the principal of all the Bonds issued under the Indenture and then Outstanding may become or may be declared due and payable before the stated maturity thereof, together with interest accrued thereon.

It is hereby certified and recited that all conditions, acts and things required by law and the Indenture to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, exist, have happened and have been performed and that the 2022 Series A Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of NCPA, comply in all respects with the applicable laws of the State of California.

This bond shall not be entitled to any benefit under the Indenture or be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until this bond shall have been authenticated by the execution by the Trustee of the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication hereon.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY has caused this bond to be signed in its name and on its behalf by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chair and the seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be hereunto affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, as of the Dated Date specified above.

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY**

[SEAL]

ATTEST: _____
ASSISTANT SECRETARY

BY: _____
CHAIR

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This is one of the Bonds delivered pursuant to the within mentioned Indenture.

Date of Authentication

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

BY: _____
AUTHORIZED OFFICER

ASSIGNMENT

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned sells, assigns and transfers unto

(Name, Address and Tax Identification or
Social Security Number of Assignee)

the within Bond of the Northern California Power Agency and does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint _____ attorney to transfer the said Bond on the books kept for registration thereof with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated: _____

Notice: The Signature of this assignment and transfer must correspond with the name as written upon the face of this bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatsoever.

Signature guaranteed by

Notice: [Signature must be guaranteed by a by an eligible guarantor institution.]

TWENTY-EIGHTH SUPPLEMENTAL
INDENTURE OF TRUST

between

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

and

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
as Trustee

relating to
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Dated as of April 1, 2022

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TWENTY-EIGHTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE OF TRUST

THIS TWENTY-EIGHTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE OF TRUST is made and entered into as of April 1, 2022, by and between Northern California Power Agency, a joint exercise of powers agency established pursuant to the laws of the State of California (“NCPA”), and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, a national banking association, incorporated under the laws of the United States of America and authorized to accept and execute trusts of the character herein set out, with its principal corporate trust office located at 100 Wall Street, New York, New York, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”);

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, NCPA has heretofore entered into with the Trustee an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985 (as the provisions thereof have been amended, the “Original Indenture”), as supplemented and amended by the following, each by and between NCPA and the Trustee: the First Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of December 1, 1985, the Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1986, the Fourth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of August 1, 1986, the Fifth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of December 1, 1986, the Sixth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of September 15, 1987, the Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1991, the Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 1, 1992, the Ninth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of June 1, 1993, the Tenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1998, the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 1998, the Twelfth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2002, the Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2002, the Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2003, the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2003, the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2008, the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2008, the Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of July 1, 2008, the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust dated as of July 1, 2008, the Twentieth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2010, the Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2010, the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, the Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, the Twenty Fourth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2018, the Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2018, the Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2019, and the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of [April 1, 2022]; and

WHEREAS, NCPA has heretofore issued the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds (capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given such terms in Section 103 hereof) pursuant to the Original Indenture as amended and supplemented by the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture; and

WHEREAS, NCPA has heretofore issued the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds (capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given such terms in Section 103 hereof) pursuant to the Original Indenture as amended and supplemented by the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture; and

WHEREAS, the Original Indenture authorizes NCPA and the Trustee to enter into a Supplemental Indenture to provide for the issuance of Refunding Bonds such as the 2022 Series B Bonds; and

WHEREAS, NCPA desires to issue, on the terms set forth herein, its 2022 Series B Bonds in order to provide a portion of the moneys to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, including costs of termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap; and

WHEREAS, all acts and things have been done and performed which are necessary to make this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture a valid and binding agreement for the security of the 2022 Series B Bonds authenticated and delivered hereunder;

NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, THIS TWENTY-EIGHTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE OF TRUST WITNESSETH:

That, in consideration of the premises, the acceptance by the Trustee of the trusts hereby created and originally created by the Original Indenture, the mutual covenants herein contained and the purchase and acceptance of the 2022 Series B Bonds issued hereunder by the Holders thereof, and for other valuable consideration, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, and in order to secure the payment of the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on the Bonds according to their tenor and effect, and the performance and observance by NCPA of all the covenants and conditions herein and therein contained on its part to be performed, it is agreed by and between NCPA and the Trustee as follows:

ARTICLE I

AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

101. Supplemental Indenture of Trust. This Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust is supplemental to the Original Indenture as heretofore amended and supplemented.

102. Authority for the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust. This Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture is executed and delivered (i) pursuant to the provisions of Article 4 of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California and (ii) in accordance with Article II and Article XI of the Original Indenture.

103. Definitions; Rules of Construction.

(a) Except as provided by this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, all terms which are defined in Section 101 of the Original Indenture, Section 103 of the First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Ninth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Tenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eleventh

Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture or Section 103 of the Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, shall have the same meanings, respectively, in this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture as such terms are given in said Section 101 of the Original Indenture, Section 103 of the First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Ninth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Tenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-First Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fourth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Indenture, Section 103 of the Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Indenture, and Section 103 of the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, respectively.

(b) The following terms shall, for all purposes hereof, have the following meanings set forth below:

Authorized Denomination means with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds, \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof.

Dated Date means, with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds, _____, 2022.

Refunded Bonds means collectively, the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds.

Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A authorized by the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture which are Outstanding on the Dated Date.

Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Refunding Series A authorized by the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture which are Outstanding on the Dated Date.

Securities Depository or Depository means, with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds, the securities depository designated in Section 205 hereof and its successors and assigns or if (a) the then Securities Depository resigns from its functions as depository for the 2022 Series B Bonds, or (b) NCPA discontinues use of the Securities Depository pursuant to Section 205(d) hereof, any other securities depository which agrees to follow the procedures required to be followed by a securities depository in connection with the 2022 Series B Bonds.

Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture means the Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2008, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as theretofore amended and supplemented.

Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture means this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as heretofore amended and supplemented.

Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture means the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as theretofore amended and supplemented.

Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture means the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, amending and supplementing the Original Indenture as heretofore amended and supplemented.

2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap means that certain International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement, dated as of June 15, 2000, the related Schedule and Credit Support Annex, each dated as of June 15, 2000, and the related Confirmation (MSD00447), dated November 24, 2004, by and between NCPA and Citigroup Financial Products Inc. (formerly known as Salomon Brothers Holding Company Inc), with an outstanding notional amount of \$85,160,000.

2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Agreement means the Escrow Deposit Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2022, by and between NCPA and the Trustee relating to the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds.

2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund means the fund established in Section 2(a) of the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Agreement.

2022 Series A Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A issued pursuant to the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series B Bonds means the Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B authorized by Article II of this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series B Costs of Issuance Fund means the Fund so designated established pursuant to Section 210 of this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture.

2022 Series B 2008 Refunding Fund means the Fund so designated established pursuant to Section 209 of this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture.

(c) Words of the masculine gender shall be deemed and construed to include correlative words of the feminine and neuter genders. Unless the context shall otherwise indicate, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa, and words importing persons shall include corporations and associations, including public bodies, as well as natural persons. Defined terms shall include any variant of the terms set forth in this Article I.

The terms “hereby,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “herein,” “hereunder,” and any similar terms, as used in this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, refer to this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture.

ARTICLE II

THE 2022 SERIES B BONDS

201. Principal Amount, Designation and Series. Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture as supplemented by this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture and the provisions of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California, a Series of Bonds entitled to the benefit, protection and security of such provisions is hereby authorized in the aggregate principal amount of \$_____. Such Bonds shall be designated as, and shall be distinguished from the Bonds of all other Series by the title, “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B.” Each of the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be in fully registered form in an Authorized Denomination. The 2022 Series B Bonds shall be numbered one upward in consecutive numerical order preceded by the letter “R”. The 2022 Series B Bonds shall be in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A with such variations and omissions as are necessary to reflect the particular terms of each 2022 Series B Bond.

202. Purpose. The 2022 Series B Bonds are issued for the purpose of providing a portion of the moneys to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds and to pay certain costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, including costs of termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap.

203. Terms of the 2022 Series B Bonds. (a) The 2022 Series B Bonds shall be dated the Dated Date, and shall bear interest from the Dated Date at the respective rates, and shall mature on July 1 in the years and in the principal amounts, shown below:

Maturity July 1	Aggregate Principal Amount	Interest Rate
	\$	%

(b) Interest on each 2022 Series B Bond shall be payable at the respective per annum rates set forth in Section 203(a) hereof, on each January 1 and July 1, commencing [July 1, 2022], until payment of the principal of such 2022 Series B Bonds, computed using a year of 360 days comprised of twelve 30-day months.

204. Redemption Prices And Terms.

(a) The 2022 Series B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates, at the option of NCPA, in whole or in part, in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA, on any date, from any source of available funds, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such 2022 Series B Bonds plus the Make Whole Premium (as defined below), if any, plus unpaid accrued interest, if any, thereon to the redemption date.

The “Make-Whole Premium” with respect to any 2022 Series B Bond to be redeemed will be equal to the positive difference, if any, between:

(i) the sum of the present values, calculated as of the date fixed for redemption of: (a) each interest payment that, but for such redemption, would have been payable on the 2022 Series B Bonds or portion thereof being redeemed on each regularly scheduled interest payment date occurring after the date fixed for redemption through the maturity date of the 2022 Series B Bonds (excluding any accrued interest for the period prior to the redemption date); provided, that if the date fixed for redemption is not a regularly scheduled interest payment date with respect to such 2022 Series B Bonds, the amount of the next regularly scheduled interest payment will be reduced by the amount of the interest accrued on such 2022 Series B Bond to the date fixed for redemption, plus (b) the principal amount that, but for such redemption, would have been payable at the final maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds or portion thereof being redeemed; minus

(ii) the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds or portion thereof being redeemed.

The present values of interest and principal payments referred to in paragraph (i) above will be determined by discounting the amount of each interest or principal payment from the date that each such payment would have been payable, but for the redemption to the date fixed for redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at a discount rate equal to the “comparable treasury yield” (as defined below) plus ___ basis points.

The Make-Whole Premium will be calculated by an independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA.

For purposes of determining the Make-Whole Premium, “comparable treasury yield” means a rate of interest per annum equal to the weekly average yield to maturity for the preceding week appearing in the most recently published statistical release designated “H.15(519) Selected Interest Rates” under the heading “Treasury Constant Maturities,” or any successor publication that is published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and that establishes yields on actively traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to constant maturity, for the maturity corresponding to the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds (“the H.15 statistical release”). The comparable treasury yield will be determined as of the third business day immediately preceding the applicable redemption date. If the H.15 statistical release sets forth a weekly average yield for United States Treasury Securities having a constant maturity that is the same as the remaining term calculated as set forth above, then the comparable treasury yield will be equal to such weekly average yield. In all other cases, the comparable treasury yield will be calculated by interpolation on a straight-line basis, between the weekly average yields on the United States Treasury Securities (in each case as set forth in the H.15 statistical release) that have a constant maturity (i) closest to and greater than the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds being redeemed; and (ii) closest to and less than the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bonds being redeemed. Any weekly average yields calculated by interpolation will be rounded to the nearest 1/100th of 1%, with any figure of 1/200th of 1% or above being rounded upward.

If, and only if, weekly average yields for United States Treasury securities for the preceding week are not available in the H.15 statistical release, then the comparable treasury yield will be the rate of interest per annum equal to the semiannual equivalent yield to maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price (each as defined herein) as of the date fixed for redemption.

“Comparable Treasury Issue” means the United States Treasury security selected by the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bond being redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term to maturity of the 2022 Series B Bond being redeemed.

“Comparable Treasury Price” means, with respect to any date on which a 2022 Series B Bond or portion thereof is being redeemed, either (a) the average of five Reference Treasury Dealer quotations for the date fixed for redemption, after excluding the highest and lowest such quotations, and (b) if the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA is unable to obtain five such quotations, the average of the quotations that are obtained. The quotations will be the average, as determined by the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of principal amount) quoted in writing to the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national

standing appointed by NCPA, at 5:00 p.m. New York City time on the third business day preceding the date fixed for redemption.

“Reference Treasury Dealer” means a primary United States Government securities dealer in the United States appointed by NCPA (which may be an underwriter) and reasonably acceptable to the independent investment banking institution or independent financial advisor of national standing appointed by NCPA.

(b) The 2022 Series B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates, at the option of NCPA, in whole or in part (in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA) on any date, from: (i) insurance or condemnation proceeds and (ii) from any source of available funds if all or substantially all of the Initial Facilities are damaged or destroyed, taken by any public entity in the exercise of its powers of eminent domain or disposed of or abandoned, at a Redemption Price equal to the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds being redeemed plus unpaid accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium; provided that the option of NCPA to call the 2022 Series B Bonds for redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds shall expire 90 days following the receipt of such insurance or condemnation proceeds.

205. Global Form; Securities Depository.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be in the form of a global bond for the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds of each maturity, and shall be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC. Upon such registration, except as provided in subsection (c) of this Section, the 2022 Series B Bonds, may be transferred, in whole but not in part, only to a successor Securities Depository or a nominee of a successor Securities Depository selected by NCPA or to a nominee of such successor Securities Depository or its nominee.

(b) NCPA, the Trustee, the Bond Registrar and the Paying Agent shall have no responsibility or obligation with respect to:

(i) the accuracy of the records of the Securities Depository, or the Securities Depository nominee with respect to any beneficial ownership interest in the 2022 Series B Bonds;

(ii) the delivery to any beneficial owner of the 2022 Series B Bonds or any other person, other than a Holder as shown in the registration books, of any notice with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds, including any notice of redemption;

(iii) the payment to any beneficial owner of the 2022 Series B Bonds or any other person, other than a Holder as shown in the registration books, of any amount with respect to the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, the 2022 Series B Bonds;

(iv) any consent given by the Securities Depository as registered owner of the 2022 Series B Bonds; or

(v) subject to Section 504 of the Original Indenture, the selection by the Securities Depository of any beneficial owners to receive payment if 2022 Series B Bonds are redeemed in part.

Upon registration of the 2022 Series B Bonds in the name of a Securities Depository pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, so long as the certificates for the 2022 Series B Bonds are not issued pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section, NCPA, the Trustee, the Bond Registrar and the Paying Agent may treat the Securities Depository as, and deem the Securities Depository to be, the absolute owner of the 2022 Series B Bonds for all purposes whatsoever, including without limitation:

- (1) the payment of principal, Redemption Price and interest on the 2022 Series B Bonds;
- (2) giving notices with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds; and
- (3) registering transfers with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds.

(c) If at any time the incumbent Securities Depository notifies NCPA that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Securities Depository with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds or if at any time the Securities Depository shall no longer be registered or in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act or other applicable statute or regulation or NCPA determines to discontinue the use of the book-entry system of the incumbent Securities Depository for the 2022 Series B Bonds, and a successor Securities Depository is not appointed by NCPA within 90 days after NCPA receives notice or becomes aware of such condition, or discontinues the use of the book-entry system for the incumbent Securities Depository, as the case may be, subsection (a) of this Section shall no longer be applicable and NCPA shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver certificates representing the 2022 Series B Bonds, as provided in the Representation Letter.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture to the contrary, so long as any 2022 Series B Bond is registered in the name of DTC, or its nominee, all payments with respect to principal, Redemption Price and interest on such 2022 Series B Bonds, and all notices with respect to such 2022 Series B Bonds, shall be made and given, respectively, as provided in the Representation Letter.

(e) While DTC is serving as Securities Depository for the 2022 Series B Bonds, in connection with any notice or other communication to be provided to the Holders of the 2022 Series B Bonds, pursuant to this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, by NCPA or the Trustee with respect to any consent or other action to be taken by the Holders of the 2022 Series B Bonds, NCPA or the Trustee, as the case may be, shall establish a record date for determining DTC participants eligible to consent or take such other action and give DTC notice of such record date not less than 15 calendar days in advance of such record date to the extent possible.

206. Place of Payment and Paying Agent. Except as otherwise provided in the Representation Letter, the principal and Redemption Price of the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be payable upon surrender thereof at the principal corporate trust office of U.S. Bank Trust

Company, National Association, in New York, New York, as shall be designated from time to time and such banking institution is hereby appointed as Paying Agent for the 2022 Series B Bonds. By execution of this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association accepts the office of Paying Agent for the 2022 Series B Bonds and agrees to perform all duties in connection herewith as provided in the Indenture. The principal and Redemption Price of all 2022 Series B Bonds shall also be payable at any other place which may be provided for such payment by the appointment of any other Paying Agent or Paying Agents as permitted by the Indenture.

207. Application of Proceeds of 2022 Series B Bonds. In accordance with Section 204 of the Original Indenture, the proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds of \$_____ (representing the \$_____ principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds less underwriters' discount of \$_____), shall be applied simultaneously with the delivery of the 2022 Series B Bonds, as follows:

(a) There shall be deposited, in immediately available funds, in the 2008 Series A Refunding Fund the sum of \$_____;

(b) [There shall be deposited, in immediately available funds, in the 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund the sum of \$_____]; and

(c) There shall be deposited in the 2022 Series B Costs of Issuance Fund the \$_____ balance of such proceeds.

208. No 2022 Series B Debt Service Reserve Account. Pursuant to Section 202(1)(d) of the Original Indenture, the 2022 Series B Bonds are not Participating Bonds and are not secured by amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account. No Series Debt Service Reserve Account will be established in the Debt Service Fund with respect to the 2022 Series B Bonds.

209. Establishment and Application of 2022 Series B 2008 Bonds Refunding Fund. The Trustee shall establish and maintain in trust a separate fund designated as the "2022 Series B 2008 Bonds Refunding Fund." Moneys deposited in said fund as provided in Section 207 shall be transferred by the Trustee to the Paying Agent in accordance with the written order of NCPA to be applied, together with amounts deposited therein as provided in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental and such other amounts as directed in the written order of NCPA, (a) on _____, 2022, to pay the costs of termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap[, and (b) on _____, 2022, to pay (or to reimburse the 2008 Series A Credit Provider for the draw made to pay) the Redemption Price of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds to be redeemed on such date, in accordance with the written order of NCPA].

2010. Establishment and Application of 2022 Series B Costs of Issuance Fund. The Trustee shall establish and maintain in trust a separate fund designated as the "2022 Series B Costs of Issuance Fund." Moneys deposited in said fund shall be used to pay costs of issuance with respect to the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds and the expenses and obligations payable by NCPA in connection with the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds upon receipt by the Trustee of a requisition of an NCPA Authorized Representative stating the person to whom payment is to be made, the

amount to be paid, the purpose for which the obligation was incurred and that such payment is a proper charge against said fund. At the end of one year from the date of initial delivery of the 2022 Series B Bonds, or upon earlier receipt of a statement of an NCPA Authorized Representative that amounts in said fund are no longer required for the payment of such costs, expenses and obligations, said fund shall be terminated and any amounts then remaining in said fund shall be transferred to the Debt Service Fund.

ARTICLE III

MISCELLANEOUS

301. Indenture to Remain in Effect. Save and except as heretofore amended and supplemented and as amended and supplemented by this Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, the Indenture shall remain in full force and effect.

302. Counterparts. This Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which, when so executed and delivered, shall be an original; but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Northern California Power Agency has caused these presents to be signed in its name and on its behalf by its General Manager and to evidence its acceptance of the trusts hereby created, the Trustee has caused these presents to be signed in its name and on its behalf by one of its authorized officers, all as of the first day of [April], 2022.

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY**

By: _____

Name: Randy S. Howard

Title: General Manger

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee**

By: _____

Authorized Officer

EXHIBIT A

FORM OF 2022 SERIES B BONDS

UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION ("DTC"), TO THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE, OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

**HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BOND,
2022 TAXABLE REFUNDING SERIES B**

No. R-_____ \$_____

Interest Rate	Dated Date	Maturity Date	CUSIP No.
_____%	_____, 2022	July 1, 20__	664845____

REGISTERED HOLDER: -----CEDE & CO. (TAX I.D. # 013-2555119)-----

PRINCIPAL AMOUNT: _____ **MILLION** _____ **THOUSAND DOLLARS**

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY (herein called "NCPA"), a joint exercise of powers agency established pursuant to the laws of the State of California, acknowledges itself indebted to, and for value received hereby promises to pay to, the registered owner specified above, or registered assigns, on the Maturity Date stated hereon, unless sooner paid as provided in the Indenture mentioned below, but solely from the funds pledged therefor, upon presentation and surrender of this bond at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee mentioned below, the principal amount specified above in any coin or currency of the United States of America which at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, and to pay interest on such principal amount, by check of the Trustee hereafter mentioned mailed to such owner at his address as shown on the bond register, or as otherwise provided in the Indenture referred to below, at the interest rate per annum (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve thirty-day months) stated hereon, payable on the first days of January and July in each year, commencing [July 1, 2022] (each an "Interest Payment Date"), until the payment of such principal sum. Such interest shall be payable from the most recent Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of authentication hereof to which interest has been paid, unless the date of authentication hereof is a January 1 or July 1 to which interest has been

paid, in which case from the date of authentication hereof, or unless the date of authentication hereof is on or prior to [June 15, 2022], in which case from the Dated Date, or unless the date of authentication hereof is between a Record Date and the next Interest Payment Date, in which case from such Interest Payment Date. The interest so payable on any Interest Payment Date will be paid to the person in whose name this bond is registered at the close of business on the fifteenth day of the calendar month immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date at his address as shown on the bond register.

This bond is one of a duly authorized issue of bonds of NCPA designated as “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds” (the “Bonds”) and of a series of Bonds designated as “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B” (the “2022 Series B Bonds”). The 2022 Series B Bonds are issued pursuant to Article 4 of the Act and Articles 10 and 11 of Chapter 3 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California, as amended and supplemented. The 2022 Series B Bonds have been issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$_____. The 2022 Series B Bonds are issued under, and, together with all other Bonds issued and outstanding thereunder, are equally and ratably secured by the Trust Estate and entitled to the protection given by, the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, which Indenture was duly executed and delivered by NCPA to U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, New York, New York, the successor Trustee (the term “Trustee” where used herein refers collectively to said Trustee or its successors in said Trust) (said Indenture, as amended and supplemented and as the same may be amended and supplemented, is herein called the “Indenture”).

Copies of the Indenture are on file at the office of NCPA and at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee and reference is hereby made to the Indenture and to all amendments and supplements thereto for a description of the provisions, among others, with respect to the nature and extent of the security, the rights, duties and obligations of NCPA, the Trustee and the holders of the Bonds and the terms upon which the Bonds are or may be issued and secured under the Indenture, the rights and remedies of the holders of the Bonds, the limitations on such rights and remedies and the terms and conditions upon which Bonds are issued and may be issued thereunder. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings given such terms in the Indenture.

This bond is a special, limited obligation of NCPA and the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on this bond and the principal of, Redemption Price, if any, and interest on the other Bonds, are payable solely from the funds specified in the Indenture and shall not constitute a charge against the general credit of NCPA. The Bonds, including this bond, are not secured by a legal or equitable pledge of, or lien or charge upon, any property of NCPA or any of its income or receipts except the Trust Estate pledged pursuant to the Indenture which is subject to the provisions of the Indenture permitting the application of the Trust Estate for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth therein. Neither the State of California nor any public agency (other than NCPA from the specified sources of payment) nor any member of NCPA nor any Project Participant is obligated to pay the principal of and interest on this bond. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of California or any public agency thereof or any member of NCPA or any Project Participant is pledged to the payment of the principal of or interest on this bond. NCPA has no taxing power. The payment of the principal of or interest on this bond does not constitute a debt, liability or obligation of the State of California or any public

agency (other than the special obligation of NCPA) or any member of NCPA or any Project Participant. Neither the members of the Commission of NCPA nor any officer or employee of NCPA shall be individually liable on the principal of or interest on this bond or in respect of any undertakings by NCPA under the Indenture.

The 2022 Series B Bonds were issued for the purpose of providing a portion of the funds necessary to refund Bonds issued under the Indenture and related purposes.

As provided in the Indenture, Bonds of NCPA may be issued thereunder from time to time pursuant to Supplemental Indentures in one or more Series, in various principal amounts, may mature at different times, may bear interest at different rates and may otherwise vary as in the Indenture provided. The aggregate principal amount of Bonds which may be issued under the Indenture is not limited except as provided in the Indenture, and all Bonds issued and to be issued under the Indenture are and will be equally secured by the pledge and assignment and covenants made therein, except as otherwise expressly provided or permitted in the Indenture. Simultaneously with the issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds, NCPA is issuing \$_____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the "2022 Series A Bonds"). At the time of issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds, there was Outstanding under the Indenture \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Bonds in addition to the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds, but excluding \$_____ aggregate principal amount of NCPA's Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of NCPA's Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Refunding Series A, which are being refunded by the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds.

The 2022 Series B Bonds are issuable in the form of fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Under the circumstances prescribed in the Indenture, the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be available only through a Securities Depository.

The 2022 Series B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturities, at the option of NCPA, in whole or in part, in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA, on any date, from any source of available funds, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such 2022 Series B Bonds plus the Make-Whole Premium (as defined in the Indenture), if any, plus unpaid accrued interest, if any, thereon to the redemption date.

The 2022 Series B Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity, at the option of NCPA in whole or in part (in such amounts as may be specified by NCPA) on any date, from: (i) insurance or condemnation proceeds and (ii) from any source of money if all or substantially all of the Initial Facilities are damaged or destroyed, taken by any public entity in the exercise of its powers of eminent domain or disposed of or abandoned, at a Redemption Price equal to the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds being redeemed, plus unpaid accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium; provided that the option of NCPA to call the 2022 Series B Bonds for redemption from insurance or condemnation proceeds shall expire 90 days following the receipt of such insurance or condemnation proceeds.

If less than all of the 2022 Series B Bonds of a maturity are to be redeemed, the particular 2022 Series B Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected as provided in the Indenture.

The 2022 Series B Bonds are payable upon redemption at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee, as Paying Agent. Notice of redemption, setting forth the place of payment and the redemption date, shall be mailed, postage prepaid, not less than 30 days before the Redemption Date to the registered holders of any 2022 Series B Bonds to be redeemed in whole or in part; provided, however, that receipt of such mailing shall not be a condition precedent to such redemption and failure to receive any such notice or any defect therein shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of the 2022 Series B Bonds. If notice of redemption shall have been given as aforesaid, the 2022 Series B Bonds or portions thereof specified in said notice shall become due and payable on the redemption date therein fixed, and if, on the Redemption Date, moneys for the redemption of all the 2022 Series B Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, together with unpaid interest thereon to the Redemption Date, shall be available for such payment on said date, then from and after the Redemption Date interest on such 2022 Series B Bonds or portions thereof so called for redemption shall cease to accrue and be payable.

This bond is transferable, as provided in the Indenture, only upon the books of NCPA kept for that purpose at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee, as bond registrar, by the registered owner hereof, or by his duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this bond together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the bond registrar duly executed by the registered owner or his duly authorized attorney, and upon payment of the charges prescribed in the Indenture a new registered 2022 Series B Bonds or Bonds, without coupons, and for the same aggregate principal amount and maturity, shall be issued to the transferee in exchange therefor as provided in the Indenture. NCPA, the Trustee and any Paying Agent may deem and treat the person in whose name this bond is registered as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of, or on account of, the principal or Redemption Price hereof and interest due hereon and for all other purposes.

To the extent and in the manner permitted by the terms of the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture, or any indenture amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, may be modified or amended by NCPA with, in certain cases, the written consent of the holders of at least sixty percent in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding under the Indenture; and, in case less than all of the Series of Bonds would be affected thereby, with such consent of the owners of at least sixty percent in principal amount of the Bonds of each separate Series so affected then Outstanding; provided, however, that, if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like Series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of the calculation of Outstanding Bonds. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of any Sinking Fund Installment or the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the holder of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee or of any Paying Agent without its written assent thereto.

The Indenture may also be amended or supplemented without the necessity of the consent of the Holders of the Bonds for any one or more of the purposes specified in the Indenture.

The registered owner of this bond shall have no right to enforce the provisions of the Indenture or to institute action to enforce the covenants therein, or to take any action with respect to any Event of Default under the Indenture, or to institute, appear in or defend any suit or other proceedings with respect thereto, except as provided in the Indenture. In certain events, on the conditions, in the manner and with the effect set forth in the Indenture, the principal of all the Bonds issued under the Indenture and then Outstanding may become or may be declared due and payable before the stated maturity thereof, together with interest accrued thereon.

It is hereby certified and recited that all conditions, acts and things required by law and the Indenture to exist, to have happened and to have been performed precedent to and in the issuance of this bond, exist, have happened and have been performed and that the 2022 Series B Bonds, together with all other indebtedness of NCPA, comply in all respects with the applicable laws of the State of California.

This bond shall not be entitled to any benefit under the Indenture or be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until this bond shall have been authenticated by the execution by the Trustee of the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication hereon.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY has caused this bond to be signed in its name and on its behalf by the manual or facsimile signature of its Chair and the seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be hereunto affixed, imprinted, engraved or otherwise reproduced and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of its Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, as of the Dated Date specified above.

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY**

[SEAL]

ATTEST: _____
ASSISTANT SECRETARY

BY: _____
CHAIR

TRUSTEE’S CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This is one of the Bonds delivered pursuant to the within mentioned Indenture.

Date of Authentication

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

_____ BY: _____
AUTHORIZED OFFICER

ASSIGNMENT

FOR VALUE RECEIVED the undersigned sells, assigns and transfers unto

(Name, Address and Tax Identification or
Social Security Number of Assignee)

the within Bond of the Northern California Power Agency and does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint _____ attorney to transfer the said Bond on the books kept for registration thereof with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated: _____

Notice: The Signature of this assignment and transfer must correspond with the name as written upon the face of this bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatsoever.

Signature guaranteed by

Notice: [Signature must be guaranteed by a by an eligible guarantor institution.]

ESCROW DEPOSIT AGREEMENT

Between

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

and

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
as Trustee**

Dated as of April 1, 2022

Relating to

**Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2012 Refunding Series A**

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ESCROW DEPOSIT AGREEMENT

Relating to

Northern California Power Agency
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2012 Refunding Series A

THIS ESCROW DEPOSIT AGREEMENT, dated as of April 1, 2022 (this “Agreement”), by and between Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, New York, New York, as successor trustee (the “Trustee”) under the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985 (the “Original Indenture”), as amended and supplemented, by and between NCPA and the Trustee,

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, NCPA has previously authorized and issued its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Refunding Series A (the “2012 Series A Bonds”) under the Original Indenture as amended and supplemented, including the supplements thereto made by the Twenty-Second Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of February 1, 2012, by and between NCPA and the Trustee; and

WHEREAS, the 2012 Series A Bonds are currently outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$76,665,000 and mature on July 1 in each of the years 2024 through 2032, inclusive; and

WHEREAS, the outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of NCPA in whole or in part on any date on and after July 1, 2022, at a redemption price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed (the “Redemption Price”), plus unpaid accrued thereon to the date fixed for redemption; and

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to refund all of the outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds (such 2012 Series A Bonds to be refunded as more fully described in Schedule 1 hereto and hereinafter referred to as the “Refunded Bonds”) and to exercise its option to redeem on July 1, 2022 (the “Redemption Date”) such Refunded Bonds; and

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to provide the Trustee (as Trustee and Paying Agent for the Refunded Bonds and as an escrow agent hereunder) with the funds which, together with the interest thereon as provided herein, will provide amounts necessary to pay the maturing principal or Redemption Price (as applicable) of, and interest accrued and unpaid on, the Refunded Bonds on the Redemption Date (such amounts the “Escrow Requirements” as shown on Schedule 2 hereto); and

WHEREAS, for the purpose of paying and refunding the Refunded Bonds, NCPA has issued pursuant to the Original Indenture as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust [and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, each] dated as of April 1, 2022, by and between NCPA and the Trustee, \$_____ aggregate principal amount

of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”) [and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds”)]; and

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements herein contained, NCPA and the Trustee agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions. Unless otherwise defined herein (including in the recitals above), capitalized terms shall have the meanings herein given such terms in the Original Indenture, as amended and supplemented by the Supplemental Indentures (as defined in the Original Indenture) thereto.

In addition, the following terms shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meanings set forth below.

“**Defeasance Securities**” shall mean the noncallable, direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America described in Schedule 3 hereto.

“**Escrow Fund**” shall mean the fund established pursuant to Section 2(a) of this Agreement.

SECTION 2. The Escrow Fund.

(a) There is hereby established with the Trustee a fund designated the “Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A Refunding Escrow Fund” (the “Escrow Fund”) to be held in irrevocable trust by the Trustee for the benefit of the Holders of the Refunded Bonds separate and apart from all other funds of NCPA and the Trustee, subject, nonetheless, to the application thereof as provided in this Agreement.

Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, amounts in the Escrow Fund shall be applied solely to the payment of the Escrow Requirements as specified in Section 4 hereof. All Defeasance Securities purchased with moneys in the Escrow Fund shall be held for the credit of the Escrow Fund and all payments, including without limitation, all principal and interest payments with respect to such Defeasance Securities, shall be deposited upon receipt by the Trustee into the Escrow Fund.

(b) NCPA acknowledges that it has no right, title or interest in or to any of the moneys or Defeasance Securities held in the Escrow Fund. Under no circumstances shall any money or Defeasance Securities held in the Escrow Fund be paid over or delivered to, or upon the order of, NCPA.

(c) There has been deposited with the Trustee for deposit in the Escrow Fund the sum of \$_____, consisting of the following: (i) \$_____, representing a portion of the proceeds of the 2022 Series A Bonds; [and] (ii) [\$_____, representing a portion of the proceeds of the 2022 Series B Bonds; and (iii)] \$_____, representing amounts transferred

from the Debt Service Account and the Series Debt Service Reserve Account with respect to the Refunded Bonds pursuant to subsection (d) below.

(d) The Trustee is hereby directed to transfer to the Escrow Fund:
(1) \$_____, representing amounts accumulated in the Debt Service Account, and
(2) \$_____, representing amounts held in the Series Debt Service Reserve Account, each with respect to the Refunded Bonds.

(e) The Trustee acknowledges receipt of the moneys described in Section 2(c) and agrees to deposit such moneys in the Escrow Fund and apply such moneys as provided in this Agreement.

SECTION 3. Use and Investment of Moneys.

(a) The Trustee is hereby directed to apply, on _____, 2022, \$_____ of the moneys deposited in the Escrow Fund pursuant to Section 2(c) to the purchase of the Defeasance Securities at the purchase price set forth in Schedule 3 hereto. Except as provided in this subsection (a), the moneys on deposit in the Escrow Fund or otherwise held by the Trustee under this Agreement shall be held uninvested by the Trustee.

(b) NCPA represents, and the Accountant's Certificate delivered by _____ to the Trustee at the time of execution and delivery of this Agreement verifies, that the moneys to be received from the maturing principal of and interest on the Defeasance Securities shall be sufficient, together with the \$_____ of other funds held in the Escrow Fund, to pay the Escrow Requirements when due.

(c) The moneys held in the Escrow Fund, including receipts of payments of the principal of and interest on the Defeasance Securities, shall not be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment to the Holders of the Refunded Bonds of the Escrow Requirements when due as required by Section 4.

(d) The Trustee shall not be held liable for investment losses resulting from compliance with the provisions of this Agreement.

SECTION 4. Payment of Escrow Requirements. From the maturing principal of any Defeasance Securities held in the Escrow Fund and the investment income and other earnings thereon and the uninvested money then held in the Escrow Fund, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Trustee and Paying Agent for the Refunded Bonds, shall pay the maturing principal or Redemption Price of the Refunded Bonds on the Redemption Date and unpaid accrued interest thereon.

SECTION 5. Notice of Redemption and Notice of Defeasance.

(a) NCPA irrevocably directs the Trustee to give the notice of redemption of the Refunded Bonds to be redeemed on the Redemption Date not less than thirty (30) days prior to the Redemption Date (i) to the Holders of such Refunded Bonds by the time and in the manner required by the Indenture and (ii) to post such notice to the Electronic Municipal Market Access System (referred to as "EMMA") of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), at

www.emma.msrb.org, linked to all CUSIP Numbers of the Refunded Bonds. Such notice shall be in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

(b) NCPA irrevocably directs the Trustee to give the notice of defeasance of the Refunded Bonds within five (5) business days of the date hereof (i) to the Holders of the Refunded Bonds and otherwise in the manner required by the Indenture and (ii) to post such notice to EMMA linked to all CUSIP Numbers of the Refunded Bonds. Such notice shall be in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

SECTION 6. Termination of Obligations. As provided in subsection 2 of Section 1301 of the Original Indenture, upon the deposit of the amounts specified in Section 2(c) and the purchase of Defeasance Securities pursuant to Section 3(a), the Holders of the Refunded Bonds shall cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under the Indenture with respect to the Refunded Bonds, and all covenants, agreements and obligations of NCPA with respect to the Refunded Bonds under the Indenture shall thereupon cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied and the Refunded Bonds shall no longer be Outstanding within the meaning of the Indenture.

Notwithstanding the provisions for payment of the Refunded Bonds as provided in, and with the effect stated in, subsection 2 of Section 1301 of the Original Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture relating to record dates, medium of payment, registration, transfer, exchange and replacement shall continue to apply to the Refunded Bonds.

SECTION 7. Performance of Duties. The Trustee agrees to perform the duties set forth herein.

SECTION 8. Trustee's Authority to Make Investments. The Trustee shall have no power or duty to invest any funds held under this Agreement except as provided in Section 3 hereof. The Trustee shall have no power or duty to transfer or otherwise dispose of the moneys held hereunder except as provided in this Agreement.

SECTION 9. Indemnity. NCPA hereby assumes liability for, and hereby agrees (whether or not any of the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated) to indemnify, protect, save and keep harmless the Trustee and its respective successors, assigns, agents, employees and servants, from and against any and all liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, claims, actions, suits, costs, expenses and disbursements (including reasonable legal fees and disbursements) of whatsoever kind and nature which may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against, the Trustee at any time (whether or not also indemnified against the same by NCPA or any other person under any other agreement or instrument, but without double indemnity) in any way relating to or arising out of the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement, the establishment hereunder of the Escrow Fund, the acceptance of the funds and securities deposited therein, the purchase of any securities to be purchased pursuant hereto, the retention of such securities or the proceeds thereof and any payment, transfer or other application of moneys or securities by the Trustee in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement; provided, however, that NCPA shall not be required to indemnify the Trustee against the Trustee's own negligence or willful misconduct or the negligence or willful misconduct of the Trustee's respective successors, assigns, agents and employees or the material

breach by the Trustee of the terms of this Agreement. In no event shall NCPA or the Trustee be liable to any person by reason of the transactions contemplated hereby other than to each other as set forth in this Section. The indemnities contained in this Section shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

SECTION 10. Responsibilities of Trustee. The Trustee and its respective successors, assigns, agents and servants shall not be held to any personal liability whatsoever, in tort, contract, or otherwise, in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the establishment of the Escrow Fund, the acceptance of the moneys or any securities deposited therein, the purchase of the securities to be purchased pursuant hereto, the retention of such securities or the proceeds thereof, the sufficiency of the securities or any uninvested moneys held hereunder to accomplish the redemption of the Refunded Bonds, or any payment, transfer or other application of moneys or securities by the Trustee in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement or by reason of any non-negligent act, non-negligent omission or non-negligent error of the Trustee made in good faith in the conduct of its duties. The recitals of fact contained in the “Whereas” clauses herein shall be taken as the statements of NCPA, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the correctness thereof. The Trustee makes no representation as to the sufficiency of the securities to be purchased pursuant hereto and any uninvested moneys to accomplish the redemption of the Refunded Bonds pursuant to the Indenture or to the validity of this Agreement as to NCPA and, except as otherwise provided herein, the Trustee shall incur no liability in respect thereof. The Trustee shall not be liable in connection with the performance of its duties under this Agreement except for its own negligence, willful misconduct or default, and the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall be determined by the express provisions of this Agreement. The Trustee may consult with counsel, who may or may not be counsel to NCPA, and in reliance upon the written opinion of such counsel shall have full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken, suffered or omitted by it in good faith in accordance therewith. Whenever the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking, suffering, or omitting any action under this Agreement, such matter (except the matters set forth herein as specifically requiring an Accountant’s Certificate or an Opinion of Bond Counsel) may be deemed to be conclusively established by a certificate signed by an Authorized NCPA Representative. Whenever the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter specifically requiring an Accountant’s Certificate or an Opinion of Bond Counsel be proved or established prior to taking, suffering, or omitting any such action, such matter may be established only by such an Accountant’s Certificate or such Opinion of Bond Counsel.

SECTION 11. Compensation. The Trustee’s acts hereunder shall constitute services rendered under the Indenture for purposes of Section 1005 of the Original Indenture; provided, however, that under no circumstances shall the Trustee be entitled to any lien whatsoever on any moneys or Defeasance Securities in the Escrow Fund for the payment of fees and expenses for services rendered or expenses incurred by the Trustee under this Agreement, the Indenture or otherwise.

SECTION 12. Amendments. This Agreement is irrevocable and no provision hereof may be amended except as specifically set forth herein. NCPA and the Trustee may, without the consent of, or notice to, the Holders of the Bonds, amend this Agreement or enter into such agreements supplemental to this Agreement as shall not adversely affect the

interests of the Holders of the Refunded Bonds. The Trustee shall be entitled to rely conclusively upon an Opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to compliance with this Section, including the extent, if any, to which any change, modification, addition or elimination affects the rights of the Holders of the Refunded Bonds or that any instrument executed hereunder complies with the conditions and provisions of this Section.

SECTION 13. **Term.** This Agreement shall commence upon its execution and delivery and shall terminate on the date the principal of and interest on the Refunded Bonds has been paid to the respective Holders of the Refunded Bonds as required by Section 4 hereof. After such payment, any moneys remaining in the Escrow Fund shall be transferred by the Trustee to the General Debt Service Subaccount in the Debt Service Account in the Debt Service Fund.

SECTION 14. **Severability.** If any one or more of the covenants or agreements provided in this Agreement on the part of NCPA or the Trustee to be performed should be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to law, such covenants or agreements shall be null and void and shall be deemed separate from the remaining covenants and agreements herein contained and shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining provisions of this Agreement.

SECTION 15. **Representations.** NCPA represents and warrants that the statements contained in the preambles to this Agreement are true and correct.

SECTION 16. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, all or any of which shall be regarded for all purposes as an original but all of which shall constitute and be but one and the same instrument.

SECTION 17. **Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be construed under the laws of the State of California.

SECTION 18. **Assignment.** This Agreement shall not be assigned by the Trustee or any successor thereto without the prior written consent of NCPA.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized officers as of the date first above written.

**NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY**

By: _____
General Manager

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee**

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

SCHEDULE 1

DESCRIPTION OF THE REFUNDED BONDS

Maturity Date (July 1)	Outstanding Principal Amount to be Refunded	Interest Rate	CUSIP
2024	\$ 4,475,000	5.00%	664845EB6
2025	11,265,000	5.00	664845EC4
2026	11,830,000	5.00	664845ED2
2027	12,425,000	5.00	664845EE0
2028	13,040,000	5.00	664845EF7
2029	4,570,000	5.00	664845EG5
2030	4,800,000	5.00	664845EH3
2031	5,040,000	5.00	664845EJ9
2032	<u>9,220,000</u>	5.00	664845EK6
Total	\$76,665,000		

SCHEDULE 2
ESCROW REQUIREMENTS

<u>Date</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Maturing Principal</u>	<u>Called Principal</u>	<u>Call Premium</u>	<u>Total Requirements</u>
07/01/22	\$_____.00	--	\$76,665,000.00	--	\$_____.00

SCHEDULE 3
DEFEASANCE SECURITIES

TYPE AND CUSIP	MATURITY DATE	PAR AMOUNT	INTEREST RATE	YIELD	PRICE	COST	ACCRUED INTEREST	TOTAL COST
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EXHIBIT A
FORM OF NOTICE OF REDEMPTION TO BE GIVEN

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS, 2012 REFUNDING SERIES A

Maturity Date (July 1)	Outstanding Principal Amount to be Refunded	Interest Rate	CUSIP*
2024	\$ 4,475,000	5.00%	664845EB6
2025	11,265,000	5.00	664845EC4
2026	11,830,000	5.00	664845ED2
2027	12,425,000	5.00	664845EE0
2028	13,040,000	5.00	664845EF7
2029	4,570,000	5.00	664845EG5
2030	4,800,000	5.00	664845EH3
2031	5,040,000	5.00	664845EJ9
2032	9,220,000	5.00	664845EK6

TO: The Owners of the above-captioned bonds (the “Bonds”)

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association acts as the trustee (the “Trustee”) with respect to the above-referenced Bonds issued on February 7, 2012 pursuant to the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented (the “Indenture”), by and between the Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) and the Trustee.

On behalf of NCPA, you are hereby notified that:

1. NCPA has exercised its option to redeem the Bonds identified above on July 1, 2022 (the “Redemption Date”);

2. on the Redemption Date, there shall become due and payable upon each Bond the Redemption Price thereof, which is 100% of the principal amount of the Bond, together with unpaid accrued interest on such principal amount to the Redemption Date, and that from and after the Redemption Date interest on the Bonds shall cease to accrue and be payable;

3. payment of the Redemption Price of the Refunded Bonds called for redemption will be paid only upon presentation and surrender of such bonds at the address listed below (if delivery is by mail, registered mail with return receipt requested is recommended):

Delivery Instructions:

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association
Global Corporate Trust Services
111 Fillmore Avenue E
St. Paul, MN 55107
1-800-934-6802

Important Notice

Withholding of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the United States may be required at the applicable rate by the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (the “Act”), unless the Trustee has the correct taxpayer identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the payee. Please furnish a properly completed Form W-9 or exemption certificate or equivalent when presenting your securities.

** The CUSIP numbers listed above are provided for the convenience of the holders. NCPA or the Trustee are not responsible for the accuracy of such numbers.*

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

Dated: May __, 2022

EXHIBIT B
FORM OF NOTICE OF DEFEASANCE TO BE GIVEN

NOTICE OF DEFEASANCE

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS, 2012 REFUNDING SERIES A

Maturity Date (July 1)	Outstanding Principal Amount to be Refunded	Interest Rate	CUSIP*
2024	\$ 4,475,000	5.00%	664845EB6
2025	11,265,000	5.00	664845EC4
2026	11,830,000	5.00	664845ED2
2027	12,425,000	5.00	664845EE0
2028	13,040,000	5.00	664845EF7
2029	4,570,000	5.00	664845EG5
2030	4,800,000	5.00	664845EH3
2031	5,040,000	5.00	664845EJ9
2032	9,220,000	5.00	664845EK6

TO: The Owners of the above-captioned bonds (the “Bonds”)

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association acts as the trustee (the “Trustee”) with respect to the above-referenced Bonds issued on February 7, 2012 pursuant to the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented (the “Indenture”), by and between the Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) and the Trustee.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of NCPA that there has been deposited in escrow with the Trustee, cash and noncallable, direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America (“Defeasance Securities”), paying interest and principal in an amount which, together with the amounts held as cash, shall be sufficient to pay, on July 1, 2022, the redemption price (*i.e.*, 100% of the principal amount) of the Bonds identified in the table above, plus unpaid accrued interest thereon. NCPA has instructed the Trustee to call the Bonds for redemption on July 1, 2022.

The Bonds have been defeased pursuant to an Escrow Deposit Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2022 (the “Escrow Agreement”), between NCPA and the Trustee. In accordance with the Indenture, upon the deposit by NCPA of the amounts as provided in the Escrow Agreement and the purchase of the Defeasance Securities pursuant thereto, the Holders of the Bonds shall have ceased to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under the Indenture with respect to such Bonds, and all covenants, agreements and obligations of NCPA with respect to the Bonds under the Indenture shall have ceased, terminated and become void and been discharged and satisfied. All payments of the interest on, and the principal or redemption price of, the Bonds shall be paid only from moneys on deposit with the Trustee and available under the Escrow Agreement as aforesaid, and the Bonds shall no longer be Outstanding within the meaning of the Indenture.

Capitalized terms used herein not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given such terms in the Indenture.

** The CUSIP numbers listed above are provided for the convenience of the holders. NCPA or the Trustee are not responsible for the accuracy of such numbers.*

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

Dated: _____, 2022

**CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT
BY AND BETWEEN THE
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
AND
U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION**

This Continuing Disclosure Agreement (the “Disclosure Agreement”), dated April __, 2022, is executed and delivered by the Northern California Power Agency and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Dissemination Agent (the “Dissemination Agent”) in connection with the issuance by Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022A Bonds”) and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022B Bonds,” and together with the 2022A Bonds, the “2022 Bonds”). The 2022 Bonds were issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, with respect to the 2022A Bonds, and by the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of April 1, 2022, with respect to the 2022B Bonds (collectively, the “Indenture”), each by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as the Trustee. NCPA and the Dissemination Agent covenant and agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by NCPA and the Dissemination Agent for the benefit of the Bondholders and Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the Rule.

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Indenture, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this Section 2, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report with respect to the 2022 Bonds provided by NCPA pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person who has or shares the power, directly or indirectly, to make investment decisions regarding ownership of any 2022 Bonds (including without limitation persons holding 2022 Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries).

“Disclosure Representative” shall mean the any of the Chair, the General Manager, the Assistant General Manager, Finance and Administrative Services/Chief Financial Officer, and the Treasurer-Controller of NCPA or his or her designee, or such other officer or employee as NCPA shall designate in writing to the Trustee from time to time.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, acting solely in its capacity as Dissemination Agent hereunder, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by NCPA and which has filed with the Trustee a written acceptance of such designation.

“EMMA System” shall mean the MSRB’s Electronic Municipal Market Access System or such other electronic system designated by the MSRB.

“Financial Obligation” shall mean a (a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument; provided that “financial obligation” shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

“Listed Event” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, or any successor thereto.

“Participating Underwriters” shall mean the original underwriters of the 2022 Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the 2022 Bonds.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“SEC” shall mean the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) With respect to the 2022 Bonds, NCPA shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than 180 days after the end of each fiscal year of NCPA (which presently ends on June 30), commencing with the report for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022, provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System, in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information all as prescribed by the MSRB, an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; provided, that the audited financial statements of NCPA may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date. If the fiscal year changes for NCPA, NCPA shall give notice of such change prior to the next date by which NCPA otherwise would be required to provide its Annual Report pursuant to this Section and in the manner provided for giving notices under Section 5 hereof.

(b) Not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the date specified in paragraph (a) of this Section 3 for providing the Annual Report to the MSRB, NCPA shall provide its Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent. If by such date, the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report from NCPA, the Dissemination Agent shall contact NCPA to determine if NCPA is in compliance with paragraph (a) of this Section 3.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report from NCPA by the date required in paragraph (a) of this Section 3 and, after contacting NCPA, the Dissemination Agent is unable to verify that an Annual Report has been provided to the MSRB as of the date required in paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall send a notice to the MSRB through the EMMA System in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

(d) Upon the provision by the Dissemination Agent of any Annual Report to the MSRB pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section 3, the Dissemination Agent shall deliver a confirmation

in writing to NCPA certifying that the Annual Report has been provided to the MSRB pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement and stating the date it was provided.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. NCPA's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

- (i) A summary of the peak generating capability of the Project for the prior Fiscal Year;
- (ii) A summary of the average generating capability of the Project for the prior Fiscal Year;
- (iii) A summary of total energy generated with respect to the Project for the prior Fiscal Year; and
- (iv) The audited financial statements of NCPA for the prior Fiscal Year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental enterprises as prescribed from time to time by any regulatory body with jurisdiction over NCPA and by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If NCPA's audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 3, the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the audited financial statements, and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of NCPA or public entities related thereto, which have been submitted to the MSRB through the EMMA System or to the SEC. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB through the EMMA System. NCPA shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, upon the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the 2022 Bonds, NCPA shall give, or cause to be given by so notifying the Dissemination Agent and instructing the Dissemination Agent to give, notice of occurrence of such event not later than ten (10) business days after the occurrence of the event, in each case, pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Section 5, as applicable:

- (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (2) non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;

- (6) adverse tax opinions or the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of a proposed or final determination of taxability or of a Notice of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701 TEB), or other material notices or determinations by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the tax status of the 2022 Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the 2022 Bonds;
- (7) modifications to rights of the Holders of the 2022 Bonds, if material;
- (8) optional, unscheduled or contingent 2022 Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- (9) defeasances;
- (10) release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the 2022 Bonds, if material;
- (11) rating changes;
- (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of NCPA or an obligated person (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the 2022 Bonds of which NCPA has actual knowledge;
- (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving NCPA or an obligated person (as defined in the Rule) with respect to the 2022 Bonds of which NCPA has actual knowledge or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of NCPA or any such obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (15) incurrence of a Financial Obligation of NCPA with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of NCPA with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, any of which affect Holders of the 2022 Bonds, if material; or
- (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of NCPA with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For these purposes, (i) any event described in subparagraph (12) of this Section 5(a) is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and

orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person; and (ii) NCPA intends to comply with the provisions hereof for the Listed Events described in subparagraphs (15) and (16) of this Section 5(a), and the definition of “Financial Obligation” in Section 2, with reference to the Rule, any other applicable federal securities laws and the guidance provided by the Commission in its Release No. 34-83885 dated August 20, 2018 (the “2018 Release”), and any further amendments or written guidance provided by the Commission or its staff with respect to the amendments to the Rule effected by the 2018 Release.

(b) Whenever NCPA obtains knowledge of the occurrence of a Listed Event described in paragraph (a) of this Section 5, NCPA shall either (i) promptly notify the Dissemination Agent in writing and instruct the Dissemination Agent to report the occurrence pursuant to Section 5(c) below or (ii) shall itself file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent has been instructed by NCPA to report the occurrence of a Listed Event, the Dissemination Agent shall file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(d) Any notice required by this Section 5 to be provided to the MSRB shall be provided in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 5, notice of Listed Events described in subparagraphs (8) and (9) of Section 5(a) above need not be given under this Section 5(d) any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to Bondholders of affected 2022 Bonds pursuant to the Indenture.

SECTION 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The obligations of NCPA under this Disclosure Agreement shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the 2022 Bonds and with respect to any 2022 Bonds upon the maturity, defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of such 2022 Bonds.

SECTION 7. Dissemination Agent. NCPA may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by NCPA pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association. NCPA shall be responsible for all fees and associated expenses of the Dissemination Agent.

SECTION 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, NCPA and the Dissemination Agent may amend this Disclosure Agreement, and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived; provided that such amendment or waiver, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel satisfactory to the Dissemination Agent, such amendment or waiver is permitted by the Rule.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Disclosure Agreement, NCPA shall describe such amendment in its next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by NCPA. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the manner as provided under Section 5, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a

comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent NCPA from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If NCPA chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, NCPA shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 10. Default. In the event of a failure of NCPA or the Dissemination Agent to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Trustee may (and, at the request of the Bondholders of at least 25% aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2022 Bonds and the furnishing by such Bondholders of indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against its costs and expenses, including, without limitation, fees and expenses of its attorneys, shall), or any Bondholder or Beneficial Owner of the 2022 Bonds may, take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause NCPA or the Dissemination Agent, as the case may be, to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Indenture, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of NCPA or the Dissemination Agent to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

No Bondholder or Beneficial Owner may institute any such action, suit or proceeding to compel performance unless they shall have first filed with the Dissemination Agent and NCPA satisfactory written evidence of their status as such, and a written notice of and request to cure such failure, and NCPA shall have refused to comply therewith within a reasonable time. Any such action, suit or proceeding shall be brought in federal or state courts located in the County of Sacramento, California for the benefit of all Bondholders and Beneficial Owners of the 2022 Bonds.

SECTION 11. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Agreement, and no further duties or responsibilities shall be implied, and the Dissemination Agent's obligation to deliver the information at the times and with the contents described herein shall be limited to the extent NCPA has provided such information to the Dissemination Agent as required by this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall not have any liability under, nor duty to inquire into the terms and provisions of, any agreement or instructions, other than as outlined in this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any written notice, instruction or request furnished to it hereunder and believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Dissemination Agent shall be under no duty to inquire into or investigate the validity, accuracy or content of any such document. The Dissemination Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith unless a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct was the primary cause of any loss to NCPA. The Dissemination Agent shall not incur any liability for following the instructions herein contained or expressly provided for, or written instructions given by NCPA. In the administration of this Agreement, the Dissemination Agent may execute any of its powers and perform its duties hereunder directly or through agents or attorneys and may consult with counsel, accountants and other skilled persons to be selected and retained by it. The Dissemination Agent shall not be liable for anything done, suffered or omitted in good faith by it in accordance with the advice or opinion of any such counsel, accountants or

other skilled persons. The Dissemination Agent may resign and be discharged from its duties or obligations hereunder by giving notice in writing of such resignation specifying a date when such resignation shall take effect. Any corporation or association into which the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation or association resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity shall be a party, or any corporation or association to which all or substantially all the corporate trust business of the Dissemination Agent in its individual capacity may be sold or otherwise transferred, shall be the Dissemination Agent under this Agreement without further act. NCPA covenants and agrees to hold the Dissemination Agent and its directors, officers, agents and employees (collectively, the "Indemnitees") harmless from and against any and all liabilities, losses, damages, fines, suits, actions, demands, penalties, costs and expenses, including out-of-pocket, incidental expenses, legal fees and expenses, the allocated costs and expenses of in-house counsel and legal staff and the costs and expenses of defending or preparing to defend against any claim ("Losses") that may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against, the Indemnitees or any of them for following any instruction or other direction upon which the Dissemination Agent is authorized to rely pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. In addition to and not in limitation of the immediately preceding sentence, NCPA also covenants and agrees to indemnify and hold the Indemnitees and each of them harmless from and against any and all Losses that may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against the Indemnitees or any of them in connection with or arising out of the Dissemination Agent's performance under this Agreement provided the Dissemination Agent has not acted with negligence or engaged in willful misconduct. Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, in no event shall the Dissemination Agent be liable for special, indirect or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including but not limited to lost profits), even if the Dissemination Agent has been advised of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action. The obligations of NCPA under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of the 2022 Bonds. The Dissemination Agent shall have no obligation to disclose information about the 2022 Bonds except as expressly provided herein. The fact that the Dissemination Agent or any affiliate thereof may have any fiduciary or banking relationship with NCPA, apart from the relationship created by the Rule, shall not be construed to mean that the Dissemination Agent has actual knowledge of any event or condition except as may be provided by written notice from NCPA. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to require the Dissemination Agent to interpret or provide an opinion concerning any information made public. If the Dissemination Agent receives a request for an interpretation or opinion, the Dissemination Agent may refer such request to NCPA for response. NCPA shall pay or reimburse the Dissemination Agent for its fees and expenses for the Dissemination Agent's services rendered in accordance with this Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty or obligation to review any information provided to it hereunder and shall not be deemed to be acting in any fiduciary capacity for NCPA, the Bondholder or any other party.

SECTION 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of NCPA, the Trustee, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriters and the Bondholders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the 2022 Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

SECTION 13. California Law. This Disclosure Agreement shall be construed and governed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

SECTION 14. Notices. All written notices to be given hereunder shall be given in person or by mail to the party entitled thereto at its address set forth below, or at such other address as such party may provide to the other parties in writing from time to time, namely:

To NCPA: Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive

Roseville, California 95678
Attention: General Manager
Telephone: (916) 781-3636
Fax: (916) 783-7693

To the Dissemination Agent: U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association
100 Wall Street, Suite 1600
New York, New York 10005
Attention: Corporate Trust Department
Telephone: (212) 361-4385
Fax: (212) 514-6841

NCPA and the Dissemination Agent may, by notice given hereunder, designate any further or different addresses to which subsequent notices, certificates or other communications shall be sent.

SECTION 15. Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed the Disclosure Agreement to be executed as of the date set forth above.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

By: _____
Its: General Manager

**U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION**, as Dissemination Agent

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

EXHIBIT A

NOTICE TO REPOSITORIES OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT

Name of Issuer: Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”)

Name of Bond Issue: \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A and \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Northern California Power Agency Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (collectively, the “2022 Bonds”)

Date of Issuance: April ____, 2022

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NCPA has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the 2022 Bonds as required by Section 3 of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement with respect to the 2022 Bonds, dated April ____, 2022, by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Dissemination Agent. [NCPA anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.]

Dated: _____

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, as Dissemination Agent
on behalf of the Northern California Power Agency

cc: NCPA

TERMINATION AGREEMENT

Termination Agreement (this “Termination Agreement”) dated as of April __, 2022 between CITIGROUP FINANCIAL PRODUCTS INC. (formerly known as Salomon Brothers Holding Company Inc) (“Party A”) and NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY (“Party B”).

WHEREAS, Party A and Party B are parties to an ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of June 15, 2000 (the “Master Agreement”), and a Schedule to the Master Agreement and an ISDA Credit Support Annex thereto, each dated as of June 15, 2000 (the “Schedule” and, collectively with the Master Agreement, the “Agreement”);

WHEREAS, in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, Party A and Party B have heretofore entered into a Transaction pursuant to a Confirmation (MSD00447), dated November 24, 2004, with an initial Notional Amount equal to USD 85,160,000 and a Termination Date of July 1, 2032 (the “Transaction”); and

WHEREAS, the parties have agreed to terminate their obligations under the Transaction;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and other valuable consideration, it is hereby agreed as follows:

1. Payment and Termination.

(a) Subject to Paragraph 1(c) below, the Transaction is hereby terminated as of January __, 2022 and neither Party A nor Party B shall have any obligations thereunder following the date hereof other than with respect to the payment of the Termination Amount (as defined in the immediately succeeding sentence) to Party A as specified herein. In full consideration of this Termination Agreement and in complete satisfaction of all obligations of all of the parties in respect of the Transaction, Party B shall pay to Party A on April __, 2022 the amount of \$_____ (the “Termination Amount”) (which includes all accrued but unpaid regularly scheduled payments under the Transaction).

(b) The Termination Amount shall be paid by Party B to Party A in immediately available funds to the following account:

Citibank, N.A.
ABA # 021000089
Account No. 00167679
Reference: MSD00447

(c) (i) This Termination Agreement shall have no force or effect (other than with respect to the terms of this Paragraph 1(c)) unless Party B’s Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A and 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (collectively, the “Bonds”) are issued on or prior to 3:00 p.m. on April __, 2022 (the “Expected Issuance Date”) and Party B

REF: MSD00447

provides notice to Party A verbally (by telephone) or in writing (by email, facsimile transmission, courier or mail) on or prior 3:00 p.m. New York time on the Expected Issuance Date that the Transaction is to be continued (the "Continuation Notice"). If such notice is provided verbally, Party B will, promptly after providing verbal notice, provide written notice to Party A. In the event that the Bonds are not issued on or prior to the Expected Issuance Date and Party B provides the Continuation Notice, the terms of the Transaction shall remain in effect and Party A, in consultation with and subject to the approval of Party B and Party B's swap advisor, PFM Swap Advisors LLC, in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner on the Expected Issuance Date, the Continuation Value, if any, in connection with reinstating the terms of the Transaction as set forth in the Confirmation. Party A shall use its best efforts to notify Party B of the Continuation Value by 12:00 noon, New York time, one (1) Business Day following the Expected Issuance Date. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in the event that Party A, in consultation with Party B and PFM Swap Advisors LLC, cannot determine a Continuation Value for the Transaction, the Continuation Notice shall be deemed rescinded, the Transaction shall be terminated in accordance with Paragraph 1(a) above and Party B shall pay the Termination Amount to Party A on the first Business Day following the Expected Issuance Date.

(ii) If the Continuation Value is a positive number, an amount equal to the Continuation Value will be payable by Party A to Party B on the Continuation Value Payment Date; and (ii) if the Continuation Value is a negative number, an amount equal to the absolute value of the Continuation Value will be payable by Party B to Party A on the Continuation Value Payment Date. Promptly following the Expected Issuance Date, Party A shall deliver an amended and restated Confirmation to Party B reflecting the payment of the Continuation Value and Party B shall execute and return such Confirmation to Party A or request correction of any error within five Business Days of receipt. Each of the parties hereby agrees to deliver to the other party all documentation related to such revised Confirmation as reasonably requested by the other party, including, but not limited to, opinions of counsel.

(iii) As used in this Section 1(c):

(A) "Continuation Value" shall mean an amount that Party A reasonably determines in good faith in consultation with Party B and its swap advisor, PFM Swap Advisors LLC, to be its total losses and costs (expressed as a negative number) or gain (expressed as a positive number) in connection with continuing the terms of the Transaction evidenced by the Confirmation, including any loss of bargain, cost of funding or, at the election of Party A but without duplication, loss or cost (including without limitation reasonable attorney's fees) incurred by Party A as a result of its terminating, liquidating, obtaining or reestablishing any hedge or related trading position (or any gain resulting therefrom); and

(B) "Continuation Value Payment Date" shall mean the second (2nd) Business Day following the Expected Issuance Date.

(iv) The parties agree that the failure of either party to perform any of its obligations in this Section 1(c) shall be deemed to be an Event of Default under the Agreement with respect to such party as the Defaulting Party.

(v) Any notices to Party A required under Paragraph 1(c)(i) above shall be sent to:

Dennis O'Connor
388 Greenwich Street, Trading - 6th Floor
New York, NY 10013
Telephone: (646) 355-2004
Email: dennis.p.oconnor@citi.com

and

Dashmir Keca
388 Greenwich Street, Trading - 6th Floor
New York, NY 10013
Telephone: (212) 723-6018
Email: dashmir.keca@citi.com

2. Representations. Each party hereto represents to the other party hereto that:

(a) it is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization or incorporation;

(b) it has the power and authority to execute and deliver this Termination Agreement;

(c) the person executing this Termination Agreement on its behalf is duly authorized to do so;

(d) its execution, delivery and performance of this Termination Agreement do not violate or conflict with any law applicable to it, any provision of its constitutional documents, any order or judgment of any court or other agency of government applicable to it or any of its assets or any contractual restriction binding on or affecting it or any of its assets;

(e) it has obtained all governmental and other consents, if any, that it is required to obtain in connection with its execution and delivery of this Termination Agreement, all such consents are in full force and effect and all conditions of any such consents have been complied with; and

(f) its obligations under this Termination Agreement constitute its legal, valid and binding obligations, enforceable in accordance with their respective terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally and subject, as to enforceability, to equitable principles of general application, regardless of whether enforcement is sought in a proceeding in equity or in law, and with respect to Party B, to the limitations on legal remedies against public agencies in the State of California).

3. Additional Representations of Party B.

(a) Party B represents to Party A that it is an "eligible contract participant" within the meaning of Section 1a(18) of the Commodity Exchange Act. Party B represents to Party A that it is (1) a governmental entity (including the United States, a State, or a foreign government), or political subdivision of a governmental entity, or (2) an instrumentality, agency, or department of an entity described in clause (1), and, in either case (1) or (2), it owns and invests on a

REF: MSD00447

discretionary basis \$50,000,000 or more in investments, or otherwise satisfies the requirements of Section 1a(18)(A)(vii)(III) of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended.

(b) In connection with this Termination Agreement, Party B agrees that (i) Party A is acting and has acted solely as a principal and not as an agent, advisor or fiduciary of Party B, (ii) Party A has not assumed a fiduciary responsibility in favor of Party B with respect to this Termination Agreement and (iii) nothing in this Termination Agreement or in any prior relationship between Party A and Party B will be deemed to create an advisory, fiduciary or agency relationship between Party A and Party B in respect of this Termination Agreement (whether or not Party A, or any affiliate of Party A, has provided or is currently providing other services to Party B on related or other matters). In addition, Party B acknowledges that it has (i) determined, without reliance upon Party A or any of its affiliates, the financial and economic risks and merits, as well as the legal, tax and accounting characterizations and consequences, of this Termination Agreement and it is capable of assuming such risks, (ii) consulted with its own legal, tax, accounting and financial advisors to determine whether this Termination Agreement is in its best interest and made an independent analysis and decision to enter into this Termination Agreement based on such advice and (iii) retained PFM Swap Advisors LLC as its qualified independent representative and has relied on PFM Swap Advisors LLC to provide advice to it with respect to this Termination Agreement.

4. Documents to be Delivered. (a) The following documents shall be delivered by Party B to Party A promptly upon execution of this Termination Agreement:

(i) an opinion of counsel to Party B with respect to the enforceability of this Termination Agreement against Party B, addressed to Party A and National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation ("National");

(ii) evidence reasonably satisfactory to Party A of the authority and genuine signature of the individual signing this Termination Agreement on behalf of Party B to execute the same; and

(iii) a certified copy of the resolution or resolutions (or the equivalent thereof) of the governing body of Party B, certified by an appropriate official of Party B, pursuant to which Party B is authorized to enter into this Termination Agreement.

(b) The following documents shall be delivered by Party A to Party B promptly upon execution of this Termination Agreement:

(i) an opinion of counsel to Party A with respect to the enforceability of this Termination Agreement against Party A, addressed to Party B and National; and

(ii) evidence reasonably satisfactory to Party B of the authority and genuine signature of the individual signing this Termination Agreement on behalf of Party A to execute the same.

5. Governing Law. This Termination Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without reference to choice of law doctrine.

6. Counterparts. This Termination Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Termination Agreement as of the date first above written.

CITIGROUP FINANCIAL PRODUCTS INC.

By:_____

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

By:_____

Acknowledged and Agreed to by:

NATIONAL PUBLIC FINANCE GUARANTEE CORPORATION (as agent for MBIA Insurance Corporation) as reinsurer, pursuant to the Amended and Restated Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement (the "MBIA Reinsurance Agreement"), effective as of January 1, 2009, by and between MBIA Insurance Corporation ("MBIA") and MBIA Insurance Corp. of Illinois (renamed National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation), of Interest Rate Swap Insurance Policy No. 45349 (the "Policy") and as the Administrator for MBIA pursuant to the Amended and Restated Administrative Services Agreement, dated as of February 17, 2009, between MBIA and National. By its execution hereof, National consents to the termination of the Transaction on the terms and conditions set forth herein and acknowledges that if the Bonds are not issued on or prior to the Expected Issuance Date, the Transaction may continue in full force and effect and the Policy shall remain in full force and effect with respect to the Transaction.

By:_____
Name: _____
Title: _____

\$(A PRINCIPAL)
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue
Bonds
2022 Refunding Series A

\$(B PRINCIPAL)
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER
AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue
Bonds
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

[Sale Date], 2022

CONTRACT OF PURCHASE

Northern California Power Agency
651 Commerce Drive
Roseville, California 95678

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned (hereinafter called the “Underwriters”) hereby offer to enter into this Contract of Purchase (this “Purchase Contract”) with you, the Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”). This offer is made subject to acceptance by NCPA prior to 11:00 P.M., New York time, on the date hereof, and upon such acceptance this Purchase Contract shall be in full force and effect in accordance with its terms and shall be binding upon NCPA and the Underwriters.

NCPA acknowledges and agrees that (i) the purchase and sale of the Bonds (as hereinafter defined) pursuant to this Purchase Contract is an arm’s-length commercial transaction between NCPA and the Underwriters, (ii) in connection therewith and with the discussions, undertakings and procedures leading up to the consummation of such transaction, the Underwriters are and have been acting solely as a principal and are not acting as the agent or fiduciary of NCPA, (iii) the Underwriters have not assumed an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of NCPA with respect to the offering contemplated hereby or the discussions, undertakings and procedures leading thereto (irrespective of whether the Underwriters or any affiliate of the Underwriters have provided other services or is currently providing other services to NCPA on other matters) and the Underwriters have no obligation to NCPA with respect to the offering contemplated hereby except the obligations expressly set forth in this Purchase Contract and (iv) NCPA has consulted its own legal, financial and other advisors to the extent it has deemed appropriate in connection with the offering and sale of the Bonds (as defined below).

1. **Purchase, Sale and Delivery of the Bonds.**

(a) Upon the terms and conditions and upon the basis of the representations herein set forth, the Underwriters hereby agree to purchase and NCPA hereby agrees to sell to the

Underwriters all (but not less than all) of NCPA's (1) \$[A Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the "2022 Series A Bonds"), and (2) \$[B Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the "2022 Series B Bonds" and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the "Bonds"). The Bonds shall be dated the date of delivery thereof and shall mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on Schedule I attached hereto. Interest on the Bonds shall be payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, [2022]. The aggregate purchase price of the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be \$_____ (being the \$[A Principal] aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds, [plus an original issue premium of \$_____], less Underwriters' discount of \$_____), and the aggregate purchase price of the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be \$_____ (being the \$[B Principal] aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds, less Underwriters' discount of \$_____).

(b) The Bonds are to be issued and secured under and pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022, and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022 (collectively, the "Indenture"), by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank National Association, as successor trustee (the "Trustee"), substantially in the form previously submitted to the Underwriters, with only such changes therein as shall be mutually agreed upon. Capitalized terms used herein and not defined shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Official Statement mentioned below.

The Bonds are being issued by NCPA for the purpose of providing funds, together with other available moneys, to (i) refund all of NCPA's outstanding [Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A (the "2008 Series A Bonds"), and Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A (the "2012 Series A Bonds" and, together with the 2008 Series A Bonds, the "Refunded Bonds"), and (ii) pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds, including costs of termination of an interest rate swap agreement relating to the 2008 Series A Bonds,. Pursuant to an Escrow Deposit Agreement, dated as of [April] 1, 2022 (the "Escrow Agreement"), by and between NCPA and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and Paying Agent for the 2012 Series A Bonds and as an escrow agent thereunder (the "Escrow Agent"), a portion of the proceeds of the [Bonds], together with certain other available moneys, will be deposited into an escrow fund and will either be held as cash or will be used to purchase defeasance securities that will bear interest at such rates and will be scheduled to mature at such times and in such amounts, so that sufficient moneys will be available to pay the redemption price (100.0% of the principal amount) of the 2012 Series A Bonds and accrued interest thereon to the redemption date of July 1, 2022.

NCPA and the Significant Share Project Participants have each agreed, pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement (each, a "Continuing Disclosure Agreement"), to be dated the Closing Date (as defined below), with the Trustee, to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System (the "EMMA System") a copy of their respective annual audited financial statements, as well as certain operating data relating to the Project and such Project Participants' respective electric systems, and to provide to the MSRB notices of certain events relating to the Bonds. A

description of this undertaking is set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement (both terms as defined below).

(c) At 8:00 A.M., California time, on [Closing Date], 2022, or at such other time or on such earlier or later business day as shall have been mutually agreed upon by NCPA and the Underwriters (such time and date being herein referred to as the “Closing Date”), NCPA will deliver to the Underwriters at the offices of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Newport Beach, California (“Bond Counsel”), the closing documents hereinafter mentioned. The Bonds, registered to Cede & Co. and in definitive form, will be made available to the Underwriters one business day prior to the Closing Date (hereinafter defined) at the offices of Bond Counsel, or at such other place as may be designated by the Underwriters and shall be subsequently delivered on the Closing Date through the facilities of DTC by the Fast Automated Securities Transfer (F.A.S.T) system. It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds, but neither the failure to print such number on any of the Bonds nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the Underwriters to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of this Purchase Contract. Upon release of the Bonds, the Underwriters will pay the purchase price of each Series of the Bonds as set forth in subsection (a) of this Section 1, in immediately available funds to the order of NCPA. The releases and payments referenced in this subsection (c) are herein called the “Closing.”

2. Public Offering; Establishment of Issue Price.

[to be revised if all bonds are not sold at issue price]

(a) The Underwriters agree to reoffer the 2022 Series A Bonds in a bona fide public offering at the initial offering prices or yields set forth in Schedule I attached hereto. After the initial offering, the Underwriters reserve the right to change such public offering prices as the Underwriters shall deem necessary in marketing the 2022 Series A Bonds.

(b) The Underwriters agree to assist NCPA in establishing the issue price of the 2022 Series A Bonds and shall execute and deliver to NCPA at Closing an “issue price” or similar certificate, together with the supporting pricing wires or equivalent communications, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, with such modifications as may be appropriate or necessary, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, NCPA and Special Tax Counsel, to accurately reflect, as applicable, the sales price or prices or the initial offering price or prices to the public of the 2022 Series A Bonds.

(c) The Underwriters confirm that they have offered the 2022 Series A Bonds to the public on or before the date of this Purchase Contract at the offering price or prices (the “initial offering price”), or at the corresponding yield or yields, set forth in Schedule I attached hereto. NCPA will treat the first price at which 10% of each maturity of the 2022 Series A Bonds (the “10% test”) is sold to the public as the issue price of that maturity. Schedule 1 to Exhibit A sets forth the maturities of the 2022 Series A Bonds with respect to which the 10% test has been satisfied as of the execution of the Purchase Contract (“10% Test Maturities”). As set forth in

Schedule 1 to Exhibit A, all of the maturities of the 2022 Series A Bonds are 10% Test Maturities.

(d) The Underwriters acknowledge that sales of any 2022 Series A Bonds to any person that is a related party to an Underwriter shall not constitute sales to the public for purposes of this section. Further, for purposes of this Section 2:

(1) “maturity” means 2022 Series A Bonds with the same credit and payment terms; 2022 Series A Bonds with different maturity dates, or 2022 Series A Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities,

(2) “public” means any person other than an underwriter or a related party,

(3) “underwriter” means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with NCPA (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds to the public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds to the public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a third-party distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of 2022 Series A Bonds to the public),

(4) a purchaser of any 2022 Series A Bonds is a “related party” to an Underwriter if the Underwriter and the purchaser are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) more than 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and

(5) “sale date” means the date of execution of this Purchase Contract by all parties.

3. Use and Preparation of the Official Statement. NCPA has heretofore delivered to the Underwriters a Preliminary Official Statement dated [POS Date], 2022, relating to the Bonds (as supplemented or amended with the consent of the Underwriters, the “Preliminary Official Statement”), that NCPA has deemed final as of its date in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Rule 15c2-12”). NCPA shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the Underwriters, within seven (7) business days from the date hereof, copies of an official statement relating to the Bonds executed on behalf of and approved for distribution by NCPA in the form of the Preliminary Official Statement, as revised to conform to the terms of this Purchase Contract and to reflect the reoffering terms of the Bonds and with such other changes as shall have been approved by NCPA and consented to by the

Underwriters (the “Official Statement”). NCPA shall deliver the Official Statement in “designated electronic format” (as defined in MSRB Rule G-32) and in such quantities as the Underwriters may reasonably request in order to comply with paragraph (b)(4) of Rule 15c2-12 and the rules of the MSRB. NCPA hereby approves the distribution of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and authorizes the use of copies of the Official Statement (including any amendment or supplement thereto) and the documents referred to therein in connection with the offering and sale of the Bonds by the Underwriters. The Underwriters hereby agree to deliver a copy of the Official Statement to the MSRB in accordance with the applicable rules of the MSRB.

4. Representations of NCPA. NCPA represents to the Underwriters that, as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date:

(a) NCPA has full legal right, power and authority to cause the Bonds to be authenticated and delivered, to execute and deliver this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party and the Third Phase Agreement, and to perform its obligations contained herein and therein in accordance with the Act and other applicable laws; and, by official action of NCPA prior to or concurrently with the acceptance hereof, NCPA has duly authorized and approved the issuance and delivery of the Bonds and the performance of its obligations contained herein and therein, the execution and delivery of this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party and the Third Phase Agreement and the performance of its obligations contained herein and therein and the consummation by it of all other transactions contemplated by this Purchase Contract, the Official Statement, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party and the Third Phase Agreement to have been performed or consummated at or prior to the Closing Date, all in accordance with the Act and other applicable laws, and NCPA has complied, or will on the Closing Date be in compliance with the provisions thereof in all material respects;

(b) NCPA is duly existing as a public entity organized under the laws of the State of California (the “State”), and under the laws of the State has full legal right, power and authority to refinance all or part of the acquisition, construction and improvement of the Project;

(c) Between the date hereof and the Closing Date, except as contemplated by the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, NCPA will not have incurred any material liabilities, direct or contingent, with respect to the Hydroelectric Project or entered into any material transaction with respect to the Hydroelectric Project, in either case other than in the ordinary course of business, and there shall not have been any material adverse change in the financial condition of NCPA or the Hydroelectric Project;

(d) The performance by NCPA of its obligations contained in the Bonds and the execution and delivery of this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party and the Third Phase Agreement and the performance of its obligations contained herein and therein do not and will not in any material respect conflict with or constitute a breach of or default under any law, administrative regulation, court decree, resolution or agreement to which NCPA is subject or by which it is bound; to its

knowledge, NCPA is not, in any material respect, in breach of or in default under any applicable law or administrative regulation of the State of California or the United States or any applicable judgment or decree or any loan agreement, indenture, bond, note, resolution, agreement or other instrument to which it is a party or is otherwise subject and, no event has occurred and is continuing which, with the passage of time or the giving of notice or both, would constitute a default or an event of default under any such instrument, in any case where such breach or default would materially adversely affect NCPA's ability to meet its obligations under the Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party and the Third Phase Agreement or the validity or enforceability thereof;

(e) Except as disclosed in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, no litigation is pending or, to the knowledge of NCPA, threatened in any court (i) in any way questioning the corporate existence of NCPA or the titles of the officers of NCPA to their respective offices; (ii) seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance or delivery of any of the Bonds, or the collection of revenues pledged or to be pledged to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which NCPA is a party or the Third Phase Agreement or the collection of said revenues, or the pledge thereof, or contesting the powers of NCPA or any authority for the issuance and delivery of the Bonds or the performance of its obligations contained therein or the execution and delivery of this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party or the Third Phase Agreement or the performance of its obligations contained herein or therein, (iii) which would be likely to result in any material adverse change in the business, properties, assets or financial condition of NCPA relating to the Bonds or to have a material adverse effect on the ability of NCPA to meet its obligations under the Bonds, this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party or the Third Phase Agreement; or (iv) asserting that the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that if the Underwriters accepts at the Closing any change in the certificate referred to in Section 5(e)(3) hereof, the representations contained in this Section 4(e) shall be deemed modified to a like extent;

(f) All authorizations, approvals, licenses, permits, consents and orders of any governmental authority, legislative body, board, agency or commission having jurisdiction of the matter which are required for the due authorization by, or which would constitute a condition precedent to or the absence of which would materially adversely affect the due performance by, NCPA of its obligations in connection with this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party or the Third Phase Agreement or the issuance, offering and sale of the Bonds have been duly obtained, except for such approvals, consents and orders as may be required under the Blue Sky or securities laws of any state in connection with the offering and sale of the Bonds;

(g) All material studies undertaken by or on behalf of NCPA with respect to the Project have been disclosed and/or made available to the Underwriters;

(h) The Joint Powers Agreement and the Third Phase Agreement are and shall be in full force and effect, and neither NCPA nor, to the knowledge of NCPA, any of the Project Participants, respectively, is in default thereunder;

(i) The Bonds, the Indenture, the Third Phase Agreement, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreements and the other documents described in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement conform in all material respects to the descriptions thereof contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement; and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery thereof by the other parties thereto, when executed and delivered, this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Third Phase Agreement, the Escrow Agreement and the Continuing Disclosure Agreement will be valid and binding agreements of the NCPA, enforceable in accordance with their respective terms, except as enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the possible unavailability of specific performance or injunctive relief, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to the limitations on legal remedies against public agencies in the State of California; and the Bonds, when delivered as provided herein, will be validly issued and outstanding obligations of NCPA entitled to the benefits of the Indenture and the Third Phase Agreement;

(j) NCPA will furnish such information, execute such instruments and take such other action not inconsistent with law in cooperation with the Underwriters as the Underwriters may reasonably request in order (i) to qualify the Bonds for offer and sale under the Blue Sky or other securities laws and regulations of such states and other jurisdictions of the United States as the Underwriters may designate and (ii) to determine the eligibility of the Bonds for investment under the laws of such states and other jurisdictions, and will use its best efforts to continue such qualification in effect so long as required for the distribution of the Bonds; provided that NCPA shall not be obligated to take any action that would subject it to the general service of process in any state or jurisdiction where it is not now so subject;

(k) As of its date and at the time of NCPA's acceptance hereof, the Preliminary Official Statement is true, complete, correct and final in all material respects, except for the omission of certain information permitted to be omitted in accordance with Rule 15c2-12, and, except for the omission of certain information permitted to be omitted in accordance with Rule 15c2-12, does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;

(l) The Official Statement is and at all times subsequent hereto up to and including the Closing Date will be (unless an event occurs of the nature described in paragraph (m) hereof), true and correct in all material respects; and the Official Statement does not and will not (unless an event occurs of the nature described in paragraph (m) hereof) omit any statement or information necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under

which they were made, not misleading, except that no representation is made as to any information included in the Official Statement relating to The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) or its book-entry only system;

(m) If between the date hereof and the date which is 25 days after the end of the underwriting period (as determined in accordance with paragraph (o) hereof), an event occurs which might or would cause the information contained in the Official Statement, as previously supplemented or amended, to contain an untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact necessary to make the information therein, in the light of the circumstances under which it was presented, not misleading, NCPA will notify the Underwriters, and, if in the opinion of NCPA or the Underwriters, or counsel to the Underwriters, such event requires the preparation and publication of a supplement or amendment to the Official Statement, NCPA will forthwith prepare and furnish to the Underwriters (at the expense of NCPA) a reasonable number of copies of an amendment of or supplement to the Official Statement (in form and substance satisfactory to counsel to the Underwriters) which will amend or supplement the Official Statement so that it will not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing at the time the Official Statement is delivered to prospective purchasers, not misleading. For the purposes of this subsection, between the date hereof and the date which is 25 days after the end of the underwriting period, NCPA will furnish such information with respect to itself as the Underwriters may from time to time reasonably request;

(n) If the information contained in the Official Statement is amended or supplemented pursuant to paragraph (m) hereof, at the time of each supplement or amendment thereto and (unless subsequently again supplemented or amended pursuant to such paragraph) at all times subsequent thereto up to and including the date which is 25 days after the end of the underwriting period (as determined in accordance with paragraph (o) hereof), the Official Statement as so supplemented or amended (including any financial and statistical data contained therein) will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make such information therein, in the light of the circumstances under which it was presented, not misleading;

(o) The term “end of the underwriting period” referred to in paragraphs (m) and (n) hereof shall mean the later of such time as (i) NCPA delivers the Bonds to the Underwriters or (ii) the Underwriters does not retain an unsold balance of the Bonds for sale to the public. Unless the Underwriters gives notice to the contrary, the end of the underwriting period shall be deemed to be the Closing Date;

(p) After the Closing, NCPA will not participate in the issuance of any amendment of or supplement to the Official Statement to which, after being furnished with a copy, the Underwriters shall reasonably object in writing or which shall be disapproved by counsel to the Underwriters;

(q) The financial statements of NCPA contained as Appendix B to the Official Statement do and will fairly present the financial position and results of operations of NCPA as

of the dates and for the periods therein set forth in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied consistently; and

(r) Except as disclosed in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, NCPA has not, in the last five years, failed in any material respect to comply with any previous continuing disclosure undertaking entered into by it under Rule 15c2-12.

5. Conditions to the Obligations of the Underwriters. The Underwriters have entered into this Purchase Contract in reliance upon the representations herein and the performance by NCPA of NCPA's obligations hereunder, both as of the date hereof and as of the Closing Date. The Underwrites' obligations under this Purchase Contract are and shall be subject to the following further conditions:

(a) The representations of NCPA contained herein shall be true and correct in all material respects at the date hereof and on the Closing Date.

(b) As of the Closing Date, a material adverse change in or affecting NCPA, the Project Participants, the Bonds or the security and sources of payment therefor, the status of operation of the Hydroelectric Project or the required permits, licenses or approvals relating to the Hydroelectric Project, as each of the foregoing matters were described in the Official Statement, shall not have occurred requiring an amendment or supplement to the Official Statement pursuant to Section 4(m) hereof to disclose, the effect of which amendment or supplement is, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, to materially adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices or yields, of the Bonds;

(c) At the time of the Closing, this Purchase Contract, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreements and the Third Phase Agreement shall have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the respective parties thereto, and the Official Statement shall have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by NCPA, all in substantially the forms heretofore submitted to the Underwriters, with only such changes as shall have been agreed to by the Underwriters, and such Purchase Contract, Indenture, Escrow Agreement, Continuing Disclosure Agreements and Third Phase Agreement shall be in full force and effect and shall not have been amended, modified or supplemented and the Official Statement shall not have been supplemented or amended, except in any such case as may have been agreed to by the Underwriters; NCPA shall perform or have performed its obligations required under or specified in this Purchase Contract, the Official Statement, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party and the Third Phase Agreement to be performed at or prior to the Closing; and there shall be in full force and effect such resolution or resolutions of the Commission of NCPA as, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, shall be necessary or appropriate in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby;

(d) The Underwriters may terminate this Purchase Contract by notification to NCPA if at any time after the date hereof and prior to the Closing Date any of the following shall occur:

(i) legislation shall be enacted by the legislature of the State of California, the Congress of the United States or shall have been favorably reported out of committee of either House thereof or a decision by a Court of the State of California or the United States or the Tax Court of the United States shall be rendered or a ruling, regulation or official statement by or on behalf of the Treasury Department of the United States, the Internal Revenue Service or other governmental agency shall be made with respect to federal or state taxation upon revenues or other income of the general character expected to be derived by NCPA or upon interest received on securities of the general character of the Bonds in the hands of the holders thereof which, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices or yields, of the Bonds; or

(ii) a stop order, ruling, regulation, or release by or on behalf of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction of the subject matter shall be issued or made to the effect that the issuance, offering, sale or distribution of obligations of the general character of the Bonds is in violation or would be in violation of any provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended or the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended; or

(iii) legislation introduced in or enacted by the Congress or an order, decree, or injunction issued by any court of competent jurisdiction, or an order, ruling, regulation, release or other official notice issued or made by or on behalf of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction of the subject matter, to the effect that obligations of the general character of the Bonds, including any or all underlying arrangements, are not exempt from registration under the Securities Act, or that the Indenture is not exempt from qualification under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or that the issuance, offering, or sale of obligations of the general character of the Bonds, including any or all underlying arrangements, as contemplated hereby or by the Official Statement, is or would be in violation of the federal securities laws as amended and then in effect; or

(iv) there shall have occurred any new outbreak or escalation of war or similar hostilities or declaration by the United States of a national emergency or war or any other national or international calamity or crisis (including in the financial markets), or any escalation thereof, which, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices or yields, of the Bonds; or

(v) there shall have occurred a general suspension of trading, minimum or maximum prices for trading shall have been fixed and be in force or maximum

ranges or prices for securities shall have been required on the New York Stock Exchange or other national stock exchange whether by virtue of a determination by that Exchange or by order of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction or any national securities exchange shall have: (A) imposed additional material restrictions not in force as of the date hereof with respect to trading in securities generally, or to the Bonds or similar obligations; or (B) materially increased restrictions now in force with respect to the extension of credit by or the charge to the net capital requirements of underwriters or broker-dealers, in any such case, which, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices or yields, of the Bonds; or

(vi) a general banking moratorium shall have been declared by Federal, New York or California authorities having jurisdiction and shall be in force or a major financial crisis or a material disruption in commercial banking or securities settlement or clearance services shall have occurred, which, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices or yields, of the Bonds; or

(vii) any event shall occur, or information shall become known which makes untrue or incorrect in any material respect, as of the time of such event or information becoming known, any statement or information contained in the Official Statement, or has the effect that the Official Statement contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading and, in either such event: (A) NCPA refuses to permit the Official Statement to be supplemented to supply such statement or information or (B) the effect of the Official Statement as so supplemented is, in the reasonable judgment of the Underwriters, to materially adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices or yields, of the Bonds; or

(viii) there shall have occurred any downgrading, suspension, withdrawal, or negative change in credit watch status to any rating of the Bonds or other Hydroelectric Project parity debt securities of NCPA.

(e) At or prior to the Closing Date, the Underwriters shall receive the following documents:

(1) the opinions of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Bond Counsel to NCPA, and Nixon Peabody LLP, Special Tax Counsel to NCPA, each dated the Closing Date, substantially in the forms attached as Appendix F to the Official Statement;

(2) a certificate or certificates, dated the Closing Date, of NCPA executed by its General Manager, its Assistant General Manager/CFO, Finance and Administrative Services, or other appropriate official, to the effect that (A) on the date of the Official Statement and on the Closing Date (unless an event shall have occurred of the nature described in Section 4(m)) and an amendment or supplement has been made to the Official Statement, in which case, including any amendment or supplement to the Official Statement as of such date) (i) the descriptions and statements of or pertaining to NCPA and the Project contained in the Official Statement were and are true and correct in all material respects; (ii) insofar as NCPA and its affairs, including its financial affairs, are concerned, the Official Statement did not and does not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit any statement or information which is necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (iii) insofar as the descriptions and statements, including financial data, of or pertaining to other bodies and their activities contained in the Official Statement are concerned, such descriptions, statements and data have been obtained from sources which NCPA believes to be reliable and NCPA has no reason to believe that they are untrue in any material respect (provided that no representation is made as to DTC and its book-entry only system); (B) during the five-day period immediately preceding the Closing Date such official spoke by telephone with the Mayor or other appropriate official of the Significant Share Project Participants and asked each such individual questions relating to the representations to be made by such Significant Share Project Participant in the certificate to be delivered by such Significant Share Project Participant on the Closing Date and the information relating to such Significant Share Project Participant included in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement (including any amendment or supplement to the Official Statement as of such date), and in the course of such conversations no facts came to the attention of such official that would lead such official to believe that either the ability of any Significant Share Project Participant to comply with its obligations under the Third Phase Agreement has been materially and adversely affected or that the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and (C) the representations of NCPA in this Purchase Contract were true and correct as of the date made and are true and correct on and as of the Closing Date as if made on and as of the Closing Date, and NCPA has complied with and performed all of its covenants and agreements in this Purchase Contract to be complied with and performed at or prior to the Closing Date;

(3) a certificate dated the Closing Date, by the Chairman of the Commission or other appropriate official of NCPA and Jane E. Luckhardt, Esq., General Counsel to NCPA, to the effect that other than as described in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement (including any amendment or supplement to the Official Statement as of such date), no litigation is pending (with NCPA having received service of process) or, to their knowledge, threatened in any court (i) in any way questioning the corporate existence of NCPA or the titles of the officers of NCPA to their respective offices; (ii) seeking to restrain or enjoin the delivery of the Bonds, or the collection of revenues pledged or to be pledged to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the

Bonds; (iii) in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Third Phase Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreements or this Purchase Contract; (iv) in any way contesting or affecting the collection of said revenues or the pledge thereof, or contesting the powers of NCPA or any authority for the issuance and delivery of the Bonds and the performance by NCPA of its obligations contained therein or the execution and delivery of the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Third Phase Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party or this Purchase Contract and the performance of its obligations contained therein or herein; (v) which would be likely to result in any material adverse change in the business, properties, assets or the financial condition of NCPA relating to the Project or which would be likely to have a material adverse effect on the ability of NCPA to meet its obligations under the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to which it is a party or the Third Phase Agreement; or (vi) asserting that the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, which certificate shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Underwriters (but in lieu of such certificate, the Underwriters may in its discretion accept an opinion of Bond Counsel or Counsel to NCPA, acceptable to the Underwriters in form and substance, that in their opinion the issues raised in any such pending or threatened litigation are without substance or that the contentions of any plaintiffs therein are without merit);

(4) opinions of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Jane E. Luckhardt, Esq., and Spiegel & McDiarmid LLP, each dated the Closing Date, substantially in the respective forms attached hereto as Exhibits B-1 and B-2, C and D, respectively, with such changes as counsel to the Underwriters may approve;

(5) a defeasance opinion of Bond Counsel relating to the defeasance of the 2012 Series A Bonds, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Trustee;

(6) certificates of the Project Participants, dated the Closing Date, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E, and of the Significant Share Project Participants, dated the Closing Date, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit F (the Underwriters may, in its discretion, accept a legal opinion to the effect that the issues raised in any pending or threatened litigation mentioned therein are without substance or that the contentions of the plaintiffs therein are without merit);

(7) an opinion of counsel to each Project Participant substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit G;

(8) copies of the documents referred to in Section 5(c) in substantially the form previously submitted to the Underwriters with only changes, amendments, modifications or supplements as agreed to by the Underwriters;

(9) certified copies of all proceedings relating to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds certified by the General Manager or other appropriate official of NCPA;

(10) a certified copy of the general resolution of the Trustee, Escrow Agent and Dissemination Agent authorizing the execution and delivery of the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement and the Continuing Disclosure Agreements, together with a certificate to the effect that (i) the Trustee, Escrow Agent and Dissemination Agent is a national association existing under the laws of the United States of America; (ii) the Trustee, Escrow Agent and Dissemination Agent has full corporate trust powers and authority to serve as Trustee under the Indenture, as Escrow Agent under the Escrow Agreement and as Dissemination Agent under the Continuing Disclosure Agreements, respectively; and (iii) the Trustee's, Escrow Agent's and Dissemination Agent's actions in executing and delivering the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement and the Continuing Disclosure Agreements, respectively, is in full compliance with and does not conflict with any applicable law or governmental regulation currently in effect and does not conflict with or violate any contract to which the Trustee, Escrow Agent or Dissemination Agent is a party or any administrative or judicial decision by which the Trustee, Escrow Agent or Dissemination Agent is bound;

(11) An opinion, dated the Closing Date and addressed to NCPA, the Underwriters, the Escrow Agent and the Trustee, of counsel to the Trustee and Escrow Agent, in such form as Bond Counsel and counsel to the Underwriters shall approve;

(12) A copy of the audited financial statements of NCPA included as Appendix B to the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, together with a letter from Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP (the "Independent Auditors"), in form acceptable to the Underwriters, consenting to the references to such firm and the inclusion of such financial statements of NCPA in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, or confirmation from NCPA in a form satisfactory to the Underwriters that no such consent shall be required under the terms of NCPA's contract for services of the Independent Auditors;

(13) Tax certifications by NCPA in form and substance acceptable to Special Tax Counsel;

(14) Evidence that a federal tax information form 8038-G has been prepared for filing with respect to the Bonds;

(15) A copy of the Notice of Final Sale required to be delivered to the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission pursuant to Section 8855 of the California Government Code;

(16) A copy of the verification report prepared by [Verification Agent], as verification agent, in connection with the 2012 Series A Bonds;

(17) evidence satisfactory to the Underwriters that the Bonds shall have been rated at least “[Aa3]” and “[AA-]” by Moody’s Investors Service and Fitch Ratings, respectively; and neither of such ratings shall have been suspended, revoked or downgraded;

(18) A copy of any Blue Sky Memorandum with respect to the Bonds, prepared by Underwriters’ Counsel;

(19) an opinion of Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Underwriters’ Counsel, dated the Closing Date, in the form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriters;

(20) an opinion of Nixon Peabody LLP, Special Tax Counsel to NCPA, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Underwriters, to the effect that the statements contained in the Official Statement under the caption “TAX MATTERS” and in the form and content of such firm’s Special Tax Counsel opinion included in “APPENDIX F – PROPOSED FORMS OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION AND SPECIAL TAX COUNSEL OPINION,” are accurate in all material respects; and

(21) such additional certificates, instruments and other documents as the Underwriters may reasonably deem necessary to evidence the truth and accuracy as of the Closing Date of NCPA’s representations and warranties contained in this Purchase Contract and the due performance or satisfaction by NCPA at or prior to such time of all agreements then to be performed and all conditions then to be satisfied by NCPA pursuant to this Purchase Contract.

The opinions and certificates and other material referred to above shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Underwriters and to Underwriters’ Counsel.

If NCPA shall be unable to satisfy the conditions to the obligations of the Underwriters to purchase, to accept delivery of and to pay for the Bonds contained in this Purchase Contract, or if the obligations of the Underwriters to purchase, to accept delivery of and to pay for the Bonds shall be terminated for any reason permitted by this Purchase Contract, this Purchase Contract and all obligations of the Underwriters hereunder may be terminated by the Underwriters at or at any time prior to the Closing by written notice delivered by the Underwriters to NCPA, and neither the Underwriters nor NCPA shall have any further obligations hereunder, except that the respective obligations of NCPA and the Underwriters set forth in Sections 6 and 8 hereof shall continue in full force and effect. In the event that the Underwriters fails (other than for a reason permitted under this Purchase Contract) to purchase, accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds on the Closing Date as herein provided, the amount of one percent (1%) of the principal amount of the Bonds will be accepted as and shall constitute full liquidated damages for such failure and for any and all defaults hereunder on the part of the Underwriters, and shall constitute full release and discharge of all claims and rights hereunder of NCPA against the Underwriters with respect to such failure. The Underwriters and NCPA understand that in such event the actual damages of NCPA may be greater or may be less than such amount. Accordingly, the Underwriters hereby waives any right to claim that the actual damages of NCPA are less than such sum, and the acceptance of this offer by NCPA shall constitute a waiver of any right NCPA may have to

additional damages from the Underwriters. Except as set forth in Sections 6 and 8 hereof, no party hereto shall have any further rights against any other party hereunder with respect to such failure.

6. Expenses. NCPA shall pay or cause to be paid (or shall reimburse the Underwriters in the expense portion of the Underwriters' Discount for their payment of) the expenses incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder including but not limited to (a) the cost of the preparation and printing or other reproduction (for distribution on or prior to the date hereof) of the Indenture and the other documents mentioned herein; (b) the fees and disbursements of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation, Nixon Peabody LLP, Spiegel & McDiarmid LLP, PFM Financial Advisors LLC, the Trustee, the Escrow Agent, the Dissemination Agent, the verification agent and any other experts or consultants retained by NCPA; (c) the costs and fees of the credit rating agencies; (d) the cost of preparing and delivering the definitive Bonds; (e) the cost of immediately available funds for the Closing; and (f) the cost of preparation and printing or other reproduction of this Purchase Contract and any Blue Sky Memorandum, and of the preparation of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and any supplement thereto, including a reasonable number of certified or conformed copies thereof; (g) the cost of printing such reasonable number of copies of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and any supplement thereto as the Underwriters may request for use in connection with the public offering of the Bonds; (h) all other expenses incurred by them in connection with their public offering and distribution of the Bonds, including the fee and disbursements of Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, counsel to the Underwriters, and the fees of Digital Assurance Certification, L.L.C. for a continuing disclosure compliance review; (i) the fees of the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission; and (j) any expenses incurred on behalf of NCPA's employees, including but not limited to, closing costs, meals, transportation and lodging of those employees. NCPA acknowledges that the fees payable to the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission in connection with the Bonds are the legal obligation of the Underwriters and not NCPA and NCPA consents to reimburse the Underwriters for such fees. NCPA acknowledges that it has had an opportunity, in consultation with such advisors as it may deem appropriate, if any, to evaluate and consider the fees and expenses being incurred as part of the issuance of the Bonds.

7. Notices. Any notice or other communication to be given to NCPA under this Purchase Contract may be given by delivering the same in writing to the Commission, Northern California Power Agency, 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, California 95678, Attention: General Manager; and any notice or other communication to be given to the Underwriters under this Purchase Contract may be given by delivering the same in writing to: Citigroup Global Markets Inc., 300 S. Grand Ave., Suite 3110, Los Angeles, CA 90071, Attention: Steve Dworkin, Managing Director.

8. Parties in Interest; Survival of Representations and Agreements. This Purchase Contract, when accepted by NCPA in writing as heretofore specified, shall constitute the entire agreement between NCPA and the Underwriters with respect to the purchase of the Bonds and is made solely for the benefit of NCPA and the Underwriters (including any successor in business of the Underwriters). No other person shall acquire or have any right hereunder or by virtue hereof. All the representations and agreements in this Purchase Contract shall remain operative and in full force and effect, regardless of (a) any investigation made by or on behalf the Underwriters, (b) delivery of and payment for the Bonds hereunder, and (c) any termination of this Purchase Contract.

Very truly yours,

CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC.

BOFA SECURITIES, INC.

By: CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC.,
as Representative of the Underwriters

By: _____
Managing Director

Accepted at [_____] [a.m./p.m.] Pacific Standard Time on [Sale Date], 2022

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY

By: _____
General Manager

SCHEDULE I

[\$[A PRINCIPAL]]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

<u>Maturity Date</u> <u>(July 1)*</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Price</u>
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[†]* All of the maturities are 10% Test Maturities.]

[\$[A PRINCIPAL]]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

<u>Maturity Date</u> <u>(July 1)</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Price</u>
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[FORM OF ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE]

\$[A PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., who has acted as the representative on its own behalf and on behalf of other underwriting members (collectively, the “Underwriters”) with respect to the sale and issuance of the above-captioned obligations (the “Bonds”) of the Northern California Power Agency (the “Issuer”), hereby certifies as set forth below.

[to be revised for any maturities that don’t meet the 10% test]

1. ***Sale of the General Rule Maturities.*** As of the date of this certificate, for each Maturity of the General Rule Maturities, the first price at which at least 10% of such Maturity was sold to the Public is the respective price listed in Schedule 1 hereto.

2. ***Defined Terms.***

(a) ***General Rule Maturities*** means those Maturities of the Bonds listed in Schedule 1 hereto as the “General Rule Maturities.” As set forth in Schedule 1 all of the Maturities of the Bonds are General Rule Maturities.

(b) ***Maturity*** means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) ***Public*** means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term “related party” for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50 percent common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) ***Sale Date*** means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is [Sale Date], 2022.

(e) ***Underwriter*** means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents the undersigned's interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Tax Certificate with respect to the Bonds and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by Nixon Peabody LLP in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this certificate on this __ day of [April], 2022.

CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC.

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

SCHEDULE 1 TO EXHIBIT A
SALE PRICES OF THE GENERAL RULE MATURITIES

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

Maturity Date (July 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
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EXHIBIT B-1

[Letterhead of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation]

[Closing Date]

[to be revised]

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Los Angeles, California

Re: \$[A PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

\$[B PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter is addressed to you, as representative of the Underwriters, pursuant to Section 5(e)(4) of the Contract of Purchase, dated [Sale Date], 2022 (the “Contract of Purchase”), between the Northern California Power Agency (the “Agency”) and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., on behalf of itself and as representative of the underwriters named therein (the “Underwriters”), providing for the purchase of the Agency’s \$[A Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”), and the Agency’s \$[B Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022, and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022 (collectively, the “Indenture”), between the Agency and U.S. Bank National Association, as successor trustee. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Indenture or, if not defined in the Indenture, the Contract of Purchase.

We have delivered our final legal opinion (the “Bond Opinion”) as bond counsel to the Agency concerning the validity of the Bonds and certain other matters, dated the date hereof and

addressed to the Agency. You may rely on such opinion as though the same were addressed to you.

In connection with our role as bond counsel to the Agency, we have reviewed the Indenture, the Official Statement of the Agency dated [Sale Date], 2022 with respect to the Bonds (the “Official Statement”), the Contract of Purchase, certificates of the Agency, the Trustee and others, opinions of counsels to the Agency, the Trustee and others, and such other documents, opinions and matters to the extent we deemed necessary to provide the opinions or conclusions set forth in the numbered paragraphs below.

We have assumed the genuineness of all documents and signatures presented to us (whether as originals or as copies) and the due and legal execution and delivery thereof by, and validity against, any parties other than the Agency. We have not undertaken to verify independently, and have assumed, the accuracy of the factual matters represented or certified in the documents, and of the legal conclusions contained in the opinions referred to in the third paragraph hereof.

Based on and subject to the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, as of the date hereof, we are of the following opinions or conclusions:

1. The Bonds are not subject to the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Indenture is exempt from qualification pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

2. The Contract of Purchase and the Continuing Disclosure Agreement have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Agency and (assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by and validity against the other parties thereto) are valid and binding agreements of the Agency. We call attention to the fact that the rights and obligations under the Contract of Purchase and the Continuing Disclosure Agreement and the enforceability thereof are subject to and may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors’ rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the possible unavailability of specific performance or injunctive relief, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to the limitations on legal remedies against public agencies in the State of California. We express no opinion with respect to any indemnification, contribution, penalty, choice of law, choice of forum or waiver (including, without limitation, waiver of jury trial or consent to nonjury trial) provisions contained in the Contract of Purchase or the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

3. The statements contained in the Official Statement under the captions “INTRODUCTION,” “PLAN OF REFUNDING,” “THE 2022 BONDS,” “SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE 2022 BONDS,” “APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE,” “APPENDIX E – PROPOSED FORMS OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENTS” and in the form of our opinion included in “APPENDIX F – PROPOSED FORMS OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION AND SPECIAL TAX COUNSEL OPINION,” (excluding any statements under each such caption relating to The Depository Trust Company, Cede & Co. and the book-entry system, and any statements relating to the treatment of the Bonds or the interest, discount or premium, if any thereon or therefrom for

tax purposes under the laws of any jurisdiction, as to all of which we express no view) , insofar as the statements contained under such captions purport to summarize certain provisions of the Bonds, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreements, the Third Phase Agreement and our Bond Opinion, present an accurate summary of such provisions for the purpose of use in the Official Statement.

The opinions and conclusions expressed herein are limited to matters under and governed by the laws of the State of California and the federal securities law of the United States, and we assume no responsibility with respect to the applicability or effect of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

This letter is furnished by us as Bond Counsel. No attorney client relationship has existed or exists between our firm and yourselves in connection with the Bonds or by virtue of this letter. We disclaim any obligation to update this letter. This letter is delivered to you as the Underwriters of the Bonds, is solely for your benefit as such Underwriters, and is not to be used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to or relied upon for any other purpose or by any other person. This letter is not intended to be relied upon by owners of the Bonds.

Respectfully submitted,

[Letterhead of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth, a Professional Corporation]

[Closing Date]

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Los Angeles, California

Re: \$[A PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

\$[B PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Disclosure Counsel to the Northern California Power Agency (the “Agency”) in connection with the issuance by the Agency of its \$[A Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”), and its \$[B Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022, and Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022 (collectively, the “Indenture”), between the Agency and U.S. Bank National Association, as successor trustee.

The Bonds are being sold and delivered by the Agency on the date hereof to you, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., on behalf of itself and as representative of the underwriters named therein (the “Underwriters”), pursuant to that certain Contract of Purchase, dated [Sale Date], 2022 (the “Contract of Purchase”), between the Agency and the Underwriters.

We have reviewed the Preliminary Official Statement of the Agency dated [POS Date], 2022 with respect to the Bonds (the “Preliminary Official Statement”) and the Official Statement of the Agency dated [Sale Date], 2022 with respect to the Bonds (the “Official Statement”), certificates of the Agency, the Trustee, the Project Participants and others, the opinion of Special Tax Counsel, opinions of counsels to the Agency, the Project Participants and others, and such other records, opinions and documents, and we have made such investigations of law and fact, as

we have deemed appropriate as a basis for the conclusions hereinafter expressed. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement.

We have assumed, but not independently verified, that the signatures on all documents, letters, opinions, certificates and instructions which we have examined are genuine, that all documents submitted to us are authentic and were duly and properly executed by the parties thereto and that all representations made in the documents that we have reviewed are true and accurate.

In our capacity as Disclosure Counsel, we have rendered certain legal advice and assistance to the Agency in connection with the preparation of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement. Rendering such legal advice and assistance involved, among other things, discussions and inquiries concerning various legal matters, review of certain records, documents and proceedings, and participation in conferences with, among others, representatives of the Agency, the Significant Share Project Participants, their respective counsel, Special Tax Counsel, PFM Financial Advisors LLC, as municipal advisor to the Agency, the Underwriters, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, as counsel to the Underwriters, and others, during which conferences the contents of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement and related matters were discussed. On the basis of the information made available to us in the course of the foregoing (but without having undertaken to determine or verify independently, or assuming any responsibility for, the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any of the statements contained in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement), as of the date hereof no facts have come to the attention of the personnel in our firm directly involved in rendering legal advice and assistance in connection with the preparation of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement that causes us to believe that (a) the Preliminary Official Statement as of its date or as of the date of the Contract of Purchase contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (excluding therefrom the discussions contained in the Preliminary Official Statement of permits, licenses and approvals required for the construction and operation of any projects of the Agency or the Significant Share Project Participants, and the status thereof, the description of any litigation, statements relating to the treatment of the Bonds or the interest, discount or premium, if any, thereon or therefrom for tax purposes under the law of any jurisdiction, any information relating to DTC, Cede & Co., the book-entry system, forecasts, projections, estimates, assumptions and expressions of opinions and the financial and statistical data included therein, and Appendices B through G thereto, as to all of which we express no view, and except for such information as is permitted to be excluded from the Preliminary Official Statement pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including but not limited to information as to pricing, yields, interest rates, maturities, amortization, redemption provisions, debt service requirements, underwriter's discount, ratings and CUSIP numbers), or (b) the Official Statement as of its date or as of the date hereof contained or contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (excluding therefrom the discussions contained in the Official Statement of permits, licenses and approvals required for the construction and operation of any projects of the Agency or the Significant Share Project Participants, and the status thereof, the description of any litigation, statements relating to the

treatment of the Bonds or the interest, discount or premium, if any, thereon or therefrom for tax purposes under the law of any jurisdiction, any information relating to DTC, Cede & Co., the book-entry system, forecasts, projections, estimates, assumptions and expressions of opinions and the financial and statistical data included therein, and Appendices B through G thereto, as to all of which we express no view). Moreover, in providing such advice and assistance to the Agency, we provided no independent diligence on the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access website, and we express no view regarding the Agency's or the Significant Share Project Participants' compliance with any obligation to file annual reports or provide notice of specified events, each as described in Rule 15c2-12. Finally, we advise you that, other than reviewing the various certificates and opinions required by Section 5(e) of the Contract of Purchase regarding the Official Statement, we have not taken any steps since the date of the Official Statement to verify the accuracy of the statements contained in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement as of the date hereof.

By acceptance of this letter you acknowledge that: (i) the preceding paragraph is neither a legal opinion nor a guarantee regarding the contents of the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement but rather merely a statement of negative assurance regarding the absence of factual information that came to the attention of the attorneys in our firm directly performing the limited activities involved in our role as Disclosure Counsel to the Agency on this matter; (ii) the scope of the activities performed by such attorneys in our role as Disclosure Counsel and for purposes of delivering such advice and assistance was inherently limited and does not purport to encompass all activities necessary for compliance by you with applicable federal and state securities laws; and (iii) the activities performed by such attorneys in our role as Disclosure Counsel rely in part by representations, warranties, certifications and opinions of other parties to the transaction, including representations, warranties and certifications made by the Agency, the Project Participants, the Underwriters, PFM Financial Advisors LLC, and others.

We are furnishing this letter as Disclosure Counsel to the Agency, and not as counsel to the Underwriters. No attorney-client relationship has existed or exists between our firm and the Underwriters in connection with the Bonds or by virtue of this letter. We note that the Underwriters is represented by separate counsel retained by it in connection with the sale of the Bonds. This letter is delivered in connection with such transaction, and may not be used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to or relied upon by, any other person, firm, corporation or other entity, or filed with any governmental or other administrative agency for any purpose, without our prior written consent. Our engagement with respect to this matter terminates upon the delivery of this letter to you on the date hereof, and we have no obligation to update this letter.

Respectfully submitted,

EXHIBIT C

[Form of Opinion of General Counsel to NCPA]

[Closing Date]

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Los Angeles, California

Re: \$[A PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

\$[B PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am general counsel for Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”). This opinion is being provided in accordance with your request pursuant to the Contract of Purchase, dated [Sale Date], 2022 (the “Contract of Purchase”), between NCPA and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., on behalf of itself and as representative of the underwriters named therein (the “Underwriters”), providing for the purchase of NCPA’s \$[A Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (the “2022 Series A Bonds”), and NCPA’s \$[B Principal] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (the “2022 Series B Bonds” and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the “Bonds”). Terms used herein which are defined in said Contract of Purchase shall have the meanings specified therein or, if not defined therein, in the official statement dated [Sale Date], 2022, relating to the Bonds (the “Official Statement”).

NCPA is a joint powers agency and a public entity, created under the laws of the State of California and more specifically the Joint Exercise of Power Act (California Government Code §§ 6500 et seq.). Certain of the members of NCPA, to wit, the cities of Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Roseville, Santa Clara and Ukiah and associate member, the Plumas-Sierra Rural Electric Cooperative, herein called the “Project Participants,” have entered into an agreement with NCPA dated as of September 1, 1982, entitled “Agreement for Construction, Operation and Financing of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project,” which, as amended to the date hereof, is referred to as the “Third Phase Agreement.”

Opinion

It is my opinion that:

1. NCPA has full power, authority and legal right to execute, deliver and perform the Contract of Purchase, the Third Phase Agreement, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, dated [Closing Date], 2022 (the “Continuing Disclosure Agreement”), between NCPA and the Trustee and the Indenture of Trust, dated as of March 1, 1985, as amended and supplemented, including as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022, and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust, dated as of [April] 1, 2022 (collectively, the “Indenture”), between NCPA and U.S. Bank National Association, as successor trustee.

2. The execution, delivery and performance by NCPA of the Contract of Purchase, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement and the Third Phase Agreement have been duly authorized by all appropriate action and do not and will not (i) violate any law, rule, regulation, order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or award presently in effect having applicability to NCPA or (ii) result in a breach of or constitute a default under any indenture or loan or credit agreement, lease or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or its properties may be bound or affected.

3. All authorizations, consents, approvals, licenses, exemptions of or registrations with any court or governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency or instrumentality, domestic or foreign, necessary to the valid execution, delivery or performance by NCPA of the Contract of Purchase, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement and the Third Phase Agreement have been obtained or effected, and are and will remain in full force and effect. I express no opinion regarding notice to or filings with the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission or with respect to any securities laws.

4. The Contract of Purchase, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement and the Third Phase Agreement constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of NCPA enforceable against NCPA in accordance with their respective terms.

5. The respective obligations of the Project Participants under the Third Phase Agreement are secured by the promise of each Project Participant to make payments out of electric department revenues as an operating expense.

6. NCPA is entitled to receive any and all amounts payable by the Project Participants pursuant to the Third Phase Agreement free and clear of all rights and interests of others except as provided in the Indenture.

7. NCPA has duly authorized, executed and delivered the Official Statement.

8. Except as disclosed in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, there are to my knowledge no actions, suits or proceedings pending or threatened against NCPA or its properties before any court or governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency or instrumentality, domestic or foreign, which, if determined adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the business or financial condition of NCPA.

9. The statements in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement under the caption “LITIGATION” and the statements as to California law under the captions “RATE REGULATION” and “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY” accurately summarize the matters set forth therein.

Without having undertaken to determine independently the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement (except to the extent expressly set forth in the preceding sentence) and based upon the information made available to me during the preparation of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement as General Counsel to NCPA, nothing has come to my attention which causes me to believe that the information contained in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement under the captions “NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY,” “LITIGATION” and “RATE REGULATION” (excluding therefrom financial, demographic and statistical data; forecasts, projections, estimates, assumptions and expressions of opinions, as to all of which I express no view), as of its date or as of the date hereof, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

In rendering my opinions herein, I have made no investigation of, and do not express any opinion with respect to, the following as they may relate to the valid, binding and enforceable nature of the Third Phase Agreement: (i) the legal existence or formation of any of the Project Participants or the incumbency of any official or officer thereof, (ii) the charter, by laws or other governing instrument of any of the Project Participants, (iii) any local or special acts or any ordinance, resolution or other proceedings of any of the Project Participants, including, without limitation, any proceedings relating to the negotiation or authorization of the Third Phase Agreement or the execution, delivery or performance thereof, (iv) any bond resolution, indenture, contract, debt instrument, agreement or other instrument, agreement or other instrument (other than the Third Phase Agreement) or any governmental order, regulation or rule of or applicable to any of the Project Participants, (v) any judicial order, judgment or decree in a proceeding to which any of the Project Participants is a party or (vi) any approval, consent, filing, registration or authorization by or with any regulatory authority or other governmental or public agency, authority or person which may be or has been required for the authorization, execution, delivery or performance by any of the Project Participants of the Third Phase Agreement. NCPA has received, independent from this opinion, opinions with respect to, among other things, the validity and enforceability of the Third Phase Agreement rendered by the respective legal counsel to the Project Participants.

The enforceability of the Contract of Purchase, the Indenture, the Escrow Agreement, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement and the Third Phase Agreement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors’ rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the possible unavailability of specific performance or injunctive relief, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to the limitations on legal remedies against public agencies in the State of California.

This opinion is rendered only with respect to the laws of the State of California and the United States of America, and is addressed only to the Underwriters. No other person is entitled to rely on this opinion, nor may you rely on it in connection with any transactions other than those described herein.

No attorney-client relationship has existed or exists between me and yourselves in connection with the Bonds or by virtue of this letter. This letter is solely for the information of, and assistance to, you as the Underwriters and is not to be used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to in connection with the offering of the Bonds except that reference may be made to this letter in any list of closing documents pertaining to the sale of the Bonds.

Sincerely,

JANE E. LUCKHARDT
General Counsel

[Letterhead of Spiegel & McDiarmid LLP]

[Closing Date]

Northern California Power Agency
Roseville, California

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Los Angeles, California

Re: \$[A PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

\$[B PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are counsel to Northern California Power Agency (“NCPA”) in connection with the litigation described in NCPA’s Preliminary Official Statement dated [POS Date], 2022 (the “Preliminary Official Statement”) and the Official Statement dated [Sale Date], 2022 (the “Official Statement”), under the captions “LITIGATION – California Energy Market Dysfunction, Refund Dispute and Related Litigation” and “– FERC and CAISO Proceedings: Market Redesign.” In giving this opinion, we have examined such documents and instruments as we deem appropriate, including:

- (a) the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement,
- (b) The documents associated with the current status of each of the proceedings described, together with such statutes and decisions relevant thereto as we deem relevant.

Based upon the foregoing, we are of the opinion that the statements in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement under the captions “LITIGATION – California Energy Market Dysfunction, Refund Dispute and Related Litigation” and “– FERC and CAISO Proceedings: Market Redesign,” and under the captions “CERTAIN FACTORS AFFECTING THE ELECTRIC UTILITY INDUSTRY – Federal Energy and Environmental Policies and Legislation – *Federal Power Act*” and “– CAISO Markets,” and, with respect to federal

regulation, under the caption "RATE REGULATION" accurately summarize the matters set forth therein, and nothing has come to our attention which would lead us to believe that such statements, as of the date of the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement, or as of the date hereof, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary to make such statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. These representations, of course, are made with respect to the current state of the law, and recognize that in these matters, as in most others, the law is subject to change from time to time.

We consent to the references to us in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement.

Sincerely,

EXHIBIT E

CERTIFICATE OF PROJECT PARTICIPANT

I, [name], [Mayor or other appropriate official] of the [name of Project Participant] do hereby certify:

Other than as set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement dated [POS Date], 2022 (the “Preliminary Official Statement”) and the Official Statement dated [Sale Date], 2022, [as amended and supplemented to the date hereof] (the “Official Statement”) of the Northern California Power Agency, relating to the \$[A PRINCIPAL] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A, and the \$[B PRINCIPAL] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series B, no litigation is pending or, to my knowledge, threatened (1) in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Third Phase Agreement (as defined therein), or (2) against [name of Project Participant] or involving any of the property or assets which comprise the electric system of [name of Project Participant] that could materially and adversely affect the ability of [name of Project Participant] to meet its obligations under such Third Phase Agreement.

Dated: [Closing Date]

[Title]

EXHIBIT F

CERTIFICATE OF SIGNIFICANT SHARE PROJECT PARTICIPANT

I, [name], [Mayor or other appropriate official] of the [name of Project Participant] do hereby certify:

(a) The information concerning [name of Project Participant] (the “Participant Information”) in Appendix A to the Preliminary Official Statement dated [POS Date], 2022 (the “Preliminary Official Statement”) and the Official Statement dated [Sale Date], 2022 [as amended and supplemented to the date hereof] (the “Official Statement”) of the Northern California Power Agency, relating to the \$[A PRINCIPAL] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A, and the \$[B PRINCIPAL] Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series B (together, the “Bonds”) was as of the dates thereof, and is as of the date hereof, true and correct in all material respects and did not and does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact which is necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;

(b) Since the date of the Participant Information, except as referred to in or as contemplated by the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, with respect to its electric system, [name of Project Participant] has not incurred any material liabilities, direct or contingent, or entered into any transactions, nor has there been any adverse change in the condition, financial or physical, of the electric system of [name of Project Participant], in each case that would materially and adversely affect the ability of [name of Project Participant] to meet its obligations under the Third Phase Agreement (as defined in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement) to which it is a party; and

(c) The Continuing Disclosure Agreement relating to the Bonds to which [name of Project Participant] has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by [name of Project Participant] and, [except as disclosed in the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement,] [name of Project Participant] has not, in the last five years, failed in any material respect to comply with any previous continuing disclosure undertaking entered into by it under Rule 15c2-12 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Dated: [Closing Date]

[Title]

[Form of Opinion of Counsel to Participant]

[Closing Date]

Northern California Power Agency
Roseville, California

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
Los Angeles, California

Re: \$[A PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Refunding Series A

\$[B PRINCIPAL]
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY
Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds,
2022 Taxable Refunding Series B

Dear Sirs:

I am [we are] acting as counsel to the _____ (the “Participant”) under the Agreement for Construction, Operation and Financing of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project, dated as of September 1, 1982, as amended (the “Agreement”), among the Participant, Northern California Power Agency (the “Agency”) and certain other entities, and I [we] have acted as counsel to the Participant in connection with the matters referred to herein. As such counsel I [we] have examined and am [are] familiar with (i) those documents relating to the existence, organization and operation of the Participant, (ii) all necessary documentation of the Participant relating to the authorization, execution and delivery of the Agreement and (iii) an executed counterpart of the Agreement. Capitalized terms used herein not otherwise defined which are defined in the Agreement shall have the meanings specified therein.

Based upon the foregoing and an examination of such other information, papers and documents as I [we] deem necessary or advisable to enable me [us] to render this opinion, including the Constitution and laws of the State of California together with the [charter], other governing instruments, ordinances and public proceedings of the Participant, I [we] am [are] of the opinion that:

1. The Participant is [state form of organization] _____, duly created, organized and existing under the laws of the State of California and duly qualified to furnish electric service within said State.

2. The Participant has the authority and right to execute, deliver, and perform pursuant to the terms of, the Agreement, and the Participant has complied with the provisions of applicable law in all matters relating to such transactions.

3. The Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Participant, is in full force and effect and, assuming that the Agency has all the requisite power and authority, and has taken all necessary action, to execute and deliver such Agreement, constitutes the legal, valid and binding agreement of the Participant enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, except that the rights and remedies set forth therein may be limited by or resulting from bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other laws affecting creditors rights generally.

4. Payments by the Participant under the Agreement will constitute an operating expense of the Participant and are to be made solely from the Revenues of its Electric System as provided in the Agreement.

5. No approval, consent or authorization of any governmental or public agency, authority or person (that has not been obtained) is required for the execution and delivery by the Participant of the Agreement, or the performance by the Participant of its obligations thereunder.

6. The authorization, execution and delivery of the Agreement did not, and compliance with the provisions thereof will not, conflict with or constitute a breach of, or default under, any instrument relating to the organization, existence or operation of the Participant, any commitment, agreement or other instrument to which the Participant is a party or by which it or its property is bound or affected, or any ruling, regulation, ordinance, judgment, order or decree to which the Participant (or any of its officers in their respective capacities as such) is subject or any provision of the laws of the State of California relating to the Participant and its affairs.

7. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation at law or in equity, or before any court, public board or body, pending or, to my [our] knowledge, threatened against or affecting the Participant or any entity affiliated with the Participant or any of its officers in their respective capacities as such (nor to the best of my [our] knowledge is there any basis therefor), which questions the powers of the Participant referred to in paragraph 2 above or the validity of the proceedings taken by the Participant in connection with the authorization, execution or delivery of the Agreement, or wherein any unfavorable decision, ruling or finding would materially adversely affect the transactions contemplated by the Agreement, or which, in any way, would adversely affect the validity or enforceability of the Agreement.

This opinion is rendered only with respect to the laws of the State of California and the United States of America, and is addressed to the Agency and the Underwriters. No other person is entitled to rely on this opinion, nor may you rely on it in connection with any transactions other than those described herein.

Very truly yours,

G-2



22a

Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Authorizing and Approving the Issuance of up to \$173 Million Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds

AGENDA CATEGORY: Discussion/Action

FROM:	Monty Hanks <i>MH</i> Assistant General Manager/CFO	METHOD OF SELECTION: N/A
Division:	Administrative Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Accounting & Finance	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:			
All Members	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit	<input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>			
<hr/>			
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RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolutions 22-22 and 22-23 authorizing and approving the issuance of up to \$173 million of Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds to; (i) Refund outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds and (ii) Refund outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds and terminate related interest rate swap and the related legal documents and delegating the General Manager and other NCPA officials the authority to execute related legal documents and take other actions needed to issue these bonds.

BACKGROUND:

Policy and Request for Proposals

The NCPA Finance Committee, NCPA staff and the Agency's municipal advisors, PFM Financial Advisors LLC (PFM), carefully monitor the bond market for potential opportunities to refinance NCPA bonds for debt service savings and/or de-risking opportunities associated with the existing interest rate swap. According to NCPA's *Debt and Interest Rate Management Policy*, a target of 5% net present value (NPV) savings is desired before considering a fixed rate debt refunding and/or NPV savings at or less than 0% if the risk mitigation benefits are deemed to merit the cost for refunding variable or synthetically fixed rate debt.

In October 2021, a Request for Proposals was issued to several investment banks seeking a refunding of the 2012 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A (2012A). Upon evaluation of the various proposals, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (Citi) offered the best approach and understanding of the transaction along with competitive pricing. Their analysis, dependent on interest rates, also reflected a zero to small cost de-risking the Hydroelectric debt portfolio by terminating the interest rate swap and refunding the 2008 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A (2008A) variable rate debt obligations with fixed rate bonds. The Finance Committee directed staff to move forward with the 2012A refunding using Citi as the primary Underwriter (UW) and adding Bank of America as a co-manager in the event that the 2008A refunding and termination of the interest rate swap was still financially viable.

Outstanding Bonds to be Refunded

The 2012A bonds were originally issued as fixed rate debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$76,665,000 for the purpose of providing funds to refund the then remaining portion of NCPA's outstanding 1998 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A, to fund a debt service reserve and to pay costs of issuance.

The 2008A bonds were originally issued as variable rate debt added with an interest rate swap to "synthetically" fix the debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$85,160,000 for the purpose of providing funds to refund a portion of NCPA's 1998 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A outstanding at that time and to pay costs of issuance.

The 2022 Bonds (Series A&B) are proposed to be issued for the purpose of providing funds to refund all of the outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds and 2012 Series A Bonds. A portion of the 2022 Bonds proceeds will also be applied to pay costs of issuance of the 2022 Bonds and other costs related to the refunding, including costs of termination of the interest rate swap relating to the 2008 Series A Bonds.

Documents for Approval

To complete the bond refunding, the Commission will be required to approve Resolutions 22-22 and Resolution 22-23 authorizing and approving the issuance of the refunding bonds and related documents including the following:

1. Preliminary Official Statement (POS); and
2. Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture (tax-exempt); and
3. Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture (taxable); and
4. Escrow Deposit Agreement; and
5. Continuing Disclosure Agreement; and
6. Swap Termination Agreement; and
7. Bond Purchase Contract

Draft copies of these documents are electronically attached to this report. Upon approval by the Commission, pricing of the refunding bonds will occur around the first week of March with the bond closing expected in early April.

FISCAL IMPACT:

With the passage of SB450, the following details of the refunding must be disclosed prior to authorization of the bonds. The numbers reflect rates as of February 1, 2022.

Estimated Amount of Proceeds:	\$159.1m
Estimated True Interest Cost:	1.68%
Estimated Cost of Issuance:	\$500,000
Estimated Sum of Debt Service Payments:	\$175.5m

The estimated NPV savings refunding the 2012A bonds is approximately \$13.3 million or 17.4% of refunded bonds through final maturity in 2032. The estimated cost de-risking the outstanding debt by terminating the interest rate swap and fixing out the variable rate debt is (\$518k), or a combined NPV savings of \$12.8m. The estimated refunding debt service savings averages \$1.76m per year. The breakdown of cost allocation per Participant for debt service savings (net of all fees) is shown below:

Participant	Entitlement Percentage	Estimated NPV Savings	Est. Avg. Annual Debt Service Savings
Alameda	10.00%	\$ 1,282,000	\$ 176,087
Biggs	0.10%	\$ 12,820	\$ 1,761
Gridley	1.06%	\$ 135,892	\$ 18,665
Healdsburg	1.66%	\$ 212,812	\$ 29,230
Lodi	10.37%	\$ 1,329,434	\$ 182,602
Lompoc	2.30%	\$ 294,860	\$ 40,500
Palo Alto	22.92%	\$ 2,938,343	\$ 403,592
Roseville	12.00%	\$ 1,538,400	\$ 211,305
Santa Clara	35.86%	\$ 4,597,251	\$ 631,449
Ukiah	2.04%	\$ 261,528	\$ 35,922
Plumas-Sierra	1.69%	\$ 216,658	\$ 29,759
Total	100.00%	\$ 12,819,996	\$ 1,760,872

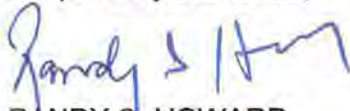
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore, not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

The recommendation was reviewed by the Finance Committee on February 8, 2022 and was unanimously recommended for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,



RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- Resolution 22-22
- Resolution 22-23
- Preliminary Official Statement (POS)
- Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture (tax-exempt)
- Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture (taxable)
- Escrow Deposit Agreement
- Continuing Disclosure Agreement
- Swap Termination Agreement
- Bond Purchase Contract

RESOLUTION 22-22

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING THE ISSUANCE OF HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS TO REFUND OUTSTANDING 2012 SERIES A BONDS; APPROVING THE SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES OF TRUST PURSUANT TO WHICH SUCH BONDS ARE TO BE ISSUED; AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING CERTAIN DOCUMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUANCE, SECURING AND SALE OF SUCH BONDS; AND AUTHORIZING CERTAIN OTHER MATTERS RELATING THERETO

(Reference Staff Report #127:22)

WHEREAS, the Northern California Power Agency ("NCPA") is a public entity duly organized and existing pursuant to the Amended and Restated Northern California Power Agency Joint Powers Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2008, as supplemented (the "Agreement") and the provisions relating to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act constituting Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California;

WHEREAS, NCPA is authorized pursuant to the provisions of the Agreement and the Act (capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given such terms in the Indenture mentioned below) to acquire and construct, or cause to be acquired and constructed, and to operate or cause to be operated, a project within the State of California for the generation or transmission of electric energy (including a capacity right in such a project) and to sell the capacity and energy of such project; to enter into agreements with respect to any matters relating to the acquisition, construction and operation of such project and the sale of capacity and energy of such project; and to finance the acquisition, construction and operation of such project through the issuance of bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness under the Act; and to issue bonds to refund such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness;

WHEREAS, NCPA and Calaveras County Water District ("CCWD") have entered into the Power Purchase Contract whereby CCWD has granted NCPA the right to the capacity and energy of the Project in exchange for, among other things, NCPA's providing the funds necessary to construct the Project and NCPA's construction and operation of the Project, all on the terms and conditions specified in the Power Purchase Contract;

WHEREAS, NCPA and the cities of Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Roseville, Santa Clara, and Ukiah and the Plumas-Sierra Rural Electric Cooperative (the "Project Participants") have entered into the Agreement for Construction, Operation and Financing of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project, dated as of September 1, 1982, as amended (the "Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement"), to provide for the construction, operation, and financing of the Project, the sale by NCPA of capacity and energy of the Project to the Project Participants, and the security for the bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness to be issued to finance the Project;

WHEREAS, pursuant to an Indenture of Trust (as the same may be amended and supplemented from time to time, the "Original Indenture"), dated as of March 1, 1985, between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as successor trustee (the "Trustee"), NCPA has authorized the issuance of its Hydroelectric Project Number One

Revenue Bonds ("Bonds") to finance the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the Project or to refund any Outstanding Bond or Bonds;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Original Indenture, as amended and supplemented (the Original Indenture, as amended and supplemented, the "Indenture"), NCPA has previously issued, among other Bonds, its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2012 Refunding Series A (the "2012 Series A Bonds");

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to provide for the refunding of all or a portion of the outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds (the "Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds") as determined pursuant to this Resolution;

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to issue its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (or such other alphabetical letter series designation of Bonds as may be appropriate) (herein, the "2022 Series A Bonds") for the purpose, among others, of providing funds necessary to refund the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds;

WHEREAS, the 2022 Series A Bonds are to be issued under and pursuant to the Indenture as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust (or such other numeric designation of supplemental indenture of trust as may be appropriate) by and between NCPA and the Trustee (such supplemental indenture of trust in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture");

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to issue, to the extent needed, its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (or such other alphabetical letter series designation of Bonds as may be appropriate) (herein, the "2022 Series B Bonds" and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the "2022 Series A and B Bonds") for the purpose, among others, of providing a portion of the funds necessary to refund the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds;

WHEREAS, the 2022 Series B Bonds are to be issued under and pursuant to the Indenture as supplemented by the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust (or such other numeric designation of supplemental indenture of trust as may be appropriate) by and between NCPA and the Trustee (such supplemental indenture of trust, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture");

WHEREAS, the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds (if issued) are to be payable from and secured by a pledge and assignment of the Trust Estate on a parity with all other Bonds issued and Outstanding under the Indenture;

WHEREAS, Citigroup Capital Markets Inc., on behalf of itself and BofA Securities, Inc., as underwriters (the "Underwriters"), have submitted a proposal to purchase the 2022 Series A and B Bonds in the form of a Contract of Purchase (such Contract of Purchase, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Purchase Contract");

WHEREAS, the offer of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds to the public is to be made pursuant to a Preliminary Official Statement (such Preliminary Official Statement in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Preliminary Official Statement");

WHEREAS, NCPA will provide for the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds by depositing funds in an escrow fund established by an Escrow Deposit Agreement with the Trustee (such Escrow Deposit Agreement, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Escrow Agreement");

WHEREAS, in order to provide a continuing disclosure undertaking by NCPA pursuant to the requirements promulgated under Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, NCPA intends to enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with the Trustee, as Dissemination Agent (such Continuing Disclosure Agreement, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement");

WHEREAS, there have been prepared and submitted to this meeting drafts of the following:

- (1) the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture;
- (2) the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture;
- (3) the Preliminary Official Statement;
- (4) the Escrow Agreement;
- (5) the Continuing Disclosure Agreement; and
- (6) the Purchase Contract.

WHEREAS, after having reviewed and considered the proposal of the Underwriters to purchase the 2022 Series A and B Bonds on the terms and conditions contained in the Purchase Contract, this Commission now desires to authorize the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, including the execution of such documents and the performance of such acts as may be necessary or desirable to effect such issuance and sale and the other actions contemplated by this Resolution;

WHEREAS, in compliance with California Government Code Section 5852.1, this Commission has obtained from PFM Financial Advisors LLC, as municipal advisor to NCPA, good faith estimates of the following information: (a) the true interest cost of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, (b) the sum of all fees and charges paid to third parties with respect to the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, (c) the amount of proceeds of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds expected to be received net of the fees and charges paid to third parties and any reserves or capitalized interest paid or funded with proceeds of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, and (d) the sum total of all debt service payments on the 2022 Series A and B Bonds calculated to the final maturity of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds plus the fees and charges paid to third parties not paid with the proceeds of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, and such estimates are disclosed and set forth in Staff Report #127:22;

WHEREAS, this bond refunding would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act, and therefore no environmental review is necessary;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency, as follows:

Section 1. The Commission hereby finds and determines that the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds to refund the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, and approval of the other matters referred to in this Resolution, will not result in either a direct physical change in the environment, nor a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment. As a consequence, such activity is not a "project" as defined by the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code section 21000 *et seq.*).

Section 2. The issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds on the terms and conditions set forth in, and subject to the limitations specified in, the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized and approved. The aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds issued for the purpose of refunding 2012 Series A Bonds and paying costs of issuance shall not exceed Seventy-Nine Million Dollars (\$79,000,000). The 2022 Series A Bonds will be dated, will bear interest at the per annum interest rates, will mature on the date or dates, will be issued in the form, will have the Sinking Fund Installments (if any), will be subject to redemption, and will have such other terms, as shall be provided in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture as the same is completed as provided in this Resolution.

Section 3. The Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, in substantially the form submitted to this meeting and made a part thereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Chairman of this Commission (the "Chairman"), the General Manager of NCPA (the "General Manager"), the Assistant General Manager, Finance and Administrative Services/Chief Financial Officer, and the Treasurer-Controller of NCPA (each an "Authorized Officer"), acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be consistent with this Resolution and the determinations made pursuant hereto and as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 4. The Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized to determine the following: (i) the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds; (ii) the maturity date or dates of the 2022 Series A Bonds (the final maturity of such 2022 Series A Bonds to be not later than July 1, 2032); (iii) the principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds maturing on each maturity date; (iv) the 2022 Series A Bonds which are to be term bonds, if any, and the Sinking Fund Installments for any such term bonds; (v) the redemption provisions for the 2022 Series A Bonds; and (vi) subject to the provisions of Section 19 hereof, which of the outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds are to be refunded as Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds pursuant to this Resolution.

Section 5. The proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be applied to the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds and the payment of certain costs of issuance, on the terms set forth in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and the Escrow Agreement.

Section 6. The issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds on the terms and conditions set forth in, and subject to the limitations specified in, the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized and approved. The aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds issued for the purpose of refunding 2012 Series A Bonds and paying costs of issuance shall not exceed Seventy-Nine Million Dollars (\$79,000,000). The 2022 Series B Bonds will be

dated, will bear interest at the per annum interest rates, will mature on the date or dates, will be issued in the form, will have the Sinking Fund Installments (if any), will be subject to redemption, and will have such other terms, as shall be provided in the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture as the same is completed as provided in this Resolution. This Commission hereby finds and determines, based on advice of Special Tax Counsel, that interest on the 2022 Series B Bonds will be subject to federal income tax.

Section 7. The Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, in substantially the form submitted to this meeting and made a part thereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be consistent with this Resolution and the determinations made pursuant hereto and as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 8. The Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized to determine the following: (i) the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds; (ii) the maturity date or dates of the 2022 Series B Bonds (the final maturity of such 2022 Series B Bonds to be not later than July 1, 2032); (iii) the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds maturing on each maturity date; (iv) the 2022 Series B Bonds which are to be term bonds and the Sinking Fund Installments for any such term bonds; and (v) the redemption provisions for the 2022 Series B Bonds.

Section 9. The proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be applied to the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, the payment of costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, and other costs related to the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, on the terms set forth in the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture and the Escrow Agreement.

Section 10. The Purchase Contract, in substantially the form submitted to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the Purchase Contract, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, in the form presented to this meeting, with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing said Purchase Contract and as are consistent with the determinations of the terms of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds made pursuant to this Resolution, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to determine the purchase price to be paid for the 2022 Series A Bonds under the Purchase Contract; provided, however, that the aggregate underwriters' discount (not including original issue discount) on the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be not more than 0.40% of the principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds. The sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds to the Underwriters on the terms and conditions contained in the Purchase Contract, as the same may be completed in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution, with such changes, insertions and deletions as are authorized hereby, is hereby approved and authorized.

Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to determine the purchase price to be paid for the 2022 Series B Bonds under the Purchase Contract; provided, however, that the aggregate underwriters' discount (not including original issue discount) on the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be not more than 0.40% of the principal amount of the 2022 Series B

Bonds. The sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds to the Underwriters on the terms and conditions contained in the Purchase Contract, as the same may be completed in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution, with such changes, insertions and deletions as are authorized hereby, is hereby approved and authorized.

Section 11. The Escrow Agreement, in substantially the form presented to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, the Escrow Agreement to the Trustee in the form presented to the meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the same, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 12. The Continuing Disclosure Agreement, in substantially the form presented to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to the Trustee as Dissemination Agent thereunder in the form presented to the meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the same, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 13. The Preliminary Official Statement, in substantially the form presented to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved and the use of the Preliminary Official Statement in connection with the offering and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds by the Underwriters is hereby authorized and approved.

Each of the Authorized Officers is hereby authorized and directed to prepare and deliver to the Underwriters a final official statement in connection with the 2022 Series A and B Bonds (the "Official Statement"). The Official Statement shall be in the form of the Preliminary Official Statement with the addition of the final terms of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds to be contained in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture and with such other changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the officer of NCPA executing the same, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval. Each of the Chairman and the General Manager of NCPA, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute the Official Statement and any amendment or supplement thereto contemplated by the Purchase Contract, in the name and on behalf of NCPA, and thereupon to cause the Official Statement and any such amendment or supplement to be delivered to the Underwriters with such execution being conclusive evidence of the approval thereof. The use of the Official Statement in connection with the offering and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds by the Underwriters is hereby authorized and approved.

Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to determine that the Preliminary Official Statement is deemed final for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Rule 15c2-12"), except for the omission of certain information permitted to be omitted pursuant to Rule 15c2-12.

Section 14. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to acquire credit enhancement for the 2022 Series A Bonds and/or the 2022 Series B Bonds in the form of municipal bond insurance provided that the cost of such municipal bond insurance is estimated by an Authorized Officer to be less than the savings achieved on the sale of the related Series of 2022 Series A and B Bonds compared to selling such Bonds without such

credit enhancement. In connection with such municipal bond insurance, each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with respect to the repayment of amounts paid under such municipal bond insurance and interest thereon and expenses in connection therewith substantially in the form of the insurance agreements previously entered by NCPA in connection with municipal bond insurance for Bonds.

Section 15. The refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds on the terms and conditions specified in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, and the Escrow Agreement, including the application of moneys for such purposes as therein provided, is hereby approved and authorized.

Section 16. Pursuant to Section 12 of the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, NCPA is hereby directed by the Project Participants (as conclusively evidenced by the affirmative votes for this Resolution of the representatives of the Project Participants to the Commission) to refund the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds as provided in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, to issue the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds (if any), to enter into, and perform its obligations under, the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution and to take such further actions as herein authorized in connection with the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, and the issuance, security and sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds, and NCPA shall comply with such direction, while not stayed or nullified, to the fullest extent authorized by law. The Project Participants recognize and agree (as conclusively evidenced by the affirmative votes for this Resolution of the representatives of the Project Participants to the Commission) that amounts payable under Section 5(a) of the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement based on anticipated monthly electric sales include all such amounts accrued during any period during which there were no such anticipated sales and are payable under Section 5(a) of the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement with respect to the first month in which there are anticipated electric sales regardless of the amount of such anticipated sales.

Section 17. The Treasurer-Controller of NCPA and the Administrative Assistant to the General Manager are each hereby appointed as an Assistant Secretary for the purpose of executing any documents, making any attestation or certification on behalf of NCPA or taking any other action necessary or convenient in carrying out the transactions contemplated by this Resolution.

Section 18. Notwithstanding any other provision or grant of authority to an Authorized Officer in this Resolution to the contrary, none of the documents approved and authorized to be executed and delivered by this Resolution insofar as they relate to the refunding of the 2012 Series A Bonds shall be executed and delivered by an Authorized Officer unless, as of the date of execution and delivery, the Assistant General Manager, Finance and Administrative Services/Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer-Controller shall certify in writing that the net present value of the savings to be realized by the bond issuance contemplated by this Resolution is not less than five (5%) percent of the principal amount of the 2012 Series A Bonds to be refunded; and provided further, that any approval or grant of authority in this Resolution shall, without further action of the Commission, expire and be void as of 12:01 a.m. on December 31, 2022 unless exercised prior to that time.

Section 19. The Chairman and the Vice Chairman of the Commission, and the Authorized Officers, acting singly, be and each of them hereby is authorized to execute and deliver any and all documents and instruments and to do and cause to be done any and all acts and things necessary or convenient in carrying out the transactions contemplated by this

Resolution or the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution, including without limitation, entering into any continuing disclosure undertaking required by Rule 15c2-12, executing and delivering one or more tax certificates, credit enhancement agreements, investment agreements and/or financial guaranty agreements, taking any and all actions to provide for the giving of written directions and notices and the securing of any necessary third party approvals, and making any determinations or submission of any documents or reports which are required by any rule or regulation of any governmental entity, in connection with the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds and/or the 2022 Series B Bonds, the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, and the authorization, execution, delivery and performance by NCPA of its obligations under the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, and the Authorized Officers, acting singly, are hereby authorized and directed to enter into such amendments and supplements to documents and agreements entered into in connection with the 2012 Series A Bonds as shall be necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of the Resolution. The Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of NCPA is hereby authorized to affix the seal of NCPA and attest to any of the documents approved or authorized pursuant to this Resolution.

Section 20. All actions heretofore taken by any committee of the Commission, or any officer, representative or agent of NCPA, in connection with the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds, the 2022 Series B Bonds, the refunding of the Refunded 2012 Series A Bonds, or the authorization, execution, delivery or performance of NCPA's obligations under the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution and the other actions contemplated by this Resolution are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.

Section 21. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this 24th day of February, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda			
San Francisco BART			
Biggs			
Gridley			
Healdsburg			
Lodi			
Lompoc			
Palo Alto			
Port of Oakland			
Redding			
Roseville			
Santa Clara			
Shasta Lake			
Truckee Donner			
Ukiah			
Plumas-Sierra			

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST: _____
CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY




22b

Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: Authorizing and Approving the Issuance of up to \$173 Million Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds

AGENDA CATEGORY: Discussion/Action

FROM:	Monty Hanks 	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	Assistant General Manager/CFO	N/A
Division:	Administrative Services	<i>If other, please describe:</i>
Department:	Accounting & Finance	

IMPACTED MEMBERS:		
All Members <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Lodi <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Shasta Lake <input type="checkbox"/>
Alameda Municipal Power <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Lompoc <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Ukiah <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit <input type="checkbox"/>	City of Palo Alto <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Plumas-Sierra REC <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
City of Biggs <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Redding <input type="checkbox"/>	Port of Oakland <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Gridley <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Roseville <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Truckee Donner PUD <input type="checkbox"/>
City of Healdsburg <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	City of Santa Clara <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>If other, please specify</i>		
<hr/>		
<hr/>		

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve Resolutions 22-22 and 22-23 authorizing and approving the issuance of up to \$173 million of Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds to; (i) Refund outstanding 2012 Series A Bonds and (ii) Refund outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds and terminate related interest rate swap and the related legal documents and delegating the General Manager and other NCPA officials the authority to execute related legal documents and take other actions needed to issue these bonds.

BACKGROUND:

Policy and Request for Proposals

The NCPA Finance Committee, NCPA staff and the Agency's municipal advisors, PFM Financial Advisors LLC (PFM), carefully monitor the bond market for potential opportunities to refinance NCPA bonds for debt service savings and/or de-risking opportunities associated with the existing interest rate swap. According to NCPA's *Debt and Interest Rate Management Policy*, a target of 5% net present value (NPV) savings is desired before considering a fixed rate debt refunding and/or NPV savings at or less than 0% if the risk mitigation benefits are deemed to merit the cost for refunding variable or synthetically fixed rate debt.

In October 2021, a Request for Proposals was issued to several investment banks seeking a refunding of the 2012 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A (2012A). Upon evaluation of the various proposals, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (Citi) offered the best approach and understanding of the transaction along with competitive pricing. Their analysis, dependent on interest rates, also reflected a zero to small cost de-risking the Hydroelectric debt portfolio by terminating the interest rate swap and refunding the 2008 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A (2008A) variable rate debt obligations with fixed rate bonds. The Finance Committee directed staff to move forward with the 2012A refunding using Citi as the primary Underwriter (UW) and adding Bank of America as a co-manager in the event that the 2008A refunding and termination of the interest rate swap was still financially viable.

Outstanding Bonds to be Refunded

The 2012A bonds were originally issued as fixed rate debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$76,665,000 for the purpose of providing funds to refund the then remaining portion of NCPA's outstanding 1998 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A, to fund a debt service reserve and to pay costs of issuance.

The 2008A bonds were originally issued as variable rate debt added with an interest rate swap to "synthetically" fix the debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$85,160,000 for the purpose of providing funds to refund a portion of NCPA's 1998 Hydroelectric Bonds, Series A outstanding at that time and to pay costs of issuance.

The 2022 Bonds (Series A&B) are proposed to be issued for the purpose of providing funds to refund all of the outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds and 2012 Series A Bonds. A portion of the 2022 Bonds proceeds will also be applied to pay costs of issuance of the 2022 Bonds and other costs related to the refunding, including costs of termination of the interest rate swap relating to the 2008 Series A Bonds.

Documents for Approval

To complete the bond refunding, the Commission will be required to approve Resolutions 22-22 and Resolution 22-23 authorizing and approving the issuance of the refunding bonds and related documents including the following:

1. Preliminary Official Statement (POS); and
2. Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture (tax-exempt); and
3. Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture (taxable); and
4. Escrow Deposit Agreement; and
5. Continuing Disclosure Agreement; and
6. Swap Termination Agreement; and
7. Bond Purchase Contract

Draft copies of these documents are electronically attached to this report. Upon approval by the Commission, pricing of the refunding bonds will occur around the first week of March with the bond closing expected in early April.

FISCAL IMPACT:

With the passage of SB450, the following details of the refunding must be disclosed prior to authorization of the bonds. The numbers reflect rates as of February 1, 2022.

Estimated Amount of Proceeds:	\$159.1m
Estimated True Interest Cost:	1.68%
Estimated Cost of Issuance:	\$500,000
Estimated Sum of Debt Service Payments:	\$175.5m

The estimated NPV savings refunding the 2012A bonds is approximately \$13.3 million or 17.4% of refunded bonds through final maturity in 2032. The estimated cost de-risking the outstanding debt by terminating the interest rate swap and fixing out the variable rate debt is (\$518k), or a combined NPV savings of \$12.8m. The estimated refunding debt service savings averages \$1.76m per year. The breakdown of cost allocation per Participant for debt service savings (net of all fees) is shown below:

Participant	Entitlement Percentage	Estimated NPV Savings	Est. Avg. Annual Debt Service Savings
Alameda	10.00%	\$ 1,282,000	\$ 176,087
Biggs	0.10%	\$ 12,820	\$ 1,761
Gridley	1.06%	\$ 135,892	\$ 18,665
Healdsburg	1.66%	\$ 212,812	\$ 29,230
Lodi	10.37%	\$ 1,329,434	\$ 182,602
Lompoc	2.30%	\$ 294,860	\$ 40,500
Palo Alto	22.92%	\$ 2,938,343	\$ 403,592
Roseville	12.00%	\$ 1,538,400	\$ 211,305
Santa Clara	35.86%	\$ 4,597,251	\$ 631,449
Ukiah	2.04%	\$ 261,528	\$ 35,922
Plumas-Sierra	1.69%	\$ 216,658	\$ 29,759
Total	100.00%	\$ 12,819,996	\$ 1,760,872

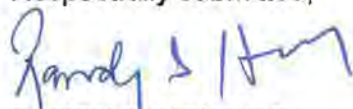
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

This activity would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore, not a "project" for purposes of Section 21065 the California Environmental Quality Act. No environmental review is necessary.

COMMITTEE REVIEW:

The recommendation was reviewed by the Finance Committee on February 8, 2022 and was unanimously recommended for Commission approval.

Respectfully submitted,



RANDY S. HOWARD
General Manager

Attachments:

- Resolution 22-22
- Resolution 22-23
- Preliminary Official Statement (POS)
- Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture (tax-exempt)
- Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture (taxable)
- Escrow Deposit Agreement
- Continuing Disclosure Agreement
- Swap Termination Agreement
- Bond Purchase Contract

RESOLUTION 22-23

RESOLUTION OF THE NORTHERN CALIFORNIA POWER AGENCY AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING THE ISSUANCE OF HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT NUMBER ONE REVENUE BONDS TO REFUND OUTSTANDING 2008 SERIES A BONDS AND THE TERMINATION OF THE INTEREST RATE SWAP RELATING THERETO; APPROVING THE SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES OF TRUST PURSUANT TO WHICH SUCH BONDS ARE TO BE ISSUED; AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING CERTAIN DOCUMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUANCE, SECURING AND SALE OF SUCH BONDS; AND AUTHORIZING CERTAIN OTHER MATTERS RELATING THERETO

(Reference Staff Report #127:22)

WHEREAS, the Northern California Power Agency ("NCPA") is a public entity duly organized and existing pursuant to the Amended and Restated Northern California Power Agency Joint Powers Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2008, as supplemented (the "Agreement") and the provisions relating to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act constituting Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California;

WHEREAS, NCPA is authorized pursuant to the provisions of the Agreement and the Act (capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given such terms in the Indenture mentioned below) to acquire and construct, or cause to be acquired and constructed, and to operate or cause to be operated, a project within the State of California for the generation or transmission of electric energy (including a capacity right in such a project) and to sell the capacity and energy of such project; to enter into agreements with respect to any matters relating to the acquisition, construction and operation of such project and the sale of capacity and energy of such project; and to finance the acquisition, construction and operation of such project through the issuance of bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness under the Act; and to issue bonds to refund such bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness;

WHEREAS, NCPA and Calaveras County Water District ("CCWD") have entered into the Power Purchase Contract whereby CCWD has granted NCPA the right to the capacity and energy of the Project in exchange for, among other things, NCPA's providing the funds necessary to construct the Project and NCPA's construction and operation of the Project, all on the terms and conditions specified in the Power Purchase Contract;

WHEREAS, NCPA and the cities of Alameda, Biggs, Gridley, Healdsburg, Lodi, Lompoc, Palo Alto, Roseville, Santa Clara, and Ukiah and the Plumas-Sierra Rural Electric Cooperative (the "Project Participants") have entered into the Agreement for Construction, Operation and Financing of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project, dated as of September 1, 1982, as amended (the "Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement"), to provide for the construction, operation, and financing of the Project, the sale by NCPA of capacity and energy of the Project to the Project Participants, and the security for the bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness to be issued to finance the Project;

WHEREAS, pursuant to an Indenture of Trust (as the same may be amended and supplemented from time to time, the "Original Indenture"), dated as of March 1, 1985, between NCPA and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as successor trustee (the

"Trustee"), NCPA has authorized the issuance of its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds ("Bonds") to finance the Cost of Acquisition and Construction of the Project or to refund any Outstanding Bond or Bonds;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Original Indenture, as amended and supplemented (the Original Indenture, as amended and supplemented, the "Indenture"), NCPA has previously issued, among other Bonds, its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2008 Refunding Series A (the "2008 Series A Bonds");

WHEREAS, as part of a financing plan in 2004, NCPA entered into a forward starting interest rate swap transaction in anticipation of the issuance of the 2008 Series A Bonds to refund a portion of its then outstanding Bonds and to pay certain costs related to such refunding;

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to provide for the refunding of all or a portion of the outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds (the "Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds") as determined pursuant to this Resolution;

WHEREAS, in connection with the retirement of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, NCPA also desires to terminate the related interest rate swap transaction entered into by NCPA under that certain International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement, dated as of June 15, 2000, the related Schedule and Credit Support Annex, each dated as of June 15, 2000, and the related Confirmation (MSD00447), dated November 24, 2004, by and between NCPA and Citigroup Financial Products Inc. (formerly known as Salomon Brothers Holding Company Inc) (such interest rate swap transaction, the "2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap");

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to issue its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Refunding Series A (or such other alphabetical letter series designation of Bonds as may be appropriate) (herein, the "2022 Series A Bonds") for the purpose, among others, of providing a portion of the funds necessary to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds;

WHEREAS, the 2022 Series A Bonds are to be issued under and pursuant to the Indenture as supplemented by the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture of Trust (or such other numeric designation of supplemental indenture of trust as may be appropriate) by and between NCPA and the Trustee (such supplemental indenture of trust in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture");

WHEREAS, NCPA has determined to issue its Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds, 2022 Taxable Refunding Series B (or such other alphabetical letter series designation of Bonds as may be appropriate) (herein, the "2022 Series B Bonds" and, together with the 2022 Series A Bonds, the "2022 Series A and B Bonds") for the purpose, among others, of providing a portion of the funds necessary to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and to terminate the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap;

WHEREAS, the 2022 Series B Bonds are to be issued under and pursuant to the Indenture as supplemented by the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture of Trust (or such other numeric designation of supplemental indenture of trust as may be appropriate) by and between NCPA and the Trustee (such supplemental indenture of trust, in the form presented to

this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture");

WHEREAS, the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds are to be payable from and secured by a pledge and assignment of the Trust Estate on a parity with all other Bonds issued and Outstanding under the Indenture;

WHEREAS, Citigroup Capital Markets Inc., on behalf of itself and BofA Securities, Inc., as underwriters (the "Underwriters"), have submitted a proposal to purchase the 2022 Series A and B Bonds in the form of a Contract of Purchase (such Contract of Purchase, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Purchase Contract");

WHEREAS, the offer of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds to the public is to be made pursuant to a Preliminary Official Statement (such Preliminary Official Statement in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Preliminary Official Statement");

WHEREAS, to provide for the terms on which the termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap will be effected, NCPA intends to enter into a Termination Agreement with Citigroup Financial Products Inc. (such Termination Agreement, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Swap Termination Agreement");

WHEREAS, in order to provide a continuing disclosure undertaking by NCPA pursuant to the requirements promulgated under Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, NCPA intends to enter into a Continuing Disclosure Agreement with the Trustee, as Dissemination Agent (such Continuing Disclosure Agreement, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as are made pursuant to this Resolution, being referred to herein as the "Continuing Disclosure Agreement");

WHEREAS, there have been prepared and submitted to this meeting drafts of the following:

- (1) the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture;
- (2) the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture;
- (3) the Preliminary Official Statement;
- (4) the Swap Termination Agreement;
- (5) the Continuing Disclosure Agreement; and
- (6) the Purchase Contract.

WHEREAS, after having reviewed and considered the proposal of the Underwriters to purchase the 2022 Series A and B Bonds on the terms and conditions contained in the Purchase Contract, this Commission now desires to authorize the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, including the execution of such documents and the performance of such

acts as may be necessary or desirable to effect such issuance and sale and the other actions contemplated by this Resolution;

WHEREAS, in compliance with California Government Code Section 5852.1, this Commission has obtained from PFM Financial Advisors LLC, as municipal advisor to NCPA, good faith estimates of the following information: (a) the true interest cost of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, (b) the sum of all fees and charges paid to third parties with respect to the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, (c) the amount of proceeds of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds expected to be received net of the fees and charges paid to third parties and any reserves or capitalized interest paid or funded with proceeds of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, and (d) the sum total of all debt service payments on the 2022 Series A and B Bonds calculated to the final maturity of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds plus the fees and charges paid to third parties not paid with the proceeds of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds, and such estimates are disclosed and set forth in Staff Report #127:22;

WHEREAS, this bond refunding would not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect change in the physical environment and is therefore not a "project" for purposes of section 21065 of the California Environmental Quality Act, and therefore no environmental review is necessary;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Commission of the Northern California Power Agency, as follows:

Section 1. The Commission hereby finds and determines that the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and terminate the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, and approval of the other matters referred to in this Resolution, will not result in either a direct physical change in the environment, nor a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment. As a consequence, such activity is not a "project" as defined by the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code section 21000 *et seq.*).

Section 2. The issuance of the 2022 Series A Bonds on the terms and conditions set forth in, and subject to the limitations specified in, the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized and approved. The aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds issued for the purpose of refunding of 2008 Series A Bonds, terminating the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap and paying costs of issuance shall not exceed Ninety-Four Million Dollars (\$94,000,000). The 2022 Series A Bonds will be dated, will bear interest at the per annum interest rates, will mature on the date or dates, will be issued in the form, will have the Sinking Fund Installments (if any), will be subject to redemption, and will have such other terms, as shall be provided in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture as the same is completed as provided in this Resolution.

Section 3. The Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, in substantially the form submitted to this meeting and made a part thereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Chairman of this Commission (the "Chairman"), the General Manager of NCPA (the "General Manager"), the Assistant General Manager, Finance and Administrative Services/Chief Financial Officer, and the Treasurer-Controller of NCPA (each an "Authorized Officer"), acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be consistent with this Resolution and the determinations made pursuant hereto and as may be approved by the

Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 4. The Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized to determine the following: (i) the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds; (ii) the maturity date or dates of the 2022 Series A Bonds (the final maturity of such 2022 Series A Bonds to be not later than July 1, 2032); (iii) the principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds maturing on each maturity date; (iv) the 2022 Series A Bonds which are to be term bonds, if any, and the Sinking Fund Installments for any such term bonds; (v) the redemption provisions for the 2022 Series A Bonds; and (vi) subject to the provisions of Section 19 hereof, which of the outstanding 2008 Series A Bonds are to be refunded as Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds pursuant to this Resolution.

Section 5. The proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be applied to the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and the payment of certain costs of issuance, on the terms set forth in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture.

Section 6. The issuance of the 2022 Series B Bonds on the terms and conditions set forth in, and subject to the limitations specified in, the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized and approved. The aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds issued for the purpose of refunding of 2008 Series A Bonds, terminating the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap and paying costs of issuance shall not exceed Ninety-Four Million Dollars (\$94,000,000). The 2022 Series B Bonds will be dated, will bear interest at the per annum interest rates, will mature on the date or dates, will be issued in the form, will have the Sinking Fund Installments (if any), will be subject to redemption, and will have such other terms, as shall be provided in the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture as the same is completed as provided in this Resolution. This Commission hereby finds and determines, based on advice of Special Tax Counsel, that interest on the 2022 Series B Bonds will be subject to federal income tax.

Section 7. The Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, in substantially the form submitted to this meeting and made a part thereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, in the form presented to this meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be consistent with this Resolution and the determinations made pursuant hereto and as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 8. The Authorized Officer executing the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture is hereby authorized to determine the following: (i) the aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds; (ii) the maturity date or dates of the 2022 Series B Bonds (the final maturity of such 2022 Series B Bonds to be not later than July 1, 2032); (iii) the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds maturing on each maturity date; (iv) the 2022 Series B Bonds which are to be term bonds and the Sinking Fund Installments for any such term bonds; and (v) the redemption provisions for the 2022 Series B Bonds.

Section 9. The proceeds of the sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be applied to the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, the costs of termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap and the payment of costs of issuance of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds and other costs relating to the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, on the terms set forth in the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture and the Swap Termination Agreement.

Section 10. The Purchase Contract, in substantially the form submitted to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the Purchase Contract, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, in the form presented to this meeting, with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing said Purchase Contract and as are consistent with the determinations of the terms of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds made pursuant to this Resolution, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to determine the purchase price to be paid for the 2022 Series A Bonds under the Purchase Contract; provided, however, that the aggregate underwriters' discount (not including original issue discount) on the 2022 Series A Bonds shall be not more than 0.40% of the principal amount of the 2022 Series A Bonds. The sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds to the Underwriters on the terms and conditions contained in the Purchase Contract, as the same may be completed in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution, with such changes, insertions and deletions as are authorized hereby, is hereby approved and authorized.

Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to determine the purchase price to be paid for the 2022 Series B Bonds under the Purchase Contract; provided, however, that the aggregate underwriters' discount (not including original issue discount) on the 2022 Series B Bonds shall be not more than 0.40% of the principal amount of the 2022 Series B Bonds. The sale of the 2022 Series B Bonds to the Underwriters on the terms and conditions contained in the Purchase Contract, as the same may be completed in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution, with such changes, insertions and deletions as are authorized hereby, is hereby approved and authorized.

Section 11. The Swap Termination Agreement, in substantially the form presented to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, the Swap Termination Agreement to the Trustee in the form presented to the meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the same after consultation with PFM Swap Advisors LLC, NCPA's swap advisor, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 12. The Continuing Disclosure Agreement, in substantially the form presented to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute and deliver, in the name of and on behalf of NCPA, the Continuing Disclosure Agreement to the Trustee as Dissemination Agent thereunder in the form presented to the meeting with such changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the Authorized Officer executing the same, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval.

Section 13. The Preliminary Official Statement, in substantially the form presented to this meeting and made a part hereof as though set forth in full herein, be and the same is hereby approved and the use of the Preliminary Official Statement in connection with the offering and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds by the Underwriters is hereby authorized and approved.

Each of the Authorized Officers is hereby authorized and directed to prepare and deliver to the Underwriters a final official statement in connection with the 2022 Series A and B Bonds

(the "Official Statement"). The Official Statement shall be in the form of the Preliminary Official Statement with the addition of the final terms of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds to be contained in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture and with such other changes, insertions and deletions as may be approved by the officer of NCPA executing the same, said execution being conclusive evidence of such approval. Each of the Chairman and the General Manager of NCPA, acting singly, is hereby authorized to execute the Official Statement and any amendment or supplement thereto contemplated by the Purchase Contract, in the name and on behalf of NCPA, and thereupon to cause the Official Statement and any such amendment or supplement to be delivered to the Underwriters with such execution being conclusive evidence of the approval thereof. The use of the Official Statement in connection with the offering and sale of the 2022 Series A and B Bonds by the Underwriters is hereby authorized and approved.

Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to determine that the Preliminary Official Statement is deemed final for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Rule 15c2-12"), except for the omission of certain information permitted to be omitted pursuant to Rule 15c2-12.

Section 14. Each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to acquire credit enhancement for the 2022 Series A Bonds and/or the 2022 Series B Bonds in the form of municipal bond insurance provided that the cost of such municipal bond insurance is estimated by an Authorized Officer to be less than the savings achieved on the sale of the related Series of 2022 Series A and B Bonds compared to selling such Bonds without such credit enhancement. In connection with such municipal bond insurance, each of the Authorized Officers, acting singly, is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with respect to the repayment of amounts paid under such municipal bond insurance and interest thereon and expenses in connection therewith substantially in the form of the insurance agreements previously entered by NCPA in connection with municipal bond insurance for Bonds.

Section 15. The refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and the termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap on the terms and conditions specified in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture, the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture and the Swap Termination Agreement, including the application of moneys for such purposes as therein provided, is hereby approved and authorized.

Section 16. Pursuant to Section 12 of the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement, NCPA is hereby directed by the Project Participants (as conclusively evidenced by the affirmative votes for this Resolution of the representatives of the Project Participants to the Commission) to refund the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds and terminate the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap as provided in the Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture and the Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Indenture, to issue the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds (if any), to enter into, and perform its obligations under, the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution and to take such further actions as herein authorized in connection with the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, the termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, and the issuance, security and sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds and the 2022 Series B Bonds, and NCPA shall comply with such direction, while not stayed or nullified, to the fullest extent authorized by law. The Project Participants recognize and agree (as conclusively evidenced by the affirmative votes for this Resolution of the representatives of the Project Participants to the Commission) that amounts payable under Section 5(a) of the Hydroelectric Project Member Agreement based on anticipated monthly electric sales include all such amounts accrued during any period during which there were no such anticipated sales and are payable under Section 5(a) of the Hydroelectric Project Member

Agreement with respect to the first month in which there are anticipated electric sales regardless of the amount of such anticipated sales.

Section 17. The Treasurer-Controller of NCPA and the Administrative Assistant to the General Manager are each hereby appointed as an Assistant Secretary for the purpose of executing any documents, making any attestation or certification on behalf of NCPA or taking any other action necessary or convenient in carrying out the transactions contemplated by this Resolution.

Section 18. Notwithstanding any other provision or grant of authority to an Authorized Officer in this Resolution to the contrary, none of the documents approved and authorized to be executed and delivered by this Resolution insofar as they relate to the refunding of the 2008 Series A Bonds and the termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap shall be executed and delivered by an Authorized Officer unless, as of the date of execution and delivery, the net present value cost of refunding of the 2008 Series A Bonds and terminating the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, as determined by PFM Financial Advisors LLC, NCPA's municipal advisor, based upon reasonable assumptions and methodologies consistent with standard industry practice, shall not exceed \$1,000,000; and provided further, that any approval or grant of authority in this Resolution shall, without further action of the Commission, expire and be void as of 12:01 a.m. on December 31, 2022 unless exercised prior to that time.

Section 19. The Chairman and the Vice Chairman of the Commission, and the Authorized Officers, acting singly, be and each of them hereby is authorized to execute and deliver any and all documents and instruments and to do and cause to be done any and all acts and things necessary or convenient in carrying out the transactions contemplated by this Resolution or the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution, including without limitation, entering into any continuing disclosure undertaking required by Rule 15c2-12, executing and delivering one or more tax certificates, credit enhancement agreements, investment agreements and/or financial guaranty agreements, taking any and all actions to provide for the giving of written directions and notices and the securing of any necessary third party approvals, and making any determinations or submission of any documents or reports which are required by any rule or regulation of any governmental entity, in connection with the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds and/or the 2022 Series B Bonds, the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, the termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, and the authorization, execution, delivery and performance by NCPA of its obligations under the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, and the Authorized Officers, acting singly, are hereby authorized and directed to enter into such amendments and supplements to documents and agreements entered into in connection with the 2008 Series A Bonds and the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap as shall be necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of the Resolution. The Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of NCPA is hereby authorized to affix the seal of NCPA and attest to any of the documents approved or authorized pursuant to this Resolution.

Section 20. All actions heretofore taken by any committee of the Commission, or any officer, representative or agent of NCPA, in connection with the issuance and sale of the 2022 Series A Bonds, the 2022 Series B Bonds, the refunding of the Refunded 2008 Series A Bonds, the termination of the 2008 Series A Hydroelectric Swap, or the authorization, execution, delivery or performance of NCPA's obligations under the documents and instruments approved or authorized by this Resolution and the other actions contemplated by this Resolution are hereby ratified, approved and confirmed.

Section 21. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank.]

PASSED, ADOPTED and APPROVED this ____ day of _____, 2022 by the following vote on roll call:

	<u>Vote</u>	<u>Abstained</u>	<u>Absent</u>
Alameda	_____	_____	_____
San Francisco BART	_____	_____	_____
Biggs	_____	_____	_____
Gridley	_____	_____	_____
Healdsburg	_____	_____	_____
Lodi	_____	_____	_____
Lompoc	_____	_____	_____
Palo Alto	_____	_____	_____
Port of Oakland	_____	_____	_____
Redding	_____	_____	_____
Roseville	_____	_____	_____
Santa Clara	_____	_____	_____
Shasta Lake	_____	_____	_____
Truckee Donner	_____	_____	_____
Ukiah	_____	_____	_____
Plumas-Sierra	_____	_____	_____

DAVID HAGELE
CHAIR

ATTEST: CARY A. PADGETT
ASSISTANT SECRETARY



23-24

Commission Staff Report

COMMISSION MEETING DATE: February 24, 2022

SUBJECT: CLOSED SESSION ITEMS 23-24

AGENDA CATEGORY: Closed Session

FROM:	Jane Luckhardt	METHOD OF SELECTION:
	General Counsel	N/A
Division:	Executive Services	
Department:	Legal	

CLOSED SESSION CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL.

- 23. CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL** – Existing litigation pursuant to Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(1): Name of case: *In Re PG&E Corporation and Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Debtors; United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of California*, Case Nos. 19-30088 (Lead Case) and 19-30089 DM.
- 24. CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL** – Existing litigation pursuant to Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(1): Name of case: *Northern California Power Agency, City of Redding, City of Roseville, and City of Santa Clara v. the United States*, Court of Federal Claims No. 14-817C.